## INFORMATION TO OFFERORS COVER SHEET

**SOLICITATION:** SPE605-21-R-0211 (COG 8 POSTS CAMPS AND STATIONS (PC&S)) PROGRAM NUMBER 3.28

**PART:** U.S. Government Procurements

SUBPART: Supplies, Equipment, and Material

CLASS CODE: 91 - Fuels, Lubricants, Oils and Waxes

PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE: October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2024

#### **ISSUING OFFICE:**

Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Energy ATTN: DLA ENERGY-FEPDB Roger Brown and Diana Knight 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 4950 Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6222

#### ITEMS TO BE PURCHASED:

TURBINE FUEL, AVIATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE IN THE STATES OF WASHINGTON AND MONTANA.

### DLA ENERGY POINTS OF CONTACT FOR INFORMATION:

DIANA KNIGHT KARI ARCHER (571) 767-9538 (571) 767-7366 DIANA.KNIGHT@DLA.MIL KARI.ARCHER@DLA.MIL

WEB ADDRESS: <u>https://www.dla.mil/Energy</u>

**PROPOSAL DUE DATE AND TIME**: MAY 7, 2021, 3:00PM EASTERN TIME, FT. BELVOIR, VA LOCAL TIME.

### **SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR OFFERORS**

### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

This is a combined synopsis/ solicitation for commercial items prepared in accordance with the format in subpart 12.6, as supplemented with additional information included in this notice. This announcement constitutes the only solicitation.

- A. <u>REGULATIONS</u>: This Solicitation incorporates provisions & clauses in effect through the Federal Acquisition Circular (FAC) 2021-05 Effective March 10, 2021; Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) Effective January 15, 2021; Defense Logistics Agency Directive (DLAD) Effective February 3, 2021, and DLA Energy Procurement Instruction (DEPI) effective February 2021.
- **B.** <u>SOLICITATION NUMBER</u>: Solicitation Number SPE605-21-R-0211 is issued as a Request for Proposals (RFP).

#### C. <u>UNRESTRICTED LINE ITEMS:</u>

This COG 8 solicitation consists of a total of two (2) line items. Both line items are unrestricted.

The line items in this solicitation fall under the North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) code 324110 for Petroleum Refineries. To qualify as a small business for this solicitation, the firm, including its affiliates, must be a concern that has either no more than 1,500 employees or produces no more than 200,000 barrels per calendar day total Operable Atmospheric Crude Oil Distillation capacity. Capacity includes all domestic and foreign affiliates, all owned or leased facilities, and all facilities under a processing agreement or an arrangement such as an exchange agreement or a throughput. To qualify under the capacity size standard, the firm, together with its affiliates, must be primarily engaged in refining crude petroleum into refined petroleum products. A firm's "primary industry" is determined in accordance with 13 CFR 121.107.

- **D.** <u>SCHEDULE</u>: The description, quantities, locations, delivery hours, equipment, and other details required for this solicitation are listed in Attachment (B), "Schedule."
- E. <u>PRE-AWARD SURVEY</u>: DLA Energy may conduct pre-award surveys to determine responsibility.
- F. <u>QUESTION AND ANSWER PERIOD</u>: To encourage maximum participation, a question and answer period has been established. Starting from the issue date of this solicitation to April 16, 2021 4:00p.m. Eastern, Ft. Belvoir, VA local time, all potential offerors may ask any and as many questions as they may need, to fully participate and respond to the listed line items included in Attachment (B). No further questions will be received after the above stated date and time. All questions shall be submitted to <u>Diana.Knight@dla.mil</u> and <u>Kari.Archer@dla.mil</u>. Questions will be consolidated and answered via official amendment(s) to the solicitation. Extensions of the closing date to an open solicitation are at the sole discretion of the Contracting Officer and will be issued via an amendment, if applicable.
- G. <u>PLACING ORDERS</u>: In accordance with F1.11, "DLA Internet Bid Board System (DIBBS) (DLA ENERGY) (APR 2014)," the Contractor shall use DIBBS to receive orders. Contractors must

register in DIBBS prior to offer submission. To obtain an account, visit https://www.dibbs.bsm.dla.mil. The login account will allow a contractor to register a primary and alternate email address for notifications. All contractors must have an active System for Award Management (SAM) account, https://www.sam.gov/SAM/ in order to register for DIBBS, and prior to offer submission.

H. ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT AND BASE REFERENCE PRICE: Offerors shall refer to the escalators stated for each line item in Attachment (B), and to Contract Text B19.19, "Economic Price Adjustment - Petroleum Product Price, Post, Camp, and Station (PC&S) (DLA Energy JUNE 2017)." NO ALTERNATIVE PRICE ESCALATORS, OTHER THAN THOSE STATED IN ATTACHMENT (B), WILL BE ACCEPTED. Offerors MUST use the publication listed for each line item schedule as the escalation reference for their offer prices. The base reference date for both line items in this solicitation is February 16, 2021. After award, the contract price for all line items will escalate/de-escalate daily in accordance with the economic price adjustment clause based upon the prescribed escalation publication referenced in the solicitation. Price changes are not based on product cost or vendor profit margin. After award DLA Energy will provide updated contract prices on the DLA Energy homepage at https://www.dla.mil/energy.

**Base Reference:** PLATTS OILGRAM PRICE REPORT SEATTLE, JETKERO **Date of Base Reference:** February 16, 2021 **Price:** \$1.6694

- I. <u>ORDERING PERIOD</u>: The ordering period for contract(s) awarded under this solicitation will be October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2024. Quantities stated represent the government's best estimates covering the entire ordering period.
- J. <u>CONTRACT TYPE</u>: Contract(s) awarded as a result of this solicitation will be Fixed Price Requirements contracts with Economic Price Adjustment. Please refer to FAR 52.216-1, "Type of Contract (APR 1984)," and FAR 52.216-21, "Requirements (OCT 1995)."

### **II. OFFER SUBMISSION AND EVALUATION INFORMATION**

#### A. <u>CLOSING DATE</u>:

This is an open continuous solicitation with successive closing dates for DLA Energy Posts, Camps and Stations (PC&S) Purchase Program 3.28, COG-8 requirements. **The closing date is May 7, 2021** and is for the two (2) Contract Line Items (CLINs). Solicitation No. SPE605-21-R-0211 has an ordering period from October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2024. The offeror agrees to hold the prices in its offer firm for 180 calendar days from the date specified for receipt of offers. (Ref: FAR 52.212-1).

**B.** <u>LATE OFFERS</u>: Offers must be received by May 7, 2021, 3:00PM U.S. EASTERN STANDARD TIME, FT. BELVOIR, VA LOCAL TIME. Any offer received after 3:00 PM will be considered "Late" and may be determined to be <u>unacceptable</u>. (See FAR 52.212-1).

- C. <u>PERIOD FOR ACCEPTANCE OF OFFERS</u>: Pursuant to FAR 52.212-1, "Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Items (JUN 2020)," Offerors agree to honor prices indicated in their offer for 180 calendar days from the date specified for receipt of offers.
- **D.** <u>ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF AMENDMENTS</u>: OFFERORS MUST ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF ANY AMENDMENTS TO THIS SOLICITATION. You may do this by completing Block 8, 15A, signing 15B, 15C, and returning one (1) copy of each amendment issued.
- E. <u>SUBMITTING THE OFFER TO DLA: (READ THIS SECTION CAREFULLY)</u> This is a two (2) step process – **DO NOT WAIT UNTIL THE LAST MINUTE TO SUBMIT YOUR OFFER:** 
  - The offer submission package (OSP) is to be <u>emailed</u> to Diana Knight at <u>diana.knight@dla.mil</u> and <u>kari.archer@dla.mil</u> by May 7, 2021, 3:00 PM U.S. Eastern Standard Time (Fort Belvoir, VA time). Provide the Offer Submission Package <u>only</u>. Do not add anything and ensure that you <u>email it early</u>. <u>Do not wait until the last minute</u> because it must reach our email in-boxes by 3:00 PM.

#### 2) <u>The offer prices are to be submitted in the OFFER ENTRY TOOL</u>: All offer prices shall be submitted through the PC&S Offer Entry Tool (OET). Information regarding OET is as follows:

i. PC&S OET is an external web application which allows prospective PC&S ground fuel vendors to securely bid on DLA Energy fuel solicitations. Offerors must be registered in the PC&S OET application in order to submit offer prices. In order to have system access to PC&S OET, offerors must request the applicable user roles via the Account Management and Provisioning System (AMPS) website at: <u>https://amps.dla.mil</u>

ii. Please use Attachment (C), "AMPS Snapshot: User Registration-External Users," to obtain an AMPS account if you do not already have one.

iii. Once the AMPS registration process is complete, access AMPS with your username and password to request access to the PC&S Ground Vendor Role OET-100. You will be notified by email once your OET access is granted.

iv. You will be able to request access to OET through AMPS. Please refer to Attachment (D) titled, "Requesting the OET Vendor Role in AMPS," for instructions on requesting an OET vendor role.

v. After you obtain access to OET, you will be able to select a solicitation to offer on and submit your offer prices via OET using the instructions in Attachment (E) titled, "PC&S OET Vendor Guide."

vi. If you experience trouble registering or if additional assistance is needed, please send an email to the DLA Enterprise Help Desk at <u>DLAEnterpriseHelpDesk@dla.mil</u> or call toll free (855)-352-0001 and select the option for assistance with AMPS.

vii. In the event of technical issues on the part of OET that prevent an offeror from successfully entering offer pricing in OET, the offeror must immediately notify both Government's Points of Contact via email to Diana.Knight@dla.mil to request allowance for an offeror's manual offer submission. Nevertheless the offerors are still responsible for entering offer data in OET upon its return to the fully functioning state.

- viii. For further instructions on OET and AMPS, please see the following attachments:
- a. Attachment C: AMPS Snapshot: User Registration-External Users
- b. Attachment D: Requesting the OET Vendor Role in AMPS
- c. Attachment E: PCS OET Vendor Guide
- F. <u>TAX AND FEE INFORMATION</u>: Offerors are responsible for ensuring ALL applicable taxes and fees are included in their offer price.

<u>INCLUDE</u>: Any Federal Excise Taxes (FET) shall be included in your offer prices. <u>INCLUDE</u>: Any State and Local environmental, oil spill taxes, and inspection fees shall be included in your offer prices, unless an exemption applies.

Offerors are responsible for confirming the applicability of taxes and tax rates with the state or local tax authorities. Offerors are advised that offer prices shall include FET and all other applicable taxes and fees and all other costs arising from contractor's performance of the contract, where no U.S. Government or Department of Defense exemption applies. **Offer price should be a unit price per gallon.** 

**NOTE:** Offerors <u>shall not</u> include any percentage-based taxes in the unit prices entered into OET. If the Offeror determines that a percentage-based tax applies, from which the U.S. Government is not exempt, Offerors must, instead, state in the "Notes" section in OET that a percentage-based tax applies to that particular line item. In the "Notes" section, offerors shall state the name of the percentage-based tax and the percentage amount that applies.

Offerors shall only include taxes in the unit prices entered into OET that can be expressed in dollars or cents on a per gallon basis (e.g. FET at \$0.184 per gallon for gasoline).

**G.** <u>AWARD WITHOUT DISCUSSIONS</u>: Due to the scope and complexity of this solicitation, the Government <u>does not</u> intend to conduct discussions, offerors are advised to submit their best prices with their initial offer. The Government reserves the right to conduct discussions, if determined necessary, by the Contracting Officer.

The Government does intend to evaluate proposals in accordance with FAR 15.101-2, Lowest Price Technically Acceptable source selection.

H. <u>COMPETITIVE RANGE</u>: <u>If discussions are conducted</u>, the government reserves the right to limit, for purposes of efficiency, the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals. If the Contracting Officer decides that an Offeror's proposal should no longer be included in the competitive range, the proposal shall be eliminated from consideration for award. A written notice of the decision shall be provided to the unsuccessful Offeror in accordance with FAR 15.503. If discussions are held, they will be held with the authorized negotiators identified in Contract Text K33.01.

- I. <u>EACH LINE ITEM IS SEPARATELY PRICED AND EVALUATED</u>: Each line item in this solicitation is a separate requirement. Each line item will be evaluated and awarded independently from all other line items.
- J. <u>EVALUATION</u>: Proposals will be evaluated in accordance with FAR 52.212-2, Evaluation Commercial Items (OCT 2014) and FAR 15.101-2 Lowest Price Technically Acceptable Source Selection. Offerors should thoroughly read and understand the terms and conditions contained in the solicitation. <u>Failure to provide any information requested in the solicitation may render an</u> <u>offer unacceptable and preclude it from any further consideration</u>. Offerors shall ensure that the information contained in their proposals is factual, accurate, and complete. (PLEASE REFER TO SECTION L – FAR 52.212-1 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS (JUN 2020) and SECTION M - FAR 52.212-2 EVALUATION – COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2014)).
- K. <u>SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (SAM)</u>: Registration in SAM is required prior to contract award. SAM is an official U.S. Government system and remains the authoritative source for entity information. All offerors are required to be registered in this system. Contractors register one time and annually confirm that their SAM registration is complete and accurate. There is <u>no fee</u> to register in this site. Note: NAICS Code 324110 for Petroleum Refineries MUST be listed in the offeror's SAM registration under the "NAICS Codes Selected" section.

Offerors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements at:

https://sam.gov Hours of Operation Monday - Friday 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET U.S. calls: 866-606-8220

- **N. <u>PRODUCT STATEMENT</u>:** The offeror's proposal shall contain a statement, for the product offered, which is the first item in the Offer Submission Package. Ensure that you complete the statement and sign it.
- **O.** <u>NOTICE</u>: ANY CONTRACT AWARDED TO A CONTRACTOR WHO AT THE TIME OF AWARD WAS SUSPENDED, DEBARRED, OR INELIGIBLE FOR RECEIPT OF A CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES OR IN RECEIPT OF PROPOSED DEBARMENT FROM ANY GOVERNMENT AGENCY IS VOIDABLE AT THE OPTION OF THE GOVERNMENT.

#### P. <u>POINTS OF CONTACT</u>:

Points of contact for information regarding this solicitation are:

Diana Knight Contract Specialist (571) 767-9538 Diana.Knight@dla.mil Kari Archer Contract Specialist (571) 767-7366 Kari.Archer@dla.mil

#### Q. SUMMARY OF OFFER REOUIREMENTS:

## In addition to meeting the offer submission requirements of FAR 52.212-1, offerors shall do the following:

- 1. Offerors shall be registered in the following systems:
  - a . System for Award Management (SAM) at <u>https://sam.gov</u>
  - b . Wide Area Work Flow (WAWF) at <u>https://wawf.eb.mil (</u>which includes MyInvoice)
  - c . DLA Internet Bid Board System (DIBBS) at https://www.dibbs.bsm.dla.mil

### **REGISTRATION IN THESE SYSTEMS IS REQUIRED BY THE OFFER SUBMISSION DUE DATE AND TIME.**

2. Offer prices must be submitted through the PC&S OET web tool.

3. The remainder of the offer, the offer submission package (OSP) and all of the documents listed below must be emailed to <u>Diana.Knight@dla.mil</u> and <u>Kari.Archer@dla.mil</u> by the offer submission due date and time.

4. Offerors shall submit completed copies of all fillable clauses provided in the OSP.

5. Offerors shall submit past performance information as requested in FAR 52.212-2.

6. Offerors shall review all offer prices submitted via PC&S OET. Offers must show as price per gallon (ex: \$0.00000), not price differentials. (Ensure that the total unit price is annotated.)

7. Electronic Proposals shall be submitted in accordance with Solicitation Contract Text L2.11-4 E-MAIL PROPOSALS (DLA Energy OCT 2010). Submit proposals via email to: <u>Diana.Knight@dla.mil</u> and <u>Kari.Archer@dla.mil</u>.

8. By submitting an offer, the offeror accepts the terms and conditions of the entire solicitation, accepts that these terms and conditions are applicable to the offer unless exceptions are clearly stated within the offer.

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D	Requesting the OET Vendor Role in AMPS
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#### SECTION B: SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICE/COST

#### **B1.01** SUPPLIES TO BE FURNISHED (DOMESTIC PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) The supplies to be furnished during the period specified in the REQUIREMENTS clause, the delivery points, methods of delivery, and estimated quantities are shown below. The quantities shown are best estimates of required quantities only. Unless otherwise specified, the total quantity ordered and required to be delivered may be greater than or less than such quantities. The Government agrees to order from the Contractor and the Contractor shall, if ordered, deliver during the contract period all items awarded under this contract. The prices paid shall be the unit prices specified in subsequent price change modifications issued in accordance with the ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT clause.

(b) All items of this contract call for delivery f.o.b. destination unless the item otherwise specifies. The destination for each item is the point of delivery shown in the particular item.

(c) Written telecommunication (facsimile) is authorized for transmittance of a properly completed order. In an emergency, oral orders may be issued but must be confirmed in writing by an order within 24 hours.

(d) If any gasoline items are included in this document, they may require oxygenated fuel as a result of changes in environmental laws.

(e) Offers shall not be submitted for quantities less than the estimated quantities specified for each line item. Any offers received for less than the full quantity for each line item will be rejected by the Government.

#### **ITEMS**

### SUPPLIES, DELIVERY POINTS,AND METHOD OF DELIVERYEST

ESTIMATED QUANTITY

See Attachment B – SCHEDULE

### B19.19 ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT - PETROLEUM PRODUCT PRICE, POST, CAMP, AND STATION (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JUNE 2017)

(a) Warranties: The Contractor warrants that—

(1) The unit prices set forth in the Schedule do not include allowances for any portion of the contingency covered by this contract text; and

(2) The prices to be invoiced hereunder shall be computed daily in accordance with the wording of this contract text.

(b) Definitions: As used throughout this contract text, the term--

(1) Base price means—

(i) The unit price offered for an item and included in the contract award schedule; or

(ii) During any subsequent program year, either the effective contract price as of the start of the subsequent program year, or the price agreed upon as of the start of the subsequent program year.

(2) Base reference price means the reference price for an item as published on <u>February 16, 2021</u>. In the event one or more applicable reference prices are not (or were not) published on the date shown, then the term base reference price means the reference price for an item as published on the date nearest in time prior to the date shown.

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(3) Reference price means that published reference price or combination of published reference prices for price adjustment of individual items by product, market area, and publication as specified in (f) below.

(4) Date of delivery means-

(i) For tanker or barge deliveries.

(A) Free on board (f.o.b.) origin: The date and time vessel commences loading.

(B) F.o.b. destination: The date and time vessel commences discharging.

(ii) For all other types of deliveries: The date product is received on a truck-by-truck basis.

(5) Published means issued in either printed or electronic format by the service designated to be employed as an escalator, unless otherwise specifically stated. In the event of a conflict between the price set forth in the print version and those set forth in the electronic version for the same date, the electronic version shall prevail unless otherwise specified in (c) below.

(c) Adjustments: Contract price adjustments shall be provided via notification through contract modifications and/or posting to the web page under the heading Vendor Resources and then Product Price Adjustments to reflect any price change pursuant to this contract text.

(1) Calculations: The prices payable hereunder shall be determined by adjusting the award price by the same number of cents, or fraction thereof, that the daily reference price increases or decreases, per like unit of measure. All arithmetical calculations, including the final adjusted unit price, shall be carried to six decimal places.

Oil price information service (OPIS): For all items employing OPIS, the reference price in effect on the date of delivery shall be the end of day OPIS rack average effective (6:00 p.m. timestamp) that day. In the event there is no price published for date of delivery, then it shall be the item's reference price that was last in effect.

Other publications: Except for items employing OPIS, the reference price in effect on the date of delivery shall be that item's preselected reference price that is in effect the date of delivery. In the event there is no price published for date of delivery, then it shall be the item's reference price that was last in effect.

(2) Revision of published reference price: In the event-

(i) Any applicable reference price is discontinued or its method of derivation is altered substantially; or

(ii) The Contracting Officer determines that the reference price consistently and substantially failed to reflect market conditions—

the parties shall mutually agree upon an appropriate and comparable substitute for determining the price adjustments hereunder. The contract shall be modified to reflect such substitute effective on the date the reference price was discontinued, altered, or began to consistently and substantially fail to reflect market conditions. If the parties fail to agree on an appropriate substitute, the matter shall be resolved in accordance with paragraph (d), Disputes, of the Contract Terms And Conditions - Commercial Items clause of this contract.

(3) Failure to deliver: Notwithstanding any other wording of this contract text, no upward adjustment shall apply to product scheduled under the contract to be delivered before the effective date of the adjustment, unless the Contractor's failure to deliver according to the delivery schedule results from causes beyond the Contractor's control and without its fault or negligence within the meaning of paragraphs (f), Excusable Delays, and (m), Termination for Cause, of the Contract Terms And Conditions - Commercial Items clause of this contract in which case the contract shall be amended to make an equitable extension of the delivery schedule.

(4) Upward ceiling on economic price adjustment: The Contractor agrees that the total increase in any contract unit price pursuant to these economic price adjustment texts shall not exceed <u>550 percent (%)</u> of the of the base price in any applicable program year, except as provided below.

If at any time the Contractor has reason to believe that within the near future a price adjustment under the wording of this contract text will be required that will exceed the current contract ceiling price for any item, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the expected increase. The notification shall include a revised ceiling the Contractor believes is sufficient to permit completion of remaining contract performance, along with an appropriate explanation and documentation as required by the Contracting Officer.

If an actual increase in the reference price would raise a contract unit price for an item above the current ceiling, the Contractor shall have no obligation under this contract to fill pending or future orders for such item, as of the effective date of the increase, unless the Contracting Officer issues a contract modification to raise the ceiling. If the contract ceiling will not be raised, the Contracting Officer shall so promptly notify the Contractor in writing.

(d) Examination of records: The Contractor agrees that the Contracting Officer or designated representatives shall have the right to examine the Contractor's books, records, documents, or other data the Contracting Officer deems necessary to verify Contractor adherence to the wording of this contract text.

(e) Final invoice: The Contractor shall include a statement on the final invoice that the amounts invoiced hereunder have applied all decreases required by this contract text.

(f) Publications. The following publication(s) is (are) used:

SEE ATTACHMENT (B) "SCHEDULE" for price escalators for each line item.

#### SECTION C: DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATION/STATEMENT OF WORK

SEE ATTACHMENT (F) FOR ALL SECTION C CONTRACT TEXTS, WHICH ARE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE AS IF FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

#### SECTION E: INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

### SEE ATTACHMENT (G) FOR ALL SECTION E CONTRACT TEXTS, WHICH ARE INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE AS IF FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

#### **SECTION F: DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE**

#### FAR 52.211-16 - VARIATION IN QUANTITY (APR 1984)

(a) A variation in the quantity of any item called for by this contract will not be accepted unless the variation has been caused by conditions of loading, shipping, or packing, or allowances in manufacturing processes, and then only to the extent, if any, specified in paragraph (b) of this clause.

(b) The permissible variation shall be limited to:

<u>10</u> Percent increase

10 Percent decrease

This increase or decrease shall apply to EACH DELIVERY ORDER ISSUED UNDER THE CONTRACT.

### F1.01-1DELIVERY CONDITIONS FOR TRANSPORT TRUCKS, TRUCKS AND TRAILERS, AND TANKWAGONS(DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

<u>IMPORTANT NOTE</u> on EPA TESTING OF UNDERGROUND TANKS. If the "volumetric" method is used for annual EPA testing of underground tanks, the "topping off" of tanks for this test is outside the scope of DLA Energy requirements contracts.

(a) **F.O.B. ORIGIN.** On items calling for delivery at Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant f.o.b. transport truck, truck and trailer, or tank wagon—

(1) Supplies ordered hereunder shall be delivered, at Contractor's expense, into equipment specified in the Schedule.

(2) Unless otherwise specified in the Schedule, all deliveries shall be made on the day specified in the delivery order unless otherwise authorized by the receiving activity during normal working hours of such activity, provided that the Contractor shall have received the order at least 48 hours prior to the day so specified.

(b) **F.O.B. DESTINATION.** On items calling for delivery f.o.b. destination by means of transport truck, truck and trailer, or tank wagon--

(1) The Contractor shall not be required to deliver by transport truck or truck and trailer a quantity less than a full load nor into more than one storage tank, with the following exceptions:

(i) An order placed under an item of this contract calling for delivery by transport truck of motor gasoline, fuel oil, diesel fuel, or kerosene, or, if this procurement is for Central America only, jet fuel, may require delivery of a quantity as low as 5,200 gallons whenever the activity is restricted either by a tank capacity or by a directive from receiving a larger quantity; and

(ii) Where the Schedule provides for multiple drop deliveries, the Contractor may be required to deliver into more than one storage tank. Where truck and trailer is the method of delivery specified, the Contractor may, at its option, make delivery by transport truck. In the case of deliveries in Alaska, where truck and trailer or transport truck is the method of delivery specified, the Contractor may, at its option, make delivery by tank wagon.

