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SOLICITATION, OFFER AND AWARD											1				53		
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(X)	SEC.	DESCRIPTION					PAGE(S)	(X)	SEC.	DESCRI	PTION					PAGE(S)
	PART I	- THE SCHEDULE			·					PART I	- CONTRA	CONTRACT CLAUSES					
	Α	SOLICITATION/0	CONTRACT	FORM					X	I	CONTRA	ACT CLA	USES				10
X	В	SUPPLIES OR S	UPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICE/COST			1	L		PART I	I - LIST OF	OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS AND OTHER ATTACH.						
	С	DESCRIPTION/	ESCRIPTION/SPECS./WORK STATEMENT				3	3	X	J	LIST OF	ATTACH	MENTS				35
	D	PACKAGING AN	ACKAGING AND MARKING					1		PART I	V - REPRES	REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS					
	Е		NSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE					5	X	К		PRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS AND					36
	F		ELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE				- 6					DTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS NSTR. CONDS. AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS 44					1.1
G CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA H SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS							/ 3	X	M		NSTR., CONDS., AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS 44 EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD 49						
	Н	SPECIAL CONT	RACI REQU	IIKEWEN I	<u> </u>	OFFEI	R (Must be					TION FA	CTORS FOR AWAI	ND			1 47
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CONTINUATION SHEET

REFERENCE NO. OF DOCUMENT BEING CONTINUED 697DCK-22-R-00106

PAGE OF

53

NAME OF OFFEROR OR CONTRACTOR

TEM NO.	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY		UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)
	SOLICITATION FOR LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE SERVICES				
	AT THE DENVER TERMINAL RADAR APPROACH CONTROL				
	FACILITY (TRACON) AND SNOW REMOVAL SERVICES AT				
	DENVER TERMINAL RADAR APPROACH CONTROL FACILITY				
	(TRACON) AND AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER				
	(ATCT)/BASE BUILDING (BB)				
0001	FY22 BASE YEAR LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE FOR THE				
J001	DENVER TRACON: MONTHLY PRICE:;				
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	Period of Performance: 07/01/2022 to 06/30/2023				
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0002	FY22 BASE YEAR SNOW REMOVAL SERVICE FOR THE				
	DENVER TRACON & ATCT/BB: MONTHLY				
	PRICE: ; YEARLY PRICE:				
	Period of Performance: 07/01/2022 to 06/30/2023				
0003	FY22 OPTION YEAR ONE LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE FOR				
	THE DENVER TRACON: MONTHLY PRICE:;				
	YEARLY PRICE:				
	(Option Line Item)				
	(Expected Exercise Date/Days After Award:				
) 05/01/2023				
	Period of Performance: 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024				
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	Period of Performance: 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024				
0005	FY22 OPTION YEAR TWO LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE FOR				
	THE DENVER TRACON: MONTHLY PRICE:;				
	YEARLY PRICE:				
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CONTINUATION SHEET

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697DCK-22-R-00106

PAGE 3

53

OF

NAME OF OFFEROR OR CONTRACTOR

ITEM NO.	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)
00007	EVAL ADELON VEND EUDER LANDGGADE MATNERNANGE FOR				
00007	FY22 OPTION YEAR THREE LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE FOR				
	THE DENVER TRACON: MONTHLY PRICE:;				
	YEARLY PRICE:(Option Line Item)				
	(Expected Exercise Date/Days After Award:				
) 05/01/2022				
	Period of Performance: 07/01/2025 to 06/30/2026				
00008	FY22 OPTION YEAR THREE SNOW REMOVAL SERVICE FOR				
	THE DENVER TRACON & ATCT/BB: MONTHLY				
	PRICE:; YEARLY PRICE:				
	(Option Line Item)	Ť			
	(Expected Exercise Date/Days After Award:				
	05/01/2023				
	Period of Performance: 07/01/2025 to 06/30/2026				
00009	FY22 OPTION YEAR FOUR LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE FOR				
	THE DENVER TRACON: MONTHLY PRICE:;				
	YEARLY PRICE:				
	(Option Line Item)				
	(Expected Exercise Date/Days After Award:				
)05/01/2022				
	Period of Performance: 07/01/2026 to 06/30/2027				
00010	FY22 OPTION YEAR FOUR SNOW REMOVAL SERVICE FOR				
	THE DENVER TRACON & ATCT/BB: MONTHLY				
	PRICE: ; YEARLY PRICE:				
	(Option Line Item)				
	(Expected Exercise Date/Days After Award:				
)05/01/2023				
	Period of Performance: 07/01/2026 to 06/30/2027				
	1				i

Section B - Supplies or Services/Prices

Section B - Schedule

Clause List

SA25 PRICES/COSTS FOR SERVICES

Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, transportation, insurance, notifications, licenses, permits, fees and supervision necessary for Landscape Maintenance at the Denver TRACON and Snow Removal at the Denver TRACON & ATCT/BB in accordance with the specifications, drawings, contract clauses, and wage rates.

The offered price shall encompass all costs related to (a) direct and indirect labor, fringe benefits, overhead, G&A expenses, profit, material, equipment, other direct costs, insurance, freight, handling, transportation, inspection, testing, operation and maintenance manuals, bonds, etc., (b) federal, state, and local taxes, (c) all applicable fees permits, licenses, and (d) any miscellaneous charges.

An offeror is required to provide a price for each contract line item (CLIN). Failure to comply may result in the rejection of the subject offer. A single award shall be made. There shall be no split award. In the event that the CLIN price for any line item is materially unbalanced, the entire offer may be rejected without discussion with the offeror.

In the event of any disparity between the CLIN price and the total offered price, the CLIN price shall be deemed correct, and the total offered amount shall be revised accordingly, unless available information indicates otherwise.

Effective April 1, 1996, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) began operating under the new FAA Acquisition Management System. The 1996 DOT Appropriation Act, Public Law 104-50, mandated that the FAA rewrite its acquisition regulations and granted legislative relief from certain laws. The Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994, Small Business Act, and Competition in Contracting Act, are three of these laws.

(End of Clause)

SA30 SITE VISIT

There is an optional site visit on Thursday, March 24, 2022 at 10:00am Mountain Time.

a. Meeting point.

TRACON at main entrance Guard desk: 26705 E. 68th Ave., Denver, CO 80249.

b. The FAA facility escort has been instructed not to answer any questions about the project during the site visit, please do not ask them any. All questions from the site visit must be submitted in writing according to the RFO's instructions in Section B, Clause B005 Solicitation Questions (above). The FAA assumes no responsibility for any conclusions or interpretations made by the contractor based on the information received by any means other than in writing from the Contracting Officer. The FAA does not assume responsibility for any understanding reached or representation made concerning conditions, which can affect the work, by any of its officers or agents before the execution of this contract, unless that understanding or representation is expressly stated in the contract.

c. To attend the site visit, advance notice by **Email on Wednesday, March 23, 2022** is required by **1:00pm Mountain Time**, at Molly.Lipka@faa.gov & Sean.Sorensen@faa.gov and Karen.CTR.Mcivor@faa.gov to the FAA points of contact listed just below. You are required to provide your company representative's name.

POC: Molly Lipka at 406-839-1628; Email: Molly.Lipka@faa.gov; Sean Sorensen at 303-342-1424; Email: Sean.Sorensen@faa.gov

(End of Clause)

SA40 FAA FACILITY REGULATIONS

Contractor personnel, including employees of subcontractors, suppliers, etc., working on or visiting an FAA facility shall abide by all appropriate traffic, parking, security, and airport regulations in effect at that facility.

(End of Clause)

Section C - Description/Specifications

Scope of Work

Landscape Maintenance Services at the Denver Terminal Approach Radar Control (TRACON) and Snow Removal Services at Denver Terminal Approach Radar Control (TRACON) and Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) / Base Building (BB). The contractor shall furnish all necessary personnel, labor, equipment, supplies, and supervision to perform grounds and landscape maintenance, parking lot maintenance and Snow Removal Services. The Scope of work is attached in Section J.

Clause List

Section D - Packaging and Marking

Clause List

Section E - Inspection and Acceptance

Clause List

3.1-1 CLAUSES AND PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (JUL 2019)

This screening information request (SIR) or contract, as applicable, incorporates by reference the provisions or clauses listed below with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make the full text available, or offerors and contractors may obtain the full text via Internet at: https://fast.faa.gov/contractclauses.cfm.

(End of clause)

- 3.10.4-4 INSPECTION OF SERVICES BOTH FIXED-PRICE & COST REIMBURSEMENT (APR 1996)
- 3.10.4-16 RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUPPLIES (APR 1996)

Section F - Deliveries or Performance

Clause List

3.1-1 CLAUSES AND PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (JUL 2019)

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(End of clause)

3.10.1-9 STOP-WORK ORDER (OCT 1996)

SA13 HOLIDAYS

The following Federal Holidays are observed by the Federal Aviation Administration. Landscaping Services is not normally required on these days.

New Year's Day January 1st

Martin Luther King's Birthday Third Monday in January

Presidents Day Third Monday in February

Memorial Day Last Monday in May

Juneteenth Independence Day June 19th

Independence Day July 4th

Labor Day First Monday in September

Columbus Day Second Monday in October

Veterans Day November 11th

Thanksgiving Day Fourth Thursday in November

Christmas Day December 25th

Section G - Contract Administration Data

Clause List

3.10.1-22 CONTRACTING OFFICER'S REPRESENTATIVE (APR 2012)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may designate other Government personnel (known as the Contracting Officer's Representative) to act as his or her authorized representative for contract administration functions which do not involve changes to the scope, price, schedule, or terms and conditions of the contract. The designation will be in writing, signed by the Contracting Officer, and will set forth the authorities and limitations of the representative(s) under the contract. Such designation will not contain authority to sign contractual documents, order contract changes, modify contract terms, or create any commitment or liability on the part of the Government different from that set forth in the contract.
- (b) The Contractor shall immediately contact the Contracting Officer if there is any question regarding the authority of an individual to act on behalf of the Contracting Officer under this contract.

(End of Clause)

SA14 AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNMENT

No one other than the Contracting Officer has the authority to authorize or make changes in the terms, conditions, change the scope of work or specifications in the contract, make any commitments or otherwise obligate the Government, or authorize any changes which affect the contract price, delivery schedule, period of performance, or other terms and conditions of the contract.

SA36 CORRESPONDENCE

The contracting officer prefers to receive written communication and documents electronically via email at <code>jennifer.j.davis@faa.gov</code> and <code>karen.ctr.mcivor@faa.gov</code>. All email correspondence to the FAA must state the contract number in the 'Subject' field. Electronic documents must be accompanied by an explanatory email and should be sent in a portable-document-format type file (file extension pdf), such as Adobe Acrobat. Vendors are required to ensure that the quality of the administrative content in electronic files represents a reasonably high business standard. The Government is not responsible for the administrative ordering or legibility of correspondence received electronically. Emailed files/documents may not be in a zipped format. If electronic file sizes (i.e., typically expressed as kilobytes or megabytes) are too large for email attachments, recommend sending more then one email with "1 of 2", "2 of 2" added to the subject line.

(End of Clause)

Section H - Special Contract Requirements

Clause List

3.1.9-1 ELECTRONIC COMMERCE AND SIGNATURE (JUL 2020)

- (a) The Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (E-SIGN) establishes a legal equivalence between:
- (1) Contracts written on paper and contracts in electronic form;
- (2) Pen-and-ink signatures and electronic signatures; and
- (3) Other legally-required written records and the same information in electronic form.
- (b) With the submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges and accepts the utilization of electronic commerce as part of the requirements of this solicitation and the resultant contract.
- (c) Certain documents may need to be provided or maintained in original form, such as large-scale drawings impractical to convert to electronic format or a document with a raised seal signifying authenticity. This clause does not change or affect any other requirements that a document must be in paper format to satisfy legal requirements such as for certain real estate transactions.
- (d) The use of electronic signature technology is authorized under this solicitation and the resulting contract.
- (e) Contractors must not digitally sign any documents with software that uses the Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1). All digitally signed documents and contracts sent to the FAA must use a SHA-256 or higher hash algorithm. This is based on the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Policy Statement on Hash Functions dated August 5, 2015. Further guidance on the use of SHA-256 is in NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-57 Part 1, section 5.6.2 as amended and SP 800-131A, Revision 1 dated November 6, 2015. Additional guidance on the use of SHA-3 is in NIST SP 800-185 as amended.
- (f) Contractors do not have to update documents previously digitally signed using SHA-1 hash algorithms unless the document requires updating. The FAA and contractors may continue to use SHA-1 for the following applications: Verifying old digital signatures and time stamps, generating and verifying hash-based message authentication codes (HMACs), key derivation functions (KDFs), and random bit/number generation.

