SOLICITATION/CONTRACT/ORDER FOR COMMERC OFFEROR TO COMPLETE BLOCKS 12, 17, 23, 24, AN									1 OF 69			
2. CONTRACT NO.			FECTIVE DATE		R NUMBER	1		CITATION I			6. SOLICI	TATION ISSUE DATE
7. FOR SOLICITATION INFORMATION CALL:	:	a. NAME JOHN L. N	UNNALLY				b. TELE		JMBER (No Co	llect Calls)	8. OFFER	R DUE DATE/LOCAL TIME
9. ISSUED BY		0005	W91B4N		10. THIS ACQU	JISITION IS	$\overline{}$		ICTED OR	SET ASID		% FOR:
REGIONAL CONTR BUILDING 13897 BAGRAM AF, AFGH APO AE 09354		L AFGHANISTA	N		SMALL BUS	SMALL	☐ ELIG	IBLE UND	ED SMALL BUSIN ER THE WOMEN ESS PROGRAM	-OWNED NA	AICS: 1219	
TEL: 318-481-XX FAX:	ХХ				SERVICE-D VETERAN- SMALL BUS	OWNED	8(A)				ZE STAN 20,500,0	
11. DELIVERY FOR TION UNLESS B		12. DISCOU	NT TERMS		I I	CONTRACT D ORDER		13b. RA	TING			
MARKED SEE SCHED	NIII F					(15 CFR 7			HOD OF SOL		Г	7
15. DELIVER TO		CODE V	V56RFA		16. ADMINISTE	RED BY		<u> X</u>	RFQ	∐ IFB	DDE	RFP
0003 HQ HQ US ARMY (OPERATION FREEDOM APO AE 09354 SGT CARLINTON FRAN TEL: 318-481-6768 FAX:	I SENTINAL BAGRAM NCIS	0052										
17a.CONTRACTOR/ OFFEROR	CODE		CILITY		18a. PAYMENT	WILL BE N	MADE BY			CC	DDE	
TELEPHONE NO. 17b. CHECK IF SUCH A DDRE	F REMITTANCE IS	DIFFERENT	AND PUT		18b. SUBMIT BELOW IS CH			DRESS S		OCK 18a.	UNLES	S BLOCK
19.			20.				21		22.	23.		24.
ПЕМ NO.			SEE SCHE		5		QUAN	IIIY	UNIT	UNIT PR	IICE	AMOUNT
25. ACCOUNTING										WARD AMC	OUNT (F	or Govt. Use Only)
	TON INCORPORA									DENDA X	ARE ARE	ARE NOT ATTACHED ARE NOT ATTACHED
28. CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT AND RECOPIES TO ISSUING OFFICE. CONTRACTOR AGREES TO FURNISH A DELIVER ALL ITEMS SET FORTH OR OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED ABOVE ADDITIONAL SHEETS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SPI			I AND OFFER DATED . YOUR OFFER ON SOLICITATION (BLOCK 5), INCLUDING ANY ADDITIONS OR CHANGES WHICH ARE				ANGES WHICH ARE					
30a. SIGNATURE (OF OFFEROR/CO	NTRACTOR			31a.UNITEC	STATES O	F AMERIC	A (SIGN	IATURE OF CON	ITRACTING C	OFFICER)	
30b. NAME AND TI (TYPE OR PRINT)	TLE OF SIGNER		30c. DATE	SIGNED	31b. NAME	OF CONTRA	ACTING OF	FICER	(TYPE OF	PRINT)		31c. DATE SIGNED
					TEL: EMAI							

SOLICITA	SOLICITATION/CONTRACT/ORDER FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (CONTINUED)					EMS					PA	GE 2 OF 69
19. ГТЕМ NO.			20. SCHEDULE OF SUPPLI	ES/ SEDVICES			21. QUANTIT	v	22. UNIT	23. UNIT PR		24. AMOUNT
ii Livi No.			SEE SCH				QOANTI		Crair	ONIT THE		AWOON
32a. QUANTITY IN	COLUM	N 21 HA	S BEEN									
RECEIVED	INSPE	CTED	ACCEPTED, AND CONF	ORMS TO THE C	ONTRAC	T, EXCEPT	AS NOTED:					
32b. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE			32c. DATE 32d. PRIN			NTED NAME AND TITLE OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT PRESENTATIVE						
32e. MAILING ADDRESS OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REP			EPRESENTATIVE	Ξ.	32f. TELEPHONE NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED GOVERNMENT REPRESENTAT							
						32g. E-MAI	L OF AUTHORI	ZED GC	OVERNMEN	T REPRESE	NTATIVE	
33. SHIP NUMBER	FINAL	34. VOU(CHER NUMBER	35. AMOUNT VE CORRECT		36.	PAYMENT	E F	PARTIAL [FINAL	37. CHE	CK NUMBER
38. S/R ACCOUNT	NUMBE	39. 8	S/R VOUCHER NUMBER	40. PAID BY		<u>'</u>				<u>'</u>		
			CORRECT AND PROPER RTIFYING OFFICER	FOR PAYMENT 41c. DATE	42a. RE	CEIVED BY	(Print)					
					42b. RE	CEIVED AT	(Location)					
					42c. DA	TE REC'D (YY/MM/DD)	42d. TC	OTAL CONT	AINERS		

Section SF 1449 - CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NO 0001	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY 12	UNIT Months	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
	Calibration & Maintenance FFP	ce of Fuel Meters			
	The contractor shall perfoleast 30 fuel flow meters pstandard of publications li FOB: Destination	per month. Calibra	ation and maint		
				_	
				NET AMT	
ITEM NO	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
0002	Repair Parts	1	Parts	01.1111102	1200011
	FFP				
	The contractor shall procu PWS.	ire repair parts as r	necessary IAW	paragraph 5.1.5 of the	
	FOB: Destination				
				-	

Page 4 of 69

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT UNIT PRICE AMOUNT 0003 1 Each

Defense Base Act (DBA) Insurance COST

DBA Insurance: Within 14 days after contract award and prior to commencing work. The amount listed by the offeror on this contract line item number (CLIN) is the estimated DBA insurance premium (estimated payroll of the Offeror and its subcontractors). The DBA insurance premium amount varies with payroll and the nature of the services. The actual amount paid by the Government under this CLIN will be based on the amount of the stamped "PAID" receipt from an approved Department of Labor (DOL) insurance carrier and submitted by the offeror after award for reimbursement. In the event of premiums are recalculated by the approved DOL insurance carrier based on actual payrolls, the contracting officer will adjust the DBA cost CLIN amount to reflect the actual premium amount paid. The U.S. Government will NOT reimburse the contractor for DBA insurance purchased from a non-Department of Labor approved insurance provider.

FOB: Destination

ESTIMATED COST

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT UNIT PRICE AMOUNT 0004 1 Each

Contractor Manpower Reporting (CMR)

FFP

Contractor Manpower Reporting is not separately priced. The Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower & Reserve Affairs) operates and maintains a secure Army data collection site where the contractor will report all contractor manpower (including subcontractor manpower) required for performance of this contract. The contractor is required to completely fill in all the information in the format using the following web address: https://contractormanpower.army.pentagon.mil. Clause 5152.225-5904 applies.

FOB: Destination

Page 5 of 69

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT UNIT PRICE AMOUNT 0005 1 Each

Mobilization

FFP

The Contractor shall be responsible for the mobilization of all its personnel. The contractor will have 30 days from contract award to mobilze and have personnel on site. During the mobilization period the contractor will, at a minimum, commence operations to: hire, train and mobilize its workforce to be in place no later than the start date of the performance period. Mobilization includes travel to the CRC from an individual's home of record prior to deployment and travel from the CRC to the Contractor's in-country program office at a location to be designated by the military. Mobilization includes all efforts to recruit and vet personnel. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring their personnel have all necessary equipment to perform required duties including but not limited to computer and cell phones. Mobilization expenses shall include all mobilization travel expenses for individuals; charges for hotels, transportation, baggage, meals, per diem, etc. The Contractor shall provide a final mobilization plan to the Administrative Contracting Officer or COR within 30 days after official notification of contract award.

FOB: Destination

NET AMT

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT UNIT PRICE AMOUNT 0006 1 Each

Demobilization

FFP

The Contractor is responsible for demobilizing all of its personnel and equipment from the Afghanistan Combined Joint Operations Area (CJOA). Demobilization: The contractor will demobilize in accordance with DFARS Clause 252.225-7997, Contractor Demobilization. Mobilization expenses shall include all mobilization travel expenses for individuals; charges for hotels, transportation, baggage, meals, per diem, etc. Invoices will be submitted via WAWF.

FOB: Destination

Page 6 of 69

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT **UNIT PRICE AMOUNT** 1001 12 Months OPTION Calibration & Maintenance of Fuel Meters The contractor shall perform calibration and maintenance IAW PWS 1.4 on at least 30 fuel flow meters per month. Calibration and maintenance shall be to the standard of publications listed in paragraph 6 of the PWS. FOB: Destination NET AMT **UNIT PRICE** ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES **QUANTITY UNIT AMOUNT** 1002 1 Parts OPTION Repair Parts FFP The contractor shall procure repair parts as necessary IAW paragraph 5.1.5 of the PWS. FOB: Destination

Page 7 of 69

ITEM NO 1003 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Defense Base Act (DBA) Insurance

COST

DBA Insurance: Within 14 days after contract award and prior to commencing work. The amount listed by the offeror on this contract line item number (CLIN) is the estimated DBA insurance premium (estimated payroll of the Offeror and its subcontractors). The DBA insurance premium amount varies with payroll and the nature of the services. The actual amount paid by the Government under this CLIN will be based on the amount of the stamped "PAID" receipt from an approved Department of Labor (DOL) insurance carrier and submitted by the offeror after award for reimbursement. In the event of premiums are recalculated by the approved DOL insurance carrier based on actual payrolls, the contracting officer will adjust the DBA cost CLIN amount to reflect the actual premium amount paid. The U.S. Government will NOT reimburse the contractor for DBA insurance purchased from a non-Department of Labor approved insurance provider.

FOB: Destination

ESTIMATED COST

ITEM NO 1004 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES

QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Contractor Manpower Reporting (CMR)

FFP

Contractor Manpower Reporting is not separately priced. The Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower & Reserve Affairs) operates and maintains a secure Army data collection site where the contractor will report all contractor manpower (including subcontractor manpower) required for performance of this contract. The contractor is required to completely fill in all the information in the format using the following web address: https://contractormanpower.army.pentagon.mil. Clause 5152.225-5904 applies.