(2) Unless otherwise specified in the Schedule, all deliveries shall be made on the day specified in the delivery order unless otherwise authorized by the receiving activity during normal working hours of such activity, provided that the Contractor shall have received the order at least 48 hours prior to the day so specified.

(3) The Contractor shall not be required to deliver by tank wagon a quantity of less than 575 liters (or 150 gallons) but, at the Government's option, may be required to deliver into more than one storage tank.

(4) When delivery is made by tank wagon, such wagon shall be equipped with pump, meter, and a minimum of 100 feet (30 meters) of hose. Where delivery is made by transport truck or truck and trailer, such delivery equipment shall be equipped with a minimum of 15 feet of hose.

(5) When delivery is made by tank wagon, transport truck, or truck and trailer to a Government facility, the Contractor shall present delivery equipment and product in such condition at destination so as to permit complete offloading within the prescribed free time.

(6) Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, free time for unloading trucks, transport trucks, or trucks and trailers shall be unlimited.

(7) When delivery is made by tank wagon, transport truck, or truck and trailer to a Government facility—

(i) The Contractor shall provide properly maintained delivery equipment and properly trained delivery personnel to reasonably assure that delivery can be made without damage to vegetation and asphalt pavement adjacent to storage facilities being filled. The Contractor's delivery personnel who have not exercised reasonable care and delivery equipment that is poorly maintained may be refused entrance to the installation by the installation Commander.

(ii) The Contractor shall present delivery equipment and product in such condition at destination so as to permit complete off-loading within the prescribed free time.

#### F1.09-2 DETERMINATION OF INVOICE QUANTITY (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) **QUANTITY.** The quantity of supplies furnished under this contract shall be determined as follows:

#### (1) F.O.B. DESTINATION.

#### (i) DELIVERIES BY TANKER OR BARGE.

(A) On items requiring delivery on an f.o.b. destination basis by tanker or barge, the quantity shall be determined on the basis of--

(1) Calibrated meters on the receiving tank system; or

(2) Receiving tank measurements.

(B) All quantities shall be converted to net gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius). (ii) DELIVERIES BY RAIL TANK CAR.

#### (A) On items requiring delivery on an f.o.b. destination basis by rail tank car, the quantity of supplies furnished under this contract shall be determined (at the Government's option) on the basis of-

(1) Calibrated meter on the receiving tank system;

- (2) Weigh, using calibrated scales at the receiving location; or
- (3) Receiving tank measurements.

(B) All quantities shall be converted to net gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius). (iii) DELIVERIES BY TANK TRUCK/TRUCK AND TRAILER/TANK WAGON.

(A) If the narrative requires a tank wagon (which is always equipped with a meter), that meter shall be used to determine quantity at time of delivery. The quantity shall be read directly from the meter. On items requiring delivery on a f.o.b. destination basis by tank truck or truck and trailer, quantity shall be determined in the following order of preference:

(1) Calibrated meter on the receiving tank system

(2) Calibrated meter on the conveyance

(3) Weight using calibrated scales at the receiving location.

(4) Loading rack meter ticket. The ticket must be generated at the time of loading and be based on a calibrated loading rack meter. The loading rack ticket shall be mechanically annotated with the gross and net gallons (or gross and net liters), the observed and corrected API gravity (or density), and the temperature at which the product was measured.

(5) Receipt tank measurements (as identified in the Schedule).

(B) All quantities, other than delivery by tank wagon, shall be converted, either mechanically or manually, to net gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius).

(C) If a loading rack meter ticket is used to determine quantity for a biodiesel blend, the quantity shall be converted to net (volume corrected) gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius). The Contractor shall prepare separate loading rack meter tickets for the diesel portion and for the biodiesel blend stock B100 (the industry designation for pure biodiesel), hereinafter referred to as the B100 portion of the load. The B100 loading rack meter shall be recorded at gross (ambient) temperature when the loading meter is not capable of providing a net (volume corrected) quantity. The total shall be the sum of the net diesel and gross B100. When the B100 loading rack meters are capable of providing a net (volume corrected) quantity, the total receipt quantity shall be the sum of the net diesel and the net B100.

(2) F.O.B. ORIGIN. All quantities shall be converted to net gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius).

(i) **DELIVERIES INTO TANKER OR BARGE.** On items requiring delivery at the Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant on an f.o.b. origin basis into a tanker or barge, the quantity shall be determined (at the Contractor's option) on the basis of--

(A) Calibrated meter; or

(B) Shipping/shore tank measurement.

(ii) DELIVERIES INTO RAIL TANK CAR. On items requiring delivery at the Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant on an f.o.b. origin basis, the quantity shall be determined (at the Contractor's option) on the basis of-

(A) Certified loading rack meter;

(B) Weight, using calibrated scales; or

(C) Certified capacity tables for the rail tank car.

#### (iii) DELIVERIES BY TANK TRUCK/TRUCK AND TRAILER/TANK WAGON.

(A) On items requiring delivery at the Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant on an f.o.b. origin basis, the quantity shall be determined (at the Contractor's option) on the basis of--

(1) Calibrated loading rack meter;

(2) Weight, using calibrated scales; or

(3) Certified capacity tables of the conveyance loaded.

#### (B) WATER BOTTOMS.

(1) Every delivery must be free of all water bottoms prior to discharge; and

(2) The Contractor is responsible for their removal and disposal.

(b) **MEASUREMENT RESTRICTIONS.** All methods of measurements described in this contract provision are subject to government safety and environmental restrictions, foreign or domestic. Such restrictions may prohibit, or render ineffective, a particular method in some cases.

(c) **MEASUREMENT STANDARDS**. All measurements and calibrations made to determine quantity shall be in accordance with the most recent edition of the API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS). Outside the United States, other technically equivalent national or international standards may be used. **Certified capacity tables** shall mean capacity tables prepared by an independent inspector or any independent surveyor to the aforementioned measurement and calibration standards. In addition, the following specific standards will be used as applicable:

(1) API MPMS Chapter 11.1, Temperature and Pressure Volume Correction Factors for Generalized Crude Oils, Refined Products, and Lubricating Oils (this chapter is an adjunct to ASTM D 1250, IP 200 and ISO 91-1). Either the 2004 or 1980 version of the standard may be used. Either the printed tables (an adjunct to the 1980 version) or the computer subroutine version of the standard may be used. In case of disputes, the computer subroutine and the 2004 version of the standard will be the referee method.

(i) For crude oils, JP4, and Jet B, use Volume I, Tables 5A and 6A; Volume VII, Tables 53A and 54A; or Volume IV, Tables 23A and 24A.

(ii) For lubricating oils, use Volume XIII, Tables 5D and 6D; Volume XIV, Tables 53D and 54D; or Tables 23D and 24D (2004 version).

(iii) For all other fuels and fuel oils, use Volume II, Tables 5B and 6B; Volume VII, Tables 53B and 54B; or Volume V, Tables 23B and 24B.

(iv) For chemicals/additives, use Volume III, Table 6C (or Volume IX, Table 54C) or volume correct in accordance with the product specification.

(v) Volume XII, Table 52, shall be used to convert cubic meters at 15 degrees Celsius to barrels at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Convert liters at 15 degrees Celsius to cubic meters at 15 degrees Celsius by dividing by 1,000. Convert gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit to barrels at 60 degrees Fahrenheit by dividing by 42. Should foreign law restrict conversion by this method, the method required by law shall be used.

(vi) As an option to (c)(1)(v), liters may be converted to gallons using Table F1.09A (see below). If this option is used, it must be agreed upon by both parties and shall remain in effect for the duration of the contract. Should foreign law restrict conversion by this method, the method required by law shall be stated in the offer.

(vii) If the original measurement is by weight and quantity is required by U.S. gallons, then--

(A) Volume XI, Table 8, shall be used to convert pounds to U.S. gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

(B) Volume XII of the adjunct to ASTM D 1250, Table 58, shall be used to convert metric tons to U.S. gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

(2) **API MPMS Chapter 4, Proving Systems.** All meters used in determining product volume shall be calibrated using this standard with the frequency required by local regulation (foreign or domestic). If no local regulation exists, then the frequency of calibration shall be that recommended by the meter manufacturer or every 6 months, whichever is more frequent. A meter calibration log/calibration certificates shall be maintained which, as a minimum, contains--

(i) Number/name of each meter;

(ii) Calibration frequency;

(iii) Date of the last calibration;

(iv) Due date for next calibration;

(v) Name and signature of the person performing the calibration;

(vi) Traceability to master meter/prover used for calibration; and

(vii) Calibration report number.

Each meter shall be marked with the date of the last calibration and due date for the next calibration. All calibration meter recordings and logs/certificates shall be kept on file and made available upon request. All calibration records (including logs or certificates) shall be retained on file for a period of three years.

(3) API MPMS Chapter 12, Calculation of Petroleum Quantities. All calculations of net quantities shall be made in accordance with this chapter. Outside the U.S., use of tank shell correction factor is not required unless its use is a customary practice for custody transfer.

TABLE F1.09-2A CONVERSION FACTOR TABLE				
Density @ 15°C	Gallons @ 60°F to Liters @ 15°C, Multiply by	Liters @ 15°C to Gallons @ 60°F, Multiply by		
0.723 - 0.768	3.78286	0.264350		
0.769 - 0.779	3.78309	0.264334		

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0.780 - 0.798	3.78334	0.264317
0.799 – 0.859	3.78356	0.264301
0.860 - 0.964	3.78381	0.264284
0.965 - 1.074	3.78405	0.264267

(d) **SHIPPING DOCUMENTATION.** The following information shall be mechanically annotated on the contractor's shipping document (such as a truck's metered ticket) when the document is used to determine quantity under this contract: gross and net quantity (gallons or liters, as required), observed and corrected API gravity/density, and the temperature (Fahrenheit or Celsius) at which the product was measured.. The following exceptions apply:

(1) Where government documents are the sole basis for payment, such as DD Form 250/250-1s, the information is not required.

(2) Where conveyances with temperature-compensating meters are used, the shipping document shall only be annotated with the corrected API gravity/density, the net quantity, and a statement that a temperature-compensating meter was used to determine net quantity.

(3) Where volume correction for temperature is not required in accordance with Paragraph (a)(1)(iii)(B) above, the shipping document shall be only be annotated with the API gravity (or density), gross quantity, and a statement that volume correction was not required.

(e) **RIGHT TO REPRESENTATIVE.** For f.o.b. origin deliveries, the Government has the right to have a representative present to witness the measurement of quantity. For f.o.b. destination deliveries, the Contractor has the right to have a representative present to witness the delivery and measurement of quantity.

### (f) DISCREPANCIES. For f.o.b. destination deliveries utilizing volume corrected loading rack meter tickets to determine quantity:

(1) The quantities shown on the shipping document (volume corrected loading rack meter tickets) will be accepted as the quantity received, provided that any differences between that quantity and the Government's receipt tank measurement at destination does not exceed one half of one percent (0.5%) of the amount on the shipping document.. If the difference is greater than one half of one percent (0.5%), the quantity determined by the Government using receipt tank measurements at destination will be used for acceptance and payment provided receipt tank measurements are identified in the Schedule as an approved quantity determination method for that line item. Quantity measurements using the methods specified in section (a)(1)(iii)(A) (1-3) above will be used for acceptance and payment regardless of any discrepancy with a loading rack meter ticket.

(2) If, the Government's receipt tank quantity measurement varies by more than one half of one percent (0.5%) from the Contractor's quantity measurement, the parties may conduct a joint investigation) of the variation in order to identify the cause of the discrepancy. Any quantity discrepancy that cannot be settled by the parties and results in a dispute shall be resolved under the Disputes provisions of the contract.

#### F1.11 DLA INTERNET BID BOARD SYSTEM (DIBBS) (DLA ENERGY) (APR 2014)

#### THIS CONTRACT TEXT ONLY APPLIES TO DLA FUNDED LINE ITEMS.

(a) Contractor Registration. Contractors must register in DIBBS to obtain a login account at <u>https://www.dibbs.bsm.dla.mil</u>. The login account will allow a contractor to register a primary and alternate email address for notifications. Contractors are strongly encouraged to establish a group email address for the primary email address for the contractor's authorized point of contacts. The registered email addresses will be the only email used by the government to make notifications.

(b) All contractors must have an active System for Award Management (SAM) account, <u>http://www.sam.gov</u> in order to register for DIBBS.

(c) The Contractor shall use DIBBS to receive orders. DLA Energy will not be using DIBBS receipt of quotes capability. All quotations, proposals, bids shall be submitted in accordance with the terms and conditions of the solicitation.

(d) Preparation and Transmission of Orders

(1) The Government may issue an order for a specific delivery or a series of deliveries (e.g., several deliveries during a week). The Government may also elect to issue an order covering a longer period (including monthly orders) and make periodic calls against these orders designating specific delivery dates, times, and quantities.

(2) Only a DLA Energy warranted Contracting Officer can issue an order, either orally or in writing, against a contract. An oral order issued by the warranted Contracting Officer shall provide the required advance notice to the Contractor and the following information: **Interim order number**; contract number; item number; ceiling price; quantity; delivery location; and the required delivery and/ or service date.

(i) For all product orders, the Contractor will receive an electronically signed written order via DIBBS, within 24 hours or one business day after the warranted Contracting Officer issues an oral order.

(ii) For all service orders, the Contractor will receive an electronically signed written order via DIBBS, within five business days after issuing the oral order.

(iii) Interim order number is subject to change once the electronically signed written order is received by the contractor. The order number on the written order will take precedence over the interim order number, if different.

(iv) Regardless of the unit price cited on the written order, the office designated to make payments on the written order will pay the applicable unit price in effect under the terms and conditions of the contract.

(v) Once the order has been issued, an email will be sent to the Contractor to provide notice that the order is available on the contract-specific web page. The order will also be submitted to the payment office.

(3) Calls against previously issued orders must be confirmed in writing within 24 hours or one business day via email message. The email confirmation will reference the previously issued order number and item number and designate specific delivery location, dates, and quantity to be delivered against that order.

(4) The Contractor's nonreceipt of a written or electronic confirmation of an oral order or oral call against a written or electronic order does not relieve the Contractor from its obligation to perform in accordance with the oral order or oral call against a written or electronic order. The Contractor should contact the DLA Energy Contracting Officer if problems are experienced with receipt of the electronic or written confirmation.

### F3 TRANSPORT TRUCK AND/OR TRUCK AND TRAILER FREE TIME AND DETENTION RATES (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY AUG 2005)

(a) Upon arrival of Contractor's transport truck or truck and trailer, the receiving activity shall promptly designate the tanks into which the load is to be discharged. Free time will commence when the discharge hose is connected to the receiving line at the delivery point and will end when discharge is completed. The Contractor shall be paid for detention beyond free time for delays caused by the Government. A minimum of one hour free time is required.

(1) Free time for unloading a transport truck or truck and trailer (includes one hour minimum plus any

additional time): \_

(2) Rate for detention beyond free time:

The above will not be considered in the evaluation of offers for award except that a free time of less than one hour may render an offer unacceptable. Notwithstanding the above, the Government is entitled to at least as much free time as is allowed by the common carrier or that the Contractor normally allows its regular commercial customers, whichever is greater. Free time only applies to single-drop deliveries (it is not applicable to multiple-drop tank truck/truck and trailer deliveries or any tank wagon deliveries).

(b) Notwithstanding the above, the Government will not pay more in detention rates than the actual rate charged by the common carrier or the rate the Contractor normally charges its regular commercial customers, whichever is lower. Detention costs will be the sole responsibility of the activity incurring them and are only allowable on single drop deliveries (they are not allowable on multiple drop tank truck/truck and trailer deliveries or any tank wagon deliveries. Invoices for detention costs will be submitted by the Contractor directly to the activity receiving the product. These provisions are applicable to DLA-owned/capitalized as well as non-DLA-owned/noncapitalized products.

(c) UNLESS THE OFFEROR OTHERWISE INDICATES IN PARAGRAPHS (a)(1) AND (a)(2) ABOVE, FREE TIME WILL BE CONSIDERED UNLIMITED AND DETENTION COSTS WILL NOT BE CHARGEABLE.

### F3.03 NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE IN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY APR 2005)

(a) In the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees not to utilize transportation companies that have been debarred or suspended, are ineligible for receipt of contracts with Government agencies, are in receipt of a notice of proposed debarment or ineligibility from any Government agency, or are otherwise ineligible under Federal programs. Substitution of a new transportation company is subject to review by the Contracting Officer for use under this contract.

(b) If the Contractor changes transporters after award, the Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer with the following information on alternative or new transportation company(ies) being utilized in the transportation of supplies under this contract.

Name, Address, and Phone Number	State(s) in which transporter
of Transportation Compa	is authorized to operate

#### F4 DELIVERY AND ORDERING PERIODS (DLA ENERGY JUN 2002)

(a) The period of this contract during which the Ordering Officer may order and the Contractor shall deliver, if ordered, will be as follows unless the Schedule specifies otherwise:

(1) Ordering period begins: OCTOBER 1, 2021 and ends: SEPTEMBER 30, 2024.

(2) Delivery period begins: <u>48 hours after start of ordering period</u> and ends: <u>30 days after end of ordering period</u>.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, deliveries prior to the delivery period, made at the option of the Contractor and pursuant to an order by the Government, shall be deemed to have been made under this contract at the applicable contract price(s).

#### F21 CONTRACTOR NOTICE REGARDING LATE DELIVERY (DLA ENERGY MAY 2009)

In the event the Contractor encounters difficulty in meeting performance requirements, or when it anticipates difficulty in complying with the contract delivery Schedule or date, it shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, giving pertinent details. This data shall not be construed as a waiver by the Government of any delivery Schedule or date or of any rights or remedies provided by law or under this contract.

### F98 DELIVERY CONDITIONS FOR ALL GRADES OF MOTOR GASOLINE AND AVIATION FUELS (DLA ENERGY OCT 1992)

(a) The Contractor shall comply with National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards and any other Federal, State, or local safety measures and environmental requirements applicable to the geographic location of the receiving activity. Special attention should be given to the safety measures required for items calling for truck-to-truck or truck-to-drum delivery of motor gasoline or aviation fuels (section 5 of the NFPA 30 standards for such measures as static protection, bonding/grounding procedures, etc.).

(b) The Contractor shall be responsible for using delivery conveyances that carry vapor recovery systems compatible with the storage/equipment used to receive motor gasoline or aviation fuel at the receiving activity. Further, the vapor recovery system on each conveyance shall be in compliance with the regulations promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or any other responsible State or local authority having jurisdiction over recovery of gasoline vapors.

#### SECTION G: CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

#### DFARS 252.225-7012 PREFERENCE FOR CERTAIN DOMESTIC COMMODITIES (DEC 2017)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause -

Component means any item supplied to the Government as part of an end product or of another component.

End product means supplies delivered under a line item of this contract.

*Qualifying country* means a country with a reciprocal defense procurement memorandum of understanding or international agreement with the United States in which both countries agree to remove barriers to purchases of supplies produced in the other country or services performed by sources of the other country, and the memorandum or agreement complies, where applicable, with the requirements of section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776) and with 10 U.S.C. 2457. Accordingly, the following are qualifying countries: Australia

Austria Belgium Canada **Czech Republic** Denmark Egypt Estonia Finland France Germany Greece Israel Italy Japan Latvia Luxembourg Netherlands Norway Poland Portugal Slovenia Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkev United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. Structural component of a tent -(i) Means a component that contributes to the form and stability of the tent (e.g., poles, frames, flooring, guy ropes, pegs); (ii) Does not include equipment such as heating, cooling, or lighting. United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas. U.S.-flag vessel means a vessel of the United States or belonging to the United States, including any vessel registered or having national status under the laws of the United States. (b) The Contractor shall deliver under this contract only such of the following items, either as end products or components, that have been grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States: (1) Food. (2) Clothing and the materials and components thereof, other than sensors, electronics, or other items added to, and not normally associated with, clothing and the materials and components thereof. Clothing includes items such as outerwear, headwear, underwear, nightwear, footwear, hosiery, handwear, belts, badges, and insignia. (3)(i) Tents and structural components of tents; (ii) Tarpaulins; or (iii) Covers.

(4) Cotton and other natural fiber products.

(5) Woven silk or woven silk blends.

(6) Spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth.

(7) Synthetic fabric, and coated synthetic fabric, including all textile fibers and yarns that are for use in such fabrics.

(8) Canvas products.

(9) Wool (whether in the form of fiber or yarn or contained in fabrics, materials, or manufactured articles).

(10) Any item of individual equipment (Federal Supply Class 8465) manufactured from or containing fibers, yarns, fabrics, or materials listed in this paragraph (b).

(c) This clause does not apply -

(1) To items listed in section 25.104(a) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), or other items for which the Government has determined that a satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity cannot be acquired as and when needed at U.S. market prices;

(2) To incidental amounts of cotton, other natural fibers, or wool incorporated in an end product, for which the estimated value of the cotton, other natural fibers, or wool -

(i) Is not more than 10 percent of the total price of the end product; and

(ii) Does not exceed the simplified acquisition threshold in FAR part 2;

(3) To waste and byproducts of cotton or wool fiber for use in the production of propellants and explosives;

(4) To foods, other than fish, shellfish, or seafood, that have been manufactured or processed in the United States, regardless of where the foods (and any component if applicable) were grown or produced. Fish, shellfish, or seafood manufactured or processed in the United States and fish, shellfish, or seafood contained in foods manufactured or processed in the United States shall be provided in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause;

(5) To chemical warfare protective clothing produced in a qualifying country; or

(6) To fibers and yarns that are for use in synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric (but does apply to the synthetic or coated synthetic fabric itself), if -

(i) The fabric is to be used as a component of an end product that is not a textile product. Examples of textile products, made in whole or in part of fabric, include -

(A) Draperies, floor coverings, furnishings, and bedding (Federal Supply Group 72, Household and Commercial Furnishings and Appliances);

(B) Items made in whole or in part of fabric in Federal Supply Group 83, Textile/leather/furs/apparel/findings/ tents/flags, or Federal Supply Group 84, Clothing, Individual Equipment and Insignia;

(C) Upholstered seats (whether for household, office, or other use); and

(D) Parachutes (Federal Supply Class 1670); or

(ii) The fibers and yarns are para-aramid fibers and continuous filament para-aramid yarns manufactured in a qualifying country.

(d)(1) Fish, shellfish, and seafood delivered under this contract, or contained in foods delivered under this contract - (i) Shall be taken from the sea by U.S.-flag vessels; or

(ii) If not taken from the sea, shall be obtained from fishing within the United States; and

(2) Any processing or manufacturing of the fish, shellfish, or seafood shall be performed on a U.S.-flag vessel or in the United States.

#### DFARS 252.232-7003 ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF PAYMENT REQUESTS AND RECEIVING REPORTS.

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

*Contract financing payment* means an authorized Government disbursement of monies to a contractor prior to acceptance of supplies or services by the Government.

(1) Contract financing payments include—

(i) Advance payments;

(ii) Performance-based payments;

(iii) Commercial advance and interim payments;

(iv) Progress payments based on cost under the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.232-16, Progress Payments;

(v) Progress payments based on a percentage or stage of completion (see FAR 32.102(e)), except those made under the clause

at FAR 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts, or the clause at FAR 52.232-10, Payments Under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts; and

(vi) Interim payments under a cost reimbursement contract, except for a cost reimbursement contract for services when Alternate I of the clause at FAR 52.232-25, Prompt Payment, is used.

(2) Contract financing payments do not include-

(i) Invoice payments;

(ii) Payments for partial deliveries; or

(iii) Lease and rental payments.

*Electronic form* means any automated system that transmits information electronically from the initiating system to affected systems.

*Invoice payment* means a Government disbursement of monies to a contractor under a contract or other authorization for supplies or services accepted by the Government.

(1) Invoice payments include—

(i) Payments for partial deliveries that have been accepted by the Government;

(ii) Final cost or fee payments where amounts owed have been settled between the Government and the contractor;

(iii) For purposes of subpart 32.9 only, all payments made under the clause at 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts, and the clause at 52.232-10, Payments Under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts; and

(iv) Interim payments under a cost-reimbursement contract for services when Alternate I of the clause at 52.232-25, Prompt Payment, is used.

(2) Invoice payments do not include contract financing payments.

Payment request means any request for contract financing payment or invoice payment submitted by the Contractor under this contract or task or delivery order.

*Receiving report* means the data prepared in the manner and to the extent required by Appendix F, Material Inspection and Receiving Report, of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor shall submit payment requests and receiving reports in electronic form using Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF). The Contractor shall prepare and furnish to the Government a receiving report at the time of each delivery of supplies or services under this contract or task or delivery order.

(c) Submit payment requests and receiving reports to WAWF in one of the following electronic formats:

- (1) Electronic Data Interchange.
- (2) Secure File Transfer Protocol.
- (3) Direct input through the WAWF website.