(End of Clause)

3.8.2-17 KEY PERSONNEL AND FACILITIES (JUL 2019)

- (a) The personnel and/or facilities as specified below are considered essential to the work being performed hereunder and may, with the consent of the contracting parties, be changed from time to time during the course of the contract.
- (b) Prior to removing, replacing, or diverting any of the specified personnel and/or facilities, the Contractor must notify in writing, and receive consent from, the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of the action and must submit justification (including proposed substitutions) in sufficient detail to permit evaluation of the impact on this contract.
- (c) No diversion will be made by the Contractor without the written consent of the Contracting Officer.
- (d) The key personnel and/or facilities under this contract are:

Labo	orer Grounds Maintenance	\$17.12
[]	[]	
[]	[]	
[]	[]	

(List key personnel and/or facilities)

(End of clause)

SA15 INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS SCHEDULE

"(See Section I, Clause 3.4.1-10, Insurance--Work on Federal Aviation Administration Installation)

During the term of the contract, the Contractor and each subcontractor shall at their own expense, purchase and maintain the following minimum insurance requirements in companies properly licensed and satisfactory to the Contracting Officer:

Automobile and Truck Liability

\$200,000 - bodily injury per person, not to exceed \$500,000 per occurrence.

\$100,000 - property damage per occurrence.

Comprehensive General Liability

\$500,000 - Combined bodily injury and property damage per occurrence.

Workmen's Compensation

\$100,000 or statutory, whichever is greater.

Umbrella or Excess Liability

\$1,000,000 combined single limits bodily injury and property damage.

Insurance certificates shall contain a provision that coverages afforded under the policies will not be canceled until at least 30 days prior written notice has been given to the Contracting Officer at the following address:

Federal Aviation Administration

ATTN: Jennifer J. Davis Contracting Officer, AAQ- 580

10101 Hillwood Parkway

Fort Worth, TX 76177

It is agreed that the Federal Aviation Administration, the property owner(s) and their representatives will be held harmless by the Contractor for any loss or damage to sheds, tools, equipment, property and materials of the Contractor, and his subcontractors, their servants and employees, it being understood that the Contractor may at his expense carry any insurance which may be required to provide the necessary protection against such loss or damage.

The Contractor shall not commence work under the contract until he has obtained all the insurance required hereunder and such insurance has been approved by the Contracting Officer. Approval of the insurance by the Contracting Officer shall not relieve or decrease the liability of the Contractor.

The policy shall name "The United States of America, acting by and thought the Federal Aviation Administration" as an additional insured with respect to operations performed under this contract.

Section I - Contract Clauses

Clause List

3.1-1 CLAUSES AND PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (JUL 2019)

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(End of clause)

- 3.1.7-2 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST (JUL 2018)
- 3.2.2.3-83 PROHIBITION AGAINST CONTRACTING WITH INVERTED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS (OCT 2015)
- 3.2.2.7-6 PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT (APR 2011)
- 3.2.2.7-8 DISCLOSURE OF TEAM ARRANGEMENTS (APR 2008)
- 3.2.5-1 OFFICIALS NOT TO BENEFIT (APR 2021)
- 3.2.5-3 GRATUITIES OR GIFTS (OCT 2019)
- 3.2.5-4 CONTINGENT FEES (OCT 1996)
- 3.2.5-5 ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES (OCT 2019)
- 3.2.5-8 WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION FOR CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES (APR 1996)
- 3.3.1-1 PAYMENTS (JUL 2018)
- 3.3.1-8 EXTRAS (JUL 2018)
- 3.3.1-10 AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS (APR 2014)
- 3.3.1-17 PROMPT PAYMENT (JAN 2021)
- 3.3.1-20 PROVIDING ACCELERATED PAYMENT TO SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTORS (OCT 2012)
- 3.3.1-34 PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER- SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (JUL 2018)
- 3.3.1-40 ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF PAYMENT REQUESTS (JAN 2021)
- 3.4.1-7 NOTICE TO PROCEED (OCT 2019)
- 3.4.1-10 INSURANCE WORK ON A GOVERNMENT INSTALLATION (OCT 2020)

- 3.4.2-6 TAXES CONTRACTS PERFORMED IN U.S. POSSESSIONS OR PUERTO RICO (OCT 1996)
- 3.4.2-8 FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES FIXED PRICE CONTRACT (JUL 2019)
- 3.5-1 AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT (JAN 2019)
- 3.6.1-1 NOTICE OF TOTAL SMALL BUSINESS SET-ASIDE (OCT 2019)
- 3.6.1-7 LIMITATIONS ON SUBCONTRACTING (JUL 2021)
- 3.6.2-2 CONVICT LABOR (APR 1996)
- 3.6.2-12 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR VETERANS (JUL 2020)
- 3.6.2-13 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES (JUL 2020)
- 3.6.2-28 SERVICE CONTRACT LABOR STANDARDS (OCT 2020)
- 3.6.2-30 FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT AND SERVICE CONTRACT LABOR STANDARDS PRICE ADJUSTMENT (MULTIPLE YEAR AND OPTION CONTRACTS) (OCT 2020)
- 3.6.2-35 PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT (OCT 2018)
- 3.6.2-39 TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (APR 2019)
- 3.6.2-44 NOTIFICATION OF EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT (JAN 2019)
- 3.6.3-7 WASTE MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION PREVENTION (JAN 2020)
- 3.6.3-9 OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES AND HIGH GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL HYDROFLUOROCARBONS (OCT 2016)
- 3.6.3-13 AFFIRMATIVE PROCUREMENT OF RECYCLED CONTENT AND PRODUCTS UNDER SERVICE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (JAN 2020)
- 3.6.3-14 USE OF ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE PRODUCTS (JAN 2020)
- 3.6.3-16 DRUG FREE WORKPLACE (MAR 2009)
- 3.6.3-21 EFFICIENCY IN WATER CONSUMING PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (JAN 2020)
- 3.6.3-23 DELIVERY OF ELECTRONIC AND PAPER DOCUMENTS (JAN 2020)
- 3.6.4-2 BUY AMERICAN ACT SUPPLIES (APR 2021)
- 3.6.4-10 RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES (JAN 2010)
- 3.8.2-10 PROTECTION OF GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, EQUIPMENT, AND VEGETATION (JUL 2019)
- 3.9.1-1 CONTRACT DISPUTES (JAN 2020)

- 3.9.1-2 PROTEST AFTER AWARD (AUG 1997)
- 3.10.1-7 BANKRUPTCY (APR 1996)
- 3.10.1-12 CHANGES FIXED-PRICE (APR 1996)
- 3.10.1-25 NOVATION AND CHANGE-OF-NAME AGREEMENTS (OCT 2007)
- 3.10.3-2 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY BASIC CLAUSE (APR 2019)
- 3.10.6-1 TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT (FIXED PRICE) (OCT 1996)
- 3.10.6-4 DEFAULT (FIXED-PRICE SUPPLY AND SERVICE) (JAN 2020)
- 3.13-5 SEAT BELT USE BY CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES (OCT 2001)
- 3.13-11 PLAIN LANGUAGE (JUL 2006)
- 3.13-13 CONTRACTOR POLICY TO BAN TEXT MESSAGING WHILE DRIVING (JAN 2011)
- 3.13-14 REPORTING EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION AND FIRST-TIER SUBCONTRACT AWARDS (JAN 2018)
- 3.2.4-34 OPTION TO EXTEND SERVICES (OCT 2019)

The Government may require continued performance of any services within the limits and at the rates specified in the contract. These rates may be adjusted only as a result of revisions to prevailing labor rates provided by the Secretary of Labor. The option provision may be exercised more than once, but the total extension of performance hereunder must not exceed 6 months. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within the period specified in the Schedule.

(End of clause)

3.2.4-35 OPTION TO EXTEND THE TERM OF THE CONTRACT (JUL 2021)

- (a) The Government may extend the term of this contract by written notice (contract modification) to the Contractor prior to the expiration of the current period of performance provided, that the Government will give the Contractor a preliminary written notice of its intent to extend at least 30 days [60 days unless a different number of days is inserted] before the contract expires. The preliminary notice does not commit the Government to an extension.
- (b) If the Government exercises this option, the extended contract must be considered to include this option provision.
- (c) The total duration of this contract, including the exercise of any options under this clause, must not exceed 6 (months) 5 (years).

(End of clause)

3.3.1-11 AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR (APR 1996)

Funds are not presently available for performance under this contract beyond September 30, 2022. The FAA's obligation for performance of this contract beyond that date is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for contract purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the FAA for any payment may arise for performance under this contract beyond September 30, 2022, until funds are made available to the

Contracting Officer for performance and until the Contractor receives notice of availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

3.3.1-33 SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (OCT 2021)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause

"Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number" means the 9-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (D&B) to identify unique business entities.

"Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) number" means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional SAM records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts for the same parent concern.

"Registered in the SAM database" means that the Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the DUNS number or the DUNS+4 number, into the SAM database.

"System for Award Management (SAM) Database" means the primary Government repository for Contractor information required for the conduct of business with the Government.

- (b)(1) By submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges the requirement that a prospective awardee must be registered in the SAM database prior to award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation.
- (2) The offeror must enter, in Representations, Certifications and Other Statements of Offerors Section of the solicitation, the DUNS or DUNS +4 number that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the offeror is registered in the SAM database.
- (c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.
- (1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number (i) If located within the United States, by calling Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 or via the Internet at http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform; or (ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.
- (2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information: (i) Company legal business. (ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized. (iii) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and ZIP Code. (iv) Company Mailing Address, City, State and ZIP Code (if different from physical street address). (v) Company Telephone Number. (vi) Date the company was started. (vii) Number of employees at your location. (viii) Chief executive officer/key manager. (ix) Line of business (industry). (x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).
- (d) If the offeror does not become registered in the SAM database in the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer may proceed to award to the next otherwise successful registered offeror.
- (e) Processing time, which normally takes 48 hours, should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors who are not registered should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation.
- (f) The Contractor is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the SAM database, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in the SAM database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates its information in the SAM database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document. If registered in SAM as a Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business (SDVOSB), by submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges that they are

designated as a SDVOSB by the Department of Veterans Affairs, and this designation appears as such on the Veteran Affairs website, https://yetbiz.va.gov/vip//.

- (g)(1)(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, "doing business as" name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in AMS Procurement Guidance, the Contractor must provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to:
- (A) Change the name in the SAM database; (B) Comply with the requirements of AMS regarding novation and change-of-name agreements; and (C) Agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor must provide the Contracting Officer with the notification, sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.
- (ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (g)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (g)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.
- (2) The Contractor must not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims. Assignees must be separately registered in the SAM database. Information provided to the Contractor's SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.
- (h) Offerors and Contractors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements via the internet at http://www.sam.gov.

(End of Clause)

3.3.1-37 LIMITATION ON GOVERNMENT'S OBLIGATION (JUL 2018)

- (a) Of the total price of contract line item number(s) (CLINs) TBD, \$TBD is presently available for payment and allocated to these CLINs.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to perform on these CLINs up to the point at which, in the event of termination of this contract pursuant to the applicable "Termination for Convenience of the Government" clause, the total amount payable by the Government (including amounts payable in respect of subcontracts and settlement costs,) pursuant to paragraph (c) below, would in the exercise of reasonable judgment by the Contractor approximate the total amount currently allotted to the contract. The Contractor is not authorized to continue work on these CLINs beyond this point. The Government is not obligated to reimburse the Contractor in excess of the amount from time to time allotted to the contract, regardless of anything to the contrary in "Termination for Convenience of the Government."
- (c) Funds presently allotted to this contract are estimated to cover the work to be performed until TBD. If funds allotted are considered by the Contractor to be inadequate to cover the work to be performed until this date, or an agreed substitute date, the Contractor must notify the Contracting Office in writing when within the next 30 days the work will reach a point at which, in the event of termination of this contract pursuant to "Termination for Convenience of the Government," the total amount payable by the Government pursuant to paragraph (e) below, will approximate 85 percent of the total amount then allotted to the contract. The notice must state the estimated date when this point will be reached and the estimated amount of additional funds required to continue performance to the above or an agreed substitute date. The Contractor must, 30 days prior to the date above written or agreed substitute date, advise the Contracting Officer in writing as to the estimated amount of additional funds which will be required for the timely performance of the CLINs for a further period as may be specified in this clause or otherwise agreed to by the parties. If after this notification, additional funds are not allotted by the date above written or by an agreed substitute date, the Contracting Officer will, upon written request of the Contractor,

terminate this contract on such date or the date set forth in the request, whichever is later, pursuant to "Termination for Convenience of the Government."