FOB: Destination

Page 8 of 69

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT **UNIT PRICE AMOUNT** 2001 12 Months OPTION Calibration & Maintenance of Fuel Meters The contractor shall perform calibration and maintenance IAW PWS 1.4 on at least 30 fuel flow meters per month. Calibration and maintenance shall be to the standard of publications listed in paragraph 6 of the PWS. FOB: Destination NET AMT **UNIT PRICE** ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES **QUANTITY UNIT AMOUNT** 2002 1 Parts OPTION Repair Parts FFP The contractor shall procure repair parts as necessary IAW paragraph 5.1.5 of the PWS. FOB: Destination

Page 9 of 69

ITEM NO 2003 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Defense Base Act (DBA) Insurance

COST

DBA Insurance: Within 14 days after contract award and prior to commencing work. The amount listed by the offeror on this contract line item number (CLIN) is the estimated DBA insurance premium (estimated payroll of the Offeror and its subcontractors). The DBA insurance premium amount varies with payroll and the nature of the services. The actual amount paid by the Government under this CLIN will be based on the amount of the stamped "PAID" receipt from an approved Department of Labor (DOL) insurance carrier and submitted by the offeror after award for reimbursement. In the event of premiums are recalculated by the approved DOL insurance carrier based on actual payrolls, the contracting officer will adjust the DBA cost CLIN amount to reflect the actual premium amount paid. The U.S. Government will NOT reimburse the contractor for DBA insurance purchased from a non-Department of Labor approved insurance provider.

FOB: Destination

ESTIMATED COST

ITEM NO 2004 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES

QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Contractor Manpower Reporting (CMR)

FFP

Contractor Manpower Reporting is not separately priced. The Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower & Reserve Affairs) operates and maintains a secure Army data collection site where the contractor will report all contractor manpower (including subcontractor manpower) required for performance of this contract. The contractor is required to completely fill in all the information in the format using the following web address: https://contractormanpower.army.pentagon.mil. Clause 5152.225-5904 applies.

FOB: Destination

Page 10 of 69

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT **UNIT PRICE AMOUNT** 3001 12 Months OPTION Calibration & Maintenance of Fuel Meters The contractor shall perform calibration and maintenance IAW PWS 1.4 on at least 30 fuel flow meters per month. Calibration and maintenance shall be to the standard of publications listed in paragraph 6 of the PWS. FOB: Destination NET AMT **UNIT PRICE** ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES **QUANTITY UNIT AMOUNT** 3002 1 Parts OPTION Repair Parts FFP The contractor shall procure repair parts as necessary IAW paragraph 5.1.5 of the PWS. FOB: Destination **NET AMT**

Page 11 of 69

ITEM NO 3003 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Defense Base Act (DBA) Insurance

COST

DBA Insurance: Within 14 days after contract award and prior to commencing work. The amount listed by the offeror on this contract line item number (CLIN) is the estimated DBA insurance premium (estimated payroll of the Offeror and its subcontractors). The DBA insurance premium amount varies with payroll and the nature of the services. The actual amount paid by the Government under this CLIN will be based on the amount of the stamped "PAID" receipt from an approved Department of Labor (DOL) insurance carrier and submitted by the offeror after award for reimbursement. In the event of premiums are recalculated by the approved DOL insurance carrier based on actual payrolls, the contracting officer will adjust the DBA cost CLIN amount to reflect the actual premium amount paid. The U.S. Government will NOT reimburse the contractor for DBA insurance purchased from a non-Department of Labor approved insurance provider.

FOB: Destination

ESTIMATED COST

ITEM NO 3004 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES

QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Contractor Manpower Reporting (CMR)

FFP

Contractor Manpower Reporting is not separately priced. The Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower & Reserve Affairs) operates and maintains a secure Army data collection site where the contractor will report all contractor manpower (including subcontractor manpower) required for performance of this contract. The contractor is required to completely fill in all the information in the format using the following web address: https://contractormanpower.army.pentagon.mil. Clause 5152.225-5904 applies.

FOB: Destination

Page 12 of 69

ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES QUANTITY UNIT **UNIT PRICE AMOUNT** 4001 12 Months OPTION Calibration & Maintenance of Fuel Meters The contractor shall perform calibration and maintenance IAW PWS 1.4 on at least 30 fuel flow meters per month. Calibration and maintenance shall be to the standard of publications listed in paragraph 6 of the PWS. FOB: Destination NET AMT **UNIT PRICE** ITEM NO SUPPLIES/SERVICES **QUANTITY UNIT AMOUNT** 4002 1 Parts OPTION Repair Parts FFP The contractor shall procure repair parts as necessary IAW paragraph 5.1.5 of the PWS. FOB: Destination

Page 13 of 69

ITEM NO 4003 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES

QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Defense Base Act (DBA) Insurance

COST

DBA Insurance: Within 14 days after contract award and prior to commencing work. The amount listed by the offeror on this contract line item number (CLIN) is the estimated DBA insurance premium (estimated payroll of the Offeror and its subcontractors). The DBA insurance premium amount varies with payroll and the nature of the services. The actual amount paid by the Government under this CLIN will be based on the amount of the stamped "PAID" receipt from an approved Department of Labor (DOL) insurance carrier and submitted by the offeror after award for reimbursement. In the event of premiums are recalculated by the approved DOL insurance carrier based on actual payrolls, the contracting officer will adjust the DBA cost CLIN amount to reflect the actual premium amount paid. The U.S. Government will NOT reimburse the contractor for DBA insurance purchased from a non-Department of Labor approved insurance provider.

FOB: Destination

ESTIMATED COST

ITEM NO 4004 OPTION SUPPLIES/SERVICES

QUANTITY

UNIT Each **UNIT PRICE**

AMOUNT

Contractor Manpower Reporting (CMR)

FFP

Contractor Manpower Reporting is not separately priced. The Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower & Reserve Affairs) operates and maintains a secure Army data collection site where the contractor will report all contractor manpower (including subcontractor manpower) required for performance of this contract. The contractor is required to completely fill in all the information in the format using the following web address: https://contractormanpower.army.pentagon.mil. Clause 5152.225-5904 applies.

FOB: Destination

NET AMT

INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE TERMS

Supplies/services will be inspected/accepted at:

CLIN	INSPECT AT	INSPECT BY	ACCEPT AT	ACCEPT BY
0001	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
0002	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
0003	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
0004	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
0005	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
0006	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
1001	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
1002	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
1003	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
1004	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
2001	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
2002	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
2003	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
2004	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
3001	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
3002	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
3003	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
3004	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
4001	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
4002	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
4003	Destination	Government	Destination	Government
4004	Destination	Government	Destination	Government

DELIVERY INFORMATION

CLIN	DELIVERY DATE	QUANTITY	SHIP TO ADDRESS	DODAAC
0001	POP 04-MAR-2018 TO 03-MAR-2019	N/A	0003 HQ HQ US ARMY GAR BAG OPERATION FREEDOM SENTINAL BAGRAM AIRBASE APO AE 09354 SGT CARLINTON FRANCIS 318-481-6768 FOB: Destination	W56RFA
0002	POP 04-MAR-2018 TO 03-MAR-2019	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
0003	19-MAR-2018	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
0004	31-OCT-2018	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
0005	POP 04-FEB-2018 TO 03-MAR-2018	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA

0006	POP 04-MAR-2018 TO 03-MAR-2023	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
1001	POP 04-MAR-2019 TO 03-MAR-2020	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
1002	POP 04-MAR-2019 TO 03-MAR-2020	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
1003	19-MAR-2019	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
1004	31-OCT-2019	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
2001	POP 04-MAR-2020 TO 03-MAR-2021	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
2002	POP 04-MAR-2020 TO 03-MAR-2021	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
2003	19-MAR-2020	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
2004	31-OCT-2020	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
3001	POP 04-MAR-2021 TO 03-MAR-2022	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
3002	POP 04-MAR-2021 TO 03-MAR-2022	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
3003	19-MAR-2021	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
3004	31-OCT-2021	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
4001	POP 04-MAR-2022 TO 03-MAR-2023	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
4002	POP 04-MAR-2022 TO 03-MAR-2023	N/A	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
4003	19-MAR-2022	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA
4004	31-OCT-2022	1	(SAME AS PREVIOUS LOCATION) FOB: Destination	W56RFA

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.202-1	Definitions	NOV 2013
52.203-3	Gratuities	APR 1984
52.203-6	Restrictions On Subcontractor Sales To The Government	SEP 2006
52.204-7	System for Award Management	OCT 2016
52.204-9	Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel	JAN 2011
52.204-10	Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier	OCT 2016
32.201 10	Subcontract Awards	001 2010
52.204-12	Unique Entity Identifier Maintenance	OCT 2016
52.204-12		JUL 2016
	Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting	
52.204-18	Commercial and Government Entity Code Maintenance	JUL 2016
52.204-21	Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information	JUN 2016
#0.0 00.5	Systems	0.000.004.5
52.209-6	Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting	OCT 2015
	With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for	
	Debarment	
52.209-9	Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding	JUL 2013
	Responsibility Matters	
52.212-1	Instructions to OfferorsCommercial Items	JAN 2017
52.212-4	Contract Terms and ConditionsCommercial Items	JAN 2017
52.222-26	Equal Opportunity	SEP 2016
52.222-29	Notification Of Visa Denial	APR 2015
52.222-50 Alt I	Combating Trafficking in Persons (MAR 2015) Alternate I	MAR 2015
52.222-56	Certification Regarding Trafficking in Persons Compliance	MAR 2015
32.222 30	Plan.	WII III 2015
52.223-18	Encouraging Contractor Policies To Ban Text Messaging	AUG 2011
32.223 10	While Driving	710 0 2011
52.224-3	Privacy Training	JAN 2017
		JUN 2008
52.225-13	Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases	
52.229-6	TaxesForeign Fixed-Price Contracts	FEB 2013
52.232-40	Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business	DEC 2013
50.00 0	Subcontractors	1 DD 1001
52.237-2	Protection Of Government Buildings, Equipment, And	APR 1984
	Vegetation	
52.242-13	Bankruptcy	JUL 1995
252.201-7000	Contracting Officer's Representative	DEC 1991
252.203-7000	Requirements Relating to Compensation of Former DoD	SEP 2011
	Officials	
252.203-7002	Requirement to Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights	SEP 2013
252.203-7005	Representation Relating to Compensation of Former DoD	NOV 2011
	Officials	
252.204-7000	Disclosure Of Information	OCT 2016
252.204-7003	Control Of Government Personnel Work Product	APR 1992
252.204-7004 Alt A	System for Award Management Alternate A	FEB 2014
252.204-7008	Compliance With Safeguarding Covered Defense Information	
	Controls	
252.204-7009	Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Third-Party	OCT 2016
232.201 7007	Contractor Reported Cyber Incident Information	001 2010
252.204-7012	Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber	OCT 2016
252.20 1 /012	Incident Reporting	2010
252.204-7015		MAV 2016
232.204-7013	Notice of Authorized Disclosure of Information for Litigation	1VIA 1 2010
	Support	

252.222-7002	Compliance With Local Labor Laws (Overseas)	JUN 1997
252.222-7007	Representation Regarding Combating Trafficking in Persons	JAN 2015
252.223-7006	Prohibition On Storage, Treatment, and Disposal of Toxic or	SEP 2014
	Hazardous Materials	
252.225-7005	Identification Of Expenditures In The United States	JUN 2005
252.225-7041	Correspondence in English	JUN 1997
252.225-7042	Authorization to Perform	APR 2003
252.225-7048	Export-Controlled Items	JUN 2013
252.227-7015	Technical DataCommercial Items	FEB 2014
252.229-7000	Invoices Exclusive of Taxes or Duties	JUN 1997
252.229-7014	TaxesForeign Contracts in Afghanistan	DEC 2015
252.232-7003	Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving	JUN 2012
	Reports	
252.232-7008	Assignment of Claims (Overseas)	JUN 1997
252.232-7010	Levies on Contract Payments	DEC 2006
252.233-7001	Choice of Law (Overseas)	JUN 1997
252.237-7010	Prohibition on Interrogation of Detainees by Contractor	JUN 2013
	Personnel	
252.243-7001	Pricing Of Contract Modifications	DEC 1991
252.244-7000	Subcontracts for Commercial Items	JUN 2013
252.246-7008	Sources of Electronic Parts	OCT 2016
252.247-7023	Transportation of Supplies by Sea	APR 2014

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.209-7 INFORMATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (JULY 2013)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

Administrative proceeding means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (e.g., Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative Proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings). This includes administrative proceedings at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include agency actions such as contract audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000 means--

- (1) The total value of all current, active contracts and grants, including all priced options; and
- (2) The total value of all current, active orders including all priced options under indefinite-delivery, indefinite-quantity, 8(a), or requirements contracts (including task and delivery and multiple-award Schedules).