(d) The Contractor may submit a payment request and receiving report using methods other than WAWF only when-

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(1) The Contractor has requested permission in writing to do so, and the Contracting Officer has provided instructions for a temporary alternative method of submission of payment requests and receiving reports in the contract administration data section of this contract or task or delivery order;

(2) DoD makes payment for commercial transportation services provided under a Government rate tender or a contract for transportation services using a DoD-approved electronic third party payment system or other exempted vendor payment/invoicing system (*e.g.*, PowerTrack, Transportation Financial Management System, and Cargo and Billing System);

(3) DoD makes payment on a contract or task or delivery order for rendered health care services using the TRICARE Encounter Data System; or

(4) The Governmentwide commercial purchase card is used as the method of payment, in which case submission of only the receiving report in WAWF is required.

(e) Information regarding WAWF is available at https://wawf.eb.mil/.

(f) In addition to the requirements of this clause, the Contractor shall meet the requirements of the appropriate payment clauses in this contract when submitting payment requests.

#### DFARS 252.232-7006 WIDE AREA WORKFLOW PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS (DEC 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Department of Defense Activity Address Code (DoDAAC)" is a six position code that uniquely identifies a unit, activity, or organization.

"Document type" means the type of payment request or receiving report available for creation in Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF).

"Local processing office (LPO)" is the office responsible for payment certification when payment certification is done external to the entitlement system.

"Payment request" and "receiving report" are defined in the clause at 252.232-7003, Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving Reports.

(b) *Electronic invoicing*. The WAWF system provides the method to electronically process vendor payment requests and receiving reports, as authorized by Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) 252.232-7003, Electronic

Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving Reports.

(c) WAWF access. To access WAWF, the Contractor shall—

(1) Have a designated electronic business point of contact in the System for Award Management at https://www.sam.gov; and

(2) Be registered to use WAWF at https://wawf.eb.mil/ following the step-by-step procedures for self-registration available at this web site.

(d) *WAWF training*. The Contractor should follow the training instructions of the WAWF Web-Based Training Course and use the Practice Training Site before submitting payment requests through WAWF. Both can be accessed by selecting the "Web Based Training" link on the WAWF home page at https://wawf.eb.mil/

(e) *WAWF methods of document submission*. Document submissions may be via web entry, Electronic Data Interchange, or File Transfer Protocol.

(f) WAWF payment instructions. The Contractor shall use the following information when submitting payment

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requests and receiving reports in WAWF for this contract or task or delivery order:

(1) Document type. The Contractor shall submit payment requests using the following document type(s):

(i) For cost-type line items, including labor-hour or time-and-materials, submit a cost voucher.

(ii) For fixed price line items—

(A) That require shipment of a deliverable, submit the invoice and receiving report specified by the Contracting Officer: <u>The Contractor shall use the following document type(s). COMBO</u>

(B) For services that do not require shipment of a deliverable, submit either the Invoice 2in1, which meets the requirements for the invoice and receiving report, or the applicable invoice and receiving report, as specified by the Contracting Officer.

request.

(iii) For customary progress payments based on costs incurred, submit a progress payment

(iv) For performance based payments, submit a performance based payment request.

(v) For commercial item financing, submit a commercial item financing request.

(2) ) Fast Pay requests are only permitted when Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.213-1 is included in the contract.

(f) [Note: The Contractor may use a WAWF "combo" document type to create some combinations of invoice and receiving report in one step.]

(3) *Document routing*. The Contractor shall use the information in the Routing Data Table below only to fill in applicable fields in WAWF when creating payment requests and receiving reports in the system.

Field Name in WAWF	Data to be entered in WAWF
Pay Official DoDAAC	SL4701
Issue By DoDAAC	SPE605
Admin DoDAAC	SPE605
Inspect By DoDAAC	TBD on individual Delivery Order
Ship To Code	TBD on individual Delivery Order
Ship From Code	N/A
Mark For Code	N/A
Service Approver (DoDAAC)	N/A
Service Acceptor (DoDAAC)	TBD on individual Delivery Order
Accept at Other DoDAAC	SPE605
LPO DoDAAC	N/A
DCAA Auditor DoDAAC	N/A
Other DoDAAC(s)	N/A

Routing Data Table\*

(4) *Payment request.* The Contractor shall ensure a payment request includes documentation appropriate to the type of payment request in accordance with the payment clause, contract financing clause, or Federal Acquisition Regulation 52.216-7, Allowable Cost and Payment, as applicable.

(5) *Receiving report*. The Contractor shall ensure a receiving report meets the requirements of DFARS Appendix F.

(g) WAWF point of contact.

(1) The Contractor may obtain clarification regarding invoicing in WAWF from the following contracting activity's WAWF point of contact: Kari Archer, (571)767-7366, Kari.Archer@dla.mil

(2) Contact the WAWF helpdesk at 866-618-5988, if assistance is needed.

#### G3 INVOICE NUMBERING REQUIREMENTS (DLA ENERGY AUG 1998)

Each invoice submitted for payment under this contract shall be identified by an individual invoice number. The number shall not be duplicated on subsequent invoices. Duplicate invoice numbers or invoices that do not include numbers may be rejected.

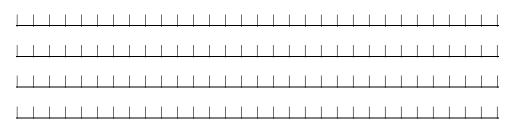
#### G9.06 ADDRESS TO WHICH REMITTANCE SHOULD BE MAILED (DLA ENERGY JAN 2017)

Remittances shall be mailed only at the Government's option or where an exception to payment by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) applies. (See the PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER – SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT or the PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER - OTHER THAN SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT clause.)

Offeror shall indicate below the complete mailing address (including the nine-digit zip code) to which remittances should be mailed if such address is other than that shown in Block 15a (Standard Form (SF) 33) for noncommercial items or Block 17a (SF 1449) for commercial items. In addition, if offeror did not incorporate its nine-digit zip code in the address shown in Block 15a of the SF 33 or in Block 17a of the SF 1449, the offeror shall enter it below:

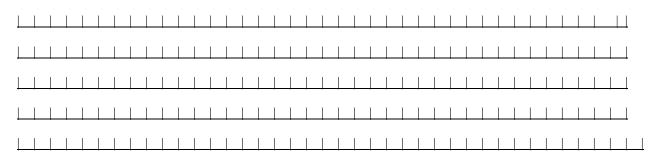
(a) Payee Name (Contractor): (DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)

(b) Check Remittance Address:



#### (DO NOT EXCEED 30 CHARACTERS PER LINE)

(c) Narrative Information (special instructions).



#### (DO NOT EXCEED 153 CHARACTERS)

#### G150.06 SUBMISSION OF INVOICES FOR PAYMENT (DOMESTIC PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) **GENERAL.** This contract is for domestic fuel deliveries for posts, camps, and stations. Invoices will be paid on the basis of the Contractor's delivery to the point of first receipt by the Government.

(b) INVOICES WILL REFLECT QUANTITIES IN WHOLE NUMBERS AND SHALL BE ROUNDED AS FOLLOWS: Example: 7,529.4 = 7,529 or 7,529.5 = 7,530.

# (c) INVOICING OF NON-PORTS (PAPERLESS ORDERING AND RECEIPT TRANSACTION SCREENS) ORDERS PLACED BY ARMY, NAVY (including Marines), AIR FORCE, AND OTHER DoD ACTIVITIES (including Alaska, and Hawaii).

(1) **PAYING OFFICE**. Invoices for product paid with Defense Logistics Agency/DLA Energy funds, as cited on the order, will be paid by DLA Energy and should be mailed to--

DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE - COLUMBUS CENTER STOCK FUND DIRECTORATE FUELS ACCOUNTING AND PAYMENTS DIVISION ATTN: DFAS-CVDBBB/CO P.O. BOX 182317 COLUMBUS, OH 43218-6252

#### (2) CERTIFICATION OF RECEIPT.

(i) Receiving activity personnel will certify the receipt of fuel by preparing and signing one of the following documents:

(A) Standard Form 1449, Solicitation/Contract/Order for Commercial Items; or

(B) DD Form 1155, Order for Supplies or Services; or

(C) DD Form 250, Material Inspection and Receiving Report; or

(D) DD Form 250-1, Tanker/Barge Material Inspection and Receiving Report (the Contractor will prepare and the activity responsible for signing will acknowledge receipt of fuel for tanker and barge deliveries only).

(ii) Payments to the Contractor will be based on the receipt of the "paying copies" of the receiving report to DLA Energy-FII, Fort Belvoir, VA, and payment will be made in accordance with the terms of the contract.

#### (iii) PC&S DELIVERIES.

(A) Overbillings--

(a) That are less than or equal to 0.5 percent of the quantity listed on the receiving document will be paid as originally invoiced by the Contractor when the overbilled quantity is solely a result of a difference in measurement techniques.

(b) That exceed 0.5 percent of the quantity listed on the receiving document will be paid based on the corrected quantity as determined by the activity and annotated on the activity's receiving document.

(B) Underbillings will be paid as invoiced.

(C) Notwithstanding any permissible variation percentage, payment is authorized for a percentage not to exceed 120 percent of the ordered quantity. Payment shall be made for quantity within this allowable variation listed on the receiving document as received and accepted by the activity and invoiced by the Contractor.

(iv) The receiving activity will transmit one paying copy of the applicable form listed in (i) above to DLA Energy-FII, Fort Belvoir, VA, within two working days after receipt of product.

#### (3) SUBMISSION OF INVOICES.

(i) The Contractor shall submit an invoice for each item for no more or less than the total daily delivered quantity at a particular activity.

(ii) Invoices submitted for payment shall be submitted in duplicate. The submission shall include an original invoice clearly marked **ORIGINAL** and one copy clearly marked **INVOICE COPY**. A carbon copy may be submitted as an original provided it is clearly marked **ORIGINAL** as stated above.

#### (iii) COURIER DELIVERY OF INVOICES.

Couriers, acting on behalf of Contractors, must deliver Contractor invoices being submitted for payment to the following mailroom street address:

### DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE - COLUMBUS CENTER ATTN: DFAS-CVDBB/CO

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#### 3990 EAST BROAD STREET, BLDG 21 COLUMBUS, OH 43213-1152

#### (d) INVOICING OF ORDERS PLACED BY ALL OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.

(1) **PAYING OFFICE.** Invoices shall be forwarded to the applicable paying office in accordance with instructions contained on the order.

(2) SUBMISSION OF INVOICES (except for the United States Postal Service). On orders placed by activities of Federal Departments other than those covered under (a) above, invoices for all deliveries shall be prepared and submitted as instructed by those activities on the order by the Ordering Officer. Such activities placing orders under this contract will furnish the Contractor with the name and proper address of the activity to whom invoices shall be rendered. Tax exemption certificates shall be processed in accordance with procedures stated in the TAX EXEMPTION CERTIFICATES provision.

#### (e) SUBMISSION AND CERTIFICATION OF INVOICES FOR THE UNITED STATES POSTAL

**SERVICE.** Certification of Invoice. The Contractor agrees that submission of an invoice to the Government for payment is a certification that the invoiced quantities have been delivered in accordance with instructions issued by the United States Postal Service's Supply Management Offices. The Contractor shall submit the invoices for United States Postal Service activities to the designated United States Postal Service Certifying Facility stated in the contract (this is typically the delivery location for fuel, unless otherwise noted). The United States Postal Service Certifying Facility will verify and certify that the invoice quantities and price are accurate for payment. Upon certification, the United States Postal Service Certifying Facility will submit the invoice to the applicable Paying Office (the San Mateo Accounting Service Center). The payment due date will be 30 days after the United States Postal Service Certifying Facility has received the invoice. If the designated United States Postal Service Certifying Facility fails to annotate the invoice with the actual date of receipt, the invoice payment due date shall be the 30th day after the date of the Contractor's invoice.

#### (f) SUBMISSION OF FACSIMILE INVOICES.

(1) <u>IMPORTANT NOTICE</u>: Contractors that select the facsimile (fax) method of invoicing prior to award in accordance with the FACSIMILE INVOICING or the FACSIMILE OR ELECTRONIC INVOICING provision must do so for all invoices. Failure to comply with the requirements of this provision will result in revocation of the Contractor's right to submit invoices by the fax method.

(2) INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMITTING INVOICES VIA FACSIMILE.

(i) Contractors shall include their own fax number on each document transmitted.

(ii) The fax numbers for invoices sent to DFAS-CVDBB/CO via Electronic Document Management are (866) 313-2340 or (614) 693-2630.

(iii) If the fax is received before 5 p.m. Eastern Standard Time (EST), the receipt date of record is the date the item was received. If the facsimile is received after 5 p.m. EST, the receipt date is the next business day.

(iv) Contractors that elect to transmit invoices by fax are responsible for validating receipt of the faxed invoice. Verification can be made by calling Customer Service (DFAS-CVDBB/CO) at (800) 756-4571 or (614) 693-8507 (Options 2 and 2) between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m., EST/EDT, Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays. Foreign vendors may use the DFAS e-mail account <u>CCO-FUELS-FOREIGN@DFAS.MIL</u> to verify receipt of invoices. The e-mail to DFAS should include, at a minimum, the following information: company name, contract number, invoice number, date of submission of invoice, and dollar value. DFAS-CVDBB/CO will not be held accountable for transmissions not received.

(v) After transmitting the original invoice, the Contractor shall mark that invoice "ORIGINAL INVOICE - FAXED" and retain it. The hard copy is **not** required for payment and shall **not** be mailed to the payment office unless DFAS-CVDBB/CO specifically requests it.

#### (i) F.O.B. DESTINATION DELIVERIES APPLICABLE TO ITEMS PAID BY DFAS-COLUMBUS. (A) CERTIFICATION OF RECEIPT.

(1) Receiving activity personnel will certify the receipt of fuel by preparing and signing one of the following documents:

(i) The SF 1449, Solicitation/Contract/Order for Commercial Items; or

- (ii) The DD Form 1155, Order for Supplies or Services; or
- (iii) The DD Form 250, Material Inspection and Receiving Report; or
- (iv) The DD Form 250-1, Tanker/Barge Material Inspection and Receiving Report (for tanker and

barge deliveries only).

(2) Payments to the Contractor will be based on the receipt of the "paying copies" of the receiving report to DLA Energy-FII, Fort Belvoir, VA, and payment will be made in accordance with the terms of the contract.

#### (B) PC&S DELIVERIES.

(1) Overbillings--

(*i*) That are less than or equal to 0.5 percent of the quantity listed on the receiving document will be paid as originally invoiced by the Contractor when the overbilled quantity is solely a result of a difference in measurement techniques.

(*ii*) That exceed 0.5 percent of the quantity listed on the receiving document will be paid based on the quantity as determined by the activity and annotated on the activity's receiving document.

(2) Underbillings will be paid as invoiced.

(3) Notwithstanding any permissible variation percentage, payment is authorized for a percentage not to exceed 120 percent of the ordered quantity. Payment shall be made for quantity within this allowable variation listed on the receiving document as received and accepted by the activity and invoiced by the Contractor.

#### (*ii*) F.O.B. ORIGIN DELIVERIES - RECEIVING REPORTS.

(A) When faxing an **invoice** for f.o.b. origin deliveries, the Contractor shall also fax a copy of the applicable receiving report to DLA Energy-FII, Room 2933, Fort Belvoir, VA, for GROUND FUELS (PC&S) DELIVERIES. DLA Energy-FII's fax number is (703) 767-9380. The receiving report shall be transmitted no later than two working days after each delivery.

(B) The following forms, signed by the Quality Representative (QR), are acceptable receiving reports for f.o.b. origin deliveries:

(1) DD Form 250, Material Inspection and Receiving Report; or

(2) DD Form 250-1, Tanker/Barge Material Inspection and Receiving Report.

(C) The signed copy, which certifies acceptance by the QR of the product prior to submission of the invoice, will have the following information stamped, printed, or typed on it: "ORIGINAL RECEIVING REPORT FOR PAYMENT OF INVOICE."

(g) **INVOICING DETENTION AND DEMURRAGE COSTS.** Detention costs are allowable only on single drop tank truck deliveries. Multiple drop tank truck wagon deliveries are not eligible for detention costs. The contractor shall submit detention and barge/tanker demurrage costs to the activity receiving the product. If the receiving activity is an Army activity, a copy of the detention or demurrage cost invoice must also be furnished to the following address:

US Army Petroleum Center Room 0522, Mail Stop 6241 8725 John J. Kingman Road Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6241

#### SECTION H SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

Not Applicable

#### SECTION I: CONTRACT CLAUSES

#### FAR 52.204-13 SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE (OCT 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator" means a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management (SAM) records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see <u>subpart 32.11</u>) for the same entity.

"Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM)" means that-

(1) The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator (if applicable), the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see <u>subpart 4.14</u>), into SAM;

(2) The Contractor has completed the Core, Assertions, Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in SAM;

(3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The Contractor will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and

(4) The Government has marked the record "Active".

"System for Award Management (SAM)" means the primary Government repository for prospective Federal awardee and Federal awardee information and the centralized Government system for certain contracting, grants, and other assistancerelated processes. It includes-

(1) Data collected from prospective Federal awardees required for the conduct of business with the Government;

(2) Prospective contractor-submitted annual representations and certifications in accordance with FAR subpart 4.12; and

(3) Identification of those parties excluded from receiving Federal contracts, certain subcontracts, and certain types of Federal financial and non-financial assistance and benefits.

"Unique entity identifier" means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See <u>www.sam.gov</u> for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

(b)If the solicitation for this contract contained the provision <u>52.204-7</u> with its Alternate I, and the Contractor was unable to register prior to award, the Contractor shall be registered in SAM within 30 days after award or before three days prior to submission of the first invoice, whichever occurs first.

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(c) The Contractor shall maintain registration in SAM during contract performance and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement. The Contractor is responsible for the currency, accuracy and completeness of the data within SAM, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in SAM after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis, from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates, its information in SAM to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(d) (1) (i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name or "doing business as" name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in subpart 42.12, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to—

(A) Change the name in SAM;

(B) Comply with the requirements of subpart 42.12 of the FAR; and

(C) Agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

(ii)If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (d)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or changeof-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR <u>subpart 32.8</u>, Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the SAM. Information provided to the Contractor's SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that the unique entity identifier is maintained with the entity designated at <u>www.sam.gov</u> for establishment of the unique entity identifier throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall communicate any change to the unique entity identifier to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so an appropriate modification can be issued to update the data on the contract. A change in the unique entity identifier does not necessarily require a novation be accomplished.

(f) Contractors may obtain additional information on registration and annual confirmation requirements at <u>https://www.sam.gov</u>.

#### 52.204-18 Commercial and Government Entity Code Maintenance.

As prescribed in 4.1804(c), use the following clause:

Commercial and Government Entity Code Maintenance (Aug 2020)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause-

Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code means-

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(1) An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity by unique location; or

(2) An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as a NATO CAGE (NCAGE) code.

(b) Contractors shall ensure that the CAGE code is maintained throughout the life of the contract for each location of contract, including subcontract, performance. For contractors registered in the System for Award Management (SAM), the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch shall only modify data received from SAM in the CAGE master file if the contractor initiates those changes via update of its SAM registration. Contractors undergoing a novation or change-of-name agreement shall notify the contracting officer in accordance with subpart <u>42.12</u>. The contractor shall communicate any change to the CAGE code to the contracting officer within 30 days after the change, so that a modification can be issued to update the CAGE code on the contract.

(c) Contractors located in the United States or its outlying areas that are not registered in SAM shall submit written change requests to the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch. Requests for changes shall be provided at <a href="https://cage.dla.mil">https://cage.dla.mil</a>. Change requests to the CAGE master file are accepted from the entity identified by the code.

(d) Contractors located outside the United States and its outlying areas that are not registered in SAM shall contact the appropriate National Codification Bureau (points of contact available at <a href="http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm">http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contact</a> available at <a href="http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm">http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contact</a> available at <a href="http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm">http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm</a>) or NSPA at <a href="https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx">https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx</a> to request CAGE changes.

(e) Additional guidance for maintaining CAGE codes is available at https://cage.dla.mil.

(f) If the contract includes Federal Acquisition Regulation clause <u>52.204-2</u>, Security Requirements, the contractor shall ensure that subcontractors maintain their CAGE code(s) throughout the life of the contract.

(End of clause)

#### FAR 52.204-21 BASIC SAFEGUARDING OF COVERED CONTRACTOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS (JUN 2016)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Covered contractor information system" means an information system that is owned or operated by a contractor that processes, stores, or transmits Federal contract information.

"Federal contract information" means information, not intended for public release, that is provided by or generated for the Government under a contract to develop or deliver a product or service to the Government, but not including information provided by the Government to the public (such as on public websites) or simple transactional information, such as necessary to process payments.

"Information" means any communication or representation of knowledge such as facts, data, or opinions, in any medium or form, including textual, numerical, graphic, cartographic, narrative, or audiovisual (Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 4009).

"Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information (<u>44 U.S.C. 3502</u>).

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"Safeguarding" means measures or controls that are prescribed to protect information systems.

(b) Safeguarding requirements and procedures.

(1) The Contractor shall apply the following basic safeguarding requirements and procedures to protect covered contractor information systems. Requirements and procedures for basic safeguarding of covered contractor information systems shall include, at a minimum, the following security controls:

(i) Limit information system access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices (including other information systems).

(ii) Limit information system access to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to execute.

(iii) Verify and control/limit connections to and use of external information systems.

(iv) Control information posted or processed on publicly accessible information systems.

(v) Identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices.

(vi) Authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to allowing access to organizational information systems.

(vii) Sanitize or destroy information system media containing Federal Contract Information before disposal or release for reuse.

(viii)Limit physical access to organizational information systems, equipment, and the respective operating environments to authorized individuals.

(ix) Escort visitors and monitor visitor activity; maintain audit logs of physical access; and control and manage physical access devices.

(x) Monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (*i.e.*, information transmitted or received by organizational information systems) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems.

(xi) Implement subnetworks for publicly accessible system components that are physically or logically separated from internal networks.

(xii) Identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner.

(xiii)Provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems.

(xiv) Update malicious code protection mechanisms when new releases are available.

(xv) Perform periodic scans of the information system and real-time scans of files from external sources as files are downloaded, opened, or executed.

(2) *Other requirements*. This clause does not relieve the Contractor of any other specific safeguarding requirements specified by Federal agencies and departments relating to covered contractor information systems generally or

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other Federal safeguarding requirements for controlled unclassified information (CUI) as established by Executive Order 13556.

(c) *Subcontracts*. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract (including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items), in which the subcontractor may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.

### 52.204-25 Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

As prescribed in 4.2105(b), insert the following clause:

Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (Aug 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

*Backhaul* means intermediate links between the core network, or backbone network, and the small subnetworks at the edge of the network (*e.g.*, connecting cell phones/towers to the core telephone network). Backhaul can be wireless (e.g., microwave) or wired (*e.g.*, fiber optic, coaxial cable, Ethernet).

Covered foreign country means The People's Republic of China.

Covered telecommunications equipment or services means-

(1) Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);

(2) For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);

(3) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or

(4) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

Critical technology means-

(1) Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations;

(2) Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled-

(i) Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or

(ii) For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening;

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(3) Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);

(4) Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);

(5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or

(6) Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).

*Interconnection arrangements* means arrangements governing the physical connection of two or more networks to allow the use of another's network to hand off traffic where it is ultimately delivered (*e.g.*, connection of a customer of telephone provider A to a customer of telephone company B) or sharing data and other information resources.

*Reasonable inquiry* means an inquiry designed to uncover any information in the entity's possession about the identity of the producer or provider of covered telecommunications equipment or services used by the entity that excludes the need to include an internal or third-party audit.

*Roaming* means cellular communications services (*e.g.*, voice, video, data) received from a visited network when unable to connect to the facilities of the home network either because signal coverage is too weak or because traffic is too high.

Substantial or essential component means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

#### (b) Prohibition.

(1) Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in FAR <u>4.2104</u>.

(2) Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract, or extending or renewing a contract, with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in FAR <u>4.2104</u>. This prohibition applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a Federal contract.

(c) Exceptions. This clause does not prohibit contractors from providing-

(1) A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

(2) Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(d) Reporting requirement.

(1) In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor shall report the information in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause to the Contracting Officer, unless elsewhere in this contract are established procedures for reporting the information; in the case of the Department of Defense, the Contractor shall report to the website at <a href="https://dibnet.dod.mil">https://dibnet.dod.mil</a>. For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to the Contractor shall report to the indefinite delivery contract and the Contracting Officer(s) for any affected order or, in the case of the Department of Defense, identify both the indefinite delivery contract and any affected orders in the report provided at <a href="https://dibnet.dod.mil">https://dibnet.dod.mil</a>.

(2) The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this clause

(i) Within one business day from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; supplier unique entity identifier (if known); supplier Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code (if known); brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

(ii) Within 10 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this clause: any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(e) *Subcontracts*. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e) and excluding paragraph (b)(2), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

(End of clause)

### 52.212-4 CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS-COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2018)

(a) *Inspection/Acceptance*. The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post-acceptance rights-

(1) Within a reasonable time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and

(2) Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in the item.