- (d) When additional funds are allotted for continued performance of the CLINs, the parties will agree on the applicable period of contract performance that will be covered by such funds. Paragraphs (b) and (c) above apply to the additional allotted funds and agreed substituted date and the contract will be modified accordingly.
- (e) If the Contractor incurs additional costs, or is delayed in the performance of the work under this contract, solely by the reason of the failure of the Government to allot additional funds in amounts sufficient for the timely performance of this contract, and if additional funds are allotted, an equitable adjustment will be made in the price or prices (including appropriate target, billing, and ceiling prices where applicable) of the CLINs, in the time of delivery, or in both. Failure to agree to any such equitable adjustment hereunder will be a dispute concerning a question of fact within the meaning of the "Contract Disputes" Clause.
- (f) The Government may at any time prior to termination, and with the consent of the Contractor, after notice of termination, allot additional funds for this contract.
- (g) The provisions of this clause with respect to termination will in no way be deemed to limit the rights of the Government under the applicable AMS "Default" clause. The provisions of this clause are limited to the work on and allotment of funds for the CLIN(s) in paragraph (a) above. This clause no longer applies upon the allotment of funds for the total price of the CLINs except for rights and obligations existing under this clause.
- (h) Nothing in this clause will affect the right of the Government to terminate this contract pursuant to "Termination for Convenience of the Government." In the event of a conflict between this clause and any other term or condition of this contract, this clause will take precedence.

(End of clause)

3.6.2-9 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY (JUL 2020)

- (a) If, during any 12-month period (including the 12 months preceding the award of this contract), the Contractor has been or is awarded nonexempt Federal contracts and/or subcontracts that have an aggregate value in excess of \$10,000, the Contractor must comply with subparagraphs (b)(1) through (11) below. Upon request, the Contractor must provide information necessary to determine the applicability of this clause.
- (b) During performing this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:
- (1) The Contractor must not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- (2) The Contractor must take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. This must include, but not be limited to,
- (i) employment,
- (ii) upgrading,
- (iii) demotion,
- (iv) transfer,
- (v) recruitment or recruitment advertising,
- (vi) layoff or termination,
- (vii) rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and

- (viii) selection for training, including apprenticeship.
- (3) The Contractor must post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment the notices that explain this clause.
- (4) The Contractor must, in all solicitations or advertisement for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- (5) The Contractor must send, to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, the notice to be provided by the Contracting Officer advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this clause, and post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- (6) The Contractor must comply with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- (7) The Contractor must furnish to the FAA all information required by Executive Order 11246, as amended, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor. Standard Form 100 (EEO-1), or any successor form, is the prescribed form to be filed within 30 days following the award, unless filed within 12 months preceding the date of award.
- (8) The Contractor must permit access to its books, records, and accounts by the FAA or the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) for the purposes of investigation to ascertain the Contractor's compliance with the applicable rules, regulations, and orders.
- (9) If the OFCCP determines that the Contractor is not in compliance with this clause or any rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, the contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts, under the procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246, as amended. In addition, sanctions maybe imposed and remedies invoked against the Contractor as provided in Executive Order 11246, as amended, the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- (10) The Contractor must include the terms and conditions of subparagraph (b)(1) through (11) of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order that is not exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued under Executive Order 11246, as amended, so that these terms and conditions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor.
- (11) The Contractor must take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the FAA may direct as a means of enforcing these terms and conditions, including sanctions for noncompliance; provided, that if the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of any direction, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other clause in this contract, disputes relative to this clause will be governed by the procedures in 41 CFR 60-1.1.

(End of clause)

3.6.2-14 EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON VETERANS (JAN 2020)

- (a) Unless the contractor is a State or local government agency, the contractor must report at least annually, as required by the Secretary of Labor, on:
 - (1) The total number of employees in the contractor's workforce, by job category and hiring location, who are disabled veterans, other protected veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, and recently separated veterans,

- (2) The total number of new employees hired during the period covered by the report, and of the total, the number of disabled veterans, other protected veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, and recently separated veterans; and
- (3) The maximum number and minimum number of employees of the Contractor or subcontractor at each hiring location during the period covered by the report.
- (b) The above items must be reported by completing the VETS-4212 "Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report" (see "VETS-4212 Federal Contractor Reporting" and "Filing Your VETS-4212 Report" at http://www.dol.gov/vets/vets4212.htm).'
- (c) The VETS-4212 Report must be submitted no later than September 30 of each year.
- (d) The employment activity report required by paragraph (a)(2) of this clause must reflect total hires during the most recent 12-month period as of the ending date selected for the employment profile report required by paragraph (a)(1) of this clause. Contractors may select an ending date: (1) As of the end of any pay period during the period January through March 1st of the year the report is due, or (2) as of December 31, if the contractor has previous written approval from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to do so for purposes of submitting the Employer Information Report EEO-1 (Standard Form 100).
- (e) The count of veterans reported according to paragraph (a) of this clause must be based on data known to the contractor when completing the VETS-4212. The Contractor's knowledge of veterans status may be obtained in a variety of ways, including an invitation to applicants to self-identify (in accordance with 41 CFR 60-300.42), voluntary self-disclosure by employees, or actual knowledge of veteran status by the contractor. This paragraph does not relieve the employer of liability for a determination under 38 U.S.C. 4212.
- (f) Subcontracts. The Contractor must include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order of \$150,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor.

(End of clause)

3.6.4-23 PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING FOR CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT (JAN 2021)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Backhaul" means intermediate links between the core network, or backbone network, and the small subnetworks at the edge of the network (e.g., connecting cell phones/towers to the core telephone network). Backhaul can be wireless (e.g., microwave) or wired (e.g., fiber optic, coaxial cable, Ethernet).]

"Covered foreign country" means The People's Republic of China.

"Covered telecommunications equipment or services" means--

- (1) Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);
- (2) For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);
- (3) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or
- (4) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

"Critical technology" means--

- (1) Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations;
- (2) Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled--
- (i) Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or
- (ii) For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening.
- (3) Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);
- (4) Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);
- (5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or 5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or
- (6) Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817). Substantial or essential component means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

"Interconnection arrangements" means arrangements governing the physical connection of two or more networks to allow the use of another's network to hand off traffic where it is ultimately delivered (e.g., connection of a customer of telephone provider A to a customer of telephone company B) or sharing data and other information resources.

"Reasonable inquiry" means an inquiry designed to uncover any information in the entity's possession about the identity of the producer or provider of covered telecommunications equipment or services used by the entity that excludes the need to include an internal or third-party audit.

"Roaming" means cellular communications services (e.g., voice, video, data) received from a visited network when traveling outside the geographical coverage area of a home network

(b) Prohibition.

- (1) Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in AMS T3.6.4 A 16.e.
- (2) Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020 from entering into a contract, or extending or renewing a contract, with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in AMS T3.6.4A.16.e. This prohibition

applies to an entity that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services, including use not in support of the Government.

- (c) Exceptions. This clause does not prohibit contractors from providing--
- (1) A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or
- (2) Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.
- (d) Reporting requirement.
- (1) In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor must report the information in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause to the Contracting Officer, unless elsewhere in this contract are established procedures for reporting the information. For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor must report to the Contracting Officer for the indefinite delivery contract and the Contracting Officer(s) for any affected order.
- (2) The Contractor must report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this clause:
- (i) Within one business day from the date of such identification or notification: The contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; supplier unique entity identifier (if known); supplier Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code (if known); brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.
- (ii) Within 10 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this clause: Any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor must describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.
- (e) Subcontracts. The Contractor must insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

(End of Clause)

3.8.2-11 CONTINUITY OF SERVICES (OCT 2018)

- (a) The Contractor recognizes that the services under this contract are vital to the Government and must be continued without interruption and that, upon contract expiration, a successor, either the Government or another contractor, may continue them. The Contractor agrees to:
 - (1) Furnish phase-in training and
 - (2) Exercise its best efforts and cooperation to effect an orderly and efficient transition to a successor.
- (b) The Contractor must, upon the CO's written notice:
 - (1) Furnish phase-in, phase-out services for up to 90 days after this contract expires and
 - (2) Negotiate in good faith a plan with a successor to determine the nature and extent of phase-in, phase-out services required. The plan must specify a training program and a date for transferring responsibilities for each division of work described in the plan, and must be subject to the CO's approval. The Contractor must provide sufficient experienced personnel during the phase- in, phase-out period to ensure that the services called for by this contract are maintained at the required level of proficiency.

- (c) The Contractor must allow as many personnel as practicable to remain on the job to help the successor maintain the continuity and consistency of the services required by this contract. The Contractor must also disclose necessary personnel records and allow the successor to conduct onsite interviews with these employees. If selected employees are agreeable to the change, the Contractor must release them at a mutually agreeable date and negotiate transfer of their earned fringe benefits to the successor.
- (d) The Contractor must be reimbursed for all reasonable phase-in, phase-out costs (i.e., costs incurred within the agreed period after contract expiration that result from phase-in, phase-out operations) and a fee (profit) not to exceed a prorata portion of the fee (profit) under this contract.

(End of clause)

3.10.2-1 SUBCONTRACTS (FIXED-PRICE CONTRACTS) (JAN 2019)

- (a) Consent to subcontract in this clause applies to subcontracts resulting from unpriced modifications to this contract if required as indicated under (b) or (c) below.
- (b) Subcontract, as used in this clause, includes but is not limited to purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders. The Contractor must notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of entering into any subcontract if the Contractor does not have an approved purchasing system and if the subcontract:
- (1) Is proposed to exceed \$150,000; or
- (2) Is one of a number of subcontracts with a single subcontractor, under this contract, for the same or related supplies or services, that in the aggregate are expected to exceed \$150,000.
- (c) If the contractor has an approved purchasing system, the contractor nevertheless must obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing the following subcontracts:

[Fillin subcontract]

[Fillin subcontract]

[Fillin subcontract]

- (d) The advance notification required by paragraphs (b) and (c) above must include-
- (1) A description of the supplies or services to be subcontracted;
- (2) Identification of the type of subcontract to be used;
- (3) Identification of the proposed subcontractor and an explanation of why and how the proposed subcontractor was selected, including the competition obtained;
- (4) The proposed subcontract price and the Contractor's cost or price analysis;
- (5) The subcontractor's current, complete, and accurate cost or pricing data and Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, if required by other contract provisions;
- (6) The subcontractor's Disclosure Statement or Certificate relating to Cost Accounting Standards when such data are required by other provisions of this contract; and
- (7) A negotiation memorandum reflecting-
- (i) The principal elements of the subcontract price negotiations;
- (ii) The most significant considerations controlling establishment of initial or revised prices;
- (iii) The reason cost or pricing data were or were not required;

- (iv) The extent, if any, to which the Contractor did not rely on the subcontractor's cost or pricing data in determining the price objective and in negotiating the final price;
- (v) The extent, if any, to which it was recognized in the negotiation that the subcontractor's cost or pricing data were not accurate, complete, or current; the action taken by the Contractor and subcontractor; and the effect of any such defective data on the total price negotiated;
- (vi) The reasons for any significant difference between the Contractor's price objective and the price negotiated; and
- (vii) A complete explanation of the incentive fee or profit plan when incentives are used. The explanation must identify each critical performance element, management decisions used to quantify each incentive element, reasons for the incentives, and a summary of all trade-off possibilities considered.
- (e) The Contractor must obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing any subcontract for which advance notification is required under paragraph (b) above. However, the Contracting Officer may ratify in writing any such subcontract. Ratification will constitute the consent of the Contracting Officer.
- (f) Even if the Contractor's purchasing system has been approved, the Contractor must obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing subcontracts identified below:
- (g) Unless the consent or approval specifically provides otherwise, neither consent by the Contracting Officer to any subcontract nor approval of the Contractor's purchasing system will constitute a determination:
- (1) of the acceptability of any subcontract terms or conditions,
- (2) of the acceptability of any subcontract price or of any amount paid under any subcontract, or
- (3) to relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for performing this contract.
- (h) No subcontract placed under this contract will provide for payment on a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost basis.
- (i) The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's purchasing system.