Principal means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

(b) The offeror () has () does not have current active Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000.

- (c) If the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of this provision, the offeror represents, by submission of this offer, that the information it has entered in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) is current, accurate, and complete as of the date of submission of this offer with regard to the following information:
- (1) Whether the offeror, and/or any of its principals, has or has not, within the last five years, in connection with the award to or performance by the offeror of a Federal contract or grant, been the subject of a proceeding, at the Federal or State level that resulted in any of the following dispositions:
- (i) In a criminal proceeding, a conviction.
- (ii) In a civil proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in the payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more.
- (iii) In an administrative proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in-
- (A) The payment of a monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more; or
- (B) The payment of a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000.
- (iv) In a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding, a disposition of the matter by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault by the Contractor if the proceeding could have led to any of the outcomes specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii), or (c)(1)(iii) of this provision.
- (2) If the offeror has been involved in the last five years in any of the occurrences listed in (c)(1) of this provision, whether the offeror has provided the requested information with regard to each occurrence.
- (d) The offeror shall post the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this provision in FAPIIS as required through maintaining an active registration in the System for Award Management database via https://www.acquisition.gov (see 52.204-7).

(End of provision)

ADDENDUM 52.212-1

ADDENDUM 52.212-1 OFFER PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS

A. Offer Submittal and Inquiry Instructions.

- In response to this solicitation, offers shall be received by the following not later than the closing date
 and time identified in Block 8 of the SF 1449, at the following email addresses:
 John Nunnally john.l.nunnally.civ@mail.mil (Contracting Specialist) and
 Hubert Cacho hubert.m.cacho.civ@mail.mil (Contracting Officer)
- 2. Offers shall only be submitted electronically via email.
- 3. The Contracting Officer via the Contract Specialist is the only point of contact to supply additional information and answer all inquiries.
- 4. All questions shall be received by John Nunnally john.l.nunnally.civ@mail.mil (Contracting Specialist) and Hubert Cacho hubert.m.cacho.civ@mail.mil (Contracting Officer)) no later than 22 Jan, 2018 at 9:00pm (Afghan time). Please identify the Performance Work Statement paragraph number or reference with each question.

B. General Instructions

- 1. Offerors shall meet all solicitation requirements, such as terms and conditions, representations and certifications, and technical requirements, in addition to those identified as evaluation factors and subfactors. Failure to meet a requirement may result in an offer being ineligible for award. Offerors shall assume that the Government has no prior knowledge of their experience, and will base its evaluation on the information presented in the Offeror's proposal.
- 2. In accordance with FAR Subpart 4.8 (Government Contract Files), the government will retain an electronic copy of all unsuccessful proposals in the contract file.
- 3. The Offer. The submission of the documentation specified below will constitute the offeror's acceptance of the terms and conditions of the RFQ, concurrence with the Performance Work Statement, and contract type.
- 4. It is the Government's intention to award without discussions. Offerors are encouraged to present their best technical offer and prices in their initial offer submission. However, in accordance with (IAW) FAR Part 15.306, should discussions become necessary, the Government reserves the right to conduct them. If this occurs, a competitive range may be determined and offerors notified. The competitive range may be limited for purposes of efficiency IAW FAR Part 15.306 (c)(2).
- 5. Any offer, modification, revision, or withdrawal of an offer received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless (1) there is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or (2) if this solicitation is a request for quotations, it was the only quotation received. However, a late modification of an otherwise successful offer, that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted. Acceptable evidence of the time of receipt of offers includes the date/time stamp at the government's installation, other documentary evidence maintained by the installation or statement of a government employee.

C. Offer Preparation Instructions

1. Offer Format

(a) Offers shall include separate electronic files according to the following sections:

Table 1

Section	TITLE	PAGE LIMITS
I	General	N/A
II	Price	N/A
III	Technical Volume	40
IV	Past Performance	5

- (c) Offer Limitation. The offers shall not exceed the limits stated above. If the page limits are exceeded, the pages in excess of the limit shall be removed and not evaluated. The Government will not accept any changes to the contractor's offer after the closing date of the solicitation (See FAR 15.208 for further information regarding late proposals).
- (d) Page Limit Includes: All appendices, charts, graphs, diagrams, tables, photographs, drawings, font size 12, Time New Roman or Arial, PDF format, no more than 4MB etc.

3. Offer Content

(a) **Section I – General**. Offerors are required to submit a completed SF 1449 (Solicitation, Offer and Award) and shall acknowledge all amendments (SF 30). In submitting the SF 1449, the offeror agrees to the contract terms and conditions. All final monetary extensions shall be in whole dollars only.

Failure to follow the below Contract Offer preparation instructions may cause your offer to be deemed unacceptable by the Government. The offeror is cautioned that the *SF 1449* must contain an original signature in block 30 of the form. The contractor shall acknowledge any amendments to the RFQ in accordance with the instructions on the *SF 1449*. The offeror shall provide the name, title and telephone number of the company/division point of contact regarding decisions made with respect to your offer and who can obligate your company contractually.

Also, identify those individuals authorized to negotiate with the Government on behalf of the offeror. Offerors shall clearly identify any exception to the solicitation terms and conditions and provide complete accompanying rationale. Offerors shall complete the necessary fill-ins and certifications at clause 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certification, Commercial Items. The representations and certifications shall be returned in its entirety.

Offers shall be clear, concise, and include sufficient detail for effective evaluation and for substantiating the validity of stated claims in the Offeror's quote.. Legibility, clarity and coherence are very important. Responses will be evaluated against the Evaluation factors defined in Addendum 52.212-2, Evaluation Factors for Award. The offer should not simply rephrase or restate the Government's requirements, but rather shall provide convincing rationale to address how the offeror intends to meet these requirements. Statements that the offeror understands, can, or will comply with the Performance Work Statement (PWS). Offerors shall assume that the Government has no prior knowledge of their facilities and experience, and will base its evaluation on the information presented in the offeror's quote. Elaborate brochures or documentation, binding, detailed art work, or other embellishments are unnecessary and are not desired.

(b) Section II- Factor 1: Price – The offeror shall complete the proposed unit and extended prices in the pricing schedule for each Contract Line Items Numbers (CLINS) in the SF1449. The Government reserves the right to require the submission of Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data as is deemed necessary to arrive at a fair and reasonable price. Insert the proposed unit and extended prices in the pricing scheduled for each CLIN.

(c) Section III – Factor 2: Technical Capability

(1) The Technical Capability shall, at a minimum, be prepared in a form consistent with the Performance Work Statement (PWS) and the following evaluation criteria. The offeror shall provide its technical approach to prove its understanding and capability of providing the scope of services required to meet the mission for the Fuel Meter Calibration requirements.

Mission Capability

The offeror shall demonstrate the Offeror's understanding of the mission and requirements and ability to provide Fuel Flow Meter Calibration and Maintenance Services at Bagram Air Field (BAF) as noted in the PWS. The Offeror must provide a comprehensive plan for meeting all functional requirements as prescribed in the PWS, including maintaining accurate records of meter calibration repair, calibration due dates of meters, and training records for all personnel.

The Offeror shall include a listing of the key personnel, as described in the PWS, to include required qualifications and training certifications, as identified in the PWS.

The Offeror shall include an organizational chart demonstrating that the Offeror has the capabilities and experience for managing this requirement at BAF.

The Offeror shall include procedures on hiring, training, personnel sustainment, retention, and backfill processes. Within the hiring portion, the Offeror shall include an outline of its interview processes; how background checks will be conducted. The hiring portion shall also include the Offerors detailed procedures to ensure that employees are routed through Continental United States Rotation Center (CRC), if necessary, and mobilized in Afghanistan in a timely manner and equivalent experienced replacements are provided as required.

Mobilization Plan

The Mobilization Plan shall detail how the offeror will prepare its company to become fully operational by the required transition completion date, 30 days from date of contract award.

The transition plan shall include a management and chain of command structure, schedules and milestones, and shall identify any technical or management issues affecting the offeror's ability to become 100% operational by the required transition date and include a plan to mitigate these issues.

(d) Section IV – Factor 3: Past Performance. The offeror shall complete the following document, Specific Relevant Contracts Sheet, to demonstrate recent and relevant past performance.

Submission Requirements: The offeror shall submit a Past Performance Volume containing the following:

Specific Relevant- The offeror shall provide documentation outlining the offeror's past performance with contracts, as a prime or major subcontractor, which is the same or similar in nature, size, and complexity to the services being procured under this Solicitation. The submittal shall include rationale supporting your assertion of relevance and how it was determined that the work performed previously was the same or similar in nature, size, and complexity to the work specified by this solicitation. Offerors are required to explain what aspects of the contracts are deemed relevant to the proposed effort, and to what aspects of the proposed effort they relate.

Specific Relevant Contracts Sheet

The offeror shall provide documentation outlining the offeror's past performance with contracts, as a prime or major subcontractor, which is the same or similar in nature, size, and complexity to the services being procured under this Solicitation. The submittal shall include rationale supporting your assertion of relevance and how it was determined that the work performed previously was the same or similar in nature, size, and complexity to the work specified by this solicitation. Offerors are required to explain what aspects of the contracts are deemed relevant to the proposed effort, and to what aspects of the proposed effort they relate.

1.	Contract NumberAward Date
2.	Price
	Period of Performance/Delivery Schedule.
Original	completion/delivery date
Revised	completion/delivery date
	Contact Information - Address and telephone number for the Government (or commercial) procuring
contracti	ing activity AND contract administrative activity (if applicable). Name, telephone number, fax number and
e-mail a	ddress for the following:
5.	Contracting Officer Name:
E-Mail A	Address:
6.	Contracting Officer Representative Name:
E-Mail A	Address:
	Rational/Relevancy Descriptions

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52.212-2 EVALUATION--COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2014)

- (a) The Government will award a contract resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror whose offer conforming to the solicitation will be most advantageous to the Government, price and other factors considered. The following factors shall be used to evaluate offers:
- (i) Price
- (ii) Technical capability of the service offered to meet the Government requirement
- (iii) past performance

Technical and past performance, when combined, are less important than price.