(b) Assignment. The Contractor or its assignee may assign its rights to receive payment due as a result of performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency in accordance with the Assignment of Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3727). However, when a third party makes payment (*e.g.*, use of the Governmentwide commercial purchase card), the Contractor may not assign its rights to receive payment under this contract.

(c) Changes. Changes in the terms and conditions of this contract may be made only by written agreement of the parties.

(d) *Disputes*. This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes. Failure of the parties to this contract to reach agreement on any request for equitable adjustment, claim, appeal or action arising under or relating to this contract shall be a dispute to be resolved in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes, which is incorporated herein by reference. The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any dispute arising under the contract.

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(e) Definitions. The clause at FAR 52.202-1, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference.

(f) *Excusable delays*. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence such as, acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, and shall promptly give written notice to the Contracting Officer of the cessation of such occurrence.

(g) Invoice.

(1) The Contractor shall submit an original invoice and three copies (or electronic invoice, if authorized) to the address designated in the contract to receive invoices. An invoice must include-

(i) Name and address of the Contractor;

(ii) Invoice date and number;

(iii) Contract number, line item number and, if applicable, the order number;

(iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price and extended price of the items delivered;

(v) Shipping number and date of shipment, including the bill of lading number and weight of shipment if shipped on Government bill of lading;

(vi) Terms of any discount for prompt payment offered;

(vii) Name and address of official to whom payment is to be sent;

(viii) Name, title, and phone number of person to notify in event of defective invoice; and

(ix) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

(x) Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.

(A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

(B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision, contract clause (*e.g.*, 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.

(C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.

(2) Invoices will be handled in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C.3903) and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part1315.

(h) *Patent indemnity*. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, employees and agents against liability, including costs, for actual or alleged direct or contributory infringement of, or inducement to infringe, any United States or foreign patent, trademark or copyright, arising out of the performance of this contract, provided the Contractor is reasonably notified of such claims and proceedings.

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(i) Payment.-

(1) *Items accepted*. Payment shall be made for items accepted by the Government that have been delivered to the delivery destinations set forth in this contract.

(2) *Prompt payment*. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C.3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part1315.

(3) *Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)*. If the Government makes payment by EFT, see 52.212-5(b) for the appropriate EFT clause.

(4) *Discount*. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date which appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.

(5) *Overpayments*. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall-

(i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the-

(A) Circumstances of the overpayment (*e.g.*, duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);

(B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;

(C) Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and

(D) Contractor point of contact.

(ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

(6) Interest.

(i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in 41 U.S.C. 7109, which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in (i)(6)(v) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.

(ii) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.

(iii) Final decisions. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by 33.211 if-

(A) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt within 30 days;

(B) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or

(C) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see 32.607-2).

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(iv) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.

(v) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:

(A) The date fixed under this contract.

(B) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.

(vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on-

(A) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;

(B) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or

(C) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.

(vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in 32.608-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.

(j) *Risk of loss*. Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss or damage to the supplies provided under this contract shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon:

(1) Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or

(2) Delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.

(k) Taxes. The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.

(1) *Termination for the Government's convenience*. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred which reasonably could have been avoided.

(m) *Termination for cause*. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

(n) *Title*. Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, title to items furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the Government takes physical possession.

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(o) *Warranty*. The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.

(p) *Limitation of liability*. Except as otherwise provided by an express warranty, the Contractor will not be liable to the Government for consequential damages resulting from any defect or deficiencies in accepted items.

(q) *Other compliances*. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations applicable to its performance under this contract.

(r) *Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts.* The Contractor agrees to comply with 31 U.S.C. 1352 relating to limitations on the use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracts; 18 U.S.C. 431 relating to officials not to benefit; 40 U.S.C. chapter 37, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards; 41 U.S.C. chapter 87, Kickbacks; 41 U.S.C. 4712 and 10 U.S.C. 2409 relating to whistleblower protections; 49 U.S.C. 40118, Fly American; and 41 U.S.C. chapter 21 relating to procurement integrity.

(s) *Order of precedence*. Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

(1) The schedule of supplies/services.

(2) The Assignments, Disputes, Payments, Invoice, Other Compliances, Compliance with Laws Unique to Government Contracts, and Unauthorized Obligations paragraphs of this clause;

(3) The clause at 52.212-5.

- (4) Addenda to this solicitation or contract, including any license agreements for computer software.
- (5) Solicitation provisions if this is a solicitation.
- (6) Other paragraphs of this clause.
- (7) The Standard Form 1449.
- (8) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.
- (9) The specification.
- (t) [Reserved]
- (u) Unauthorized Obligations.

(1) Except as stated in paragraph (u)(2) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any End User License Agreement (EULA), Terms of Service (TOS), or similar legal instrument or agreement, that includes any clause requiring the Government to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation (31 U.S.C. 1341), the following shall govern:

(i) Any such clause is unenforceable against the Government.

(ii) Neither the Government nor any Government authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to such clause by virtue of it appearing in the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement. If the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement is invoked through an "I agree" click box or other comparable mechanism (e.g., "click-wrap" or "browse-wrap" agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.

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(iii) Any such clause is deemed to be stricken from the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement.

(2) Paragraph (u)(1) of this clause does not apply to indemnification by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.

(v) Incorporation by reference. The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM), are incorporated by reference into the contract.

# 52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders-Commercial Items.

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(4), insert the following clause:

Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders-Commercial Items (Jan 2021)

(a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

(1) <u>52.203-19</u>, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).

(2) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (Jul 2018) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).

(3) <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Aug 2020) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).

(4) <u>52.209-10</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015).

(5) <u>52.233-3</u>, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (<u>31 U.S.C. 3553</u>).

(6) <u>52.233-4</u>, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (Oct 2004) (Public Laws 108-77 and 108-78 ( <u>19 U.S.C. 3805 note</u>)).

(b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

 $\underline{X}$  (1) <u>52.203-6</u>, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (June 2020), with *Alternate I* (Oct 1995) (<u>41 U.S.C. 4704</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2402</u>).

X (2) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Jun 2020) (41 U.S.C. 3509)).

\_\_\_\_(3) <u>52.203-15</u>, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5). (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)

 $\underline{X}$  (4) <u>52.204-10</u>, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Jun 2020) (Pub. L. 109-282) (<u>31 U.S.C. 6101 note</u>).

\_\_\_(5) [Reserved].

\_\_\_\_(6) <u>52.204-14</u>, Service Contract Reporting Requirements (Oct 2016) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).

\_\_\_\_(7) <u>52.204-15</u>, Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (Oct 2016) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).

 $\underline{X}(8)$  <u>52.209-6</u>, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment. (Jun 2020) (<u>31 U.S.C. 6101 note</u>).

\_\_\_(9) <u>52.209-9</u>, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (Oct 2018) (<u>41 U.S.C. 2313</u>).

\_\_(10) [Reserved].

\_(11)

(i) <u>52.219-3</u>, Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (Mar 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 657a</u>).

(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of <u>52.219-3</u>.

\_(12)

(i) <u>52.219-4</u>, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (Mar 2020) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer) (<u>15 U.S.C. 657a</u>).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of <u>52.219-4</u>.

\_\_(13) [Reserved]

\_\_(14)

(i) <u>52.219-6</u>, Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 644</u>).

\_\_\_(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of <u>52.219-6</u>.

\_\_(15)

(i) <u>52.219-7</u>, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 644</u>).

\_\_\_(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of <u>52.219-7</u>.

<u>X</u> (16) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2018) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)</u> and (3)).

<u>X</u> (17)

(i) <u>52.219-9</u>, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Jun 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)</u>).

\_\_\_(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2016) of <u>52.219-9</u>.

\_\_ (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2016) of <u>52.219-9</u>.

\_\_\_ (iv) Alternate III (Jun 2020) of <u>52.219-9</u>.

\_\_\_ (v) Alternate IV (Jun 2020) of <u>52.219-9</u>

\_(18)

(i) <u>52.219-13</u>, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (Mar 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 644(r)</u>).

\_\_\_(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of <u>52.219-13</u>.

\_\_\_(19) <u>52.219-14</u>, Limitations on Subcontracting (Mar 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(a)(14)</u>).

\_\_\_(20) <u>52.219-16</u>, Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan (Jan 1999) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)</u>).

\_\_\_(21) <u>52.219-27</u>, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Set-Aside (Mar 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 657f</u>).

\_(22)

(i) <u>52.219-28</u>, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation (Nov 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)</u>).

(ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of <u>52.219-28</u>.

\_\_(23) <u>52.219-29</u>, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (Mar 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(m</u>)).

\_\_\_(24) <u>52.219-30</u>, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program (Mar2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(m</u>)).

(25) <u>52.219-32</u>, Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business Reserves (Mar 2020) (<u>15 U.S.C. 644</u>(r)).

(26) <u>52.219-33</u>, Nonmanufacturer Rule (Mar 2020) (<u>15U.S.C. 637</u>(a)(17)).

<u>X (27)</u> <u>52.222-3</u>, Convict Labor (Jun 2003) (E.O.11755).

X (28) 52.222-19, Child Labor-Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jan2020) (E.O.13126).

X (29) <u>52.222-21</u>, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).

<u>X</u> (30)

(i) <u>52.222-26</u>, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O.11246).

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\_\_\_(ii) Alternate I (Feb 1999) of <u>52.222-26</u>.

<u>X</u> (31)

(i) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Jul 2014) of <u>52.222-35</u>.

<u>X</u> (32)

(i) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) (<u>29 U.S.C. 793</u>).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Jul 2014) of <u>52.222-36</u>.

X (33) <u>52.222-37</u>, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).

 $\underline{X}$  (34) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496).

<u>X</u> (35)

(i) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2020) (<u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78</u> and E.O. 13627).

(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of <u>52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78</u> and E.O. 13627).

 $\underline{X}$  (36) <u>52.222-54</u>, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015). (Executive Order 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in <u>22.1803</u>.)

\_(37)

(i) <u>52.223-9</u>, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA–Designated Items (May 2008) ( <u>42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)</u>). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)

(ii) Alternate I (May 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)

(38) <u>52.223-11</u>, Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).

\_\_\_(39) <u>52.223-12</u>, Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).

\_\_(40)

(i) <u>52.223-13</u>, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Imaging Equipment (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2015) of <u>52.223-13</u>.

\_(41)

(i) <u>52.223-14</u>, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Televisions (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Jun2014) of <u>52.223-14</u>.

\_\_\_(42) <u>52.223-15</u>, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (May 2020) (<u>42 U.S.C. 8259b</u>).

\_\_(43)

(i) <u>52.223-16</u>, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Personal Computer Products (Oct 2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).

\_\_\_(ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of <u>52.223-16</u>.

 $\underline{X}$  (44) <u>52.223-18</u>, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving (Jun 2020) (E.O. 13513).

\_\_\_(45) <u>52.223-20</u>, Aerosols (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).

\_\_\_(46) <u>52.223-21</u>, Foams (Jun2016) (E.O. 13693).

\_\_(47)

(i) <u>52.224-3</u> Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552 a).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Jan 2017) of <u>52.224-3</u>.

\_\_\_(48) <u>52.225-1</u>, Buy American-Supplies (Jan2021) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 83</u>).

\_\_(49)

(i) <u>52.225-3</u>, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act (Jan 2021)(<u>41 U.S.C.chapter83</u>, <u>19 U.S.C. 3301</u> note, <u>19 U.S.C. 2112</u> note, <u>19 U.S.C. 3805</u> note, <u>19 U.S.C. 4001</u> note, Pub. L. 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43.

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Jan 2021) of <u>52.225-3</u>.

\_\_ (iii) Alternate II (Jan 2021) of <u>52.225-3</u>.

\_\_\_(iv) Alternate III (Jan 2021) of <u>52.225-3</u>.

\_\_\_(50) <u>52.225-5</u>, Trade Agreements (Oct 2019) (<u>19 U.S.C. 2501</u>, et seq., <u>19 U.S.C. 3301</u> note).

 $\underline{X}$  (51) <u>52.225-13</u>, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (Jun 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).

\_\_\_\_(52) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; <u>10 U.S.C.</u> <u>2302Note</u>).

\_\_\_(53) <u>52.226-4</u>, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov2007) (<u>42 U.S.C. 5150</u>).

\_\_\_\_(54) <u>52.226-5</u>, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov2007) (<u>42 U.S.C. 5150</u>).

\_\_\_(55) <u>52.229-12</u>, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements (Jun 2020).

\_\_\_(56) <u>52.232-29</u>, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Items (Feb 2002) (<u>41 U.S.C. 4505</u>, <u>10 U.S.C. 2307(f)</u>).

\_\_\_\_(57) <u>52.232-30</u>, Installment Payments for Commercial Items (Jan 2017) (<u>41 U.S.C. 4505</u>, <u>10 U.S.C. 2307(f)</u>).

 $\underline{X}$  (58) <u>52.232-33</u>, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award Management (Oct2018) (<u>31 U.S.C. 3332</u>).

(59) <u>52.232-34</u>, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (<u>31 U.S.C. 3332</u>).

\_\_\_(60) <u>52.232-36</u>, Payment by Third Party (May 2014) (<u>31 U.S.C. 3332</u>).

\_\_\_(61) <u>52.239-1</u>, Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996) (<u>5 U.S.C. 552a</u>).

\_\_\_(62) <u>52.242-5</u>, Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Jan 2017) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(13)</u>).

\_\_(63)

(i) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (<u>46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b)</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2631</u>).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of <u>52.247-64</u>.

(iii) Alternate II (Feb 2006) of <u>52.247-64</u>.

(c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

(1) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter67</u>).

\_\_\_(2) <u>52.222-42</u>, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (May 2014) (<u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

(3) <u>52.222-43</u>, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards-Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (Aug 2018) (<u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

\_\_\_(4) <u>52.222-44</u>, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards-Price Adjustment (May 2014) (<u>29U.S.C.206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

\_\_\_(5) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (May 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

\_\_\_(6) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (May 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

\_\_\_\_(7) <u>52.222-55</u>, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Nov 2020).

(8) <u>52.222-62</u>, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2017) (E.O. 13706).

\_\_\_(9) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) (<u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>).

(d) *Comptroller General Examination of Record*. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101, on the date of award of this contract, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records-Negotiation.

(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR subpart <u>4.7</u>, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

(3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

#### (e)

(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause-

(i) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Jun 2020) (<u>41 U.S.C. 3509</u>).

(ii) <u>52.203-19</u>, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).

(iii) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (Jul 2018) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).

(iv) <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Aug 2020) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).

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(v) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2018) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)</u> and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds the applicable threshold specified in FAR <u>19.702</u>(a) on the date of subcontract award, the subcontractor must include <u>52.219-8</u> in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

(vi) <u>52.222-21</u>, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).

(vii) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2015) (E.O.11246).

(viii) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).

(ix) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) (29 U.S.C. 793).

(x) <u>52.222-37</u>, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).

(xi) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause <u>52.222-40</u>.

(xii) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

(xiii)

(A) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2020) (<u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78</u> and E.O 13627).

(B) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of <u>52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627</u>).

(xiv) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (May2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

(xv) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (May 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

(xvi) <u>52.222-54</u>, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015) (E.O. 12989).

(xvii) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Nov 2020).

(xviii) <u>52.222-62</u>, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2017) (E.O. 13706).

(xix)

(A) <u>52.224-3</u>, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (<u>5 U.S.C. 552a</u>).

(B) Alternate I (Jan 2017) of <u>52.224-3</u>.

(xx) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; <u>10 U.S.C. 2302 Note</u>).

(xxi) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) (<u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.

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(xxii) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (<u>46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b)</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2631</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

(2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(End of clause)

#### FAR 52.216-21 REQUIREMENTS (OCT 1995)

(a) This is a requirements contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective for the period stated, in the Schedule. The quantities of supplies or services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract. Except as this contract may otherwise provide, if the Government's requirements do not result in orders in the quantities described as "estimated" or "maximum" in the Schedule, that fact shall not constitute the basis for an equitable price adjustment.

(b) Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. Subject to any limitations in the Order Limitations clause or elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor shall furnish to the Government all supplies or services specified in the Schedule and called for by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.

(c) Except as this contract otherwise provides, the Government shall order from the Contractor all the supplies or services specified in the Schedule that are required to be purchased by the Government activity or activities specified in the Schedule.

(d) The Government is not required to purchase from the Contractor requirements in excess of any limit on total orders under this contract.

(e) If the Government urgently requires delivery of any quantity of an item before the earliest date that delivery may be specified under this contract, and if the Contractor will not accept an order providing for the accelerated delivery, the Government may acquire the urgently required goods or services from another source.

(f) Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall be completed by the Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract's effective period; *provided*, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after OCTOBER 31, 2025.

#### FAR 52.229-3 FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES (FEB 2013)

(a) As used in this clause -

*After-imposed Federal tax* means any <u>new</u> or increased Federal excise tax or duty, or tax that was exempted or excluded on the <u>contract date</u> but whose exemption was later revoked or reduced during the contract period, on the transactions or <u>property</u> covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the <u>contract date</u>. It does not include social security tax or other employment <u>taxes</u>.

*After-relieved Federal tax* means any amount of Federal excise tax or duty, except social security or other employment <u>taxes</u>, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or <u>property</u> covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund or drawback, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the <u>contract date</u>.

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All applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties means all <u>taxes</u> and duties, in effect on the <u>contract date</u>, that the <u>taxing</u> authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or <u>property</u> covered by this contract.

*Contract date* means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the effective date of this contract or modifiation.

*Local taxes* includes <u>taxes</u> imposed by a possession or territory of the <u>United States</u>, Puerto <u>Rico</u>, or the Northern Mariana Islands, if the contract is performed wholly or partly in any of those areas.

(b) (1) The contract price includes <u>all applicable Federal</u>, State, and local taxes and duties, except as <u>provided</u> in subparagraph (b)(2)(i) of this clause.

(2) Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000C may not be -

(i) Included in the contract price; nor

(ii) Reimbursed.

(c) The contract price shall be increased by the amount of any <u>after-imposed Federal tax</u>, <u>provided</u> the Contractor warrants in writing that no amount for such newly imposed Federal excise tax or duty or rate increase was included in the contract price, as a contingency reserve or otherwise.

(d) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any <u>after-relieved Federal tax</u>.

(e) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any Federal excise tax or duty, except social security or other employment <u>taxes</u>, that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer.

(f) No adjustment shall be <u>made</u> in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the adjustment exceeds \$250.

(g) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to any Federal excise tax or duty that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs.

(h) The Government shall, without liability, furnish evidence appropriate to establish exemption from any Federal, <u>State</u>, or local tax when the Contractor requests such evidence and a reasonable basis exists to sustain the exemption.

## FAR 52.232-40 PROVIDING ACCELERATED PAYMENTS TO SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTORS (DEC 2013)

(a) Upon receipt of accelerated payments from the Government, the Contractor shall make accelerated payments to its small business subcontractors under this contract, to the maximum extent practicable and prior to when such payment is otherwise required under the applicable contract or subcontract, after receipt of a proper invoice and all other required documentation from the small business subcontractor.

(b) The acceleration of payments under this clause does not provide any new rights under the Prompt Payment Act.

(c) Include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts with small business concerns, including subcontracts with small business concerns for the acquisition of commercial items.

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## DFARS 252.204-7004 LEVEL I ANTITERRORISM AWARENESS TRAINING FOR CONTRACTORS (FEB 2019)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause -

*Military installation* means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of a military department or, in the case of an activity in a foreign country, under the operational control of the Secretary of a military department or the Secretary of Defense (see 10 U.S.C. 2801(c)(4)).

**(b)** *Training.* Contractor personnel who require routine physical access to a Federally-controlled facility or military installation shall complete Level I antiterrorism awareness training within 30 days of requiring access and annually thereafter. In accordance with Department of Defense Instruction O-2000.16 Volume 1, DoD Antiterrorism (AT) Program Implementation: DoD AT Standards, Level I antiterrorism awareness training shall be completed -

(1) Through a DoD-sponsored and certified computer or web-based distance learning instruction for Level I antiterrorism awareness; or

(2) Under the instruction of a Level I antiterrorism awareness instructor.

(c) *Additional information*. Information and guidance pertaining to DoD antiterrorism awareness training is available at *https://jko.jten.mil/* or as otherwise identified in the performance work statement.

(d) *Subcontracts.* The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts, including subcontracts for commercial items, when subcontractor performance requires routine physical access to a Federally-controlled facility or military installation.

## DFARS 252.204-7012 SAFEGUARDING COVERED DEFENSE INFORMATION AND CYBER INCIDENT REPORTING (DEC 2019)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause -

Adequate security means protective measures that are commensurate with the consequences and probability of loss, misuse, or unauthorized access to, or modification of information.

Compromise means disclosure of information to unauthorized persons, or a violation of the security policy of a system, in which unauthorized intentional or unintentional disclosure, modification, destruction, or loss of an object, or the copying of information to unauthorized media may have occurred.

Contractor attributional/proprietary information means information that identifies the contractor(s), whether directly or indirectly, by the grouping of information that can be traced back to the contractor(s) (e.g., program description, facility locations), personally identifiable information, as well as trade secrets, commercial or financial information, or other commercially sensitive information that is not customarily shared outside of the company.

Controlled technical information means technical information with military or space application that is subject to controls on the access, use, reproduction, modification, performance, display, release, disclosure, or dissemination. Controlled technical information would meet the criteria, if disseminated, for distribution statements B through F using the criteria set forth in DoD Instruction 5230.24, Distribution Statements on Technical Documents. The term does not include information that is lawfully publicly available without restrictions.

Covered contractor information system means an unclassified information system that is owned, or operated by or for, a contractor and that processes, stores, or transmits covered defense information.

Covered defense information means unclassified controlled technical information or other information, as described in the Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) Registry at http://www.archives.gov/cui/registry/category-list.html, that requires safeguarding or dissemination controls pursuant to and consistent with law, regulations, and Governmentwide policies, and is

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(1) Marked or otherwise identified in the contract, task order, or delivery order and provided to the contractor by or on behalf of DoD in support of the performance of the contract; or

(2) Collected, developed, received, transmitted, used, or stored by or on behalf of the contractor in support of the performance of the contract.

Cyber incident means actions taken through the use of computer networks that result in a compromise or an actual or potentially adverse effect on an information system and/or the information residing therein.

Forensic analysis means the practice of gathering, retaining, and analyzing computer-related data for investigative purposes in a manner that maintains the integrity of the data.

Information system means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information.

Malicious software means computer software or firmware intended to perform an unauthorized process that will have adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of an information system. This definition includes a virus, worm, Trojan horse, or other code-based entity that infects a host, as well as spyware and some forms of adware.

Media means physical devices or writing surfaces including, but is not limited to, magnetic tapes, optical disks, magnetic disks, large-scale integration memory chips, and printouts onto which covered defense information is recorded, stored, or printed within a covered contractor information system.

Operationally critical support means supplies or services designated by the Government as critical for airlift, sealift, intermodal transportation services, or logistical support that is essential to the mobilization, deployment, or sustainment of the Armed Forces in a contingency operation.

Rapidly report means within 72 hours of discovery of any cyber incident.

Technical information means technical data or computer software, as those terms are defined in the clause at DFARS 252.227-7013, Rights in Technical Data - Noncommercial Items, regardless of whether or not the clause is incorporated in this solicitation or contract. Examples of technical information include research and engineering data, engineering drawings, and associated lists, specifications, standards, process sheets, manuals, technical reports, technical orders, catalog-item identifications, data sets, studies and analyses and related information, and computer software executable code and source code.

(b) Adequate security. The Contractor shall provide adequate security on all covered contractor information systems. To provide adequate security, the Contractor shall implement, at a minimum, the following information security protections:

(1) For covered contractor information systems that are part of an information technology (IT) service or system operated on behalf of the Government, the following security requirements apply:

(i) Cloud computing services shall be subject to the security requirements specified in the clause 252.239-7010, Cloud Computing Services, of this contract.

(ii) Any other such IT service or system (i.e., other than cloud computing) shall be subject to the security requirements specified elsewhere in this contract.

(2) For covered contractor information systems that are not part of an IT service or system operated on behalf of the Government and therefore are not subject to the security requirement specified at paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the following security requirements apply:

(i) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this clause, the covered contractor information system shall be subject to the security requirements in National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-171, "Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Information Systems and Organizations" (available via the internet at http://dx.doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-171) in effect at the time the solicitation is issued or as authorized by the

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#### Contracting Officer.

(ii)(A) The Contractor shall implement NIST SP 800-171, as soon as practical, but not later than December 31, 2017. For all contracts awarded prior to October 1, 2017, the Contractor shall notify the DoD Chief Information Officer (CIO), via email at osd.dibcsia@mail.mil, within 30 days of contract award, of any security requirements specified by NIST SP 800-171 not implemented at the time of contract award.

(B) The Contractor shall submit requests to vary from NIST SP 800-171 in writing to the Contracting Officer, for consideration by the DoD CIO. The Contractor need not implement any security requirement adjudicated by an authorized representative of the DoD CIO to be nonapplicable or to have an alternative, but equally effective, security measure that may be implemented in its place.