(End of clause)

3.13-16 RECORDS MANAGEMENT (JAN 2020)

(a) Definitions.

Federal record as defined in 44 U.S.C. § 3301, means all recorded information, regardless of form or characteristics, made or received by a Federal agency under Federal law or in connection with the transaction of public business and preserved or appropriate for preservation by that agency or its legitimate successor as evidence of the organization, functions, policies, decisions, procedures, operations, or other activities of the United States Government or because of the informational value of data in them. The term Federal record:

- (1) Includes all FAA records.
- (2) Does not include personal materials.
- (3) Applies to records created, received, or maintained by Contractors pursuant to a FAA contract.
- (4) May include deliverables and documentation associated with deliverables.
- (b) Requirements.
- (1) Compliance. The contractor must comply with all applicable records management laws and regulations, as well as National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) records policies, including but not limited to the Federal Records Act (44 U.S.C. chapters 21, 29, 31, 33), NARA regulations at 36 CFR Chapter XII Subchapter B, and those

policies associated with the safeguarding of records covered by Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), to the extent that the Privacy Act applies to any records maintained by the Contractor. These policies include the preservation of all Federal records, regardless of form or characteristics, mode of transmission, or state of completion.

- (2) *Applicability*. All data created for Government use and delivered to, or falling under, the legal control of the Government, are Federal records subject to the provisions of 44 U.S.C. chapters 21, 29, 31, and 33. Such Federal records must be managed and scheduled for disposition only as permitted by the Federal Records Act, relevant statute or regulation, and FAA Order 1350.14 "Records Management" at https://www.faa.gov/documentLibrary/media/Order/FAA 1350.14B.pdf.
- (3) Records maintenance. While in Contractor's custody, the Contractor is responsible for preventing the alienation or unauthorized destruction of FAA records, including all forms of mutilation. Records may not be removed from the legal custody of FAA or destroyed except in accordance with the provisions of the agency records schedules and with the written concurrence of the FAA Agency Records Officer (ARO) (or the ARO's designate) and Contracting Officer, as appropriate. Willful and unlawful destruction, damage or alienation of Federal records is subject to the fines and penalties imposed by 18 U.S.C. 2701. In the event of any unlawful or accidental removal, defacing, alteration, or destruction of records, the Contractor must report the event to the Contracting Officer in accordance with 36 CFR 1230, Unlawful or Accidental Removal, Defacing, Alteration, or Destruction of Records, for reporting to NARA by FAA Records Management. Electronic records and associated metadata must be accompanied by sufficient technical documentation to permit understanding and use of the records and data.
- (4) *Unauthorized disclosure*. The Contractor must notify the Contracting Officer within 2 (two) hours of discovery of any inadvertent or unauthorized disclosures of information, data, documentary materials, records or equipment. Disclosure of non-public information is limited to authorized personnel with a need-to-know as described in the contract. The Contractor must ensure that the appropriate personnel, administrative, technical, and physical safeguards are established to ensure the security and confidentiality of this information, data, documentary material, records and/or equipment is properly protected. The Contractor must not remove material from Government facilities or systems, or facilities or systems operated or maintained on the Government's behalf, without the express written permission of the FAA ARO (or the ARO's designate) and the Contracting Officer. Destruction of records is expressly prohibited unless in accordance with the contract.
- (c) *Records management contracts* where the contractor is required to design, develop, and/or operate a system of records, the following additional requirements apply:

During the contract, the FAA ARO (or ARO's designate) has the right to inspect where the records are stored (digitally or paper records) in order to ensure they are properly protected from the elements and/or loss. This inspection must be coordinated through the Contracting Officer or the Contracting Officer's Representative. The contractor must be provided 30 calendar days' notice of such inspections. This clause may be tailored to provide for a different notice period. Additional details regarding such inspections consistent with this clause may be specified in the Statement of Work.

For contracts where the contractor is responsible for managing FAA records, when the records are no longer required or at the completion of the contract, the records must be returned to FAA control. Items returned to the FAA must be hand carried, mailed, or securely electronically transmitted to the Contracting Officer or address indicated in the contract.

- (d) *Non-public information*. The Contractor must not create or maintain any records containing any non-public FAA information that are not specifically tied to or authorized by the contract.
- (e) Ownership. Consistent with all applicable data rights clauses in this contract, the FAA is the sole owner of the rights to all data and records produced as part of this contract. All deliverables under the contract are the property of the U.S. Government for which FAA will have unlimited rights to use, dispose of, or disclose such data contained therein as it determines to be in the public interest. Any Contractor rights in the data or deliverables must be identified as required by applicable data rights clauses in this contract.
- (f) Notification of third party access requests. The Contractor must notify the Contracting Officer promptly of any requests from a third party for access to Federal records, including any warrants, seizures, or subpoenas it receives,

including those from another Federal, State, or local agency. The Contractor must cooperate with the Contracting Officer to take all measures to protect Federal records, from any unauthorized disclosure.

- (g) Training. All Contractor employees assigned to this contract who create, work with, or otherwise handle records are required to take FAA-provided records management training upon starting under the contract and annually thereafter as per the FAA Electronic Learning Management System (eLMS). If the contractor does not have access to eLMS, the contractor is to contact the Contracting Officer or Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) who will advise the ARO who will in turn make arrangements to ensure the contractor has access. The Contractor is responsible for confirming to the Contracting Officer in an annual report due by September 30 of each year under the contract that training, including initial training and annual refresher training, has been completed in accordance with agency policies. This annual report must list the employee names and dates of initial or annual refresher training.
- (h) Agency Records Officer (ARO) regarding clause provisions above that cite the ARO or designate, information as to the name of the ARO or the ARO designate for particular locations outside FAA Headquarters may be obtained from the FAA Records and Information Management Team (RIM) at 9-faa-records-management-program@faa.gov.
- (i) Subcontractor flowdown requirements. The Contractor must incorporate the substance of this clause, its terms and requirements including this paragraph (i), in all subcontracts under this contract.

3.14-2 CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL SUITABILITY REQUIREMENTS (APR 2021)

1. No contractor employee, subcontractor, or consultant will be allowed

unescorted access to any FAA facility; access to FAA classified information; access to FAA *Sensitive Unclassified Information (SUI); or access to FAA systems or resources

unless they have been authorized by the FAA Office of Personnel Security (AXP).

- *SUI is defined as unclassified information, in any form including print, electronic, visual, or aural forms, which is protected from uncontrolled release to persons outside the FAA and indiscriminate dissemination within the FAA. It includes aviation security, homeland security, and protected critical infrastructure information. SUI may include information that may qualify for withholding from the public under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).
- 2. Consistent with FAA Order 1600.72A, AXP must approve designated risk levels for the positions under the contract, to be determined by the FAA Operating Office (the organization with the requirement) in coordination with the COR, using the OPM Position Designation Automated Tool (PD Tool).
- 3. For all contractor employees, subcontractors, or consultants requiring access to FAA facilities, classified information, sensitive unclassified information, systems, or resources, the prime contractor must submit to their responsible AXP office and CO/COR, a point of contact (POC) who will be responsible for entering all contractor applicant data, to include subcontractor data, into the Vendor Applicant Process (VAP) system (vap.faa.gov) for security processing. The contractor must not enter contractor employees in VAP unless they have a legitimate need for access to FAA facilities, classified information, sensitive unclassified information and/or systems according to the terms of the contract. Contractor employees who will not require the aforementioned types of access or who would be under escort of other badged personnel are not be entered in VAP.
- 4. If an applicant has had a previous US Government conducted background investigation, which meets the investigative requirements for the position and meets established reciprocity guidelines, it will be accepted by the FAA. The FAA reserves the right to conduct further investigations, including requesting additional information from the applicant, if necessary.
- 5. If no previous investigation exists, or if the previous investigation does not meet investigative requirements for the position, AXP will:

- a. Send the applicant an e-mail (this step may be delegated to VAP POC) with instructions for completing investigative requirements.;
- b. Instruct the applicant how to enter and complete a background investigation questionnaire through the electronic Questionnaires for Investigation Processing (eQIP) system;
- c. Provide where to upload, or send/fax applicable forms; and
- d. Provide instructions regarding fingerprinting. (any fees associated with obtaining fingerprints are not the responsibility of the FAA)

The contractor employee must complete the investigative requirements and submit required material within 15-calendar days of receiving the e-mail from AXP. If items are be submitted outside of the eQIP system, the contractor must submit the required information, referencing the contract number, to the AXP POC noted in the instruction email.

- 6. No contract employee, subcontractor, or consultant, identified as requiring a background investigation under the contract will work in any position unless AXP has authorized them to begin work. Authorization will be in the form of an Interim or Final Suitability email notification from AXP to the VAP POC and CO.
- 7. No contract employees, subcontractor, or consultant will be issued a FAA Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card, or other FAA issued ID card, unless they have been granted an Interim or Final suitability from AXP.
- 8. The Contractor VAP POC must inform the CO/COR and submit a VAP removal record in VAP within twenty-four (24) hours after any contractor employee resigns, is terminated, transferred, or otherwise removed from the contract. If the FAA issued the contract employee a PIV card, or other ID card, the contractor must collect the card within twenty-four hours, and return it to AXP no later than five business-days of the employee's termination or transfer.
- 9. The CO will provide notice to the contractor within 24-hours after receipt of a determination that the contractor or its employee has not complied with security related contract requirements, security-related FAA Orders, or if a contractor employee's conduct is objectionable or contrary to the public interest, or inconsistent with the best interest of national security. The notice will instruct the contractor to remove its employee's access to FAA premises or networks, or otherwise remedy the contractor's performance.
- 10. The contractor must immediately comply with the CO's direction to remedy its security performance at the contractor's expense, including removing the employee from FAA premises and networks. If the contractor employee is working under an interim suitability authorization, the contractor must take appropriate action, including the removal of the contractor employee from working on the FAA contract, at their own expense. Once action has been taken, the contractor must report the action via the VAP within the timeframe prescribed in paragraph 8 of this clause.
- 11. After coordination with AXP, the CO may require contractor employees to submit any other security information deemed reasonably necessary to protect the interests of the FAA. This includes submitting to additional fingerprinting, responding to letters of inquiry, and background reinvestigations required under Federal Investigative Standards. In this event, the contractor must provide, or cause each of its employees to provide, such security information to AXP. Failure to cooperate with security processing will result in an unfavorable suitability determination.
- 12. The contractor must retrieve a current roster report through VAP on a quarterly basis to ensure the roster is accurate, and immediately correct any discrepancies with the responsible AXP office. The prime contractor is responsible for the accuracy of their subcontractors' rosters as well.
- 13. Contractor employees subject to the requirements of this clause must take the FAA Security Awareness Virtual Initiative (SAVI) training within 90 days of reporting to work and annually thereafter. This training is available on the FAA's Electronic Learning Management System (eLMS). Contractors without access to eLMS please see https://my.faa.gov/org/linebusiness/ash/programs/savi.html for instructions.

- 14. The prime contractor must contact the CO or COR, and AXP within one business-day in the event an employee(who has been cleared for FAA access by AXP) is arrested (i.e., taken into custody by law enforcement for any offenses, other than minor traffic offenses) or is involved in theft of government property or the Contractor becomes aware of any information that may raise a question about the suitability of a contractor or subcontractor employee.
- 15. Failure to submit information required by this clause within the time required may be determined by the CO a material breach of the contract, and may result in suspension or revoked access to FAA assets for the Contractor's employee.
- 16. If subsequent to the effective date of this contract, the security classification or security requirements under this contract are changed by the Government and if the changes cause an increase or decrease in direct contract costs or otherwise affect any other term or condition of this contract, the contract will be subject to an equitable adjustment.
- 17. The contractor agrees to insert terms that conform substantially to the language of this clause, excluding any reference to the Changes clause of this contract, in all subcontracts under this contract that involve access and where the exceptions under FAA Order 1600.72A do not apply.