- (b) Options. The Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirement. The Government may determine that an offer is unacceptable if the option prices are significantly unbalanced. Evaluation of options shall not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).
- (c) A written notice of award or acceptance of an offer, mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time for acceptance specified in the offer, shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party. Before the offer's specified expiration time, the Government may accept an offer (or part of an offer), whether or not there are negotiations after its receipt, unless a written notice of withdrawal is received before award.

(End of provision)

ADDENDUM 52.212-2 EVALUATION ADDENDUM 52-212-2 EVALUATION

- a. Basis for Contract Award: Lowest Priced Technically Acceptable (LPTA)
- (1) Award will be made to a single offeror who is deemed responsible in accordance with the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), whose offer conforms to the solicitation requirements, and whose offer, judged by an overall assessment of the evaluation criteria and other considerations specified in this solicitation, represents the Lowest Priced Technically Acceptable offer in accordance with FAR Subpart 15.101-2.
- (2) Trade-offs between cost/price and non-cost/price factors are not permitted. Unreasonably high, unbalanced, inaccurate or incomplete price offers may be the grounds for eliminating an offer from competition.
- (3) The Government will evaluate proposed prices for reasonableness using price analysis techniques. Proposed prices evaluated as unreasonable may be grounds for eliminating an offer from competition.

(4) Evaluation process:

1. All offers will be reviewed for timeliness. If the proposal is received after the closing date and does not meet the criteria for "late submissions" in the solicitation, the proposal will not be considered.

- 2. Timely offers will be reviewed for responsiveness (compliance) to the solicitation. If the offer is not responsive to the solicitation, it will not be evaluated and the offeror will be notified that the offer is non-responsive.
- 3. Timely and responsive offers will be ranked from lowest to highest price.
- 4. A technical evaluation will be conducted. The lowest priced offeror's technical proposal will be evaluated by a technical team. If the proposal is technically acceptable, no other proposals will be evaluated. If the technical proposal is unacceptable, the next lowest offeror's technical proposal will be evaluated. This process will continue until a technical proposal is identified as technically acceptable.*
- 5. The lowest priced technically acceptable offer will be evaluated for past performance. If the offeror's past performance is rated acceptable, the process will proceed to award.
- 6. The lowest priced technically acceptable offer will be evaluated for price reasonableness.

b. Evaluation Criteria

(1) Evaluation criteria consist of factors and subfactors, following factors shall be used to evaluate offers:

Factor 1: Price

Factor 2: Technical Capability to include Mission Capability and Mobilization Plan

Factor 3: Past Performance

(2) **Factor 1 – Price**. Offerors shall provide PRICING Factor requirements in accordance with specifications detailed in FAR 52.212-1 (Instructions to Offerors-Commercial) in this solicitation.

Offerors are advised that the Option to Extend Services Clause at FAR 52.217-8 is included in this solicitation and will be included in the awarded contract.

During the evaluation of offers, the Contracting Officer will add the cost of a six-month FAR 52.217-8 extension period to all evaluated offers. The cost of this six-month extension period will be calculated as follows:

<u>Rate Charged:</u> The FAR 52.217-8 monthly rate charged will be identical to the monthly rate charged during the contract's final period of performance (which is the final option period exercised or the base period if there are no options included in the contract).

Total Evaluated Costs of FAR 52.217-8 Extension: The total cost of the evaluated FAR 52.217-8 period of performance costs will be the monthly rate of the last option period (or the base period if there are no options) multiplied by six-months.

a. Unbalanced Pricing may be evaluated in accordance with FAR 15.404-1(g), as applicable, to assess potential performance risk which could result in unreasonably high prices

b. <u>Definitions.</u>

- i. *Reasonableness*. A price is reasonable if, in its nature and amount, it does not exceed that which would be incurred by a prudent person in the conduct of competitive business.
- ii. *Completeness/Accuracy*. The offeror's proposal is in compliance with the Price Volume instructions in the solicitation.

- c. Price will be ranked from lowest to highest and evaluate the lowest priced offer to determine if it is complete and balanced. The Government may determine that an offer is unacceptable if the option prices are significantly unbalanced. The Government will then evaluate the technical factor, then the past performance factor, and then evaluate the price to be fair and reasonable.
- d. Failure to comply with all pricing factors in accordance with specifications detailed in FAR 52.212-1 (Instructions to Offerors-Commercial) in this solicitation will render the Offeror non-responsive, and ineligible for award.
- (3) **Factor 2 Technical Capability.** The Technical Factor evaluation provides an assessment of the offeror's capability to satisfy the Government's minimum requirements.

Factor 2: Technical Capability
Standard of Acceptability:

Mission Capability

- a. The Offeror's quotation demonstrated an understanding of the mission and requirements and ability to provide Fuel Flow Meter Calibration and Maintenance Services at Bagram Air Field (BAF) as noted in the PWS. The Offeror must provide a comprehensive plan for meeting all functional requirements as prescribed in the PWS, including maintaining accurate records of meter calibration repair, calibration due dates of meters, and training records for all personnel.
- b. The Offeror included a listing of the key personnel, as described in the PWS, to include required qualifications and training certifications, as identified in the PWS para 4.
- c. The Offeror included an organizational chart demonstrating that the Offeror has the capabilities and experience for managing this requirement at BAF.
- d. The Offeror included procedures on hiring, training, personnel sustainment, retention, and backfill processes. Within the hiring portion, the Offeror included an outline of its interview processes; how background checks will be conducted. The hiring portion shall also include the Offeror's detailed procedures to ensure that employees are routed through Continental United States Rotation Center (CRC), if necessary, and mobilized in Afghanistan in a timely manner and equivalent experienced replacements are provided as required.

Mobilization Plan.

- a. The Offeror's mobilization plan will detail how the offeror will prepare its company to become fully operational by the required transition completion date, 30 days from date of contract award.
- b. The Offeror's mobilization plan shall include a management and chain of command structure, schedules and milestones, and shall identify any technical or management issues affecting the offeror's ability to become 100% operational by the required transition date and include a plan to mitigate these issues.

The Technical Factor will receive one of the adjectival ratings defined below

Table A-1. Technical Acceptable/Unacceptable Ratings		
Rating	Description	

Acceptable	Proposal clearly meets the minimum requirements
	of the solicitation.
Unacceptable	Proposal does not clearly meet the minimum
	requirements of the solicitation.

- (4) Factor 3 Past Performance. The Past Performance evaluation will assess the offeror's probability of meeting the solicitation's requirements as indicated by that offeror's record of past performance. Past Performance is assessed at the factor level after evaluating aspects of the offeror's recent past performance and focusing on performance that is relevant to the services being procured under this solicitation.
- (a) Recency Assessment. An assessment of the past performance information will be made to determine if it is recent. To be recent, the effort must be ongoing or must have been performed during the past three (3) years from the date of issuance of this solicitation. Past performance information that fails this condition will not be evaluated.
- (b) Relevancy Assessment. To be relevant, the effort must be similar in nature of work, size, and complexity. The Government will conduct an in-depth evaluation of all recent performance information obtained to determine if it is the same or similar in nature of work, size, and complexity to the services/products being procured under this solicitation.

Recent past performance is defined as not more than three (3) years from the Solicitation release date; relevant in terms of similar nature of work, size and complexity.

A relevancy determination of the offeror's (including joint venture partner(s) and major and critical subcontractor(s)) past performance will be made. In determining relevancy for individual contracts, consideration will be given to the effort, or portion of the effort, being proposed by the offeror, teaming partner, or subcontractor whose contract is being reviewed and evaluated. In establishing what is relevant for the acquisition, consideration should be given to what aspects of an offeror's contract history would give the most confidence that the offeror will satisfy the current procurement. The past performance information provided in the proposal and obtained from other sources will be used to establish the relevancy of past performance.

(c) Ratings. Past Performance will be assigned one of the ratings defined below.

Table 4. Past Performance Evaluation Ratings		
Rating	Description	
Acceptable	Based on the offeror's performance record, the Government has a reasonable expectation that the offeror will successfully perform the required effort, or the offeror's performance record is unknown.	
Unacceptable	Based on the offeror's performance record, the Government has no reasonable expectation that the offeror will be able to successfully perform the required effort.	

(d) Offeror's without a record of relevant past performance or for whom information on past performance is not available or so sparse that no meaningful past performance rating can be reasonably assigned, the offeror may not be evaluated favorably or unfavorably on past performance. Therefore, the offeror shall be determined to have unknown past performance. In the context of acceptability/unacceptability, "unknown" shall be considered "acceptable."

AWARD DETERMINATION: As a result of the Government's aforementioned evaluation, the award shall be made to the responsible offeror who is found technically acceptable at the lowest price.

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52.212-3 OFFEROR REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS--COMMERCIAL ITEMS (NOV 2017)

The Offeror shall complete only paragraph (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM) Web site located at https://www.sam.gov/portal. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (u) of this provision.

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision --

"Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) Concern" means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

"Forced or indentured child labor" means all work or service-

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

"Highest-level owner" means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

"Immediate owner" means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: Ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

"Inverted domestic corporation" means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

"Manufactured end product" means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except-

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;
- (2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
- (3) PSG 88, Live Animals;
- (4) PSG 89, Subsistence;
- (5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;
- (7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
- (8) PSC 9610, Ores;

- (9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.
- "Place of manufacture" means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.
- "Predecessor" means an entity that is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors of the predecessor.
- "Restricted business operations" means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate--
- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
- (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
- (6) Have been voluntarily suspended.
- "Sensitive technology"--
- (1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically--
- (i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or
- (ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and
- (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).
- "Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"--
- (1) Means a small business concern--
- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).
- "Small business concern" means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.
- "Small disadvantaged business concern", consistent with 13 CFR 124.1002, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that--
- (1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by-
- (i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and
- (ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.
- "Subsidiary" means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned-
- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.
- "Successor" means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and carrying out the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term
- "successor" does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.
- "Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-
- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.
- "Women-owned business concern" means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
- "Women-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-
- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; or
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

"Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127)", means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States. (b) (1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications posted electronically on the SAM (2) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically via the SAM website accessed through https://www.acquisition.gov. After reviewing the SAM database information, the offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications--Commercial Items, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), as of the date of this offer and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201), except for paragraphs . [Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (u) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any.) These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer. Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.] (c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply. (1) Small business concern. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it () is, () is not a small business concern. (2) Veteran-owned small business concern. (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it (_____) is, (_____) is not a veteran-owned small business concern. (3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it (____) is, (____) is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. (4) Small disadvantaged business concern. (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents that it (____) is, (___) is not a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002. (5) Women-owned small business concern. (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents that it (____) is, (___) is not a womenowned small business concern. (6) WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a womenowned small business concern in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.] The offeror represents that-

(i) It [] is, [] is not a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required

(ii) It [____] is, [____] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB

documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have

been issued that affects its eligibility; and

Program participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture:] Each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the WOSB representation.
(7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program in (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents that
(i) It [] is, [] is not an EDWOSB concern, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and
(ii) It [] is, [] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of this provision is accurate for each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the EDWOSB concern and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture:] Each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the EDWOSB representation.
Note: Complete paragraphs (c)(8) and (c)(9) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.
(8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). (Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents that it () is, a women-owned business concern.
(9) Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:
(10) HUBZone small business concern. (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that
(i) It [] is, [] is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and
(ii) It [] is, [] is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this provision is accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the names of each of the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture:] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.
(d) Certifications and representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order 11246
(1) Previous Contracts and Compliance. The offeror represents that
(i) It () has, () has not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject either to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation, the and
(ii) It () has, () has not, filed all required compliance reports.