(C) If the DoD CIO has previously adjudicated the contractor's requests indicating that a requirement is not applicable or that an alternative security measure is equally effective, a copy of that approval shall be provided to the Contracting Officer when requesting its recognition under this contract.

(D) If the Contractor intends to use an external cloud service provider to store, process, or transmit any covered defense information in performance of this contract, the Contractor shall require and ensure that the cloud service provider meets security requirements equivalent to those established by the Government for the Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) Moderate baseline (https://www.fedramp.gov/resources/documents/) and that the cloud service provider complies with requirements in paragraphs (c) through (g) of this clause for cyber incident reporting, malicious software, media preservation and protection, access to additional information and equipment necessary for forensic analysis, and cyber incident damage assessment.

(3) Apply other information systems security measures when the Contractor reasonably determines that information systems security measures, in addition to those identified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this clause, may be required to provide adequate security in a dynamic environment or to accommodate special circumstances (e.g., medical devices) and any individual, isolated, or temporary deficiencies based on an assessed risk or vulnerability. These measures may be addressed in a system security plan.

(c) Cyber incident reporting requirement.

(1) When the Contractor discovers a cyber incident that affects a covered contractor information system or the covered defense information residing therein, or that affects the contractor's ability to perform the requirements of the contract that are designated as operationally critical support and identified in the contract, the Contractor shall -

(i) Conduct a review for evidence of compromise of covered defense information, including, but not limited to, identifying compromised computers, servers, specific data, and user accounts. This review shall also include analyzing covered contractor information system(s) that were part of the cyber incident, as well as other information systems on the Contractor's network(s), that may have been accessed as a result of the incident in order to identify compromised covered defense information, or that affect the Contractor's ability to provide operationally critical support; and

(ii) Rapidly report cyber incidents to DoD at https://dibnet.dod.mil.

(2) Cyber incident report. The cyber incident report shall be treated as information created by or for DoD and shall include, at a minimum, the required elements at https://dibnet.dod.mil.

(3) Medium assurance certificate requirement. In order to report cyber incidents in accordance with this clause, the Contractor or subcontractor shall have or acquire a DoD-approved medium assurance certificate to report cyber incidents. For information on obtaining a DoD-approved medium assurance certificate, see https://public.cyber.mil/eca/.

(d) Malicious software. When the Contractor or subcontractors discover and isolate malicious software in connection with a reported cyber incident, submit the malicious software to DoD Cyber Crime Center (DC3) in accordance with instructions provided by DC3 or the Contracting Officer. Do not send the malicious software to the Contracting Officer.

(e) Media preservation and protection. When a Contractor discovers a cyber incident has occurred, the Contractor shall

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preserve and protect images of all known affected information systems identified in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this clause and all relevant monitoring/packet capture data for at least 90 days from the submission of the cyber incident report to allow DoD to request the media or decline interest.

(f) Access to additional information or equipment necessary for forensic analysis. Upon request by DoD, the Contractor shall provide DoD with access to additional information or equipment that is necessary to conduct a forensic analysis.

(g) Cyber incident damage assessment activities. If DoD elects to conduct a damage assessment, the Contracting Officer will request that the Contractor provide all of the damage assessment information gathered in accordance with paragraph (e) of this clause.

(h) DoD safeguarding and use of contractor attributional/proprietary information. The Government shall protect against the unauthorized use or release of information obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that includes contractor attributional/proprietary information, including such information submitted in accordance with paragraph (c). To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall identify and mark attributional/proprietary information. In making an authorized release of such information, the Government will implement appropriate procedures to minimize the contractor attributional/proprietary information that is included in such authorized release, seeking to include only that information that is necessary for the authorized purpose(s) for which the information is being released.

(i) Use and release of contractor attributional/proprietary information not created by or for DoD. Information that is obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that is not created by or for DoD is authorized to be released outside of DoD -

(1) To entities with missions that may be affected by such information;

(2) To entities that may be called upon to assist in the diagnosis, detection, or mitigation of cyber incidents;

(3) To Government entities that conduct counterintelligence or law enforcement investigations;

(4) For national security purposes, including cyber situational awareness and defense purposes (including with Defense Industrial Base (DIB) participants in the program at 32 CFR part 236); or

(5) To a support services contractor ("recipient") that is directly supporting Government activities under a contract that includes the clause at 252.204-7009, Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Third-Party Contractor Reported Cyber Incident Information.

(j) Use and release of contractor attributional/proprietary information created by or for DoD. Information that is obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that is created by or for DoD (including the information submitted pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause) is authorized to be used and released outside of DoD for purposes and activities authorized by paragraph (i) of this clause, and for any other lawful Government purpose or activity, subject to all applicable statutory, regulatory, and policy based restrictions on the Government's use and release of such information.

(k) The Contractor shall conduct activities under this clause in accordance with applicable laws and regulations on the interception, monitoring, access, use, and disclosure of electronic communications and data.

(1) Other safeguarding or reporting requirements. The safeguarding and cyber incident reporting required by this clause in no way abrogates the Contractor's responsibility for other safeguarding or cyber incident reporting pertaining to its unclassified information systems as required by other applicable clauses of this contract, or as a result of other applicable U.S. Government statutory or regulatory requirements.

(m) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall -

(1) Include this clause, including this paragraph (m), in subcontracts, or similar contractual instruments, for operationally critical support, or for which subcontract performance will involve covered defense information, including subcontracts for

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commercial items, without alteration, except to identify the parties. The Contractor shall determine if the information required for subcontractor performance retains its identity as covered defense information and will require protection under this clause, and, if necessary, consult with the Contracting Officer; and

(2) Require subcontractors to -

(i) Notify the prime Contractor (or next higher-tier subcontractor) when submitting a request to vary from a NIST SP 800-171 security requirement to the Contracting Officer, in accordance with paragraph (b)(2)(ii)(B) of this clause; and

(ii) Provide the incident report number, automatically assigned by DoD, to the prime Contractor (or next higher-tier subcontractor) as soon as practicable, when reporting a cyber incident to DoD as required in paragraph (c) of this clause.

# 252.204-7018 Prohibition on the Acquisition of Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services.

As prescribed in 204.2105 (c), use the following clause:

# PROHIBITION ON THE ACQUISITION OF COVERED DEFENSE TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES (JAN 2021)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Covered defense telecommunications equipment or services" means-

(1) Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities;

(2) Telecommunications services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or

(3) Telecommunications equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

"Covered foreign country" means-

(1) The People's Republic of China; or

(2) The Russian Federation.

"Covered missions" means-

(1) The nuclear deterrence mission of DoD, including with respect to nuclear command, control, and communications, integrated tactical warning and attack assessment, and continuity of Government; or

(2) The homeland defense mission of DoD, including with respect to ballistic missile defense.

"Critical technology" means-

(1) Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations;

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(2) Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled—

(i) Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or

(ii) For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening;

(3) Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);

(4) Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);

(5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or

(6) Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).

"Substantial or essential component" means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

(b) *Prohibition*. In accordance with section 1656 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Pub. L. 115-91), the contractor shall not provide to the Government any equipment, system, or service to carry out covered missions that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless the covered defense telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 204.2104.

(c) *Procedures*. The Contractor shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <u>https://www.sam.gov</u> for entities that are excluded when providing any equipment, system, or service, to carry out covered missions, that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless a waiver is granted.

## (d) Reporting.

(1) In the event the Contractor identifies covered defense telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, the Contractor shall report at <u>https://dibnet.dod.mil</u> the information in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause.

(2) The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this clause:

(i) Within 3 business days from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

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(ii) Within 30 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this clause: any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of a covered defense telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(e) *Subcontracts*. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

(End of clause)

## DFARS 252.205-7000 PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT HOLDERS (DEC 1991)

(a) *Definition.* "Cooperative agreement holder" means a State or local government; a private, nonprofit organization; a tribal organization (as defined in section 4(c) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (Pub. L. 93-268; 25 U.S.C. 450(c))); or an economic enterprise (as defined in section 3(e) of the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (Pub. L. 93-362; 25 U.S.C. 1452(e))) whether such economic enterprise is organized for profit or nonprofit purposes; which has an agreement with the Defense Logistics Agency to furnish procurement technical assistance to business entities.

(b) The Contractor shall provide cooperative agreement holders, upon their request, with a list of those appropriate employees or offices responsible for entering into subcontracts under defense contracts. The list shall include the business address, telephone number, and area of responsibility of each employee or office.

(c) The Contractor need not provide the listing to a particular cooperative agreement holder more frequently than once a year.

#### DFARS 252.211-7003 ITEM UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION AND VALUATION (MAR 2016)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause -

Automatic identification device means a device, such as a reader or interrogator, used to retrieve data encoded on machinereadable media.

Concatenated unique item identifier means -

(1) For items that are serialized within the enterprise identifier, the linking together of the unique identifier data elements in order of the issuing agency code, enterprise identifier, and unique serial number within the enterprise identifier; or

(2) For items that are serialized within the original part, lot, or batch number, the linking together of the unique identifier data elements in order of the issuing agency code; enterprise identifier; original part, lot, or batch number; and serial number within the original part, lot, or batch number.

Data matrix means a two-dimensional matrix symbology, which is made up of square or, in some cases, round modules arranged within a perimeter finder pattern and uses the Error Checking and Correction 200 (ECC200) specification found within International Standards Organization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 16022.

Data qualifier means a specified character (or string of characters) that immediately precedes a data field that defines the general category or intended use of the data that follows.

DoD recognized unique identification equivalent means a unique identification method that is in commercial use and has

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been recognized by DoD. All DoD recognized unique identification equivalents are listed at http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/pdi/uid/iuid\_equivalents.html.

DoD item unique identification means a system of marking items delivered to DoD with unique item identifiers that have machine-readable data elements to distinguish an item from all other like and unlike items. For items that are serialized within the enterprise identifier, the unique item identifier shall include the data elements of the enterprise identifier and a unique serial number. For items that are serialized within the part, lot, or batch number within the enterprise identifier, the unique item identifier; the original part, lot, or batch number; and the serial number.

Enterprise means the entity (e.g., a manufacturer or vendor) responsible for assigning unique item identifiers to items.

Enterprise identifier means a code that is uniquely assigned to an enterprise by an issuing agency.

Government's unit acquisition cost means -

(1) For fixed-price type line, subline, or exhibit line items, the unit price identified in the contract at the time of delivery;

(2) For cost-type or undefinitized line, subline, or exhibit line items, the Contractor's estimated fully burdened unit cost to the Government at the time of delivery; and

(3) For items produced under a time-and-materials contract, the Contractor's estimated fully burdened unit cost to the Government at the time of delivery.

Issuing agency means an organization responsible for assigning a globally unique identifier to an enterprise, as indicated in the Register of Issuing Agency Codes for ISO/IEC 15459, located at http://www.aimglobal.org/?Reg\_Authority15459.

Issuing agency code means a code that designates the registration (or controlling) authority for the enterprise identifier.

Item means a single hardware article or a single unit formed by a grouping of subassemblies, components, or constituent parts.

Lot or batch number means an identifying number assigned by the enterprise to a designated group of items, usually referred to as either a lot or a batch, all of which were manufactured under identical conditions.

Machine-readable means an automatic identification technology media, such as bar codes, contact memory buttons, radio frequency identification, or optical memory cards.

Original part number means a combination of numbers or letters assigned by the enterprise at item creation to a class of items with the same form, fit, function, and interface.

Parent item means the item assembly, intermediate component, or subassembly that has an embedded item with a unique item identifier or DoD recognized unique identification equivalent.

Serial number within the enterprise identifier means a combination of numbers, letters, or symbols assigned by the enterprise to an item that provides for the differentiation of that item from any other like and unlike item and is never used again within the enterprise.

Serial number within the part, lot, or batch number means a combination of numbers or letters assigned by the enterprise to an item that provides for the differentiation of that item from any other like item within a part, lot, or batch number assignment.

Serialization within the enterprise identifier means each item produced is assigned a serial number that is unique among all the tangible items produced by the enterprise and is never used again. The enterprise is responsible for ensuring unique serialization within the enterprise identifier.

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Serialization within the part, lot, or batch number means each item of a particular part, lot, or batch number is assigned a unique serial number within that part, lot, or batch number assignment. The enterprise is responsible for ensuring unique serialization within the part, lot, or batch number within the enterprise identifier.

Type designation means a combination of letters and numerals assigned by the Government to a major end item, assembly or subassembly, as appropriate, to provide a convenient means of differentiating between items having the same basic name and to indicate modifications and changes thereto.

Unique item identifier means a set of data elements marked on items that is globally unique and unambiguous. The term includes a concatenated unique item identifier or a DoD recognized unique identification equivalent.

Unique item identifier type means a designator to indicate which method of uniquely identifying a part has been used. The current list of accepted unique item identifier types is maintained at http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/pdi/uid/uii\_types.html.

(b) The Contractor shall deliver all items under a contract line, subline, or exhibit line item.

(c) Unique item identifier.

(1) The Contractor shall provide a unique item identifier for the following:

(i) Delivered items for which the Government's unit acquisition cost is \$5,000 or more, except for the following line items:

#### SEE SCHEDULE

(ii) Items for which the Government's unit acquisition cost is less than \$5,000 that are identified in the Schedule or the following table:

#### SEE SCHEDULE

(iii) Subassemblies, components, and parts embedded within delivered items, items with warranty requirements, DoD serially managed reparables and DoD serially managed nonreparables as specified in Attachment Number \_\_\_\_.

(iv) Any item of special tooling or special test equipment as defined in FAR 2.101 that have been designated for preservation and storage for a Major Defense Acquisition Program as specified in Attachment Number \_\_\_.

(v) Any item not included in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this clause for which the contractor creates and marks a unique item identifier for traceability.

(2) The unique item identifier assignment and its component data element combination shall not be duplicated on any other item marked or registered in the DoD Item Unique Identification Registry by the contractor.

(3) The unique item identifier component data elements shall be marked on an item using two dimensional data matrix symbology that complies with ISO/IEC International Standard 16022, Information technology - International symbology specification - Data matrix; ECC200 data matrix specification.

(4) Data syntax and semantics of unique item identifiers. The Contractor shall ensure that -

(i) The data elements (except issuing agency code) of the unique item identifier are encoded within the data matrix symbol that is marked on the item using one of the following three types of data qualifiers, as determined by the Contractor:

(A) Application Identifiers (AIs) (Format Indicator 05 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with ISO/IEC International Standard 15418, Information Technology - EAN/UCC Application Identifiers and Fact Data Identifiers and Maintenance and ANSI MH 10.8.2 Data Identifier and Application Identifier Standard.

(B) Data Identifiers (DIs) (Format Indicator 06 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with ISO/IEC International Standard 15418, Information Technology - EAN/UCC Application Identifiers and Fact Data Identifiers and

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Maintenance and ANSI MH 10.8.2 Data Identifier and Application Identifier Standard.

(C) Text Element Identifiers (TEIs) (Format Indicator 12 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with the Air Transport Association Common Support Data Dictionary; and

(ii) The encoded data elements of the unique item identifier conform to the transfer structure, syntax, and coding of messages and data formats specified for Format Indicators 05, 06, and 12 in ISO/IEC International Standard 15434, Information Technology-Transfer Syntax for High Capacity Automatic Data Capture Media.

(5) Unique item identifier.

(i) The Contractor shall -

(A) Determine whether to -

(1) Serialize within the enterprise identifier;

(2) Serialize within the part, lot, or batch number; or

(3) Use a DoD recognized unique identification equivalent (e.g. Vehicle Identification Number); and

(B) Place the data elements of the unique item identifier (enterprise identifier; serial number; DoD recognized unique identification equivalent; and for serialization within the part, lot, or batch number only: Original part, lot, or batch number) on items requiring marking by paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, based on the criteria provided in MIL-STD-130, Identification Marking of U.S. Military Property, latest version;

(C) Label shipments, storage containers and packages that contain uniquely identified items in accordance with the requirements of MIL-STD-129, Military Marking for Shipment and Storage, latest version; and

(D) Verify that the marks on items and labels on shipments, storage containers, and packages are machine readable and conform to the applicable standards. The contractor shall use an automatic identification technology device for this verification that has been programmed to the requirements of Appendix A, MIL-STD-130, latest version.

(ii) The issuing agency code -

(A) Shall not be placed on the item; and

(B) Shall be derived from the data qualifier for the enterprise identifier.

(d) For each item that requires item unique identification under paragraph (c)(1)(i), (ii), or (iv) of this clause or when item unique identification is provided under paragraph (c)(1)(v), in addition to the information provided as part of the Material Inspection and Receiving Report specified elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor shall report at the time of delivery, as part of the Material Inspection and Receiving Report, the following information:

(1) Unique item identifier.

- (2) Unique item identifier type.
- (3) Issuing agency code (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
- (4) Enterprise identifier (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
- (5) Original part number (if there is serialization within the original part number).
- (6) Lot or batch number (if there is serialization within the lot or batch number).

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- (7) Current part number (optional and only if not the same as the original part number).
- (8) Current part number effective date (optional and only if current part number is used).
- (9) Serial number (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
- (10) Government's unit acquisition cost.
- (11) Unit of measure.
- (12) Type designation of the item as specified in the contract schedule, if any.
- (13) Whether the item is an item of Special Tooling or Special Test Equipment.
- (14) Whether the item is covered by a warranty.

(e) For embedded subassemblies, components, and parts that require DoD item unique identification under paragraph (c)(1)(iii) of this clause or when item unique identification is provided under paragraph (c)(1)(v), the Contractor shall report as part of the Material Inspection and Receiving Report specified elsewhere in this contract, the following information:

(1) Unique item identifier of the parent item under paragraph (c)(1) of this clause that contains the embedded subassembly, component, or part.

- (2) Unique item identifier of the embedded subassembly, component, or part.
- (3) Unique item identifier type.\*\*
- (4) Issuing agency code (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).\*\*
- (5) Enterprise identifier (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).\*\*
- (6) Original part number (if there is serialization within the original part number).\*\*
- (7) Lot or batch number (if there is serialization within the lot or batch number).\*\*
- (8) Current part number (optional and only if not the same as the original part number).\*\*
- (9) Current part number effective date (optional and only if current part number is used).\*\*
- (10) Serial number (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).\*\*
- (11) Description.
- \*\* Once per item.
- (f) The Contractor shall submit the information required by paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause as follows:

(1) End items shall be reported using the receiving report capability in Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF) in accordance with the clause at 252.232-7003. If WAWF is not required by this contract, and the contractor is not using WAWF, follow the procedures at http://dodprocurementtoolbox.com/site/uidregistry/.

- (2) Embedded items shall be reported by one of the following methods -
- (i) Use of the embedded items capability in WAWF;
- (ii) Direct data submission to the IUID Registry following the procedures and formats at

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http://dodprocurementtoolbox.com/site/uidregistry/; or

(iii) Via WAWF as a deliverable attachment for exhibit line item number (fill in) \_\_, Unique Item Identifier Report for Embedded Items, Contract Data Requirements List, DD Form 1423.

(g) Subcontracts. If the Contractor acquires by contract any items for which item unique identification is required in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, the Contractor shall include this clause, including this paragraph (g), in the applicable subcontract(s), including subcontracts for commercial items.

#### 52.216-18 Ordering.

As prescribed in 16.506(a), insert the following clause:

Ordering (Aug 2020)

(a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the Schedule. Such orders may be issued from \_\_\_\_\_\_ through *[insert dates]*.

(b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.

(c) A delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when-

(1) If sent by mail (includes transmittal by U.S. mail or private delivery service), the Government deposits the order in the mail;

(2) If sent by fax, the Government transmits the order to the Contractor's fax number; or

(3) If sent electronically, the Government either-

(i) Posts a copy of the delivery order or task order to a Government document access system, and notice is sent to the Contractor; or

(ii) Distributes the delivery order or task order via email to the Contractor's email address.

(d) Orders may be issued by methods other than those enumerated in this clause only if authorized in the contract.

(End of clause)

#### DFARS 252.219-7003 SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN (DOD CONTRACTS) - BASIC (DEC 2019)

This clause supplements the Federal Acquisition Regulation 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan, clause of this contract.

(a) Definition. As used in this clause-

*Summary Subcontract Report (SSR) Coordinator* means the individual who is registered in the Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) at the Department of Defense level and is responsible for acknowledging receipt or rejecting SSRs submitted under an individual subcontracting plan in eSRS for the Department of Defense.

(b) Subcontracts awarded to qualified nonprofit agencies designated by the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (41 U.S.C. 8502-8504), may be counted toward the Contractor's small business subcontracting

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goal (section 8025 of Pub. L. 108-87).

(c) A mentor firm, under the Pilot Mentor-Protégé Program established under section 831 of Public Law 101-510, as

amended, may count toward its small disadvantaged business goal, subcontracts awarded to-

(1) Protégé firms which are qualified organizations employing the severely disabled; and

(2) Former protégé firms that meet the criteria in section 831(g)(4) of Public Law 101-510.

(d) The master plan is approved by the cognizant contract administration activity for the Contractor.

(e) In those subcontracting plans which specifically identify small businesses, the Contractor shall notify the Administrative Contracting Officer of any substitutions of firms that are not small business firms, for the small business firms specifically identified in the subcontracting plan. Notifications shall be in writing and shall occur within a reasonable period of time after award of the subcontract. Contractor-specified formats shall be acceptable.

(f)(1) For DoD, the Contractor shall submit reports in eSRS as follows:

(i) The Individual Subcontract Report (ISR) shall be submitted to the contracting officer at the procuring contracting office, even when contract administration has been delegated to the Defense Contract Management Agency.

(ii) Submit the consolidated SSR for an individual subcontracting plan to the "Department of Defense."

(2) For DoD, the authority to acknowledge receipt or reject reports in eSRS is as follows:

(i) The authority to acknowledge receipt or reject the ISR resides with the contracting officer who receives it, as described in paragraph (f)(1)(i) of this clause.

(ii) The authority to acknowledge receipt of or reject SSRs submitted under an individual subcontracting plan resides with the SSR Coordinator.

(g) Include the clause at Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) 252.219-7004, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Test Program), in subcontracts with subcontractors that participate in the Test Program described in DFARS 219.702-70, if the subcontract is expected to exceed the applicable threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation 19.702(a), and to have further subcontracting opportunities.

## DFARS 252.226-7001 UTILIZATION OF INDIAN ORGANIZATIONS, INDIAN-OWNED ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES, AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS (APR 2019)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause -

Indian means -

(1) Any person who is a member of any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 1452(c); and (2) Any "Native" as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*).

*Indian organization* means the governing body of any Indian tribe or entity established or recognized by the governing body of an Indian tribe for the purposes of 25 U.S.C. chapter 17.

*Indian-owned economic enterprise* means any Indian-owned (as determined by the Secretary of the Interior) commercial, industrial, or business activity established or organized for the purpose of profit, provided that Indian ownership constitutes not less than 51 percent of the enterprise.

*Indian tribe* means any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community, including native villages and native groups (including corporations organized by Kenai, Juneau, Sitka, and Kodiak) as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from BIA in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 1452(c). *Interested party* means a contractor or an actual or prospective offeror whose direct economic interest would be affected by the award of a subcontract or by the failure to award a subcontract.

Native Hawaiian small business concern means an entity that is -

(1) A small business concern as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632) and relevant implementing regulations; and

(2) Owned and controlled by a Native Hawaiian as defined in 25 U.S.C. 4221(9).

(b) The Contractor shall use its best efforts to give Indian organizations, Indian-owned economic enterprises, and Native Hawaiian small business concerns the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in the subcontracts it awards, to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of the contract.

(c) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor, acting in good faith, may rely on the representation of an Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern as to its eligibility, unless an interested party challenges its status or the Contracting Officer has independent reason to question that status.

(d) In the event of a challenge to the representation of a subcontractor, the Contracting Officer will refer the matter to -

(1) (i) For matters relating to Indian organizations or Indian-owned economic enterprises:

U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Attn: Bureau Procurement Chief, 12220 Sunrise Valley Drive, Reston, VA 20191, Phone: 703-390-6433, Website: *https://www.bia.gov/*.

(ii) The BIA will determine the eligibility and will notify the Contracting Officer.

(2)(i) For matters relating to Native Hawaiian small business concerns:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, P.O. Box 1879, Honolulu, HI 96805, Phone: 808-620-9500, Website: *http://dhhl.hawaii.gov/*.

(ii) The Department of Hawaiian Home Lands will determine the eligibility and will notify the Contracting Officer.

(e) No incentive payment will be made -

(1) While a challenge is pending; or

(2) If a subcontractor is determined to be an ineligible participant.

(f)(1) The Contractor, on its own behalf or on behalf of a subcontractor at any tier, may request an incentive payment in accordance with this clause.

(2) The incentive amount that may be requested is 5 percent of the estimated cost, target cost, or fixed price included in the subcontract at the time of award to the Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern.

(3) In the case of a subcontract for commercial items, the Contractor may receive an incentive payment only if the subcontracted items are produced or manufactured in whole or in part by an Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern.

(4) The Contractor has the burden of proving the amount claimed and shall assert its request for an incentive payment prior to completion of contract performance.