(End of Clause)

3.14-3 FOREIGN NATIONALS AS CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES (JAN 2019)

- (a) Definition. "Foreign National" is any citizen or national of a country other than the United States who has not immigrated to the United States and is not a Legal Permanent Resident (LPR) of the United States.
- (b) Each contractor or subcontractor employee under this contract having access to FAA facilities, sensitive information, or resources must be a citizen of the United States, or a foreign national who has been lawfully admitted for permanent residence as evidenced by Alien Registration Receipt Card Form I-151, or who presents other evidence from the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service that employment must not affect his/her immigration status.
- (c) Foreign Nationals proposed under this contract must meet the following conditions in accordance with FAA Order 1600.72A, chapter 5, paragraph 7 & 8:
- (1) Must have resided within the United States for three (3) of the last five (5) years unless a waiver of this requirement is requirement is requirement accordance with the requirements stated in FAA Order 1600.72A, chapter 5, paragraph 9;
- (2) A risk or sensitivity level designation can be made for the position; and
- (3) The appropriate security-related background investigation/inquiry can be adequately conducted.
- (d) Foreign Nationals proposed under this contract must meet the following additional conditions:
- (1) Provide a current, unexpired passport and Place of Birth in order to attain a favorably adjudicated Security background check in accordance with the FAA Order 1600.72A, Contractor and Industrial Security Program; and,
- (2) Successfully pass an export control review as outlined in FAA Order 1240.13 FAA Export Control Compliance.
- (e) Interim suitability requirements may not be applied unless the position is low/moderate in risk, and/or temporary, and/or is not in a critical area position.

(End of Clause)

3.14-4 ACCESS TO FAA FACILITIES, SYSTEMS, GOVERNMENT PROPERTY, AND SENSITIVE UNCLASSIFIED INFORMATION (OCT 2021)

- 1. It may become necessary for the Government to grant access to FAA systems or issue Government property, to include FAA issued ID cards, or sensitive unclassified information (SUI), to contractor employees. Prior to or upon completion or termination of the work under the contract, the contractor must return all such Government property and SUI to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR).
- 2. Improper use, possession or alteration of Government property is subject to penalties under Title 18, USC 499, 506, 701, and 1030.
- 3. In the event such Government property is lost, stolen, or not returned, the contractor understands and agrees that the Government may, in addition to any other withholding provision of the contract, withhold the value of the asset for each item of Government property not returned. If the Government property, to include FAA issued ID cards, or SUI is not returned within 30-calendar-days from the date the withholding action was initiated, any amount so withheld is forfeited by the contractor. Any portable devices that are lost, stolen, or not returned must be reported by the contractor within one (1) hour to the FAA Security Operations Center (phone 1(866)-580-1852(Option 1) or email 9-AWA-SOC@faa.gov).
- 4. Access to aircraft ramp/hangar areas is authorized only to those persons displaying a flight line identification card and for vehicles, with a current ramp permit issued pursuant to Title 49, Part 1542, Code of Federal Regulations.
- 5. The Government retains the right to inspect inventory, or audit Government property or sensitive information issued to the contractor in connection with the contract and do so at the convenience of the Government. Any items not accounted for, to the satisfaction of the Government, will be assumed to be lost and the provisions of section (3) of this clause apply.
- 6. The issuance of Government property to include SUI must be approved by the COR who will require the Contractor employee to sign a receipt for each item. Lost or stolen Government property or SUI must immediately be reported concurrently to the Contracting Officer (CO), COR, and the FAA SOC at the telephone number and email address listed under section (3) above.
- 7. Each Contract employee, during all times of on-site performance at an FAA facility, must prominently display his/her current and valid FAA Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card, or other FAA issued ID card, on the front portion of his/her body between the neck and waist. Each FAA ID cardholder must not affix pins, stickers, or other item to the card.
- 8. Prior to any contractor employee obtaining a FAA ID Card or other government property, IAW FAA Order 1600.78 the contractor is required to:
- a. Enter data for each employee into the VAP as described in AMS clause 3.14-2, Contractor Personnel Suitability Requirements.
- b. The Office of Personnel Security (AXP) will determine whether final suitability can be granted due to:
- i. Existence of a previous investigation that meets reciprocity requirements, or:
- ii. Initiate the contractor applicant into the electronic Questionnaires for Investigations Processing (eQIP) system so that the applicant can complete the investigative forms.
- c. Interim suitability cannot be granted until the eQIP form is completed, and fingerprints and signature pages are submitted to AXP.
- d. Authorization for the contractor employee to begin work will be an Interim or Final Suitability notification from AXP.
- 9. To obtain a FAA PIV card, IAW FAA Order 1600.78 Contractor employee must:
- a. Submit an identification Card Application (DOT 1681) using the automated system located at https://idms.faa.gov/1681. The application must be approved by the CO or COR.

- b. The contractor employee will be notified when the identification card application has been approved and is ready for processing by the FAA Identification Card issuer (e.g., PIV Administrator).
- c. The contractor must contact AXP to obtain the procedures for obtaining their FAA PIV Card.
- 10. Off-Boarding. The contractor is responsible for ensuring final off-boarding is accomplished for all departing contractor employees. This includes termination, resignation, retirement, death, change of employment status (i.e., transferring from a contractor to a FAA employee), transfer to another FAA contract, and (with CO approval) extended leave of absence. The Contractor may appoint an off-boarding coordinator to oversee the off-boarding process.
- a. For each departing employee having access to FAA facilities and/or Information Technology (IT) systems, the Contractor must submit a completely filled out and signed "FAA Contractor Employee Off-Boarding Form" (located in FAA Procurement Forms) to the CO no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the employee's departure. The Contractor must ensure that the Form confirms that all applicable Government property (including FAA issued ID cards) and sensitive information (including Classified National Security Information (CNSI)) has been collected and access to all FAA assets has been terminated.
- b. When the Contractor is not collocated or within local driving distance of the responsible AXP office, the Contractor must collect the Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Card or other FAA issued ID card, and any other tokens and provide to the CO or COR within one (1) business day of receiving the card/tokens from the departing employee.
- c. In event that the Contractor employee departs without completing the Form, the Contractor is responsible for completing and submitting the Form on the employee's behalf. If the departing Contractor employee served as the Property Custodian for the FAA contract, the Contractor must designate a new Property Custodian and ensure accountability of all property under the contract, or within fourteen calendar days with the CO's approval, provide to the CO the results of the associated inventory/property accountability.
- d. The designated VAP POC must submit a VAP removal record for the departing employee within twenty-four (24) hours.
- e. The Contractor must also comply with any local Employee Off-Boarding Forms in use at FAA Facilities.
- 11. All contractors and subcontractor employees with access to FAA systems must have a FAA-issued Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card and must use the PIV card to authenticate to the FAA system. Approved contactor equipment or software in accordance with clause 3.14-13 "Use of Contractor Equipment or Software Permitted" that connects to FAA systems must be configured to accept and use FAA-issued PIV cards. The contractor must provide the appropriate equipment for the PIV card, while the FAA will furnish and configure the PIV software.
- 12. The contractor must insert this clause in all subcontracts under the contract.

(End of Clause)

3.6.2-46 PAID SICK LEAVE UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 13706 (JANUARY 2022)

- (a) Executive Order 13706. This contract is subject to Executive Order 13706, the regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor in 29 CFR part 13 pursuant to the Executive Order, and the following provisions.
- (b) Paid Sick Leave.
- (1) The contractor must permit each employee (as defined in 29 CFR 13.2) engaged in the performance of this contract by the prime contractor or any subcontractor, regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between the contractor and employee, to earn not less than 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours worked. The contractor must additionally allow accrual and use of paid sick leave as required by Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13. The contractor must in particular comply with the accrual, use, and other requirements set forth in 29 CFR 13.5 and 13.6, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

- (2) The contractor must provide paid sick leave to all employees when due free and clear and without subsequent deduction (except as otherwise provided by 29 CFR 13.24), rebate, or kickback on any account. The contractor must provide pay and benefits for paid sick leave used no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which the paid sick leave was taken.
- (3) The prime contractor and any upper-tier subcontractor will be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with the requirements of Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, and this clause.
- (c) Withholding. The Contracting Officer will, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the prime contractor under this or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay employees the full amount owed to compensate for any violation of the requirements of Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, or this clause, including any pay and/or benefits denied or lost by reason of the violation; other actual monetary losses sustained as a direct result of the violation, and liquidated damages.
- (d) Contract Suspension/Contract Termination/Contractor Debarment. In the event of a failure to comply with Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, or this clause, the contracting agency may on its own action or after authorization or by direction of the Department of Labor and written notification to the contractor, take action to cause suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. Additionally, any failure to comply with the requirements of this clause may be grounds for termination of the right to proceed with the contract work. In such event, the FAA may enter into other contracts or arrangements for completion of the work, charging the contractor in default with any additional cost. A breach of the contract clause may be grounds for debarment as a contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 13.52.
- (e) The paid sick leave required by Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, and this clause is in addition to a contractor's obligations under the Service Contract Labor Standards and Davis—Bacon Act, and a contractor will not receive credit toward its prevailing wage or fringe benefit obligations under those Acts for any paid sick leave provided in satisfaction of the requirements of Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13.
- (f) Nothing in Executive Order 13706 or 29 CFR part 13 will excuse noncompliance with or supersede any applicable Federal or State law, any applicable law or municipal ordinance, or a collective bargaining agreement requiring greater paid sick leave or leave rights than those established under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13.
- (g) Recordkeeping
- (1) Any contractor performing work subject to Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13 must make and maintain, for no less than three (3) years from the completion of the work on the contract, records containing the information specified in paragraphs (i) through (xv) of this section for each employee and must make them available for inspection, copying, and transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division of the U.S. Department of Labor:
- (i) Name, address, and Social Security number of each employee;
- (ii) The employee's occupation(s) or classification(s);
- (iii) The rate or rates of wages paid (including all pay and benefits provided);
- (iv) The number of daily and weekly hours worked;
- (v) Any deductions made;
- (vi) The total wages paid (including all pay and benefits provided) each pay period;

- (vii) A copy of notifications to employees of the amount of paid sick leave the employee has accrued, as required under 29 CFR 13.5(a)(2):
- (viii) A copy of employees' requests to use paid sick leave, if in writing, or, if not in writing, any other records reflecting such employee requests;
- (ix) Dates and amounts of paid sick leave taken by employees (unless a contractor's paid time off policy satisfies the requirements of Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13 as described in § 13.5(f)(5), leave must be designated in records as paid sick leave pursuant to Executive Order 13706);
- (x) A copy of any written responses to employees' requests to use paid sick leave, including explanations for any denials of such requests, as required under 29 CFR 13.5(d)(3);
- (xi) Any records reflecting the certification and documentation a contractor may require an employee to provide under 29 CFR 13.5(e), including copies of any certification or documentation provided by an employee;
- (xii) Any other records showing any tracking of or calculations related to an employee's accrual or use of paid sick leave;
- (xiii) The relevant covered contract;
- (xiv) The regular pay and benefits provided to an employee for each use of paid sick leave; and
- (xv) Any financial payment made for unused paid sick leave upon a separation from employment intended, pursuant to 29 CFR 13.5(b)(5), to relieve a contractor from the obligation to reinstate such paid sick leave as otherwise required by 29 CFR 13.5(b)(4).
- (2)(i) If a contractor wishes to distinguish between an employee's covered and non-covered work, the contractor must keep records or other proof reflecting such distinctions. Only if the contractor adequately segregates the employee's time will time spent on non-covered work be excluded from hours worked counted toward the accrual of paid sick leave. Similarly, only if that contractor adequately segregates the employee's time may a contractor properly refuse an employee's request to use paid sick leave on the ground that the employee was scheduled to perform non-covered work during the time she asked to use paid sick leave.
- (ii) If a contractor estimates covered hours worked by an employee who performs work in connection with covered contracts pursuant to 29 CFR 13.5(a)(i) or
- (iii), the contractor must keep records or other proof of the verifiable information on which such estimates are reasonably based. Only if the contractor relies on an estimate that is reasonable and based on verifiable information will an employee's time spent in connection with non-covered work be excluded from hours worked counted toward the accrual of paid sick leave. If a contractor estimates the amount of time an employee spends performing in connection with covered contracts, the contractor must permit the employee to use her paid sick leave during any work time for the contractor.
- (3) In the event a contractor is not obligated by the Service Contract Labor Standards, the Davis–Bacon Act, or the Fair Labor Standards Act to keep records of an employee's hours worked, such as because the employee is exempt from the FLSA's minimum wage and overtime requirements, and the contractor chooses to use the assumption permitted by 29 CFR 13.5(a)(1)(iii), the contractor is excused from the requirement in paragraph (g) (1)(iv) of this section to keep records of the employee's number of daily and weekly hours worked.
- (4)(i) Records relating to medical histories or domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, created for purposes of Executive Order 13706, whether of an employee or an employee's child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or other individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family relationship, must be maintained as confidential records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files.
- (ii) If the confidentiality requirements of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA), section