(2) Affirmative Action Compliance. The offeror represents that
(i) It () has developed and has on file, () has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR Subparts 60-1 and 60-2), or
(ii) It () has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.
(e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.
(f) Buy American Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.225-1, Buy AmericanSupplies, is included in this solicitation.)
(1) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, i.e., an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of "domestic end product." The terms "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy AmericanSupplies." (2) Foreign End Products:
Line Item No. Country of Origin

Line Item No.	Country of Origin

(List as necessary)

- (3) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.
- (g)(1) Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-3, Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)
- (i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or (g)(1)(iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The terms ``Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product," ``commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," ``component," ``domestic end product," ``foreign end product," ``Free Trade Agreement country," ``Free Trade Agreement country end product," ``Israeli end product," and ``United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled ``Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act."

(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act":

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No.	Country of Origin

[List as necessary]

(iii) The offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act." The offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, i.e., an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of "domestic end product."

Other Foreign End Products:

Line Item No.	Country of Origin

[List as necessary]

(iv) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25. (2) *Buy American Act-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate I (Jan 2004)*. If Alternate I to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American -Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Canadian End Products:

Line	Item No.

		Page 33 of 69
[List as necessar	y]	
	R 52.225-3 is included	nents-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II (Jan 2004). If Alternate II to d in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph
		following supplies are Canadian end products or Israeli end products as n entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":
Canadian or Isra	eli End Products:	
Line Item No.	Country of Origin	
[List as necessar	yl	
at FAR 52.225-3 of the basic prov (g)(1)(ii) The of than Bahrainian,	is included in this so ision: feror certifies that the Korean, Moroccan, C	nentsIsraeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate III. If Alternate III to the clause licitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other Dmani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as n entitled ``Buy AmericanFree Trade AgreementsIsraeli Trade Act":
Free Trade Agre		roducts (Other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or
Line Item No.	Country of Origin	
Diffe Item 110.	Country of Origin	
		
		

[List as necessary]

(5) Trade Agreements Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-5, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)

- (i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(5)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product, as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled `Trade Agreements".
- (ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

Other End Products:

Line Item No.	Country of Origin

[List as necessary]

the award of contracts by any Federal agency;

- (iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.
- (h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals-
 [1] [_____] Are, [_____] are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for

(2) [____] Have, [____] have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property; and

(3) [] Are, [] are not presently indicted fo	r, or otherwise crimina	lly or civilly cha	arged by a Government
entity with	n, commission	of any of these offenses enum	erated in paragraph (h)	(2) of this clause	e; and

- (4) [____] Have, [____] have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,500 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.
- (i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:

- (A) *The tax liability is finally determined*. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.
- (B) The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.
- (ii) Examples.
- (A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appear rights.
- (B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals Contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- (D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at 22.1503(b).]
- (1) Listed end products.

Listed End Product	Listed Countriesof Origin

(2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]

[] (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.
[] (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor. (j) Place of manufacture. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly—
(1) () In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or
(2) () Outside the United States.
(j) Place of manufacture. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly
(1) () In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or
(2) () Outside the United States.
(k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards. (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.)
[The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph $(k)(1)$ or $(k)(2)$ applies.]
[] (1) Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR <u>22.1003-4</u> (c)(1). The offeror () does () does not certify that—
(i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;
(ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR $\underline{22.1003-4}(c)(2)(ii)$) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and
(iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.
[] (2) Certain services as described in FAR $\underline{22.1003-4}(d)(1)$. The offeror () does () does not certify that—
(i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities

in the course of normal business operations;

- (ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR <u>22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii))</u>;
- (iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and
- (iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.
- (3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies—
- (i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and
- (ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.
- (1) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) (26 U.S.C. 6109, 31 U.S.C. 7701). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to the SAM database to be eligible for award.)
- (1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (1)(3) through (1)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- (2) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
() TIN:
() TIN has been applied for.
() TIN is not required because:
() Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;
() Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
() Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
(4) Type of organization.
() Sole proprietorship;
() Partnership;

() Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
() Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
() Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
() Foreign government;
() International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
() Other
(5) Common parent.
() Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent;
() Name and TIN of common parent:
Name TIN
(m) Restricted business operations in Sudan. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.
(n) Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—
(1) Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at 9.108-2(b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at 9.108-4.
(2) Representation. By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that-
(i) It is not an inverted domestic corporation; and
(ii) It is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.
(o) Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.
(1) The offeror shall e-mail questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov .
(2) Representation and Certifications. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror—
(i) Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;

(iii) Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds \$3,500 with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic

(ii) Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for

which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and

Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at http://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/t11sdn.pdf).

(3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (o)(2) of this provision do not apply if—
(i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification ($e.g.$, $\underline{52.212-3}(g)$ or a comparable agency provision); and
(ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.
(p) Ownership or Control of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a unique entity identifier in the solicitation.
(1) The Offeror represents that it [] has or [] does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.
(2) If the Offeror indicates "has" in paragraph (p)(1) of this provision, enter the following information:
Immediate owner CAGE code:
Immediate owner legal name:
(Do not use a "doing business as" name)
Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity:
[] Yes or [] No.
(3) If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph $(p)(2)$ of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:
Highest level owner CAGE code:
Highest level owner legal name:
(Do not use a "doing business as" name)
(q) Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.
(1) As required by section 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, the Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—
(i) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the

authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless and agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that

suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or

(ii) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.
(2) The Offeror represents that
(i) It is [] is not [] a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and
(ii) It is [] is not [] a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.
(r) Predecessor of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations that include the provision at 52.204-16, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.)
(1) The Offeror represents that it [] is or [] is not a successor to a predecessor that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.
(2) If the Offeror has indicated ``is" in paragraph (r)(1) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):
Predecessor CAGE code: (or mark ``Unknown").
Predecessor legal name:
(Do not use a ``doing business as" name).
(t) Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals. Applies in all solicitations that require offerors to register in SAM $(52.212-1(k))$.
(1) This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.
(2) Representation. [Offeror to check applicable block(s) in paragraph (t)(2)(i) and (ii)]. (i) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) [] does, [] does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, i.e., makes available on a publicly accessible Web site the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.
(ii) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) [] does, [] does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, i.e., make available on a publicly accessible Web site a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.
(iii) A publicly accessible Web site includes the Offeror's own Web site or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.
(3) If the Offeror checked ``does" in paragraphs $(t)(2)(i)$ or $(t)(2)(ii)$ of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible Web site(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported:
•

- (u)(1) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.
- (2) The prohibition in paragraph (u)(1) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.
- (3) Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).

(End of provision)

52.212-5 CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS—COMMERCIAL ITEMS (DEVIATION 2013-00019) (NOV 2017)

- (a) Comptroller General Examination of Record. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (a) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records -- Negotiation.
- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
- (3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

- (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of any other clause in this contract, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (b)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—
- (i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).
- (ii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$650,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (iii) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (1) of FAR clause 52.222-17.
- (iv) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).
- (v) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O. 11246).
- (vi) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (vii) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (viii) 52.222-62 Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2017) (E.O. 13706).
- (ix) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Feb 2016) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (x) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.
- (xi) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014), (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (xii) ____ (A) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
- ____ (B) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 E.O. 13627).
- (xiii) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67.)
- (xiv) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67)
- (xv) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015).
- (xvi) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015) (E.O. 13658).
- (xvii) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Jul 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).
- (xviii) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.

- (xix) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately-Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.
- (2) While not required, the contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(End of Clause)

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.217-8 OPTION TO EXTEND SERVICES (NOV 1999)

The Government may require continued performance of any services within the limits and at the rates specified in the contract. These rates may be adjusted only as a result of revisions to prevailing labor rates provided by the Secretary of Labor. The option provision may be exercised more than once, but the total extension of performance hereunder shall not exceed 6 months. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within 15 days.

(End of clause)

52.217-9 OPTION TO EXTEND THE TERM OF THE CONTRACT (MAR 2000)

- (a) The Government may extend the term of this contract by written notice to the Contractor within 30 days; provided that the Government gives the Contractor a preliminary written notice of its intent to extend at least 60 days before the contract expires. The preliminary notice does not commit the Government to an extension.
- (b) If the Government exercises this option, the extended contract shall be considered to include this option clause.
- (c) The total duration of this contract, including the exercise of any options under this clause, shall not exceed 66 months.
 (End of clause)

52.228-3 WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE (DEFENSE BASE ACT) (JUL 2014)

- (a) The Contractor shall--
- (1) Before commencing performance under this contract, establish provisions to provide for the payment of disability compensation and medical benefits to covered employees and death benefits to their eligible survivors, by purchasing workers' compensation insurance or qualifying as a self-insurer under the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 932) as extended by the Defense Base Act (42 U.S.C. 1651, et seq.), and continue to maintain provisions to provide such Defense Base Act benefits until contract performance is completed:

- (2) Within ten days of an employee's injury or death or from the date the Contractor has knowledge of the injury or death, submit Form LS-202 (Employee's First Report of Injury or Occupational Illness) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 930(a), 20 CFR 702.201 to 702.203);
- (3) Pay all compensation due for disability or death within the time frames required by the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914, 20 CFR 702.231 and 703.232);
- (4) Provide for medical care as required by the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 907, 20 CFR 702.402 and 702.419);
- (5) If controverting the right to compensation, submit Form LS-207 (Notice of Controversion of Right to Compensation) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914(d), 20 CFR 702.251);
- (6) Immediately upon making the first payment of compensation in any case, submit Form LS-206 (Payment Of Compensation Without Award) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914(c), 20 CFR 702.234);
- (7) When payments are suspended or when making the final payment, submit Form LS-208 (Notice of Final Payment or Suspension of Compensation Payments) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 914(c) and (g), 20 CFR 702.234 and 702.235); and
- (8) Adhere to all other provisions of the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act as extended by the Defense Base Act, and Department of Labor regulations at 20 CFR Parts 701 to 704.
- (b) For additional information on the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act requirements see http://www.dol.gov/owcp/dlhwc/lsdba.htm.
- (c) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts to which the Defense Base Act applies.

(End of clause)

52.233-2 SERVICE OF PROTEST (SEP 2006)

- (a) Protests, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the Government Accountability Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from Hubert Cacho at hubert.m.cacho.civ@mail.mil.
- (b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

(End of provision)

52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://farsite.hill.af.mil/

(End of provision)

52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://farsite.hill.af.mil/

(End of clause)

252.204-7011 ALTERNATIVE LINE-ITEM STRUCTURE (SEP 2011)

(a) Line items are the basic structural elements in a solicitation or contract that provide for the organization of contract requirements to facilitate pricing, delivery, inspection, acceptance and payment. Line items are organized into contract line items, subline items, and exhibit line items. Separate line items should be established to account for separate pricing, identification (see section 211.274 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement), deliveries, or funding. The Government recognizes that the line item structure in this solicitation may not conform to every offeror's practices. Failure to correct these issues can result in difficulties in accounting for deliveries and processing payments. Therefore, offerors are invited to propose an alternative line item structure for items on which bids, proposals, or quotes are requested in this solicitation to ensure that the resulting contract structure is economically and administratively advantageous to the Government and the Contractor.