(5) The Contracting Officer, subject to the terms and conditions of the contract and the availability of funds, will authorize an incentive payment of 5 percent of the estimated cost, target cost, or fixed price included in the subcontract awarded to the Indian organization, Indian-owned economic enterprise, or Native Hawaiian small business concern.

(6) If the Contractor requests and receives an incentive payment on behalf of a subcontractor, the Contractor is obligated to pay the subcontractor the incentive amount.

(g) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in all subcontracts exceeding \$500,000.

## DFARS 252.247-7023 TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA - BASIC (FEB 2019)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause -

*Components* means articles, materials, and supplies incorporated directly into end products at any level of manufacture, fabrication, or assembly by the Contractor or any subcontractor.

Department of Defense (DoD) means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and defense agencies.

Foreign-flag vessel means any vessel that is not a U.S.-flag vessel.

Ocean transportation means any transportation aboard a ship, vessel, boat, barge, or ferry through international waters.

*Subcontractor* means a supplier, materialman, distributor, or vendor at any level below the prime contractor whose contractual obligation to perform results from, or is conditioned upon, award of the prime contract and who is performing any part of the work or other requirement of the prime contract.

*Supplies* means all property, except land and interests in land, that is clearly identifiable for eventual use by or owned by the DoD at the time of transportation by sea. (i) An item is clearly identifiable for eventual use by the DoD if, for example, the contract documentation contains a reference to a DoD contract number or a military destination.

(ii) *Supplies* includes (but is not limited to) public works; buildings and facilities; ships; floating equipment and vessels of every character, type, and description, with parts, subassemblies, accessories, and equipment; machine tools; material;

equipment; stores of all kinds; end items; construction materials; and components of the foregoing.

*U.S.-flag vessel* means a vessel of the United States or belonging to the United States, including any vessel registered or having national status under the laws of the United States.

(b)(1) The Contractor shall use U.S.-flag vessels when transporting any supplies by sea under this contract.

(2) A subcontractor transporting supplies by sea under this contract shall use U.S.-flag vessels if -

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(i) This contract is a construction contract; or

(ii) The supplies being transported are -

(A) Noncommercial items; or

(B) Commercial items that -

(1) The Contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value (generally, the Contractor does not add value to items that it contracts for f.o.b. destination shipment);

(2) Are shipped in direct support of U.S. military contingency operations, exercises, or forces deployed in humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or

(3) Are commissary or exchange cargoes transported outside of the Defense Transportation System in accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2643.

(c) The Contractor and its subcontractors may request that the Contracting Officer authorize shipment in foreign-flag vessels, or designate available U.S.-flag vessels, if the Contractor or a subcontractor believes that -

(1) U.S.-flag vessels are not available for timely shipment;

(2) The freight charges are inordinately excessive or unreasonable; or

(3) Freight charges are higher than charges to private persons for transportation of like goods.

(d) The Contractor must submit any request for use of foreign-flag vessels in writing to the Contracting Officer at least 45 days prior to the sailing date necessary to meet its delivery schedules. The Contracting Officer will process requests submitted after such date(s) as expeditiously as possible, but the Contracting Officer's failure to grant approvals to meet the shipper's sailing date will not of itself constitute a compensable delay under this or any other clause of this contract. Requests shall contain at a minimum -

(1) Type, weight, and cube of cargo;

(2) Required shipping date;

(3) Special handling and discharge requirements;

(4) Loading and discharge points;

(5) Name of shipper and consignee;

(6) Prime contract number; and

(7) A documented description of efforts made to secure U.S.-flag vessels, including points of contact (with names and telephone numbers) with at least two U.S.-flag carriers contacted. Copies of telephone notes, telegraphic and facsimile message or letters will be sufficient for this purpose.

(e) The Contractor shall, within 30 days after each shipment covered by this clause, provide the Contracting Officer and the Maritime Administration, Office of Cargo Preference, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590, one copy of the rated on board vessel operating carrier's ocean bill of lading, which shall contain the

following information:

(1) Prime contract number;

(2) Name of vessel;

(3) Vessel flag of registry;

(4) Date of loading;

(5) Port of loading;

(6) Port of final discharge;

(7) Description of commodity;

(8) Gross weight in pounds and cubic feet if available;

(9) Total ocean freight in U.S. dollars; and

(10) Name of the steamship company.

(f) If this contract exceeds the simplified acquisition threshold, the Contractor shall provide with its final invoice under this contract a representation that to the best of its knowledge and belief -

(1) No ocean transportation was used in the performance of this contract;

(2) Ocean transportation was used and only U.S.-flag vessels were used for all ocean shipments under the contract;

(3) Ocean transportation was used, and the Contractor had the written consent of the Contracting Officer for all foreign-flag ocean transportation; or

(4) Ocean transportation was used and some or all of the shipments were made on foreign-flag vessels without the written consent of the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall describe these shipments in the following format:

TOTAL: ITEM DESCRIPTION:

CONTRACT LINE ITEMS:

OUANTITY:

(g) If this contract exceeds the simplified acquisition threshold and the final invoice does not include the required

representation, the Government will reject and return it to the Contractor as an improper invoice for the purposes of the Prompt Payment clause of this contract. In the event there has been unauthorized use of foreign-flag vessels in the performance of this contract, the Contracting Officer is entitled to equitably adjust the contract, based on the unauthorized use.

(h) If the Contractor has indicated by the response to the solicitation provision, Representation of Extent of Transportation by Sea, that it did not anticipate transporting by sea any supplies; however, after the award of this contract, the Contractor learns that supplies will be transported by sea, the Contractor -

(1) Shall notify the Contracting Officer of that fact; and

(2) Hereby agrees to comply with all the terms and conditions of this clause.

(i) In the award of subcontracts for the types of supplies described in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, including subcontracts for commercial items, the Contractor shall flow down the requirements of this clause as follows:

(1) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (i), in subcontracts that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold in part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(2) The Contractor shall insert the substance of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this clause, and this paragraph (i), in subcontracts that are at or below the simplified acquisition threshold in part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

### 5452.233-9001 DISPUTES - AGREEMENT TO USE ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (JUN 2020)

(a) The parties agree to negotiate with each other to try to resolve any disputes that may arise. If unassisted negotiations are unsuccessful, the parties will use alternative dispute resolution (ADR) techniques to try to resolve the dispute. Litigation will only be considered as a last resort when ADR is unsuccessful or has been documented by the party rejecting ADR to be inappropriate for resolving the dispute.

(b) Before either party determines ADR inappropriate, that party must discuss the use of ADR with the other party. The documentation rejecting ADR must be signed by an official authorized to bind the contractor (see FAR 52.233-1), or, for the Agency, by the contracting officer, and approved at a level above the contracting officer after consultation with the ADR Specialist and legal counsel. Contractor personnel are also encouraged to include the ADR Specialist in their discussions with the contracting officer before determining ADR to be inappropriate.

(c) If you wish to opt out of this clause, check here []. Alternate wording may be negotiated with the contracting officer.

(End of Provision)

#### **I1.01 DEFINITIONS (DLA ENERGY JUN 2009)**

As used throughout this contract, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(a) **Quality Assurance Representative** (QAR) is a Government Representative authorized to represent the Contracting Officer to assure the Contractor complies with the contractual requirements in furnishing petroleum products and services.

(b) **Ordering Officer** means whichever of the following or their designated representatives is applicable: (1) the Commander, DLA Energy; (2) the Commander, Defense General Supply Center; (3) the Commander, U.S. Army Petroleum Center; (4) the Commanding Officer, U.S. Navy Petroleum Office; (5) the Director of Air Force Aerospace Fuels; (6) the Chief of the Air Force Aerospace Fuels Office; (7) the Officer in charge of the Federal Government activity encompassing any delivery point indicated in the Schedule; (8) the Commanding Officer or the Master of the vessel to be bunkered; (9) any Government Contractor furnishing evidence of authority to order under this contract; (10) the head of any Federal Government agency; (11) the pilot, the flight commander, the aircraft commander or the crew chief of the U.S. designated aircraft authorized to place orders against into-plane contracts; (12) the Contracting Officer; (13) the individual in charge of ordering coal at the receiving Government activity; (14) the driver of a Federal vehicle or boat, or the pilot of a Federal aircraft authorized to place orders under a service station contract; (15) the Navy Fleet Commanders; (16) the Defense Attaché .

(c) The acronym TK means tanker, B means barge, TC means tank car, T means truck, TT means transport truck, TTR means truck and trailer, TW means tank wagon, P means pipeline, and MSS means Marine Service Station. The acronyms or terms TT or transport truck and TTR or truck and trailer mean tank truck equipment, whereas the

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acronym or term **T** or **truck** means truck equipment for hauling drummed or packaged supplies. The acronym **SW** means supplier's works, **CFD** means Contractor-furnished drum, and **GFD** means Government-furnished drum.

(d) **Supplies** means all property, except land and interests in land, that is clearly identifiable for eventual use by or owned by the DoD at the time of transportation by sea. An item is clearly identifiable for eventual use by the DoD if, for example, the contract documentation contains a reference to a DoD contract number or a military destination.

(e) Acceptance means the act of an authorized Representative of the Government by which the Government, for itself, or as an agent of another, assumes ownership of existing identified supplies tendered or approves specific services rendered, as partial or complete performance of the contract. For f.o.b. origin delivery acceptance occurs when the Government QAR signs the Material Inspection and Receiving Report (DD Form 250 series document). For f.o.b. destination delivery, acceptance occurs when the authorized Government Representative signs the DD Form 250 series document or the contractor's shipping document.

(f) **Calibration** means the comparison of a measurement system or device of unverified accuracy to a measurement system or device of known or greater accuracy to detect and correct any deviation from required performance specifications of the unverified measurement system or device.

(g) The terms **isolated system** and **segregated system** mean a system that has a positive separation from other systems in a tank farm through the means of blind flanges, locked double-block and bleed type valves, etc.

(h) **Dedicated system** means a system that is self contained and for the exclusive use of a particular product.

(i) **Common system** means a system that usually utilizes a manifold or pipeline that handles more than one product exclusively.

# I11.01-2ADMINISTRATIVE COST OF TERMINATION FOR CAUSE – COMMERCIAL ITEMS (DLA<br/>ENERGY FEB 1996)

(a) In the event this contract is terminated for cause, in whole or in part, the Government will incur administrative costs.

(b) The Contractor agrees to pay all administrative costs associated with a contract termination action. The minimum amount the Contractor shall pay for each termination action is \$500. This payment for administrative costs is in addition to any excess re-procurement costs and any other remedies or damages resulting from the termination.

(c) The term termination action, as used herein, means the termination for cause, including any associated reprocurement effort, involving--

- (1) Any single order or any group of orders terminated together;
- (2) Any item or group of items terminated together; or
- (3) The entire contract.

#### **I28.01** FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES (DLA ENERGY NOV 2011) (DEVIATION)

(a) As used in this contract provision--

(1) After-imposed tax means any new or increased Federal, State, or local tax that the Contractor is required to pay or bear the burden of as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

(2) After-relieved tax means any amount of Federal, State, or local tax that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear the burden of, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund or drawback, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

(3) All applicable Federal and State taxes means all excise taxes that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract pursuant to written ruling or regulation in effect on the contract date.

(4) **Contract date** means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the date set for final revised prices.

(5) **Local taxes** means taxes levied by the political subdivisions of the States, District of Columbia, or outlying areas of the United States, e.g., cities and counties.

(6) **Outlying areas** means—

(i) Commonwealths. Puerto Rico and the Northern Mariana Islands;

(ii) Territories. American Samoa, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands; and

(iii) **Minor outlying islands.** Baker Island; Howland Island, Jarvis Island; Johnston Atoll; Kingman Reef; Midway Islands; Navassa Island; Palmyra Atoll; and Wake Atoll.

(7) **State taxes** means taxes levied by the States, the District of Columbia, or outlying areas of the United States.

(8) **Tax** means taxes, duties and environmental or inspection fees, except social security or other employment taxes.

(b) The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes, except as otherwise provided. (See either the FEDERAL AND STATE TAXES/FEES or FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES AND FEES contract provision.)

(c) The contract price shall be increased by the amount of any after-imposed tax if the Contractor states in writing that the contract price does not include any contingency for such tax.

(d) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved tax.

(e) The contract price shall also be decreased by the amount of any tax that the Contractor is required to pay or bear the burden of, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer.

(f) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to any tax that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs.

(g) The Government shall, without liability, furnish evidence appropriate to establish exemption from any Federal, State, or local tax when the Contractor requests such evidence and a reasonable basis exists to sustain the exemption.

## 128.02-2FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES AND FEES (DLA ENERGY DEC 2019)(a) FEDERAL PETROLEUM-RELATED TAXES. UNLESS AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION

APPLIES, contract prices for petroleum-related products or services, including but not limited to gasoline, gasohol, aviation gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, gas oil, biofuel, kerosene for use in aviation, fuel additives, or services to provide such products, furnished under this contract INCLUDE all applicable Federal petroleum-related taxes. Examples of such petroleum-related Federal taxes may include, but are not limited to, the Federal Fuel Excise Tax and the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Tax. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE for identifying exemptions from or exceptions to Federal petroleum-related taxes, notifying DLA Energy of the exemption or exception, and refraining from invoicing for such exempted or excepted taxes, if authorized to do so by law. A Contractor not permitted by Internal Revenue Service regulations to sell tax-free fuel must state that in its offer.

(b) **STATE OR TERRITORY TAXES INCLUDED.** UNLESS AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION APPLIES, all contract prices for petroleum-related products or services, including but not limited to gasoline, gasohol, aviation gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, gas oil, biofuel, kerosene for use in aviation, fuel additives, or services to provide such products, furnished under this contract INCLUDE State taxes. Examples of such taxes may include, but are not limited to, fuel excise taxes, sales taxes, gross receipts taxes, or other similar such taxes. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE for identifying exemptions from or exceptions to state or territory petroleum-related taxes, notifying DLA Energy of the exemption or exception, and refraining from invoicing for such exempted or excepted taxes, if authorized to do so by law. The Contractor's invoice shall include a list of all State taxes that are included in the price, including the applicable rate.

(c) LOCAL TAXES INCLUDED. UNLESS AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION APPLIES, all contract prices for petroleum-related products, including but not limited to gasoline, gasohol, aviation gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, gas oil, biofuel, kerosene for use in aviation, fuel additives or services to provide such products, furnished under this contract INCLUDE local (city, county, etc.) taxes. Examples of such taxes may include, but are not limited to, fuel excise taxes, sales taxes, gross receipts taxes, or other similar such taxes. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE for identifying exemptions or exceptions from local petroleum-related taxes, notifying DLA Energy of the exemption or exception, and refraining from invoicing for such exempted or excepted taxes, if authorized to do so by law. The Contractor's invoice shall include a list of all local taxes that are included in the price, including the applicable rate.

(d) ENVIRONMENTAL AND OIL SPILL TAXES AND INSPECTION FEES INCLUDED. UNLESS AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION APPLIES, all contract prices for petroleum-related products, including but not limited to gasoline, gasohol, aviation gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, gas oil, biofuel, kerosene for use in aviation, fuel additives, or

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services to provide such products, furnished under this contract INCLUDE Federal, State/Territory, and local environmental and oil spill taxes and inspection fees. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE for identifying exemptions or exceptions from such taxes and/or fees, notifying DLA Energy of the exemption or exception, and refraining from invoicing for such exempted or excepted taxes and/or fees, if authorized to do so by law. The Contractor's invoice shall include a list of all environmental and oil spill taxes and inspection fees that are included in the price, including the applicable rate.

(e) **LICENSES.** Federal, State, and local licenses or other requirements necessary to establish Contractor's entitlement to do business and/or to make tax-exempt sales under this contract are solely the responsibility of the Contractor. Failure to obtain appropriate licenses or to follow required procedures shall preclude the reimbursement of taxes that would otherwise be included in the contract price.

#### I28.03-1 TAX EXEMPTION CERTIFICATES (DLA ENERGY AUG 2003)

(a) FEDERAL AND STATE EXCISE TAXES. Contractors shall forward requests for tax exemption certificates covering any Federal Excise Tax (FET) or State excise tax to the Contracting Officer or Ordering Officer.
(b) STATE TAXES OTHER THAN EXCISE TAXES, LOCAL TAXES, AND ENVIRONMENTAL

**TAXES AND FEES.** Contractors shall forward requests for tax exemption certificates covering any State taxes other than excise taxes to the Contracting Officer or Ordering Officer. Examples of such taxes include local taxes, environmental taxes and inspection fees.

(c) GOVERNMENT OPTION TO DEDUCT TAX AND FURNISH TAX EXEMPTION

**CERTIFICATES.** If this contract provides that the Contractor should invoice for FET, the supplies to be furnished at the time of contract execution are generally intended for a taxable purpose. However, where the invoice for any item includes FET and tax exemption can be claimed, the applicable tax may be deducted by the Government from the order or the invoice and a tax exemption certificate furnished in lieu of paying the tax. The Contracting Officer or Ordering Officer will issue these tax exemption certificates.

#### **I86.03 DELIVERY-ORDER LIMITATIONS (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)**

This provision is applicable only to tank truck and tank wagon deliveries.

(a) **MINIMUM ORDER.** The Contractor shall not be obligated to honor any order under this contract for less than the minimum quantity applicable to the method of delivery called for by the item(s) as specified in the DELIVERY CONDITIONS FOR TRANSPORT TRUCKS, TRUCKS AND TRAILERS, AND TANK WAGONS provision.

(b) **MAXIMUM ORDER.** Unless otherwise stated in the Schedule, the Contractor shall not be obligated to honor any order for a single item/a combination of items/a series of orders from the same ordering office, within any given 30-day period, in excess of whichever of the following is applicable:

(1) If the total estimated contract quantity is 100,000 gallons or less, the Contractor shall not be required to deliver a quantity in excess of the total estimated contract quantity of the item/all the items/all the items on all the orders;

(2) If the total estimated contract quantity is between 100,000 and 500,000 gallons, the Contractor shall not be required to deliver a quantity in excess of 50 percent of the total estimated contract quantity of the item/all the items/all the items on all the orders, or 100,000 gallons, whichever is greater; or

(3) If the total estimated contract quantity is greater than 500,000 gallons, the Contractor shall not be required to deliver a quantity in excess of 35 percent of the total estimated contract quantity of the item/all the items/all the items on all the orders, or 250,000 gallons, whichever is greater.

(c) The Government is not required to order a part of any one requirement from the Contractor if that requirement exceeds the maximum-order limitations in (b) above.

(d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Contractor shall honor any order received that exceeds the maximum order limitations set forth above unless the Contractor verbally notifies the Ordering Officer within two workdays, followed by the return of the written orders to the ordering office, that he does not intend to make shipment of the items called for and the reasons therefore. When the Government has received this verbal notice, the Government may secure the supplies from another source.

## 1186PROTECTION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AND SPILL PREVENTION (DLA ENERGY FEB2009)

(a) The Contractor shall use reasonable care to avoid damaging or contaminating existing buildings, equipment, asphalt pavement, soil, or vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on the Government installation. If the Contractor fails to use reasonable care or fail to comply with the requirements of this contract and damages or contaminates any such buildings, equipment, asphalt pavement, soil or vegetation, or other Government facilities, he shall replace the damaged items or repair the damage at no expense to the Government and to the satisfaction of the Government. Should the Contractor fail or refuse to make such repairs or replacements, the Government may have the said repairs or replacement accomplished, and the Contractor shall be liable for the cost thereof which may be deducted from the amounts which become due under this contract. Informal agreement with the Contractor upon replacement, repairs, or costs to be deducted shall first be attempted by the Installation Commander or Ordering Officer. If disagreement persists, the matter shall be referred to the Contracting Officer. Unless approved by the Contracting Officer, no costs shall be deducted from amounts due or owing without the Contractor's consent.

(b) The Contractor shall take all measures as required by law to prevent oil spills (including, but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying or dumping into or onto any land or water). In the event the Contractor spills any oil (including, but not limited to, gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, or jet fuel), the Contractor shall be responsible for the containment, cleanup, and disposal of the oil spilled. Should the Contractor fail or refuse to take the appropriate containment, cleanup, and disposal actions, the Government may do so itself. The Contractor shall reimburse the Government for all expenses incurred including fines levied by Federal, State, or local governments.

#### I209.09 EXTENSION PROVISIONS (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) The Government shall have the right to extend this contract on the same terms and conditions one or more times for a total of no more than six months. Notice of contract extension will be furnished to the Contractor not later than <u>thirty (30)</u> <u>days</u> prior to expiration of the contract ordering period or any extension thereof. Nothing in this contract provision precludes the Contractor from agreeing to an extension of the contract if the DLA Energy Contracting Officer fails to issue the notice prior to <u>thirty (30) days</u> before the end of the ordering period.

(b) Extension of this contract shall be considered to have been accomplished at the time the DLA Energy Contracting Officer provides written notification to the Contractor.

#### **SECTION J: LIST OF ATTACHMENTS**

## THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENTS ARE INCLUDED IN THIS SOLICITATION:

ATTACHMENT	DESCRIPTION
А	Line Item Sourcing
В	Schedule
С	AMPS Snapshot: User Registration-External Users
D	Requesting the OET Vendor Role in AMPS
Е	PCS OET Vendor Guide
F	Section C (Fuel Specifications)
G	Section E Contract Texts

#### SECTION K: REPRESENTATION AND CERTIFICATIONS

#### 52.204-16 Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.

As prescribed in 4.1804(a), use the following provision:

Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting (Aug 2020)

(a) Definition. As used in this provision -

Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code means-

(1) An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity by unique location; or

(2) An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as a NATO CAGE (NCAGE) code.

(b) The Offeror shall provide its CAGE code with its offer with its name and location address or otherwise include it prominently in its proposal. The CAGE code must be for that name and location address. Insert the word "CAGE" before the number. The CAGE code is required prior to award.

(c) CAGE codes may be obtained via-

(1) Registration in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <u>www.sam.gov</u>. If the Offeror is located in the United States or its outlying areas and does not already have a CAGE code assigned, the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch will assign a CAGE code as a part of the SAM registration process. SAM registrants located outside the United States and its outlying areas shall obtain a NCAGE code prior to registration in SAM (see paragraph (c)(3) of this provision).

(2) *The DLA Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch*. If registration in SAM is not required for the subject procurement, and the Offeror does not otherwise register in SAM, an Offeror located in the United States or its outlying areas may request that a CAGE code be assigned by submitting a request at <u>https://cage.dla.mil</u>.

(3) The appropriate country codification bureau. Entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas may obtain an NCAGE code by contacting the Codification Bureau in the foreign entity's country if that country is a member of NATO or a sponsored nation. NCAGE codes may be obtained from the NSPA at <a href="https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx">https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx</a> if the foreign entity's country is not a member of NATO or a sponsored nation. Points of contact for codification bureaus, as well as additional information on obtaining NCAGE codes, are available at <a href="http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm">http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm</a>.

(d) Additional guidance for establishing and maintaining CAGE codes is available at https://cage.dla.mil.

(e) When a CAGE code is required for the immediate owner and/or the highest-level owner by Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.204-17 or 52.212-3(p), the Offeror shall obtain the respective CAGE code from that entity to supply the CAGE code to the Government.

(f) Do not delay submission of the offer pending receipt of a CAGE code.

(g) If the solicitation includes FAR clause <u>52.204-2</u>, Security Requirements, a subcontractor requiring access to classified information under a contract shall be identified with a CAGE code on the DD Form 254. The Contractor shall require a subcontractor requiring access to classified information to provide its CAGE code with its name and location address or

otherwise include it prominently in the proposal. Each location of subcontractor performance listed on the DD Form 254 is required to reflect a corresponding unique CAGE code for each listed location unless the work is being performed at a Government facility, in which case the agency location code shall be used. The CAGE code must be for that name and location address. Insert the word "CAGE" before the number. The CAGE code is required prior to award. (End of provision)

#### 52.204-24 Representation Regarding Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

As prescribed in 4.2105(a), insert the following provision:

Representation Regarding Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (Oct 2020)

The Offeror shall not complete the representation at paragraph (d)(1) of this provision if the Offeror has represented that it "does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument" in paragraph (c)(1) in the provision at 52.204-26, Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, or in paragraph (v)(2)(i) of the provision at 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items. The Offeror shall not complete the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision if the Offeror has represented that it "does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services" in paragraph (c)(2) of the provision at 52.204-26, or in paragraph (v)(2)(ii) of the provision at 52.212-3.

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Backhaul, covered telecommunications equipment or services, critical technology, interconnection arrangements, reasonable inquiry, roaming, and substantial or essential component have the meanings provided in the clause <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

#### (b) Prohibition.

(1) Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—

(i) Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

(ii) Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(2) Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract or extending or renewing a contract with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. This prohibition applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a Federal contract. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—

(i) Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

(ii) Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

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(c) *Procedures.* The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (<u>https://www.sam.gov</u>) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".