- 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and/or the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) apply to records or documents created to comply with the recordkeeping requirements in this contract clause, the records and documents must also be maintained in compliance with the confidentiality requirements of the GINA, section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and/or ADA as described in 29 CFR 1635.9, 41 CFR 60–741.23(d), and 29 CFR 1630.14(c)(1), respectively.
- (iii) The contractor must not disclose any documentation used to verify the need to use 3 or more consecutive days of paid sick leave for the purposes listed in 29 CFR 13.5(c) (1) (iv) (as described in 29 CFR 13.5(e) (1) (ii)) and must maintain confidentiality about any domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking, unless the employee consents or when disclosure is required by law.
- (5) The contractor must permit authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division to conduct interviews with employees at the worksite during normal working hours.
- (6) Nothing in this contract clause limits or otherwise modifies the contractor's recordkeeping obligations, if any, under the Davis–Bacon Act, the Service Contract Labor Standards, the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, Executive Order 14026, their respective implementing regulations, or any other applicable law.
- (h) The contractor (as defined in 29 CFR 13.2) must insert this clause in all of its covered subcontracts and must require its subcontractors to include this clause in any covered lower-tier subcontracts.
- (i) Certification of Eligibility.
- (1) By entering into this contract, the contractor (and officials thereof) certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of the sanctions imposed pursuant to section 5 of the Service Contract Labor Standards, section 3(a) of the Davis–Bacon Act, or 29 CFR 5.12(a) (1).
- (2) No part of this contract will be subcontracted to any person or firm whose name appears on the list of persons or firms ineligible to receive Federal contracts currently maintained on the System for Award Management Web site, http://www.SAM.gov.
- (3) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (j) Interference/Discrimination.
- (1) A contractor must not in any manner interfere with an employee's accrual or use of paid sick leave as required by Executive Order 13706 or 29 CFR part 13. Interference includes, but is not limited to, miscalculating the amount of paid sick leave an employee has accrued, denying or unreasonably delaying a response to a proper request to use paid sick leave, discouraging an employee from using paid sick leave, reducing an employee's accrued paid sick leave by more than the amount of such leave used, transferring an employee to work on non-covered contracts to prevent the accrual or use of paid sick leave, disclosing confidential information contained in certification or other documentation provided to verify the need to use paid sick leave, or making the use of paid sick leave contingent on the employee's finding a replacement worker or the fulfillment of the contractor's operational needs.
- (2) A contractor must not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee for:
- (i) Using, or attempting to use, paid sick leave as provided for under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13;
- (ii) Filing any complaint, initiating any proceeding, or otherwise asserting any right or claim under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13;
- (iii) Cooperating in any investigation or testifying in any proceeding under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13: or
- (iv) Informing any other person about his or her rights under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13.

- (k) Waiver. Employees cannot waive, nor may contractors induce employees to waive, their rights under Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, or this clause.
- (1) Notice. The contractor must notify all employees performing work on or in connection with a covered contract of the paid sick leave requirements of Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, and this clause by posting a notice provided by the Department of Labor in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite so it may be readily seen by employees. Contractors that customarily post notices to employees electronically may post the notice electronically provided such electronic posting is displayed prominently on any Web site that is maintained by the contractor, whether external or internal, and customarily used for notices to employees about terms and conditions of employment.
- (m) Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes related to the application of Executive Order 13706 to this contract will not be subject to the general disputes clause of the contract. Such disputes will be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR part 13. Disputes within the meaning of this contract clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

(End of clause)

3.6.2-47 MINIMUM WAGES FOR CONTRACTOR WORKERS UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 14026 (JANUARY 2022)

- (a) Executive Order 14026. This contract is subject to Executive Order (EO)14026, the regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor in 29 CFR part 23 pursuant to the EO, and the following provisions.
- (b) Minimum wages.
- (1) Each worker (as defined in 29 CFR 23.20) engaged in the performance of this contract by the prime contractor or any subcontractor, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and worker, must not be paid less than the applicable minimum wage under EO 14026.
- (2) The minimum wage required to be paid to each worker performing work on or in connection with this contract between January 30, 2022 and December 31, 2022, must be \$15.00 per hour. The minimum wage must be adjusted each time the Secretary of Labor's annual determination of the applicable minimum wage under section 2(a)(ii) of EO14026 results in a higher minimum wage. Adjustments to the EO minimum wage under section 2(a)(ii) of EO 14026 will be effective for all workers subject to the EO beginning January 1 of the following year. If appropriate, the Contracting Officer (CO), or other agency official overseeing this contract must ensure the contractor is compensated only for the increase in labor costs resulting from the annual inflation increases in the EO 14026 minimum wage beginning on January 1, 2023. The Secretary of Labor will publish annual determinations in the Federal Register no later than 90 days before such new wage is to take effect. The Secretary will also publish the applicable minimum wage on https://alpha.sam.gov/content/wagedeterminations (or any successor website). The applicable published minimum wage is incorporated by reference into this contract.
- (3) The contractor must pay unconditionally to each worker all wages due free and clear and without subsequent deduction (except as otherwise provided by 29 CFR 23.230), rebate, or kickback on any account. Such payments must be made no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which such wages were earned or accrued. A pay period under this EO may not be of any duration longer than semi-monthly.
- (4) The prime contractor and any upper-tier subcontractor are responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with the EO minimum wage requirements. In the event of any violation of the minimum wage obligation of this clause, the contractor and any subcontractor(s) are responsible and therefore liable for the unpaid wages.
- (5) If the commensurate wage rate paid to a worker performing work on or in connection with a covered contract whose wages are calculated pursuant to a special certificate issued under 29 U.S.C. 214(c), whether hourly or piece

rate, is less than the EO minimum wage, the contractor must pay the EO minimum wage rate to achieve compliance with the Order. If the commensurate wage due under the certificate is greater than the EO minimum wage, the contractor must pay the worker the greater commensurate wage.

- (c) Withholding. The FAA Administrator must, upon their own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the prime contractor under this or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay workers the full amount of wages required by EO 14026.
- (d) Contract suspension/Contract termination/Contractor debarment. In the event of a failure to pay any worker all or part of the wages due under EO 14026 or 29 CFR part 23, or a failure to comply with any other term or condition of EO 14026 or 29 CFR part 23, the FAA may on its own action or after authorization or by direction of the Department of Labor and written notification to the contractor, take action to cause suspension of any further payment, advance or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. Additionally, any failure to comply with the requirements of this clause may be grounds for termination of the right to proceed with the contract work. In such event, the Government may enter into other contracts or arrangements for completion of the work, charging the contractor in default with any additional cost. A breach of the contract clause may be grounds for debarment as a contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 23.520.
- (e) Workers who receive fringe benefits. The contractor may not discharge any part of its minimum wage obligation under EO 14026 by furnishing fringe benefits or, with respect to workers whose wages are governed by the Service Contract Labor Standards, the cash equivalent thereof.
- (f) Relation to other laws. Nothing herein relieves the contractor of any other obligation under Federal, state or local law, or under contract, for the payment of a higher wage to any worker, nor does a lower prevailing wage under any such Federal, State, or local law, or under contract, entitle a contractor to pay less than \$15.00 (or the minimum wage as established each January thereafter) to any worker.
- (g) Payroll records.
- (1) The contractor must make and maintain for three years records containing the information specified in paragraphs (g)(1)(i) through (vi) of this section for each worker and must make the records available for inspection and transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division of the U.S. Department of Labor:
- (i) Name, address, and social security number;
- (ii) The worker's occupation(s) or classification(s);
- (iii) The rate or rates of wages paid;
- (iv) The number of daily and weekly hours worked by each worker;
- (v) Any deductions made; and
- (vi) Total wages paid.
- (2) The contractor must also make available a copy of the contract, as applicable, for inspection or transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division.
- (3) Failure to make and maintain or to make available such records for inspection and transcription constitutes a violation of 29 CFR part 23 and this contract, and in the case of failure to produce such records, the CO, upon direction of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, or under its own action, must take such action as may be necessary to cause suspension of any further payment or advance of funds until such time as the violations are discontinued.
- (4) The contractor must permit authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division to conduct

investigations, including interviewing workers at the worksite during normal working hours.

- (5) Nothing in this clause limits or otherwise modifies the contractor's payroll and recordkeeping obligations, if any, under the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended, and its implementing regulations; the Service Contract Labor Standards, as amended, and its implementing regulations; the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, and its implementing regulations; or any other applicable law.
- (h) Flow-down requirement. The contractor (as defined in 29 CFR 23.20) must insert this clause in all of its covered subcontracts and must require its subcontractors to include this clause in any covered lower-tier subcontracts. EO 14026 does not apply to subcontracts for the manufacturing or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles, or equipment, and this clause is not required to be inserted in such subcontracts. The prime contractor and any upper-tier subcontractor must be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with this contract clause.
- (i) Certification of eligibility.
- (1) By entering into this contract, the contractor (and officials thereof) certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of the sanctions imposed pursuant to section 5 of the Service Contract Labor Standards, section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act, or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (2) This contract, in any part or in whole, must not be subcontracted to any person or firm whose name appears on the list of persons or firms ineligible to receive Federal contracts.
- (3) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (j) Tipped employees. In paying wages to a tipped employee as defined in section 3(t) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. 203(t), the contractor may take a partial credit against the wage payment obligation (tip credit) to the extent permitted under section 3(a) of EO 14026. In order to take such a tip credit, the employee must receive an amount of tips at least equal to the amount of the credit taken; where the tipped employee does not receive sufficient tips to equal the amount of the tip credit the contractor must increase the cash wage paid for the workweek so that the amount of cash wage paid and the tips received by the employee equal the applicable minimum wage under EO 14026. To utilize this proviso:
- (1) The employer must inform the tipped employee in advance of the use of the tip credit;
- (2) The employer must inform the tipped employee of the amount of cash wage that will be paid and the additional amount by which the employee's wages will be considered increased on account of the tip credit;
- (3) The employees must be allowed to retain all tips (individually or through a pooling arrangement and regardless of whether the employer elects to take a credit for tips received); and
- (4) The employer must be able to show by records that the tipped employee receives at least the applicable EO minimum wage through the combination of direct wages and tip credit.
- (k) Anti-retaliation. Pursuant to 29 CFR § 23.60 it is unlawful for any person to discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any worker because such worker has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to EO 14026 or 29 CFR part 23, or has testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding.
- (1) Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes related to the application of EO 14026 to this contract are not subject to the general disputes clause of the contract. Such disputes must be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR part 23. Disputes within the meaning of this contract clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the FAA, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the workers or their representatives.

(m) *Notice*. The contractor must notify all workers performing work on or in connection with a covered contract of the applicable minimum wage rate under the EO. With respect to service employees on contracts covered by the Service Contract Labor Standards and laborers and mechanics on contracts covered by the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor may meet this requirement by posting, in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite, the applicable wage determination under those statutes. With respect to workers performing work on or in connection with a covered contract whose wages are governed by the FLSA, the contractor must post a notice provided by the Department of Labor in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite so it may be readily seen by workers. Contractors that customarily post notices to workers electronically may post the notice electronically provided such electronic posting is displayed prominently on any website that is maintained by the contractor, whether external or internal, and customarily used for notices to workers about terms and conditions of employment.

(End of Clause)

Section J - List of Documents, Exhibits and Other Attachments

Attachment List

ATTACHMENT	TITLE	DATE	NO. OF PAGES
1	Statement of Work-Landscape-Grounds-Snow Removal	12/14/2021	12
2	Wage Determination 2015-5419 Rev19 dated 12-27-2021	01/24/2022	11
3	Customer Satisfaction Survey - 697DCK-22-R-00106	12/14/2021	1
4	Contractor Staffing Access Questionnaire	12/14/2021	2
5	COVID Reporting Requirements Letter	01/05/2022	3

Section K - Representations, Certifications, and Other Statements of Bidders

Clause List

3.1-1 CLAUSES AND PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (JUL 2019)

This screening information request (SIR) or contract, as applicable, incorporates by reference the provisions or clauses listed below with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make the full text available, or offerors and contractors may obtain the full text via Internet at: https://fast.faa.gov/contractclauses.cfm.