(b) If an alternative line item structure is proposed, the structure must be consistent with subpart 204.71 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement and PGI 204.71. A sample solicitation line-item structure and a corresponding offer of a proposed alternative line-item structure follow.

Solicitation:

Item No.	Supplies/Service	Quantity	Unit	Unit price	Amount
0001	Computer, Desktop with CPU, Monitor, Keyboard and Mouse.	20	EA		

Alternative line-item structure offer where monitors are shipped separately:

Item No.	Supplies/Service	Quantity	y 	Unit	Unit Price	Amount
	. Computer, Desktop with CPU, Keyboard and Mous		20	EA		
0002	. Monitor	20	EA			

(End of provision)

252.225-7043 ANTITERRORISM/FORCE PROTECTION POLICY FOR DEFENSE CONTRACTORS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (JUN 2015)

- (a) Definition. United States, as used in this clause, means, the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, the Contractor and its subcontractors, if performing or traveling outside the United States under this contract, shall--
- (1) Affiliate with the Overseas Security Advisory Council, if the Contractor or subcontractor is a U.S. entity;
- (2) Ensure that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are U.S. nationals and are in-country on a non-transitory basis, register with the U.S. Embassy, and that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are third country nationals comply with any security related requirements of the Embassy of their nationality;
- (3) Provide, to Contractor and subcontractor personnel, antiterrorism/force protection awareness information commensurate with that which the Department of Defense (DoD) provides to its military and civilian personnel and their families, to the extent such information can be made available prior to travel outside the United States; and
- (4) Obtain and comply with the most current antiterrorism/force protection guidance for Contractor and subcontractor personnel.
- (c) The requirements of this clause do not apply to any subcontractor that is-
- (1) A foreign government;
- (2) A representative of a foreign government; or
- (3) A foreign corporation wholly owned by a foreign government.
- (d) Information and guidance pertaining to DoD antiterrorism/force protection can be obtained from [_____ Contracting Officer to insert applicable information cited in PGI 225.372-1].

(Hnd	of a	lause)
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252.225-7993 PROHIBITION ON PROVIDING FUNDS TO THE ENEMY (DEVIATION 2015-00016) (SEP 2015)

- (a) The Contractor shall—
- (1) Exercise due diligence to ensure that none of the funds, including supplies and services, received under this contract are provided directly or indirectly (including through subcontracts) to a person or entity who is actively opposing United States or Coalition forces involved in a contingency operation in which members of the Armed Forces are actively engaged in hostilities;
- (2) Check the list of prohibited/restricted sources in the System for Award Management at www.sam.gov —
- (i) Prior to subcontract award; and
- (ii) At least on a monthly basis; and

- (3) Terminate or void in whole or in part any subcontract with a person or entity listed in SAM as a prohibited or restricted source pursuant to subtitle E of Title VIII of the NDAA for FY 2015, unless the Contracting Officer provides to the Contractor written approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity to continue the subcontract.
- (b) The Head of the Contracting Activity has the authority to—
- (1) Terminate this contract for default, in whole or in part, if the Head of the Contracting Activity determines in writing that the contractor failed to exercise due diligence as required by paragraph (a) of this clause; or
- (2)(i) Void this contract, in whole or in part, if the Head of the Contracting Activity determines in writing that any funds received under this contract have been provided directly or indirectly to a person or entity who is actively opposing United States or Coalition forces involved in a contingency operation in which members of the Armed Forces are actively engaged in hostilities.
- (ii) When voided in whole or in part, a contract is unenforceable as contrary to public policy, either in its entirety or with regard to a segregable task or effort under the contract, respectively.
- (c) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts, including subcontracts for commercial items, under this contract that have an estimated value over \$50,000 and will be performed outside the United States and its outlying areas.

(End of clause)

252.225-7994 ADDITIONAL ACCESS TO CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR RECORDS IN THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND THEATER OF OPERATIONS (DEVIATION 2015-00013) (MAR 2015)

- (a) In addition to any other existing examination-of-records authority, the Department of Defense is authorized to examine any records of the Contractor to the extent necessary to ensure that funds available under this contract are not—
- (1) Subject to extortion or corruption; or
- (2) Provided, directly or indirectly, to persons or entities that are actively supporting an insurgency or otherwise actively opposing United States or coalition forces in a contingency operation.
- (b) The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), is required to be included in subcontracts under this contract that have an estimated value over \$100,000.

(End of clause)

252.225-7995 CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL PERFORMING IN THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY (DEVIATION 2017-00004)(SEP 2017)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Combatant Commander" means the Commander of the United States Central Command Area of Responsibility.

"Contractors authorized to accompany the Force," or "CAAF," means contractor personnel, including all tiers of subcontractor personnel, who are authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces in applicable operations and have been

afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. CAAF generally include all U.S. citizen and third-country national employees not normally residing within the operational area whose area of performance is in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces and who routinely are collocated with the U.S. Armed Forces (especially in non-permissive environments). Personnel collocated with U.S. Armed Forces shall be afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. In some cases, Combatant Commander subordinate commanders may designate mission-essential host nation or local national contractor employees (e.g., interpreters) as CAAF. CAAF includes contractors previously identified as contractors deploying with the U.S. Armed Forces. CAAF status does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

"Designated reception site" means the designated place for the reception, staging, integration, and onward movement of contractors deploying during a contingency. The designated reception site includes assigned joint reception centers and other Service or private reception sites.

"Law of war" means that part of international law that regulates the conduct of armed hostilities. The law of war encompasses all international law for the conduct of hostilities binding on the United States or its individual citizens, including treaties and international agreements to which the United States is a party, and applicable customary international law.

"Non-CAAF" means personnel who are not designated as CAAF, such as local national (LN) employees and non-LN employees who are permanent residents in the operational area or third-country nationals not routinely residing with U.S. Armed Forces (and third-country national expatriates who are permanent residents in the operational area) who perform support functions away from the close proximity of, and do not reside with, U.S. Armed Forces. Government-furnished support to non-CAAF is typically limited to force protection, emergency medical care, and basic human needs (e.g., bottled water, latrine facilities, security, and food when necessary) when performing their jobs in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces. Non-CAAF status does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

"Subordinate joint force commander" means a sub-unified commander or joint task force commander.

- (b) General.
- (1) This clause applies to both CAAF and non-CAAF when performing in the United States Central Command (USCENTCOM) Area of Responsibility (AOR).
- (2) Contract performance in USCENTCOM AOR may require work in dangerous or austere conditions. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor accepts the risks associated with required contract performance in such operations.
- (3) When authorized in accordance with paragraph (j) of this clause to carry arms for personal protection, contractor personnel are only authorized to use force for individual self-defense.
- (4) Unless immune from host nation jurisdiction by virtue of an international agreement or international law, inappropriate use of force by contractor personnel authorized to accompany the U.S. Armed Forces can subject such personnel to United States or host nation prosecution and civil liability (see paragraphs (d) and (j)(3) of this clause).
- (5) Service performed by contractor personnel subject to this clause is not active duty or service under 38 U.S.C. 106 note.
- (c) Support.
- (1)(i) The Combatant Commander will develop a security plan for protection of contractor personnel in locations where there is not sufficient or legitimate civil authority, when the Combatant Commander decides it is in the interests of the Government to provide security because—
- (A) The Contractor cannot obtain effective security services;
- (B) Effective security services are unavailable at a reasonable cost; or
- (C) Threat conditions necessitate security through military means.
- (ii) In appropriate cases, the Combatant Commander may provide security through military means, commensurate with the level of security provided DoD civilians.

- (2)(i) Generally, CAAF will be afforded emergency medical and dental care if injured while supporting applicable operations. Additionally, non-CAAF employees who are injured while in the vicinity of U. S. Armed Forces will normally receive emergency medical and dental care. Emergency medical and dental care includes medical care situations in which life, limb, or eyesight is jeopardized. Examples of emergency medical and dental care include examination and initial treatment of victims of sexual assault; refills of prescriptions for life-dependent drugs; repair of broken bones, lacerations, infections; and traumatic injuries to the dentition. Hospitalization will be limited to stabilization and short-term medical treatment with an emphasis on return to duty or placement in the patient movement system.
- (ii) When the Government provides emergency medical treatment or transportation of Contractor personnel to a selected civilian facility, the Contractor shall ensure that the Government is reimbursed for any costs associated with such treatment or transportation.
- (iii) Medical or dental care beyond this standard is not authorized.
- (3) Contractor personnel must have a Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT)-generated letter of authorization signed by the Contracting Officer in order to process through a deployment center or to travel to, from, or within the USCENTCOM AOR. The letter of authorization also will identify any additional authorizations, privileges, or Government support that Contractor personnel are entitled to under this contract. Contractor personnel who are issued a letter of authorization shall carry it with them at all times while deployed.
- (4) Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor is responsible for all other support required for its personnel engaged in the USCENTCOM AOR under this contract.
- (d) Compliance with laws and regulations.
- (1) The Contractor shall comply with, and shall ensure that its personnel performing in the USCENTCOM AOR are familiar with and comply with, all applicable—
- (i) United States, host country, and third country national laws;
- (ii) Provisions of the law of war, as well as any other applicable treaties and international agreements;
- (iii) United States regulations, directives, instructions, policies, and procedures; and
- (iv) Orders, directives, and instructions issued by the Combatant Commander, including those relating to force protection, security, health, safety, or relations and interaction with local nationals.
- (2) The Contractor shall institute and implement an effective program to prevent violations of the law of war by its employees and subcontractors, including law of war training in accordance with paragraph (e)(1)(vii) of this clause.
- (3) The Contractor shall ensure that CAAF and non-CAAF are aware—
- (i) Of the DoD definition of "sexual assault" in DoDD 6495.01, Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program;
- (ii) That the offenses addressed by the definition are covered under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (see paragraph (e)(2)(iv) of this clause). Other sexual misconduct may constitute offenses under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, or another Federal law, such as the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act, or host nation laws; and
- (iii) That the offenses not covered by the Uniform Code of Military Justice may nevertheless have consequences to the contractor employees (see paragraph (h)(1) of this clause).
- (4) The Contractor shall report to the appropriate investigative authorities, identified in paragraph (d)(6) of this clause, any alleged offenses under—
- (i) The Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code) (applicable to contractors serving with or accompanying an armed force in the field during a declared war or contingency operations); or
- (ii) The Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act (chapter 212 of title 18, United States Code).