(d) Representation. The Offeror represents that-

(1) It  $\Box$  will,  $\Box$  will not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument resulting from this solicitation. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (e)(1) of this section if the Offeror responds "will" in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; and

(2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry, for purposes of this representation, the Offeror represents that-

It  $\Box$  does,  $\Box$  does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or use any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (e)(2) of this section if the Offeror responds "does" in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.

#### (e) Disclosures.

(1) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "will" in the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:

(i) For covered equipment-

(A) The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) or a distributor, if known);

(B) A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and

(C) Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.

(ii) For covered services-

(A) If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or

(B) If not associated with maintenance, the Product Service Code (PSC) of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.

(2) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "does" in the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:

(i) For covered equipment—

(A) The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known);

(B) A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and

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(C) Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.

(ii) For covered services-

(A) If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or

(B) If not associated with maintenance, the PSC of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.

(End of provision)

#### 52.204-26 Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services-Representation.

As prescribed in 4.2105(c), insert the following provision:

Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services-Representation (Oct 2020)

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision, "covered telecommunications equipment or services" and "reasonable inquiry" have the meaning provided in the clause <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

(b) *Procedures*. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (<u>https://www.sam.gov</u>) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".

(c)

(1) *Representation*. The Offeror represents that it  $\Box$  does,  $\Box$  does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.

(2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, the offeror represents that it  $\Box$  does,  $\Box$  does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(End of provision)

#### FAR 52.209-7 INFORMATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (OCT 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

"Administrative proceeding" means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (*e.g.*, Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative Proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings). This includes administrative proceedings at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include agency actions such as contract audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

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"Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000" means-

(1) The total value of all current, active contracts and grants, including all priced options; and

(2) The total value of all current, active orders including all priced options under indefinite-delivery, indefinitequantity, 8(a), or requirements contracts (including task and delivery and multiple-award Schedules).

"Principal" means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (*e.g.*, general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

# (b) The offeror $\Box$ has $\Box$ does not have current active Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000.

(c) If the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of this provision, the offeror represents, by submission of this offer, that the information it has entered in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) is current, accurate, and complete as of the date of submission of this offer with regard to the following information:

(1) Whether the offeror, and/or any of its principals, has or has not, within the last five years, in connection with the award to or performance by the offeror of a Federal contract or grant, been the subject of a proceeding, at the Federal or State level that resulted in any of the following dispositions:

(i) In a criminal proceeding, a conviction.

(ii) In a civil proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in the payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more.

(iii) In an administrative proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in-

(A) The payment of a monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more; or

(B) The payment of a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000.

(iv) In a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding, a disposition of the matter by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault by the Contractor if the proceeding could have led to any of the outcomes specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii), or (c)(1)(iii) of this provision.

(2) If the offeror has been involved in the last five years in any of the occurrences listed in (c)(1) of this provision, whether the offeror has provided the requested information with regard to each occurrence.

(d) The offeror shall post the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this provision in FAPIIS as required through maintaining an active registration in the System for Award Management, which can be accessed viahttps://www.sam.gov (see 52.204-7).

## 52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items.

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(2), insert the following provision:

Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items (Feb 2021)

The Offeror shall complete only paragraph (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically in the System for Award Management (SAM) accessed through <u>https://www.sam.gov</u>. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (v)) of this provision.

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(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

"Covered telecommunications equipment or services" has the meaning provided in the clause <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

*Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern* means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

Forced or indentured child labor means all work or service-

(1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or

(2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

*Highest-level owner* means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

*Immediate owner* means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

*Inverted domestic corporation*, means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

Manufactured end product means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except-

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;
- (2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
- (3) PSG 88, Live Animals;
- (4) PSG 89, Subsistence;
- (5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;
- (7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
- (8) PSC 9610, Ores;
- (9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

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*Place of manufacture* means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

Predecessor means an entity that is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors of the predecessor.

*Reasonable inquiry* has the meaning provided in the clause <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

*Restricted business operations* means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

(1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudar;

(2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;

(3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;

(4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;

(5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or

(6) Have been voluntarily suspended."Sensitive technology"-

Sensitive technology-

(1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—

(i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or

(ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and

(2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern-

(1) Means a small business concern-

(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

(ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veteransor, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.

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(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in  $\underline{38 \text{ U.S.C. }101}(2)$ , with a disability that is service connected, as defined in  $\underline{38 \text{ U.S.C. }101}(16)$ .

Small business concern—

(1) Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.

(2) *Affiliates*, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

Small disadvantaged business concern, consistent with 13 CFR 124.1002, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that—

(1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by-

(i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and

(ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding 750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR124.104(c)(2); and

(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned-

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation

*Successor* means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and carrying out the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term "successor" does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.

Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern-

(1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and

(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

*Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program* (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127), means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States.

Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern-

(1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and

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(2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(b)

(1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the Offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications in SAM

(2) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically in SAM accessed through <u>http://www.sam.gov</u>. After reviewing SAM information, the Offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR <u>52.212-3</u>, Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard(s) applicable to the NAICS code(s) referenced for this solicitation), at the time this offer is submitted and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR <u>4.1201</u>), except for paragraphs \_\_\_\_\_\_.

[Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (v) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any.

*These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.* 

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]

(c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply.

(1) Small business concern. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a small business concern.

(2) Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a veteran-owned small business concern.

(3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.

(4) Small disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR124.1002.

(5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a women-owned small business concern.

(6) WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a womenowned small business concern in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.] The offeror represents that-

(i) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and

(ii) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_\_.] Each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB representation.

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(7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program in (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents that-

(i) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not an EDWOSB concern, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and

(ii) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of this provision is accurate for each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture. [*The offeror* shall enter the name or names of the EDWOSB concern and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture:

\_\_\_\_\_.] Each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the EDWOSB representation.

Note: Complete paragraphs (c)(8) and (c)(9) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.

(8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it  $\Box$  is a women-owned business concern.

(9) *Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns*. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:

(10) HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(l) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that–

(i) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and

(ii) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this provision is accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the names of each of the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_\_.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone small submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

(d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order11246-

(1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that-

(i) It  $\Box$  has,  $\Box$  has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and

(ii) It  $\square$  has,  $\square$  has not filed all required compliance reports.

(2) Affirmative Action Compliance. The offeror represents that-

(i) It  $\Box$  has developed and has on file,  $\Box$  has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or

(ii) It  $\Box$  has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

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(e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 <u>http://uscode.house.gov/</u>U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.

(f) *Buy American Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) <u>52.225-1</u>, Buy American-Supplies, is included in this solicitation.)

(1)

(i) The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product.

(ii) The Offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products.

(iii) The terms "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Supplies."

(2) Foreign End Products:

#### Line Item No. Country of Origin

[*List as necessary*]

(3) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25.

(g)

(1) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR <u>52.225-3</u>, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)

(i)

(A) The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or (iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product.

(B) The terms "Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," "Free Trade Agreement country," "Free Trade Agreement country end product," "Israeli end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act."

(ii) The Offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act."

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Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No. Country of Origin

[List as necessary]

(iii) The Offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(i) of this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act." The Offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products.

Other Foreign End Products:

Line Item No. Country of Origin

[List as necessary]

\_\_\_\_

(iv) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25.

(2) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate I. If Alternate I to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Canadian End Products:

Line Item No.

[List as necessary]

(3) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II. If Alternate II to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Canadian or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No. Country of Origin

[List as necessary]

(4) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate III. If Alternate III to the clause at 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No. Country of Origin

\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_

[*List as necessary*]

\_\_\_\_\_

(5) *Trade Agreements Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at FAR <u>52.225-5</u>, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)

(i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(5)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.made or designated country end product, as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."

(ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

Other End Products:

Line Item No. Country of Origin

[List as necessary]

\_\_\_\_\_

(iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR <u>part 25</u>. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-

made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.

(h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals–

(1)  $\Box$  Are,  $\Box$  are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;

 $(2) \square$  Have,  $\square$  have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property;

(3)  $\Box$  Are,  $\Box$  are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and

(4)  $\Box$  Have,  $\Box$  have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds the threshold at 9.104-5(a)(2) for which the liability remains unsatisfied.

(i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:

(A) *The tax liability is finally determined*. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.

(B) *The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment*. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

(ii) Examples.

(A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.

(B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.

(C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.

(D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).

(i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in

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the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at <u>22.1503(b).]</u>

(1) *Listed end products.* 

Listed End Product Listed Countries of Origin

(2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]

(i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.

(ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.

(j) *Place of manufacture.* (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly-

(1)  $\Box$  In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or

(2)  $\Box$  Outside the United States.

(k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) [The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) applies.]

(1) Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR 22.1003-4(c)(1). The offeror  $\Box$  does  $\Box$  does not certify that-

(i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;

(ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and

(iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.

(2) Certain services as described in FAR 22.1003-4(d)(1). The offeror  $\Box$  does  $\Box$  does not certify that-

(i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;

(ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii));

(iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and

(iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.

(3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies-

(i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and

(ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.

(1) *Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)* (<u>26 U.S.C. 6109</u>, <u>31 U.S.C. 7701</u>). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to the SAM to be eligible for award.)

(1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (l)(3) through (l)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of <u>31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d)</u>, reporting requirements of <u>26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A</u>, and <u>6050M</u>, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

(2) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).

TIN: .

TIN has been applied for.

TIN is not required because:

Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;

Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.

(4) *Type of organization*.

Sole proprietorship;

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Partnership;

Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);

Corporate entity (tax-exempt);

Government entity (Federal, State, or local);

Foreign government;

International organization per 26 CFR1.6049-4;

Other .

(5) *Common parent*.

Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent;

Name and TIN of common parent:

Name \_\_\_\_\_.

TIN \_\_\_\_\_.

(m) *Restricted business operations in Sudan*. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.

(n) Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.

(1) Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at 9.108-2(b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at 9.108-4.

(2) Representation. The Offeror represents that-

(i) It  $\Box$  is,  $\Box$  is not an inverted domestic corporation; and

(ii) It  $\square$  is,  $\square$  is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.

(o) Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.

(1) The offeror shall e-mail questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.

(2) *Representation and Certifications*. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror-

(i) Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;

(ii) Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and

(iii) Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds the threshold at FAR <u>25.703-2</u>(a)(2) with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx).

(3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (o)(2) of this provision do not apply if-

(i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g., 52.212-3(g) or a comparable agency provision); and

(ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.

(p) *Ownership or Control of Offeror*. (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a unique entity identifier in the solicitation).

(1) The Offeror represents that it  $\Box$  has or  $\Box$  does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.

(2) If the Offeror indicates "has" in paragraph (p)(1) of this provision, enter the following information:

Immediate owner CAGE code: \_\_\_\_\_.

Immediate owner legal name: \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity:  $\Box$  Yes or  $\Box$  No.

(3) If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph (p)(2) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:

Highest-level owner CAGE code: \_\_\_\_\_.

Highest-level owner legal name:

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

(q) Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.

(1) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that–

(i) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or

(ii) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

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(2) The Offeror represents that-

(i) It is  $\Box$  is not  $\Box$  a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and

(ii) It is  $\square$  is not  $\square$  a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

(r) *Predecessor of Offeror*. (Applies in all solicitations that include the provision at <u>52.204-16</u>, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.)

(1) The Offeror represents that it  $\Box$  is or  $\Box$  is not a successor to a predecessor that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.

(2) If the Offeror has indicated "is" in paragraph (r)(1) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):

Predecessor CAGE code: (or mark "Unknown").

Predecessor legal name:\_\_\_\_\_.

(Do not use a "doing business as" name).

(s) [Reserved].

(t) *Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals*. Applies in all solicitations that require offerors to register in SAM ( $\frac{12.301}{d}(d)(1)$ ).

(1) This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.

(2) Representation. [Offeror to check applicable block(s) in paragraph (t)(2)(i) and (ii)].

(i) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner)  $\Box$  does,  $\Box$  does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, i.e., makes available on a publicly accessible website the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.

(ii) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner)  $\Box$  does,  $\Box$  does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, i.e., make available on a publicly accessible website a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.

(iii) A publicly accessible website includes the Offeror's own website or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.

(3) If the Offeror checked "does" in paragraphs (t)(2)(i) or (t)(2)(ii) of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible website(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported:

(u)

(1) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.

(2) The prohibition in paragraph (u)(1) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

(3) *Representation*. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (*e.g.*, agency Office of the Inspector General).

(v) Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services-Representation. Section 889(a)(1)(A) and section 889 (a)(1)(B) of Public Law 115-232.

(1) The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (<u>https://www.sam.gov</u>) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".

(2) The Offeror represents that-

(i) It  $\Box$  does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.

(ii) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, that it  $\Box$  does,  $\Box$  does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(End of Provision)

Alternate I (Oct2014). As prescribed in 12.301(b)(2), add the following paragraph (c)(11) to the basic provision:

(11) (Complete if the offeror has represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (c)(4) of this provision.)

Black American.

Hispanic American.

Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).

Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, Republic of Palau, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).

Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).

\_ Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.

# DFARS 252.203-7005 REPRESENTATION RELATING TO COMPENSATION OF FORMER DOD OFFICIALS (NOV 2011)

(a) *Definition. Covered DoD official* is defined in the clause at 252.203-7000, Requirements Relating to Compensation of Former DoD Officials.

(b) By submission of this offer, the offeror represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that all covered DoD officials employed by or otherwise receiving compensation from the offeror, and who are expected to undertake activities on behalf of the offeror for any resulting contract, are presently in compliance with all post-employment restrictions covered by 18 U.S.C. 207, 41 U.S.C. 2101-2107, and 5 CFR parts 2637 and 2641, including Federal Acquisition Regulation 3.104-2.

#### DFARS 252.204-7016 COVERED DEFENSE TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES— REPRESENTATION (DEC 2019)

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision, *covered defense telecommunications equipment or services* has the meaning provided in the clause 252.204-7018, Prohibition on the Acquisition of Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services.

(b) *Procedures*. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (*https://www.sam.gov*) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered defense telecommunications equipment or services".

(c) *Representation*. The Offeror represents that it [ ] does, [ ] does not provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.

## DFARS 252.204-7017 PROHIBITION ON THE ACQUISITION OF COVERED DEFENSE TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES—REPRESENTATION (DEC 2019)

The Offeror is not required to complete the representation in this provision if the Offeror has represented in the provision at 252.204-7016, Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, that it "does not provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument."

(a) *Definitions. Covered defense telecommunications equipment or services, covered mission, critical technology,* and *substantial or essential component,* as used in this provision, have the meanings given in the 252.204-7018 clause, Prohibition on the Acquisition of Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services, of this solicitation.

(b) *Prohibition*. Section 1656 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Pub. L. 115-91) prohibits agencies from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service to carry out covered missions that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system.

(c) *Procedures*. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) at *https://www.sam.gov* for entities that are excluded when providing any equipment, system, or service to carry out covered missions that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless a waiver is granted.

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(d) *Representation*. If in its annual representations and certifications in SAM the Offeror has represented in paragraph (c) of the provision at 252.204-7016, Covered Defense Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, that it "does" provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument, then the Offeror shall complete the following additional representation:

The Offeror represents that it [] will [] will not provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to DoD in the performance of any award resulting from this solicitation.

(e) *Disclosures*. If the Offeror has represented in paragraph (d) of this provision that it "will provide covered defense telecommunications equipment or services," the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer: (1) A description of all covered defense telecommunications equipment and services offered (include brand or manufacturer; product, such as model number, original equipment manufacturer (OEM) number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable).

(2) An explanation of the proposed use of covered defense telecommunications equipment and services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition referenced in paragraph (b) of this provision.(3) For services, the entity providing the covered defense telecommunications services (include entity name, unique entity identifier, and Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, if known).

(4) For equipment, the entity that produced or provided the covered defense telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known).

# DFARS 252.225-7974 REPRESENTATION REGARDING BUSINESS OPERATIONS WITH THE MADURO REGIME (DEVIATION 2020-00005) (FEB 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

"Agency or instrumentality of the government of Venezuela" means an agency or instrumentality of a foreign state as defined in section 28 U.S.C. 1603(b), with each reference in such section to "a foreign state" deemed to be a reference to "Venezuela."

"Business operations" means engaging in commerce in any form, including acquiring, developing, maintaining, owning, selling, possessing, leasing, or operating equipment, facilities, personnel, products, services, personal property, real property, or any other apparatus of business or commerce.

"Government of Venezuela" means the government of any political subdivision of Venezuela, and any agency or instrumentality of the government of Venezuela.

"Person" means-

(1) A natural person, corporation, company, business association, partnership, society, trust, or

any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group;

(2) Any governmental entity or instrumentality of a government, including a multilateral development institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(3) of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)(3)); and

(3) Any successor, subunit, parent entity, or subsidiary of, or any entity under common ownership or control with, any entity described in paragraphs (1) or (2) of this definition.

(b) Prohibition. In accordance with section 890 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Pub. L. 116-92), contracting officers are prohibited from entering into a contract for the procurement of products or services with any person that has business operations with an authority of the government of Venezuela that is not recognized as the legitimate government of Venezuela by the United States Government, unless the person has a valid license to operate in Venezuela issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury.

(c) Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that the Offeror-

(1) Does not have any business operations with an authority of the Maduro regime or the government of Venezuela that is not recognized as the legitimate government of Venezuela by the United States Government; or

(2) Has a valid license to operate in Venezuela issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury.

## K15 RELEASE OF PRICES (DLA ENERGY MAR 2009)

The Defense Logistics Agency Energy (DLA Energy) will release prices of successful offerors after contract award pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2305(g)(2), FAR 15.506(d)(2) and 32 CFR 286h-3. Prices are the bottom-line price and do not include any breakout of costs, such as transportation or overhead, and do not disclose the offeror's anticipated profit or any pricing factors.

## K33.01 AUTHORIZED NEGOTIATORS (DLA ENERGY APR 2007)

The offeror or quoter represents that the following persons are authorized to negotiate on its behalf with the Government in connection with this request for proposals or quotations.

NAME TITLE PHONE NUMBER E-MAIL ADDRESS

# K150 WIDE AREA WORKFLOW (WAWF) SUPPLEMENTAL INVOICE SUBMISSION (DLA ENERGY MAY 2014)

(a) When a vendor becomes aware that an invoice was submitted for a price or quantity that is lower than the correct amount, the following needs to be done:

1. The vendor will go to WAWF and try to recall the invoice and do changes in price or quantity. If the vendor is unable to recall the invoice:

2. The vendor will submit via fax (Fuels EDM FAX Line: 614-701-2638 or DSN 791-2638/ Toll Free 855-234-5592) a

manual invoice to the payment office, SL4701, which identifies the invoice as an adjustment with an invoice number that is a derivation of the original invoice number that was submitted and paid. (For example, if the original invoice number was 12345, then adjustment invoice number shall be 12345ADJ).

3. The adjustment invoice should have the original price or quantity cited as well as the corrected price or quantity and the net adjustment,

4. All other proper invoice criteria, in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act, remain required for adjustment invoices.

5. The vendor can print the WAWF invoice and use it to make the adjustments as described above.

If a vendor has payment status questions, they may contact either DFAS-Customer Service at <u>DFAS-CO\_LC@DFAS.MIL</u> or dial 1-800-756-4571 option 2, or contact their DLA Energy Contracting Officer, to obtain contract information from their contract.

Note: The aforementioned email address contains an underscore "\_" between the "CO" and "LC".

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## SECTION L: INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

#### FAR 52.204-7 SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (OCT 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

"Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator means a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see subpart 32.11) for the same entity.

"Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM)" means that-

(1) The Offeror has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator, if applicable, the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see subpart 4.14) into SAM

(2) The offeror has completed the Core, Assertions, and Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in SAM;

(3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The offeror will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and

(4) The Government has marked the record "Active".

"Unique entity identifier" means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See www.sam.gov for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

(b) (1) An Offeror is required to be registered in SAM when submitting an offer or quotation, and shall continue to be registered until time of award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation.

(2) The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "Unique Entity Identifier" followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The Offeror also shall enter its EFT indicator, if applicable. The unique entity identifier will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the Offeror is registered in the SAM.

(c) If the Offeror does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at www.sam.gov for establishment of the unique entity identifier directly to obtain one. The Offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:

- (1) Company legal business name.
- (2) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.
- (3) Company physical street address, city, state, and Zip Code.t
- (4) Company mailing address, city, state and Zip Code (if separate from physical).
- (5) Company telephone number.
- (6) Date the company was started.

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- (7) Number of employees at your location.
- (8) Chief executive officer/key manager.
- (9) Line of business (industry).
- (10) Company headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).

(d) Processing t ime should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors who are not registered in SAM should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation. See https://www.sam.gov for information on registration.

## 52.212-1 Instructions to Offerors-Commercial Items.

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(1), insert the following provision:

Instructions to Offerors-Commercial Items (Jun 2020)

(a) North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code and small business size standard. The NAICS code(s) and small business size standard(s) for this acquisition appear elsewhere in the solicitation. However, the small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, but which proposes to furnish an item which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.

(b) *Submission of offers*. Submit signed and dated offers to the office specified in this solicitation at or before the exact time specified in this solicitation. Offers may be submitted on the <u>SF 1449</u>, letterhead stationery, or as otherwise specified in the solicitation. As a minimum, offers must show—

- (1) The solicitation number;
- (2) The time specified in the solicitation for receipt of offers;
- (3) The name, address, and telephone number of the offeror;

(4) A technical description of the items being offered in sufficient detail to evaluate compliance with the requirements in the solicitation. This may include product literature, or other documents, if necessary;

- (5) Terms of any express warranty;
- (6) Price and any discount terms;
- (7) "Remit to" address, if different than mailing address;

(8) A completed copy of the representations and certifications at FAR 52.212-3 (see FAR 52.212-3(b) for those representations and certifications that the offeror shall complete electronically);

(9) Acknowledgment of Solicitation Amendments;

(10) Past performance information, when included as an evaluation factor, to include recent and relevant contracts for the same or similar items and other references (including contract numbers, points of contact with telephone numbers and other relevant information); and

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(11) If the offer is not submitted on the <u>SF 1449</u>, include a statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation. Offers that fail to furnish required representations or information, or reject the terms and conditions of the solicitation may be excluded from consideration.

(c) *Period for acceptance of offers*. The offeror agrees to hold the prices in its offer firm for 30 calendar days from the date specified for receipt of offers, unless another time period is specified in an addendum to the solicitation.

(d) *Product samples*. When required by the solicitation, product samples shall be submitted at or prior to the time specified for receipt of offers. Unless otherwise specified in this solicitation, these samples shall be submitted at no expense to the Government, and returned at the sender's request and expense, unless they are destroyed during preaward testing.

(e) *Multiple offers*. Offerors are encouraged to submit multiple offers presenting alternative terms and conditions, including alternative line items (provided that the alternative line items are consistent with <u>subpart 4.10</u> of the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or alternative commercial items for satisfying the requirements of this solicitation. Each offer submitted will be evaluated separately.

(f) Late submissions, modifications, revisions, and withdrawals of offers.

(1) Offerors are responsible for submitting offers, and any modifications, revisions, or withdrawals, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that offers or revisions are due.

(2)

(i) Any offer, modification, revision, or withdrawal of an offer received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and-

(A) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of offers; or

(B) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or

(C) If this solicitation is a request for proposals, it was the only proposal received.

(ii) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful offer, that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.

(3) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the offer wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

(4) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that offers cannot be received at the Government office designated for receipt of offers by the exact time specified in the

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solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation or other notice of an extension of the closing date, the time specified for receipt of offers will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

(5) Offers may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers. Oral offers in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile offers, offers may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers, subject to the conditions specified in the solicitation concerning facsimile offers. An offer may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for receipt of offers, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the offer.

(g) Contract award (not applicable to Invitation for Bids). The Government intends to evaluate offers and award a contract without discussions with offerors. Therefore, the offeror's initial offer should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint. However, the Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if later determined by the Contracting Officer to be necessary. The Government may reject any or all offers if such action is in the public interest; accept other than the lowest offer; and waive informalities and minor irregularities in offers received.

(h) *Multiple awards*. The Government may accept any item or group of items of an offer, unless the offeror qualifies the offer by specific limitations. Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, offers may not be submitted for quantities less than those specified. The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the offer.

(i) Availability of requirements documents cited in the solicitation.

(1)

(i) The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29, and copies of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained for a fee by submitting a request to-

GSA Federal Supply Service Specifications Section

Suite 8100 470 East L'Enfant Plaza, SW

Washington, DC 20407

Telephone (202) 619-8925

Facsimile (202) 619-8978.

(ii) If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a single copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained free of charge by submitting a request to the addressee in paragraph (i)(1)(i) of this provision. Additional copies will be issued for a fee.

(2) Most unclassified Defense specifications and standards may be downloaded from the following ASSIST websites:

(i) ASSIST (<u>https://assist.dla.mil/online/start/</u>).

(ii) Quick Search (<u>http://quicksearch.dla.mil/</u>).

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(iii) ASSISTdocs.com (http://assistdocs.com).