(End of clause)

3.2.2.3-82 PROHIBITION ON CONDUCTING RESTRICTED BUSINESS OPERATIONS IN SUDAN - CERTIFICATION (JUL 2012)

3.2.5-7 DISCLOSURE REGARDING PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (OCT 2019)

3.2.2.3-2 MINIMUM OFFER ACCEPTANCE PERIOD (JUL 2004)

- (a) 'Acceptance period,' as used in this provision, means the number of calendar days the FAA (we, us) has to award a contract from the date the SIR specifies for receiving offers.
- (b) This provision supersedes any language about the acceptance period appearing elsewhere in this SIR.
- (c) We require a minimum acceptance period of 60 calendar days.
- (d) The offeror (you) may specify a longer acceptance period than the period shown in paragraph (c). To specify a longer period, fill in the blank: The offeror allows the following acceptance period: calendar days.
- (e) We may reject an offer allowing less than the FAA's minimum acceptance period.
- (f) You agree to fulfill your offer completely if the FAA accepts your offer in writing within:
- (1) The acceptance period stated in paragraph (c) of this provision; or
- (2) Any longer acceptance period stated in paragraph (d) of this provision.

(End of provision)

3.2.2.3-81 PROHIBITION AGAINST CONTRACTING WITH INVERTED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS-REPRESENTATION (OCT 2015)

- (a) Definition: "Inverted Domestic Corporation" and "subsidiary" are defined in AMS clause 3.2.2.3-83 "Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations."
- (b) The FAA is not permitted to use appropriated or otherwise made available funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation unless the requirement is waived in accordance with applicable AMS guidance)
- (c) Representation. By submittal of its offer, the offeror represents that it is not an inverted domestic corporation and is not a subsidiary of one.

(End of Provision)

3.2.2.7-7 CERTIFICATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (OCT 2021)

- (a)(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that
- (i) All representations and certifications as reflected in the System for Award Management (SAM) are current and accurate as of the date the proposal/offer is submitted. The offeror must provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if at any time prior to award the Offeror and/or any of its Principals learns that any certification or representation in SAM was erroneous when this proposal/offer was submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. If registered in SAM as a Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business (SDVOSB), by submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges that they are designated as a SDVOSB by the Department of Veterans Affairs, and this designation appears as such on the Veteran Affairs website, vetbiz.va.gov.
- (ii) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals-
- (A) Are [] are not [] presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (B) Have [] have not [] within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public- (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws or receiving stolen property; and (C) Are [] are not [] presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1) (ii)(B) of this provision. (D) Have [], have not [], within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,000 for which the liability remains unsatisfied. (1) Federal taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply: (i) The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted. (ii) The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded. (2) Examples- (i) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. Sec. 6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights. (ii) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. Sec. 6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (iii) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. Sec. 6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- (iv) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. 362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (E) The Offeror has [] has not [] within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.
- (2) 'Principals,' for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions). THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

- (b) The Offeror must provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this SIR. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing must be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this SIR for default.

(End of provision)

3.3.1-35 CERTIFICATION OF REGISTRATION IN SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (AUG 2012)

In accordance with Clause 3.3.1-33, System for Award Management (SAM), offeror certifies that they are registered in the SAM Database and have entered all mandatory information including the DUNS or DUNS+4 Number.

Name:	
Title:	
Phone Number:	
(End of provision)	

3.3.1-41 ELECTRONIC INVOICING - REPRESENTATION (JAN 2021)

- (a) The FAA intends to use electronic invoicing as per AMS clause 3.3.1-40 "Electronic Submission of Payment Requests" for this contract when it is awarded. Offerors must indicate whether they are currently using this form of electronic invoicing on other contract(s), or can easily adapt to it upon award of the contract. [] Yes [] No
- (b) If an offeror indicates "No" the offeror must explain in this space why a waiver of this requirement should be approved in the event they were awarded the contract.

[]

(c) Waiver requests will be handled per (f) of clause 3.3.1-40.

3.6.2-5 CERTIFICATION OF NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES (MAR 2009)

- (a) 'Segregated facilities,' as used in this provision, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, or national origin because of habit, local custom, or otherwise.
- (b) By the submission of this offer, the offeror certifies that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its

employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The offeror agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the "Equal Opportunity" clause in the contract.

- (c) The offeror further agrees that (except where it has obtained identical certifications from proposed subcontractors for specific time periods) it will--
- (1) Obtain identical certifications from proposed subcontractors before the award of subcontracts under which the subcontractor will be subject to the "Equal Opportunity" clause;
- (2) Retain the certifications in the files; and
- (3) Forward the following notice to the proposed subcontractors (except if the proposed subcontractors have submitted identical certifications for specific time periods):

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE SUBCONTRACTORS OF REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATIONS OF NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

A Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities must be submitted before the award of a subcontract under which the subcontractor will be subject to the "Equal Opportunity" clause. The certification may be submitted either for each subcontract or for all subcontracts during a period (i.e., quarterly, semiannually, or annually).

Note: The penalty for making false statements in offers is prescribed in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(End of provision)

3.6.2-6 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (MAY 1997)

The offeror represents that--(a) It () has, () has not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject either to the "Equal Opportunity" clause of this solicitation, the clause originally contained in Section 310 of Executive Order No. 10925, or the clause contained in Section 201 of Executive Order No. 11114; (b) It () has, () has not, filed all required compliance reports; and (c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

(End of provision)

3.6.2-8 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (APR 1996)

The offeror represents that (a) it () has developed and has on file, () has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2), or (b) it () has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

(End of provision)

3.6.4-15 BUY AMERICAN ACT CERTIFICATE (JUL 1996)

(a) The offeror certifies that each end product, except as listed below, is a domestic end product (as defined in the clause "Buy American Act-Supplies,") and components of unknown origin are considered to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States.

Excluded End Product	Country of Origin
(List as necessary)	

(b) The offeror agrees to furnish any additional information as the Contracting Officer may request to verify the above information and to evaluate the offer. Offerors may obtain from the Contracting Officer lists of articles, materials, and supplies excepted from the Buy American Act.

(End of provision)

3.6.4-19 PROHIBITION CONTRACTING WITH ENTITIES ENGAGING IN CERTAIN ACTIVITIES OR TRANSACTIONS RELATED TO IRAN- REPRESENTATION AND CERTIFICATIONS (APR 2013)

- (a) Definitions.
- "Person"
- (1) Means
- (i) A natural person;
- (ii) A corporation, business association, partnership, society, trust, financial institution, insurer, underwriter, guarantor, and any other business organization, any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group, and any governmental entity operating as a business enterprise; and
- (iii) Any successor to any entity described in paragraph (1)(ii) of this definition; and
- (2) Does not include a government or governmental entity that is not operating as a business enterprise.

"Sensitive Technology"

- (1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically
- (i)To restrict the flow of free, unbiased information in Iran; or
- (ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict the speech of the people of Iran; and
- (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to Section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).
- (3) The offeror must e-mail any questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.
- (b) Certification. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this provision or if a waiver has been granted in accordance with AMS Iran Sanctions Guidance, by submission of its offer, the offeror
- (1)Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;
- (2) Certifies that the offeror, or any other entity owned or controlled by, or person controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996. These sanctioned activities are in the areas of development of the petroleum resources of Iran, production of refined petroleum products in Iran, sale and provision of refined petroleum products to Iran, and contributing to Iran's ability to acquire or develop certain weapons or technologies; and
- (3) Certifies that the offeror, and any other entity owned or controlled by, or person controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds \$3,000 with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act 50 USC 1701 et. seq. (see the Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List on their website).
- (c) The certification requirement of paragraph (b) of this provision does not apply if the acquisition is subject to the trade-related acts in AMS Trade Agreements Guidance.

(End of provision)

3.6.4-22 REPRESENTATION REGARDING CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT (JAN 2021)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Backhaul, Covered telecommunications equipment or services, Critical technology, Interconnection Arrangements, Reasonable inquiry, Roaming and Substantial or essential component have the meanings provided in AMS clause 3.6.4-23 Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

- (b) Prohibitions.
- (1) Section 889(a) (1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Nothing in this prohibition will be construed to-
- (i) Prohibit the head of the agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or
- (ii) Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.
- (2) Section 889(a) (1) (B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020 from entering into a contract or renewing a contract with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential part of any system or as critical technology as part of any system. This prohibition applies to any entity that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services, including uses not in support of the Government. Nothing in this prohibition will be construed to-
- (i) Prohibit the head of the agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or
- (ii) Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.
- (c) Procedures: The offeror must review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from Federal awards for covered telecommunications equipment or services.
- (d) Representations.
- (1) The Offeror represents that it [] will, [] will not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument resulting from this solicitation.
- (2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, the Offeror represents that it does [] does not [] use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or use any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. The Offeror must provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (e) if the Offeror indicates "does".
- (e) Disclosures. Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d) (1) of this provision If the Offeror has responded "will" in the representation in paragraph (d) (1) of this provision, the Offeror must provide the following information as part of the offer--
- (1) For covered equipment

- (i) The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) or a distributor, if known;
- (ii) A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
- (iii) Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b) (1) of this provision.
- (2) For covered services-
- (i) If the service is related to item maintenance, a description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: brand, model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable; or
- (ii) If not associated with maintenance, the Product Service Code (PSC) of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed uses of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.

Disclosure for representation in paragraph (d) (2) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "does" to paragraph (d) (2) of this provision, the offeror must provide the following information as part of the offer-

- (3) For covered equipment
- (i)The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known;
- (ii) A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as original equipment manufacturer (OEM) number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
- (iii) Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b) (2) of this provision.
- (4) For covered services-
- (i)If the service is related to item maintenance, a description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: brand, model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or
- (ii) If not associated with maintenance, the Product Service Code (PSC) of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed uses of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.

(End of Provision)

3.6.4-24 COVERED TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES- REPRESENTATION (JAN 2021)

- (a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision, "covered telecommunications equipment or services" and "reasonable inquiry" have the meanings per the clause 3.6.4-23 Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment".
- (b) *Procedures*. The offeror must review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for covered telecommunications equipment or services.

- (c) Representation.
- (1) The offeror represents that it [] does, [] does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.
- (2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, the offeror represents that it [] does, [] does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(end of provision)

3.13-4 CONTRACTOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER - DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER (AUG 2012)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause

"Contractor Identification Number," as used in this provision, means "Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number, which is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet Information Services, to identify unique business entities (taken from SAM clause)

"Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) number" means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional SAM records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer.

(b) Contractor identification is essential for receiving payment and complying with statutory contract reporting requirements. Therefore, the offeror shall provide its DUNS or DUNS+4 number below. The DUNS number will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the offeror is registered in the SAM database.

DUNS OR DUNS+4 NUMBER:	
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- (c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.
- (1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number
- (i) If located within the United States, by calling Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 or via the Internet at http://www.dnb.com/; or
- (ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.
- (2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:
- (i) Company legal business.
- (ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.
- (iii) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and ZIP Code.
- (iv) Company Mailing Address, City, State and ZIP Code (if different from physical street address).
- (v) Company Telephone Number.
- (vi) Date the company was started.
- (vii) Number of employees at your location.
- (viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.
- (ix) Line of business (industry).
- (x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).

(End of provision)

Section L - Instructions, Conditions, and Notices to Bidders

Clause List

3.1-1 CLAUSES AND PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (JUL 2019)

This screening information request (SIR) or contract, as applicable, incorporates by reference the provisions or clauses listed below with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make the full text available, or offerors and contractors may obtain the full text via Internet at: https://fast.faa.gov/contractclauses.cfm.

(End of clause)

- 3.2.2.3-1 FALSE STATEMENTS IN OFFERS (JUL 2004)
- 3.2.2.3-6 SUBMITTALS IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE (SEP 2020)
- 3.2.2.3-7 SUBMITTALS IN U.S. CURRENCY (SEP 2020)
- 3.2.2.3-11 UNNECESSARILY ELABORATE SUBMITTALS (JUL 2004)
- 3.2.2.3-12 AMENDMENTS TO SCREENING INFORMATION REQUESTS (JUL 2004)
- 3.2.2.3-13 SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION/DOCUMENTATION/OFFERS (JUL 2004)
- 3.2.2.3-16 RESTRICTING, DISCLOSING AND USING DATA (JUL 2004)
- 3.2.2.3-17 PREPARING OFFERS (JUL 2004)
- 3.2.2.3-18 PROSPECTIVE OFFEROR'S REQUESTS FOR EXPLANATIONS (MAR 2009)
- 3.2.2.3-19 CONTRACT AWARD (JUL 2004)
- 3.2.2.3-14 LATE SUBMISSIONS, MODIFICATIONS, AND WITHDRAWALS OF SUBMITTALS (APR 2018)
- (a) The FAA (we) will consider an offers received after the time specified for receipt only if we receive it before making an award and --
- (1) The offeror (you) sent it by registered or certified mail not later than the fifth calendar day before the date specified for receiving offers (for example, you must have mailed an offer by the 15th in response to a SIR requiring that we receive offers by the 20th);
- (2) You sent it by mail and we determine that we received it late only because of mishandling by the FAA;
- (3) You sent it by U.S. Postal Service Express Mail Next Day Service-Post Office to Addressee, not later than 5:00 p.m. in the time zone from which you mailed it, two working days before the date specified for receiving offers. The term 'working days' excludes weekends and U.S. Federal holidays;
- (4) You transmitted it electronically by a method the SIR authorized and it was received at the initial point of entry into the FAA infrastructure not later than 5:00 pm one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or
- (5) It is the only offer we received.