- (5) The Contractor shall provide to all contractor personnel who will perform work on a contract in the deployed area, before beginning such work, information on the following:
- (i) How and where to report an alleged crime described in paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.
- (ii) Where to seek victim and witness protection and assistance available to contractor personnel in connection with an alleged offense described in paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.
- (iii) This section does not create any rights or privileges that are not authorized by law or DoD policy.
- (6) The appropriate investigative authorities to which suspected crimes shall be reported include the following—
- (i) US Army Criminal Investigation Command at http://www.cid.army.mil/index.html;
- (ii) Air Force Office of Special Investigations at http://www.osi.af.mil;
- (iii) Navy Criminal Investigative Service at http://www.ncis.navy.mil/Pages/publicdefault.aspx;
- (iv) Defense Criminal Investigative Service at http://www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html;
- (v) Any command of any supported military element or the command of any base.
- (7) Personnel seeking whistleblower protection from reprisals for reporting criminal acts shall seek guidance through the DoD Inspector General hotline at 800-424-9098 or www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html. Personnel seeking other forms of victim or witness protections should contact the nearest military law enforcement office.
- (8) The Contractor shall ensure that Contractor employees supporting the U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States are aware of their rights to—
- (i) Hold their own identity or immigration documents, such as passport or driver's license;
- (ii) Receive agreed upon wages on time;
- (iii) Take lunch and work-breaks;
- (iv) Elect to terminate employment at any time;
- (v) Identify grievances without fear of reprisal;
- (vi) Have a copy of their employment contract in a language they understand;
- (vii) Receive wages that are not below the legal in-country minimum wage;
- (viii) Be notified of their rights, wages, and prohibited activities prior to signing their employment contract; and
- (ix) If housing is provided, live in housing that meets host-country housing and safety standards.
- (e) Preliminary personnel requirements.
- (1) The Contractor shall ensure that the following requirements are met prior to deploying CAAF (specific requirements for each category will be specified in the statement of work or elsewhere in the contract):
- (i) All required security and background checks are complete and acceptable.
- (ii) All CAAF deploying in support of an applicable operation—
- (A) Are medically, dentally, and psychologically fit for deployment and performance of their contracted duties;

- (B) Meet the minimum medical screening requirements, including theater-specific medical qualifications as established by the geographic Combatant Commander (as posted to the Geographic Combatant Commander's website or other venue); and
- (C) Have received all required immunizations as specified in the contract.
- (1) During predeployment processing, the Government will provide, at no cost to the Contractor, any military-specific immunizations and/or medications not available to the general public.
- (2) All other immunizations shall be obtained prior to arrival at the deployment center.
- (3) All CAAF and, as specified in the statement of work, select non-CAAF shall bring to the USCENTCOM AOR a copy of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Form 731, International Certificate of Vaccination or Prophylaxis as approved by the World Health Organization, (also known as "shot record" or "Yellow Card") that shows vaccinations are current.
- (iii) Deploying personnel have all necessary passports, visas, and other documents required to enter and exit the USCENTCOM AOR and have a Geneva Conventions identification card, or other appropriate DoD identity credential, from the deployment center.
- (iv) Special area, country, and theater clearance is obtained for all personnel deploying. Clearance requirements are in DoD Directive 4500.54E, DoD Foreign Clearance Program. For this purpose, CAAF are considered non-DoD contractor personnel traveling under DoD sponsorship.
- (v) All deploying personnel have received personal security training. At a minimum, the training shall—
- (A) Cover safety and security issues facing employees overseas;
- (B) Identify safety and security contingency planning activities; and
- (C) Identify ways to utilize safety and security personnel and other resources appropriately.
- (vi) All personnel have received isolated personnel training, if specified in the contract, in accordance with DoD Instruction 1300.23, Isolated Personnel Training for DoD Civilian and Contractors.
- (vii) Personnel have received law of war training as follows:
- (A) Basic training is required for all CAAF. The basic training will be provided through—
- (1) A military-run training center; or
- (2) A web-based source, if specified in the contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.
- (B) Advanced training, commensurate with their duties and responsibilities, may be required for some Contractor personnel as specified in the contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall notify all personnel who are not a host country national, or who are not ordinarily resident in the host country, that such employees, and dependents residing with such employees, who engage in conduct outside the United States that would constitute an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than one year if the conduct had been engaged in within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, may potentially be subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the United States in accordance with the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act of 2000 (18 U.S.C. 3621, et seq.);
- (3) The Contractor shall notify all personnel that -
- (i) Pursuant to the War Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. 2441), Federal criminal jurisdiction also extends to conduct that is determined to constitute a war crime;
- (ii) Other laws may provide for prosecution of U.S. nationals who commit offenses on the premises of U.S. diplomatic, consular, military or other U.S. Government missions outside the United States (18 U.S.C. 7(9)) or non-U.S. nationals who commit crimes against U.S. nationals in those places; and
- (iii) In time of declared war or a contingency operation, CAAF are subject to the jurisdiction of the Uniform Code of Military Justice under 10 U.S.C. 802(a)(10).
- (iv) Such employees are required to report offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities.

- (v) Such employees will be provided victim and witness protection and assistance.
- (f) Processing and departure points. CAAF shall—
- (1) Process through the deployment center designated in the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, prior to deploying. The deployment center will conduct deployment processing to ensure visibility and accountability of contractor personnel and to ensure that all deployment requirements are met, including the requirements specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;
- (2) Use the point of departure and transportation mode directed by the Contracting Officer; and
- (3) Process through a designated reception site (DRS) upon arrival at the deployed location. The DRS will validate personnel accountability, ensure that specific USCENTCOM AOR entrance requirements are met, and brief contractor personnel on theater-specific policies and procedures.
- (g) Contractor Accountability and Personnel Data.

The Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT) is the joint web-based database to assist the Combatant Commanders in maintaining awareness of the nature, extent, and potential risks and capabilities associated with contracted support for contingency operations, humanitarian assistance and peacekeeping operations, or military exercises designated by USCENTCOM.

- (1) Contractors shall account for all CAAF and non-CAAF personnel in SPOT by name.
- (2) Registration. The Contractor shall comply with SPOT registration requirements.
- (i) Contractor appointed company administrators for unclassified contracts shall register for a SPOT account at https://spot.dmdc.mil. For classified contracts, users shall access SPOT at https://spot.dmdc.osd.smil.mil.
- (ii) Register in SPOT using one of the following log-in methods –
- (A) A Common Access Card (CAC) or a SPOT-approved digital certificate; or
- (B) A Government-sponsored SPOT user ID and password. This type of log-in method is only allowed for those individuals who are not authorized to obtain a CAC or an external digital certificate, and requires SPOT Program Management Office approval.
- (iii) The SPOT Customer Support Team must validate user need. This process may take 2 business days. Contractor representatives will be contacted to validate contractor administrator account requests and determine the appropriate level of user access.
- (iv) Refer to the OSD Program Support website at http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/PS/spot.html for the SPOT Business Rules, additional training resources, documentation regarding registration, and use of SPOT.
- (3) *Compliance with SPOT.*
- (i) The Contractor shall comply with the SPOT Business Rules located at http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/PS/spot.html.
- (A) The Contractor shall enter into the SPOT web-based system the required information on Contractor personnel prior to deployment to the designated operational area and shall continue to use the SPOT web-based system to maintain accurate, up-to-date information throughout the deployment for applicable Contractor personnel.
- (B) The Contractor shall ensure the in-theater arrival date (ITAD), deployment closeout dates and changes to the status of individual Contractor personnel relating to their ITAD and their duty location, to include closing out the deployment with their proper status (e.g., mission complete, killed, wounded) are updated in the system in accordance with the processes and timelines established in the SPOT business rules.
- (ii) SPOT non-compliance and deficiencies will be relevant to past performance evaluations for future contract opportunities in accordance with FAR subpart 42.15, Contractor Performance Information.
- (h) Contractor personnel.
- (1) The Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor, at its own expense, to remove and replace any contractor personnel who jeopardize or interfere with mission accomplishment or who fail to comply with or violate applicable requirements of this contract. Such action may be taken at the Government's discretion without prejudice to its rights under any other provision of this contract, including the Termination for Default clause.

- (2) The Contractor shall identify all personnel who occupy a position designated as mission essential and ensure the continuity of essential Contractor services during designated operations, unless, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, Contracting Officer's representative, or local commander, the Contracting Officer directs withdrawal due to security conditions.
- (3) The Contractor shall ensure that contractor personnel follow the guidance at paragraph (e)(2)(v) of this clause and any specific Combatant Commander guidance on reporting offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities.
- (4) Contractor personnel shall return all U.S. Government-issued identification, to include the Common Access Card, to appropriate U.S. Government authorities at the end of their deployment (or, for non-CAAF, at the end of their employment under this contract).
- (i) Military clothing and protective equipment.
- (1) Contractor personnel are prohibited from wearing military clothing unless specifically authorized in writing by the Combatant Commander. If authorized to wear military clothing, contractor personnel must—
- (i) Wear distinctive patches, arm bands, nametags, or headgear, in order to be distinguishable from military personnel, consistent with force protection measures; and
- (ii) Carry the written authorization with them at all times.
- (2) Contractor personnel may wear military-unique organizational clothing and individual equipment (OCIE) required for safety and security, such as ballistic, nuclear, biological, or chemical protective equipment.
- (3) The deployment center, or the Combatant Commander, shall issue OCIE and shall provide training, if necessary, to ensure the safety and security of contractor personnel.
- (4) The Contractor shall ensure that all issued OCIE is returned to the point of issue, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (j) Weapons.
- (1) If the Contractor requests that its personnel performing in the USCENTCOM AOR be authorized to carry weapons for individual self-defense, the request shall be made through the Contracting Officer to the Combatant Commander, in accordance with DoD Instruction 3020.41. The Combatant Commander will determine whether to authorize in-theater contractor personnel to carry weapons and what weapons and ammunition will be allowed.
- (2) If contractor personnel are authorized to carry weapons in accordance with paragraph (j)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor what weapons and ammunition are authorized.
- (3) The Contractor shall ensure that its personnel who are authorized to carry weapons—
- (i) Are adequately trained to carry and use them—
- (A) Safely:
- (B) With full understanding of, and adherence to, the rules of the use of force issued by the Combatant Commander; and
- (C) In compliance with applicable agency policies, agreements, rules, regulations, and other applicable law;
- (ii) Are not barred from possession of a firearm by 18 U.S.C. 922;
- (iii) Adhere to all guidance and orders issued by the Combatant Commander regarding possession, use, safety, and accountability of weapons and ammunition;
- (iv) Comply with applicable Combatant Commander and local commander force-protection policies; and
- (v) Understand that the inappropriate use of force could subject them to U.S. or host-nation prosecution and civil liability.
- (4) Whether or not weapons are Government-furnished, all liability for the use of any weapon by contractor personnel rests solely with the Contractor and the Contractor employee using such weapon.
- (5) Upon redeployment or revocation by the Combatant Commander of the Contractor's authorization to issue firearms, the Contractor shall ensure that all Government-issued weapons and unexpended ammunition are returned as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (k) Vehicle or equipment licenses. Contractor personnel shall possess the required licenses to operate all vehicles or

equipment necessary to perform the contract in the USCENTCOM AOR.