(3) Documents not available from ASSIST may be ordered from the Department of Defense Single Stock Point (DoDSSP) by-

(i) Using the ASSIST Shopping Wizard (<u>https://assist.dla.mil/wizard/index.cfm</u>);

(ii) Phoning the DoDSSP Customer Service Desk (215) 697-2179, Mon-Fri, 0730 to 1600 EST; or

(iii) Ordering from DoDSSP, Building 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Telephone (215) 697-2667/2179, Facsimile (215) 697-1462.

(4) Nongovernment (voluntary) standards must be obtained from the organization responsible for their preparation, publication, or maintenance.

(j) Unique entity identifier.(Applies to all offers that exceed the micro-purchase threshold, and offers at or below the micro-purchase threshold if the solicitation requires the Contractor to be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM).) The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "Unique Entity Identifier" followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Offeror's name and address. The Offeror also shall enter its Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator, if applicable. The EFT indicator is a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the Offeror to establish additional SAM records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see FAR subpart 32.11) for the same entity. If the Offeror does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at <u>www.sam.gov</u> for unique entity identifier establishment directly to obtain one. The Offeror should indicate that it is an offeror for a Government contract when contacting the entity designated at <u>www.sam.gov</u> for establishing the unique entity identifier.

(k) [Reserved]

(1) *Debriefing*. If a post-award debriefing is given to requesting offerors, the Government shall disclose the following information, if applicable:

(1) The agency's evaluation of the significant weak or deficient factors in the debriefed offeror's offer.

(2) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful and the debriefed offeror and past performance information on the debriefed offeror.

(3) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection.

(4) A summary of the rationale for award;

(5) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.

(6) Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed offeror as to whether sourceselection procedures set forth in the solicitation, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities were followed by the agency.

(End of provision)

# NOTE: SEE ALSO SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR OFFERORS, SECTION II, "OFFER SUBMISSION AND EVALUATION INFORMATION."

## FAR 52.216-1 -- TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1984)

The Government contemplates award of <u>Fixed Price Requirements contract(s)</u> with Economic Price Adjustment resulting from this solicitation.

## FAR 52.233-2 SERVICE OF PROTEST (SEP 2006)

(a) Protests, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the Government Accountability Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from:

Roger Brown Contracting Officer DLA Energy Roger.Brown@dla.mil

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

# DFARS 252.204-7008 COMPLIANCE WITH SAFEGUARDING COVERED DEFENSE INFORMATION CONTROLS (OCT 2016)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Controlled technical information, covered contractor information system, covered defense information, cyber incident, information system, and technical information are defined in clause 252.204-7012, Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber Incident Reporting.

(b) The security requirements required by contract clause 252.204-7012, shall be implemented for all covered defense information on all covered contractor information systems that support the performance of this contract.

(c) For covered contractor information systems that are not part of an information technology service or system operated on behalf of the Government (see 252.204-7012(b)(2))—

(1) By submission of this offer, the Offeror represents that it will implement the security requirements specified by National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-171, "Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Information Systems and Organizations" (see *http://dx.doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-171*) that are in effect at the time the solicitation is issued or as authorized by the contracting officer, not later than December 31, 2017.

(2)(i) If the Offeror proposes to vary from any of the security requirements specified by NIST SP 800-171 that are in effect at the time the solicitation is issued or as authorized by the Contracting Officer, the Offeror shall submit to the Contracting Officer, for consideration by the DoD Chief Information Officer (CIO), a written explanation of—

(A) Why a particular security requirement is not applicable; or

(B) How an alternative but equally effective, security measure is used to compensate for the inability to satisfy a particular requirement and achieve equivalent protection.

(ii) An authorized representative of the DoD CIO will adjudicate offeror requests to vary from NIST SP 800-171 requirements in writing prior to contract award. Any accepted variance from NIST SP 800-171 shall be incorporated into the resulting contract.

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## DFARS 252.215-7008 ONLY ONE OFFER (JUL 2019)

(a) Cost or pricing data requirements. After initial submission of offers, if the Contracting Officer notifies the Offeror that only one offer was received, the Offeror agrees to—

(1) Submit any additional cost or pricing data that is required in order to determine whether the price is fair and reasonable or to comply with the statutory requirement for certified cost or pricing data (10 U.S.C. 2306a and FAR 15.403-3); and

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this provision, if the acquisition exceeds the certified cost or pricing data threshold and an exception to the requirement for certified cost or pricing data at FAR 15.403-1(b)(2) through (5) does not apply, certify all cost or pricing data in accordance with paragraph (c) of DFARS provision 252.215-7010, Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data, of this solicitation.

(b) *Canadian Commercial Corporation*. If the Offeror is the Canadian Commercial Corporation, certified cost or pricing data are not required. If the Contracting Officer notifies the Canadian Commercial Corporation that additional data other than certified cost or pricing data are required in accordance with DFARS 225.870-4(c), the Canadian Commercial Corporation shall obtain and provide the following:

(1) Profit rate or fee (as applicable).

(2) Analysis provided by Public Works and Government Services Canada to the Canadian Commercial Corporation to determine a fair and reasonable price (comparable to the analysis required at FAR 15.404-1).

(3) Data other than certified cost or pricing data necessary to permit a determination by the U.S. Contracting Officer that the proposed price is fair and reasonable [U.S. Contracting Officer to provide description of the data required in accordance with FAR 15.403-3(a)(1) with the notification].

(4) As specified in FAR 15.403-3(a)(4), an offeror who does not comply with a requirement to submit data that the U.S. Contracting Officer has deemed necessary to determine price reasonableness or cost realism is ineligible for award unless the head of the contracting activity determines that it is in the best interest of the Government to make the award to that offeror.

(c) *Subcontracts*. Unless the Offeror is the Canadian Commercial Corporation, the Offeror shall insert the substance of this provision, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold defined in FAR part 2.

## DFARS 252.219-7000 ADVANCING SMALL BUSINESS GROWTH (SEP 2016)

(a) This provision implements 10 U.S.C. 2419.

(b) The Offeror acknowledges by submission of its offer that by acceptance of the contract resulting from this solicitation, the Offeror may exceed the applicable small business size standard of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code assigned to the contract and would no longer qualify as a small business concern for that NAICS code. (Small business size standards matched to industry NAICS codes are published by the Small Business Administration and are available at *http://www.sba.gov/content/table-small-business-size-standards*.) The Offeror is therefore encouraged to develop the capabilities and characteristics typically desired in contractors that are competitive as other-than-small contractors in this industry.

(c) For procurement technical assistance, the Offeror may contact the nearest Procurement Technical Assistance Center (PTAC). PTAC locations are available at *http://www.dla.mil/HQ/SmallBusiness/PTAC.aspx* 

## **DLAD L06 AGENCY PROTESTS (DEC 2016)**

Interested parties may file an agency level protest with the contracting officer or may request an independent review by the chief of the contracting office (CCO). Independent review by the CCO is an alternative to consideration by the contracting officer and is not available as an appellate review of a contracting officer decision on a protest previously filed with the contracting officer. Absent a clear indication of the intent to file an agency level protest with the CCO for independent review, protests will be presumed to be protests to the contracting officer.

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## DLAD L11 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (AUG 2017)

(1) In order to facilitate the use of electronic commerce/electronic data interchange while fulfilling the requirements of the small business program, the Government provides certain socioeconomic information in a coded format rather than a fill-in. Electronic commerce/electronic data interchange (EC/EDI) transactions are often reformatted in transmission. Using these codes prevents misinterpretations within the system and increases accuracy in socioeconomic program reporting.

(2) To reflect the representations and certifications contained in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations, the offeror represents and certifies as a part of its offer that it is a \_\_\_\_\_ business type as defined in FAR 52.219-1. The offeror shall select the one alpha code from the following listing that represents the offeror's business type. The offeror's recording of its business type in this procurement note by means of an alpha code replaces the marking of the appropriate boxes in FAR 52.219-1(b). Penalties for misrepresentation of business status apply (see FAR 52.219-1, paragraph (d)(2)).

Code B = Small Business. Enter code B if your firm is a small business concern, as defined in FAR 52.219-1, paragraph (a). Code M = Small Disadvantaged Business. Enter code M if your firm is a small disadvantaged business concern, as defined in FAR 52.219-1, paragraph (a).

Code U = Woman-Owned Small Disadvantaged Business. Enter code U if your firm is a woman-owned business, as defined in FAR 52.219-1, paragraph (a), and a small disadvantaged business, as defined in FAR 52.219-1, paragraph (a). Code W = Woman-Owned Small Business. Enter Code W if your firm is a woman-owned small business, as defined in FAR 52.219-1, paragraph (a).

## DLAD L25 EVALUATION OF OFFERS – ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT (AUG 2017)

(a) Offers in response to solicitations will be evaluated without adding any amount for economic price adjustment unless the economic price adjustment (EPA) clause included in the solicitation provides for offerors to specify the portion of the contract price subject to EPA. In this case, the offered price(s) subject to the EPA clause will be adjusted to the maximum possible extent under the EPA using the price ceiling limitation provision of such clause for the basic contract plus all options covered by the evaluation. The resulting price(s) will be used for evaluation of offers.

(b) If a successful offeror stipulates a lower maximum increase limitation then that included in the solicitation, it will be incorporated into the resulting contract.

(c) Offers which (1) increase the maximum ceiling percentage specified in the solicitation, (2) stipulate a maximum decrease limit, or (3) delete or otherwise alter the economic price adjustment clause, will not be considered for award, unless the contracting officer determines that award on such basis is in the best interests of the Government and all offerors are afforded an opportunity to offer on the same basis.

## L1.02 PROPOSAL ACCEPTANCE PERIOD (DLA ENERGY NOV 1991)

(a) Acceptance period, as used in this provision, means the number of calendar days available to the Government for awarding a contract from the date specified in this solicitation for receipt of proposals.

(b) This provision supersedes any language pertaining to the acceptance period that may appear elsewhere in this solicitation.

(c) The Government requires a minimum acceptance period of 180 calendar days.

(d) If the offeror specifies an acceptance period which is less than that required by the Government, such offer may be rejected.

(e) The offeror agrees to execute all that it has undertaken to do, in compliance with its offer, if such offer is acceptable to the Government and is accepted within the acceptance period stated in (c) above or within any extension thereof that has been agreed to by the offeror.

## L2.11-4 E-MAIL PROPOSALS (DLA ENERGY OCT 2010)

(a) Offerors may submit proposals via e-mail. E-mail proposals are subject to the same rules as paper

proposals.

(b) E-mail receiving data and compatibility characteristics are as follows:

(1) E-mail address: Diana.Knight@dla.mil and Kari.Archer@dla.mil

(2) The DLA Energy accepts attachments in-

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- (i) Adobe Acrobat;
- (ii) Microsoft Excel;
- (iii) Microsoft Word; and
- (iv) Microsoft PowerPoint.

(c) Initial proposals, modifications and proposal revisions submitted via e-mail must contain offeror's signature included in the attachment to the e-mail communication.

(d) Attachments that are not in .pdf file format must be sent password protected for "read only" to ensure the integrity of the data submitted.

(e) Proposals submitted electronically through a single e-mail must be no more than 10 MB. DLA Energy's mail server will reject messages larger than 10 MB.

(f) The DLA Energy e-mail filter will scan the incoming e-mail and attachments for viruses and key words. Abbreviations for terms such as "Analysts" or using "3Xs" as placeholders in a document are found in the filter's adult content library and may result in the e-mail delivery being delayed. Offerors are encouraged to verify receipt of e-mail offers by contacting the Contracting Officer prior to the solicitation closing time.

(g) If any portion of an e-mail proposal received by the Contracting Officer is unreadable, the Contracting Officer will immediately notify the offeror and permit the offeror to resubmit the proposal. The method and time for resubmission shall be prescribed by the Contracting Officer after consultation with the offeror and the resubmission shall be considered as if it were received at the date and time of the original unreadable submission for the purpose of determining timeliness, provided the offeror complied with the e-mail submissions instructions provided in this paragraph and with the time and format requirements for resubmission prescribed by the Contracting Officer.

(h) The Government reserves the right to make award solely on the e-mail proposal. However, if requested to do so by the Contracting Officer, the apparently successful offeror promptly shall submit the complete signed original proposal.

## L54 SITE VISIT (DLA ENERGY OCT 1992)

(a) It is the responsibility of the offerors/bidders to inspect the site where supplies are to be delivered and to obtain all available information about the site necessary to satisfy themselves about general and local conditions that may affect delivery and the cost of contract performance, to the extent that the information is reasonably obtainable. Offerors/bidders are responsible for any costs incurred for any site inspection and for obtaining information.

(b) In no event shall failure to inspect the site constitute grounds for a claim after contract award.

# L117 NOTIFICATION OF TRANSPORTATION COMPANY TO BE UTILIZED IN THE DELIVERY OF PRODUCT (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

#### [ ] Check here if not subcontracting with a transportation company in the performance of any resultant contract.

(a) In the performance of any resultant contract, offeror agrees not to utilize transportation companies that have been debarred or suspended, are ineligible for receipt of contracts with Government agencies, are in receipt of a notice of proposed debarment or ineligibility from any Government agency, or are otherwise ineligible under Federal programs. Offerors shall submit the name, address, and telephone number of the transportation company(ies) that will be utilized in the performance of any resultant contract. In addition, it is requested that offerors provide the State(s) in which the transporter is authorized to conduct business.

(b) The information provided will not be used in the evaluation of offer prices. However, the information is subject to review by the Contracting Officer and could result in a nonresponsibility determination. Failure to provide the requested information may also render the offeror nonresponsible.

(c) Should any of the specified information change prior to award, offerors are required to provide the Contracting Officer with the updated information (also see the NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE IN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY contract provision in Addendum II).

Name, Address, and Phone Number of Transportation Company

State(s) in which transporter is authorized to operate

## SECTION M: EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

## FAR 52.212-2 -- EVALUATION -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2014)

The Government will award a contract resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose offer(s), conforming to the Solicitation, will be most advantageous to the Government using lowest price technically acceptable source selection procedures. Line items will be evaluated and awarded individually. In order to be considered for award, an offer must receive an "Acceptable" rating for every non-price factor. The following factors shall be used to evaluate offers:

FACTOR 1: PRICE FACTOR 2: TECHNICAL CAPABILITY FACTOR 3: PAST PERFORMANCE

#### FACTOR 1: PRICE

The offered unit price per gallon for each individual line item will be multiplied by the estimated quantity stated in the solicitation schedule B1.01. The lowest price will be determined by evaluating offers on a line item-by-line item basis. Each line item will be evaluated and awarded independently from all other line items.

Offerors are reminded that all proposed unit prices shall include all applicable taxes and duties, except taxes and duties from which the U.S. Government is exempt.

The six-month extension period in Contract Text I209.09 for each line item will be evaluated by multiplying the offered unit price against an estimated quantity for the six-month period. Evaluation of extensions do not obligate the Government to exercise options.

#### FACTOR 2: TECHNICAL CAPABILITY

The Government will evaluate an offeror's technical capability on an Acceptable/Unacceptable basis. In order to be considered for award, an offeror must meet or exceed the following technical acceptability standards:

1. Acceptable: An offer will be deemed technically acceptable if it meets the requirements of the Solicitation. To show that the offer meets the requirements of the Solicitation, the offeror must offer to provide product that meets the applicable specification as set forth in this Solicitation. To allow the Government to determine acceptability, the offeror's proposal shall contain a statement, for each product offered, substantially similar to the following:

[Name of Offeror] proposes to deliver [product] conforming to [specification].

2. Unacceptable: An offer that does not meet the requirements of the Solicitation.

#### FACTOR 3: PAST PERFORMANCE

The Government will evaluate an offeror's record of relevant and recent past performance information as it pertains to the solicitation's requirements on an acceptable/unacceptable basis. The past performance evaluation is an assessment of the offeror's recent and relevant past performance. Recent past performance is defined as a past performance record performed within the last three years. Relevant past performance is the degree to which a recent effort accomplished by the offeror is relevant to the effort to be acquired through this acquisition. In determining what is relevant for this acquisition consideration will be given to those aspects of an offeror's contract history that would give the greatest ability to measure whether the offeror will satisfy the current acquisition. Relevancy will measure the extent of similarity between the effort, complexity, dollar value, contract type, and subcontract or teaming arrangements.

Offerors are instructed to submit the following information for each past performance reference:

- Name of the Contracting Officer or customer
- Phone number and Email address of the Contracting Officer or customer
- Contract Number
- Dates of performance
- Brief summary of the nature of the work performed and dollar value

#### Recency will be rated as follows:

Recency Rating	Description
Recent	The offeror's past performance record/information has been performed in the last
	three (3) years.
Not Recent	The offeror's past performance record/information has not been performed in the
	last three (3) years.

Relevancy will be rated as follows:

Relevancy Rating	Description
Relevant	Present/past performance effort involved similar scope and magnitude of effort and complexities this solicitation requires.
Not Relevant	Present/past performance effort involved little or none of the scope and magnitude of effort and complexities this solicitation requires.

Upon determining recency and relevancy, and how well the offeror performed, past performance will be rated on an Acceptable/Unacceptable basis as follows:

Acceptable: Based on the offeror's performance record, the Government has a reasonable expectation that the offeror will successfully perform the required effort, or the offeror's performance record is unknown.

Unacceptable: Based on the offeror's performance record, the Government does not have a reasonable expectation that the offeror will be able to successfully perform the required effort.

Notes:

The Government will use information provided by the offeror, established centralized past performance database systems and sources other than those identified by the offeror such as the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS), or other databases; and may be obtained from other sources available to the Government, such as the Defense Contract Management Agency, interviews with program managers, contracting officers, or fee determining officials. The adjectival ratings of Exceptional, Very Good, Satisfactory, Marginal, and Unsatisfactory reflect the ratings in the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS). Under the DoD's streamlined process for evaluating Past Performance under Lowest Price Technically Acceptable source selection process, ratings of Acceptable and Unacceptable will be used. The contracting officer will review the CPARS rating standards using the website; <a href="https://www.cpars.gov/pdfs/CPARSQualityChecklist.pdf">https://www.cpars.gov/pdfs/CPARSQualityChecklist.pdf</a>. CPARS ratings of Exceptional, Very Good, Satisfactory and Marginal will equate to an Acceptable rating. Ratings of Unsatisfactory in CPARS will equate to an Unacceptable rating.

A record of poor performance may be considered an indication that the offeror has failed to conform to contract requirements and/or to standards of good workmanship; adhere to contract schedules, fuel quality; provide reasonable and cooperative behavior and commitment to customer satisfaction; and/or display a business-like concern for the interests of the customer.

In the case of an offeror without a record of relevant past performance or for whom information on past performance is not available or so sparse that no meaningful past performance rating can be reasonably assigned, the offeror may not be evaluated favorably or unfavorably on past performance (see FAR 15.305(a)(2)(iv)). Therefore, the offeror shall be determined to have Unknown past performance. In the context of acceptability/unacceptability, an offeror with Unknown past performance shall be considered "Acceptable".

Evaluation of Joint Ventures and Teaming Arrangements will be performed by evaluating the performance of each partner in accordance with the procedures outlined above. The ratings for each partner will be combined and the Joint Venture or Teaming Arrangement will receive one rating. As a Joint Venture, each partner's experience and past performance may be evaluated and weighted against their respective roles identified in the Joint Venture agreement. This evaluation may be combined for a final past performance rating.

If the Contracting Officer enters into discussions, Offerors shall be afforded an opportunity to address unfavorable reports of past performance, and the Offeror's response, or lack thereof, will be taken into consideration. Recent contracts may be examined to ensure that corrective action measures have been put in place to prevent the recurrence of past performance problems. Prompt actions taken to correct performance problems may be considered a reflection of management concern for customer satisfaction; however, such action may not mitigate all negative performance trends.

A proposal receiving a rating of Unacceptable in this factor will be ineligible for award.

**Responsibility:** In addition to the evaluation criteria stated above, the Government must determine the responsibility of any potential subcontractor in accordance with FAR subpart 9.1. In making this responsibility determination, the Government may conduct pre-award surveys to assure awardees meet the FAR 9.104-1 standards for present responsibility. In addition, the Government may request that offerors provide commitment letters from its suppliers. The Government may also request copies of the transportation agreements with the offeror's transportation subcontractors.

# M55 CONVERSION FACTORS (DLA ENERGY MAR 2007)

(a) This provision applies to all products except lubricating oils.

(b) The offeror should use conversion factors that reflect its product characteristics and submit prices and transportation rates in the requested units. In the event prices or transportation rates are not submitted in the requested units, the following conversion factors based on an assumed density for the product will be used by DLA Energy in the evaluation of the offer.

## (1) TABLE I.

One Imperial Gallon	=	1.20095 U.S. Gallons at the same temperature
One Liter	=	0.264172 U.S. Gallons at the same temperature
One Cubic Meter (1,000 liters)	=	6.2898 Barrels at the same temperature
One U.S. Barrel	=	42 U.S. Gallons at the same temperature
One Kilometer	=	0.62137 Miles
One Mile	=	1.6093 Kilometers
One Nautical Mile	=	1.15 Statute Miles

### (2) TABLE II.

	DENSITY TYPIC	AL	
PRODUCT	<u>@15°C</u> @60°F		
	2	BARRELS PER GALLONS PER LITERS PER	BARRELS PER GALLONS PER

LONG TON	<u>Kg/m</u> <sup>3</sup>	<u>API</u>	METRIC TON	METRIC TON	METRIC TON	LONG	TON_
AUTOMOTIVE GASOLINE (ALL)	744.9	58.4	8.462	355.42	1342.46	8.598	361.12
AVIATION GASOLINE (ALL)	716.3	66.0	8.801	369.66	1396.06	8.943	375.59
BURNER FUEL OI	<u>LS</u>						
FUEL OIL NO. 1	812.8	42.5	7.753	325.61	1230.31	7.877	330.83
FUEL OIL NO. 2	846.9	35.5	7.440	312.49	1180.78	7.560	317.51
FUEL OIL NO. 4	914.2	23.2	6.891	289.44	1093.85	7.002	294.09
FUEL OIL NO. 5 LIGHT	954.2	16.7	6.602	277.27	1048.00	6.707	281.71
FUEL OIL NO. 5 HEAVY	960.7	15.7	6.557	275.39	1040.91	6.662	279.81
FUEL OIL NO. 6	976.6	13.3	6.450	270.90	1023.96	6.554	275.25
DIESEL FUELS							
NO. 1 DIESEL (AL	L)	818.9	41.2	7.695	323.17	1122.15	7.818 328.36
NO. 2 DIESEL (AL & GAS OIL	L) 839.3	37.0	7.507	315.30	1191.47	7.628	320.36
			D 10	0 0110			

COG 8 POSTS, CAMPS AND STATIONS (PC&S) RFP# SPE6						E605-21-R-0211	
INTERMEDIATE FUEL OILS							
IFO 180	965.3	15.0	6.526	274.09	1035.95	6.630	278.48
IFO 380	973.9	13.7	6.468	271.65	1026.68	6.572	276.01
JET FUELS							
JP4/JET B	764.6	53.5	8.243	346.22	1307.87	8.376	351.78
JP5	819.9	41.0	7.686	322.80	1219.66	7.809	327.98
JP8/JET A1/F34/TS	51	805.9	44.0	7.820	328.42	1240.85	7.945 333.69
JET A	814.2	42.2	7.739	325.04	1228.20	7.863	330.26
KEROSINES (ALL	2) 815.2	42.0	7.730	324.68	1226.69	7.854	329.88
MARINE GAS OII	. 839.3	37.0	7.507	315.30	1191.47	7.628	320.36
NAPHTHA	731.1	62.0	8.623	362.16	1367.80	8.761	367.97
NAVAL DISTILLA FUEL (F76) AND DFW (F75)	ATE 844.3	36.0	7.463	313.43	1184.41	7.582	318.46

(3) TABLE III.

PRODUCT	ASSUMED DENSITY 20 deg C/20 deg C		
	g/mL	lb/gal	Kg/gal
FSII DIEGME	1.025	8.561	3.884

# M72 EVALUATION OF OFFERS (EXCEPTIONS/DEVIATIONS) (DLA ENERGY APR 1997)

(a) Offerors are expected to submit offers in full compliance with all terms and conditions of this solicitation.

(b) Any exceptions/deviations to the terms and conditions of this solicitation will result in the Government's determination that either--

(1) The exception/deviation is material enough to warrant rejection of the offer in part or in full; or

(2) The exception/deviation is acceptable.

(c) If the exception/deviation is in reference to a specification contained in this solicitation and the offeror cannot supply product fully meeting the required specification(s), the product can be offered for consideration provided the offeror clearly indicates, by attachment to the offer, the extent to which any product offered differs from the required specification(s).

(d) If the exception/deviation is in reference to a particular test, inspection, or testing method contained in this solicitation, the offer can be considered provided the offeror clearly indicates, by attachment to the offer, the extent to which its offer differs from those requirements.

(e) If the exception/deviation is determined acceptable, offered prices may be adjusted, for evaluation purposes only, by the Government's best estimate of the quantitative impact of the advantage or disadvantage to the Government that might result from making an award under those circumstances.