- (b) Any modification you make to your offer for a reason other than the CO's request is subject to subparagraphs (a)(1), (2), and (3).
- (c) We will not consider a modification resulting from the CO's request received after the time and date specified in the request. The exception to this is if we received it before we awarded the contract and we received it late only because we mishandled it;
- (d) The U.S. or Canadian postmark is the only acceptable evidence of the date you mailed a late offer or modification sent by registered or certified mail. The postmark must be on the envelope or wrapper and on the original receipt from the U.S. or Canadian postal service. Both postmarks must show a legible date or we will consider the offer to have been mailed late. 'Postmark' means a printed, stamped, or otherwise placed impression (exclusive of a postage meter machine impression) that is readily identifiable without further action as having been applied by the postal service on the date of mailing. Therefore, you should ask the postal clerk to place a legible hand cancellation bull's eye postmark on both the receipt and the envelope or wrapper.
- (e) Our time and date stamp on the wrapper or other documentary evidence of receipt are the only acceptable evidence of when we received it.
- (f) The date the post office receiving clerk enters is the only acceptable evidence of the date you mailed a late offer, modification, or withdrawal sent by Express Mail Next Day Service. The postmark must be on the envelope or wrapper and on the original receipt from the postal service. 'Postmark' has the same meaning as in paragraph (d), excluding Canadian postmarks. Therefore, you should ask the postal clerk to place a legible hand cancellation bull's eye postmark on both the receipt and the envelope or wrapper.
- (g) Despite paragraph (a), we will consider a late modification of an otherwise acceptable offer if the modification makes the offer's terms more favorable to the FAA.
- (h) You may withdraw your offer by written notice or by any other means specified in this SIR for submitting offers. If the SIR allows electronic offers, this provision is subject to the conditions specified in provision 3.2.2.3-20 "Offers". You may withdraw offers in person either directly or through an authorized representative identified to FAA. We must receive any withdrawal before we award the contract.

(End of provision)

3.2.2.3-20 OFFERS (JAN 2018)

- (a) The offeror (you) must submit responses to this SIR by the following electronic means email to karen.ctr.mcivor@faa.gov. Your offer must arrive at the place and by the time specified in the SIR.
- (b) Such offers must refer to this SIR and include, as applicable, the item or sub-items, quantities, unit prices, time and place of delivery, all representations and other information required and a statement specifying the extent of your agreement with all the FAA's (we) terms, conditions, and provisions.
- (c) We may decline to consider offers that do not include required information, or that reject any of the terms, conditions and provisions of the SIR.
- (d) Send your offer to karen McIvor at karen.ctr.mcivor@faa.gov.
- (e) We will not be responsible for any failure attributable to transmitting or receiving the offer, unless it falls under section (a) of AMS provision 3.2.2.3-14 "Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Submittals".

(End of provision)

3.2.4-1 TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1996)

The FAA contemplates award of a Firm Fixed Price contract resulting from this Screening Information Request.

(End of provision)

3.6.1-17 NORTH AMERICAN INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (NAICS) CODE (JAN 2021)

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this procurement is: 561730.

The small business size standard as defined by the Small Business Administration (SBA) is the following:

For NAICS codes based on SBA's calculation of annual receipts, the annual average receipts cannot exceed \$8M.

For NAICS codes based on the number of employees, the average number of employees over the last twelve-month period cannot exceed [].

(End of provision)

3.9.1-3 PROTEST (JAN 2020)

AS A CONDITION OF SUBMITTING AN OFFER OR RESPONSE TO THIS SIR (OR OTHER SOLICITATION, IF APPROPRIATE), THE OFFEROR OR POTENTIAL OFFEROR AGREES TO BE BOUND BY THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS RELATING TO PROTESTS:

- (a) Protests concerning Federal Aviation Administration Screening Information Requests (SIRs) or awards of contracts shall be resolved through the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) dispute resolution system at the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition (ODRA) and shall be governed by the procedures set forth in 14 C.F.R. Parts 14 and 17, which are hereby incorporated by reference. Judicial review, where available, will be in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46110 and shall apply only to final agency decisions. A protestor may seek review of a final FAA decision only after its administrative remedies have been exhausted.
- (b) Offerors initially should attempt to resolve any issues concerning potential protests with the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer should make reasonable efforts to answer questions promptly and completely, and, where possible, to resolve concerns or controversies. The protest time limitations, however, will not be extended by attempts to resolve a potential protest with the Contracting Officer.
- (c) The filing of a protest with the ODRA may be accomplished by mail, overnight delivery, hand delivery, or by facsimile or if permitted by order of the ODRA, by electronic filing. A protest is considered to be filed on the date it is received by the ODRA during normal business hours. The ODRA's normal business hours are from 8:30 am to 5:00 pm Eastern Time.
- (d) Only an interested party may file a protest. An interested party is one whose direct economic interest has been or would be affected by the award or failure to award an FAA contract. Proposed subcontractors are not "interested parties" within this definition.
- (e) A written protest must be filed with the ODRA within the times set forth below, or the protest shall be dismissed as untimely:
- (1) Protests based upon alleged improprieties in a solicitation or a SIR that are apparent prior to bid opening or the time set for receipt of initial proposals shall be filed prior to bid opening or the time set for the receipt of initial proposals.
- (2) In procurements where proposals are requested, alleged improprieties that do not exist in the initial solicitation, but which are subsequently incorporated into the solicitation, must be protested not later than the next closing time for receipt of proposals following the incorporation.
- (3) For protests other than those related to alleged solicitation improprieties, the protest must be filed on the later of the following two dates:
- (i) Not later than seven (7) business days after the date the protester knew or should have known of the grounds for the protest; or

- (ii) If the protester has requested a post-award debriefing from the FAA Product Team, not later than five (5) business days after the date on which the Product Team holds that debriefing.
- (f) Protests shall be filed at:
- (1) For filing by hand delivery, courier or other form of in-person delivery:

Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition Federal Aviation Administration 600 Independence Avenue SW., Room 2W100 Washington, DC 20591; or

For filing by U.S. Mail:

Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition Federal Aviation Administration 800 Independence Avenue SW Washington, DC 20591 [Attention: AGC-70, Wilbur Wright Bldg. Room 2W100]; or

Telephone: (202) 267-3290 Facsimile: (202) 267-3720

Alternate Facsimile: (202) 267-1293; or

(2) Other address as specified in 14 CFR Part 17.

- (g) At the same time as filing the protest with the ODRA, the protester shall serve a copy of the protest on the Contracting Officer and any other official designated in the SIR for receipt of protests by means reasonably calculated to be received by the Contracting Officer on the same day as it is to be received by the ODRA. The protest shall include a signed statement from the protester, certifying to the ODRA the manner of service, date, and time when a copy of the protest was served on the Contracting Officer and other designated official(s).
- (h) Additional information and guidance about the ODRA dispute resolution process for protests can be found on the ODRA Website at http://www.faa.gov.

(End of provision)

SA18 PROPOSAL CONTENT

Submission of Offer. An Offeror shall submit an offer which shall include the following.

Proposal (Provide 1 copy).

NOTE: The contractor's proposal shall include:

- [] Cover letter stating that no exceptions are taken to any specification requirements or contract terms and condition, or detailed summary of all exceptions taken
- [] Signed SOLICITATION, OFFER, AND AWARD form (amendments if issued)
- [] Part I, Section B, SUPPLIES/SERVICES & PRICE/COST thru Part IV, Section K, REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS (Note: ensure Offeror completes Section I, clause 3.6.3-3 Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data). All clauses must be completed as required. The FAA follows the AMS, not the FAR, therefore submission of your SAM report does not meet this requirement.
- [] Technical Proposal demonstrating how all the required services in the Statement of Work will be completed.

A certificate of liability from your insurance company that shows you can meet the requirements identified in Part I, Section H, SA15 Insurance Requirements Schedule.
No less than three (3) Past Experience References that show completion of similar work to the requirements in his SIR, that was completed, or underway, within the last 5 years through the closing date of the SIR, AND each project submitted must be valued at or over \$700,000.00.
[] No less than three (3) Past Performance Submittals (Customer Satisfaction Surveys) completed and submitted by a third party by the solicitation deadline with a Good or Higher rating.
Completed Contractor Staffing Access Questionnaire.

SA19 QUESTIONS REGARDING THE SOLICITATION

If you need clarification or an interpretation of anything in this solicitation, you must submit your request in writing. Any such request must be submitted no later than **Wednesday**, **March 30**, **2022** by **5:00PM MT**. Submit your request to the contracting officer by email, Jennifer.j.davis@faa.gov. The Contracting Officer is the only person authorized to make clarifications, interpretations, or changes to this solicitation.

THIS IS A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS. NO FORMAL OPENING OF PROPOSALS WILL OCCUR, AND RESULTS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE BY TELEPHONE. UNSUCCESSFUL OFFERORS WILL BE NOTIFIED BY LETTER, AND AN AWARD ANNOUNCEMENT WILL BE POSTED ON THE FAA CONTRACT OPPORTUNITIES WEBSITE FOR PUBLIC VIEWING.

Section M - Evaluation Factors for Award

Clause List

3.2.4-31 EVALUATION OF OPTIONS (APR 1996)

Except when it is determined not to be in the Government's best interests, the Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirement. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

(End of provision)

SA23 BASIS OF AWARD FOR LOW PRICE WITH OPTIONAL BID ITEMS

The Government may award a contract on the basis of initial offers received, without discussion. Therefore, each initial offer should contain the offeror's best terms from a cost or price and technical standpoint. Award shall be in accordance with clause 3.2.2.3-19, entitled 'CONTRACT AWARD' (JULY 2004).

Contractors must make an offer on ALL items or the entire offer will be rejected as non-responsive. The evaluation of options will not obligate the government to exercise the options. The government reserves the right to award any or all options(s) in any order.

Only one (1) contract award shall be made as a result of this solicitation. If options are not selected, award will be made to the otherwise responsive offeror whose offer results in the lowest price for the base bid. If options are selected, award will be made to the otherwise responsive offeror whose offer results in the lowest aggregate price for the base bid and those option(s) exercised.

(End of Provision)

SA56 EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD - SERVICES

The Government will make award to the contractor offering the lowest priced, technically acceptable offer. The Government will make award to the responsible offeror whose proposal conforms to the solicitation terms and conditions. The Government reserves the right to award on initial offers without discussions or to conduct one-on-one discussions with one or more offerors to clarify issues relating to scope, pricing and responsibility. Proposals shall be evaluated as either 'acceptable' or 'unacceptable' on the basis of the following criteria:

A. Relevant Experience.

STANDARD FOR REVIEW: An acceptable proposal must demonstrate:

- At least three (3) successful relevant projects that are the same or similar to the work required in the project specifications and this solicitation, AND
- Each project submitted must be valued at or over \$700,000.00, AND
- Projects submitted must have been completed, or underway, within the last 5 years through the closing date of the SIR

The FAA reserves the right to contact the customers listed as references and apply that information in its final determination.

B. Past Performance.

STANDARD FOR REVIEW: At least three (3) Customer Satisfaction Surveys must be received by the solicitation deadline with a Good or higher rating that have been completed and submitted by a third party. The FAA reserves the right to contact customers listed as references and conduct a Customer Satisfaction Survey by telephone in the event that there is insufficient competition due to the lack of customer satisfaction surveys received. If Contractor does not have an applicable performance history, then within the cover letter the Contractor must indicate the reason

for such absence of past performance history and provide a proposed project management plan to ensure the quality of the services to be performed. Keep in mind that the Agency may use information other than that provided by the Contractor in connection with this solicitation. The Government can use information other than that provided by the contractor and that we may use that information as part of our responsibility determination.