- (1) Purchase of scarce goods and services. If the Combatant Commander has established an organization for the USCENTCOM AOR whose function is to determine that certain items are scarce goods or services, the Contractor shall coordinate with that organization local purchases of goods and services designated as scarce, in accordance with instructions provided by the Contracting Officer.
- (m) Evacuation.
- (1) If the Combatant Commander orders a mandatory evacuation of some or all personnel, the Government will provide assistance, to the extent available, to United States and third country national contractor personnel.
- (2) In the event of a non-mandatory evacuation order, unless authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall maintain personnel on location sufficient to meet obligations under this contract.
- (n) Next of kin notification and personnel recovery.
- (1) The Contractor shall be responsible for notification of the employee-designated next of kin in the event an employee dies, requires evacuation due to an injury, or is isolated, missing, detained, captured, or abducted.
- (2) The Government will assist in personnel recovery actions in accordance with DoD Directive 3002.01E, Personnel Recovery in the Department of Defense.
- (o) Mortuary affairs. Contractor personnel who die while in support of the U.S. Armed Forces shall be covered by the DoD mortuary affairs program as described in DoD Directive 1300.22, Mortuary Affairs Policy, and DoD Instruction 3020.41, Operational Contractor Support.
- (p) Changes. In addition to the changes otherwise authorized by the Changes clause of this contract, the Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order identified as a change order, make changes in the place of performance or Government-furnished facilities, equipment, material, services, or site. Any change order issued in accordance with this paragraph (p) shall be subject to the provisions of the Changes clause of this contract.
- (q) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (q), in all subcontracts when subcontractor personnel are performing in the USCENTCOM AOR.

(End of clause)

252.225-7997 CONTRACTOR DEMOBILIZATION (DEVIATION 2013-00017) (AUGUST 2013)

- (a) Generally, the Contractor is responsible for demobilizing all of its personnel and equipment from the Afghanistan Combined Joint Operations Area (CJOA).
- (b) *Demobilization plan*. The Contractor shall submit a demobilization plan to the Contracting Officer for approval a minimum of 120 calendar days prior to the end of the current contract performance period or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer. Upon acceptance of the demobilization plan by the Contracting Officer, the demobilization plan becomes a material part of the contract and the Contractor agrees to fully perform its demobilization in accordance with that plan. The demobilization plan shall address the items specified in this clause and must demonstrate the Contractor's plans and ability to remove its personnel and equipment from the CJOA and to return Government property no later than 30 days after the expiration of the current period of performance.
- (c) *Demobilization plan implementation*. Every 30 calendar days after incorporation of the plan into the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall provide written information to the Contracting

Officer and Contracting Officer Representative that addresses the Contractor's progress in implementing the plan. The Contractor shall continue to provide the information in the preceding sentence until the Contractor has completely and properly demobilized. If the Contracting Officer or Contracting Officer Representative identifies deficiencies with the plan, as approved, or with the implementation of that plan, the Contractor shall submit a corrective action plan (CAP) to those officials within five calendar days to remedy those deficiencies. The Contracting Officer shall review the CAP within five calendar days to determine whether the CAP is acceptable. Upon approval by the Contracting Officer, the CAP becomes a material part of the demobilization plan.

(d) Plan contents

- (1) The plan shall identify the method of transportation (air, ground) the Contractor intends to use to remove its personnel and equipment from the CJOA and whether that method of transportation is Government or Contractor-furnished. If Government-furnished transportation is authorized, the plan must identify the contract term or condition which authorizes Government transportation of the personnel and equipment associated with this contract.
- (2) The plan shall identify the number of Contractor personnel to be demobilized by category (U.S. citizens, Third Country Nationals (TCN), Local Nationals (LN)) and, for U.S. and TCN personnel, identify the point of origin or home country to which they will be transported and the timeline for accomplishing that objective. If U.S. or TCN employees have authorization to remain in the CJOA after completion of demobilization, the plan shall identify the name each individual, their nationality, their location in the CJOA, and provide a copy of the authorization. The plan shall also identify whether the Contractor needs the Contracting Officer to extend the Letters of Authorization (LOA) for any Contractor personnel to execute the demobilization plan.
- (3) The plan shall identify all Contractor equipment and the timeline for accomplishing its demobilization. The Contractor shall identify all equipment, whether or not it is covered by CJTSCC Acquisition Instruction Clause "Inbound / Outbound Cargo and Contractor Equipment Census." The plan shall also specify whether the Contractor intends to leave any equipment in the CJOA, a list of all such equipment, including its location, and the reason(s) therefor.
- (4) The plan shall identify all Government property provided or made available to the Contractor under this contract or through any separate agreement or arrangement (e.g., Installation Mayors, Garrison Commanders). The plan shall also identify the timeline for vacating or returning that property to the Government, including proposed dates for conducting joint inspections.
- (e) Demobilization requirements:
- (1) The Contractor shall demobilize and return its personnel to their point of origin or home country according to the approved demobilization plan.
- (2) The Contractor is not authorized to use Government-furnished transportation unless specifically authorized in this contract.
- (3) The Contractor may request an extension of the LOAs only for those Contractor personnel whose presence is required to execute the approved demobilization plan. The Contractor shall submit its request no later than 30 calendar days prior to the expiration of the current period of performance. LOAs may only be extended for a period up to 30 calendar days after expiration of the current performance period. The request shall contain the following information:
- (i) The names of each individual requiring an extension.
- (ii) The required extension period.
- (iii) The justification for each extension (e.g., the specific function(s) the individual will perform during the demobilization period). The Contractor is not entitled to any additional compensation if LOAs are extended.

- (4) The Contractor shall close out their employees deployments with the proper status entered into the Synchronized Pre-Deployment Operational Tracker (SPOT) database (e.g. active, redeployed, no-shows, killed, injured) within 72 hours of their employee's re-deployment and, if applicable, release their personnel in SPOT.
- (5) All Contractor equipment that is lost, abandoned or unclaimed personal property that comes into the custody or control of the Government after the demobilization period has ended may be sold or otherwise disposed of in accordance with 10 U.S.C. section 2575. Notwithstanding the previous sentence and the Government's authority under 10 U.S.C. section 2575, the Government may exercise any other contractual rights for the Contractor's failure to perform in accordance with its demobilization plan.
- (6) If the Contractor waives its interest to all lost, abandoned or unclaimed personal property, the Contractor may still be liable for all costs incurred by the Government to remove or dispose of the abandoned property.
- (7) The Government may dispose of any and all lost, unclaimed, or abandoned personal property in accordance with 10 U.S.C. section 2575.
- (8) The Contractor shall return all Government property provided or made available under this contract or through any separate agreement. The Contractor shall report all lost or damaged Government property in accordance with DFARS 52.245-1(h) unless other procedures are identified in the contract or separate agreement. If the Government inspects the property and finds that damages or deficiencies have not been reported by the end of the demobilization period, the Government may reduce payments under the contract by the amounts required to correct the damages or deficiencies or replace the loss.
- (9) The Contractor is liable for all cleanup, clearing, and/or environmental remediation expenses incurred by the Government in returning a Government facility to its original condition. If damages or deficiencies are discovered during the inspection of said facility, the Contractor shall make the necessary repairs or corrections and then notify the Installation Mayor, Garrison Commander, or their designees to arrange for a re-inspection of the facility. If the Installation Mayor or Garrison Commander inspects the facility and finds that damages or deficiencies have not been repaired or corrected by the end of the demobilization period, the Government may reduce payments under the contract by the amounts required to correct the damages or deficiencies.
- (10) The Contractor shall ensure that all employees, including all subcontractor employees at all tiers, return installation and/or access badges to the local Access Control Badging Office for de-activation and destruction according to the approved demobilization plan. The Contractor shall submit a Badge Termination Report to ensure each record is flagged and the badge is revoked. If an employee's badge is not returned, the Contractor shall submit a Lost, Stolen or Unrecovered Badge Report to the appropriate Access Control Badging Office. Contractor employees in possession of a Common Access Card (CAC) shall be responsible for turning in the CAC upon redeployment through a CONUS Replacement Center in the United States. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in delay of final payment.
- (f) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts.

(End of Clause)

252.232-7006 WIDE AREA WORKFLOW PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS (MAY 2013)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Department of Defense Activity Address Code (DoDAAC) is a six position code that uniquely identifies a unit, activity, or organization.

Document type means the type of payment request or receiving report available for creation in Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF).

Local processing office (LPO) is the office responsible for payment certification when payment certification is done external to the entitlement system.

- (b) Electronic invoicing. The WAWF system is the method to electronically process vendor payment requests and receiving reports, as authorized by DFARS 252.232-7003, Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving Reports.
- (c) WAWF access. To access WAWF, the Contractor shall--
- (1) Have a designated electronic business point of contact in the System for Award Management at https://www.acquisition.gov; and
- (2) Be registered to use WAWF at https://wawf.eb.mil/ following the step-by-step procedures for self-registration available at this Web site.
- (d) WAWF training. The Contractor should follow the training instructions of the WAWF Web-Based Training Course and use the Practice Training Site before submitting payment requests through WAWF. Both can be accessed by selecting the "Web Based Training" link on the WAWF home page at https://wawf.eb.mil/.
- (e) WAWF methods of document submission. Document submissions may be via Web entry, Electronic Data Interchange, or File Transfer Protocol.
- (f) WAWF payment instructions. The Contractor must use the following information when submitting payment requests and receiving reports in WAWF for this contract/order:
- (1) Document type. The Contractor shall use the following document type(s).

2-in 1 for Services

(2) Inspection/acceptance location. The Contractor shall select the following inspection/acceptance location(s) in WAWF, as specified by the contracting officer.

W56RFA

(3) Document routing. The Contractor shall use the information in the Routing Data Table below only to fill in applicable fields in WAWF when creating payment requests and receiving reports in the system.

Routing Data Table*

Data to be entered in WAWF
HQ0707
W91B4N
W91B4N
W56RFA
W56RFA
N/A
N/A
W56RFA

Service Acceptor (DoDAAC)	W56RFA
Accept at Other DoDAAC	N/A
LPO DoDAAC	N/A
DCAA Auditor DoDAAC	N/A
Other DoDAAC(s)	N/A

- (4) Payment request and supporting documentation. The Contractor shall ensure a payment request includes appropriate contract line item and subline item descriptions of the work performed or supplies delivered, unit price/cost per unit, fee (if applicable), and all relevant back-up documentation, as defined in DFARS Appendix F, (e.g. timesheets) in support of each payment request.
- (5) WAWF email notifications. The Contractor shall enter the email address identified below in the "Send Additional Email Notifications" field of WAWF once a document is submitted in the system.

N/A

(g) WAWF point of contact. (1) The Contractor may obtain clarification regarding invoicing in WAWF from the following contracting activity's WAWF point of contact.

N/A

(2) For technical WAWF help, contact the WAWF helpdesk at 866-618-5988.

(End of clause)

252.243-7002 REQUESTS FOR EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT (DEC 2012)

- (a) The amount of any request for equitable adjustment to contract terms shall accurately reflect the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable. The request shall include only costs for performing the change, and shall not include any costs that already have been reimbursed or that have been separately claimed. All indirect costs included in the request shall be properly allocable to the change in accordance with applicable acquisition regulations.
- (b) In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 2410(a), any request for equitable adjustment to contract terms that exceeds the simplified acquisition threshold shall bear, at the time of submission, the following certificate executed by an individual authorized to certify the request on behalf of the Contractor:

I certify that the request is made in good faith, and that the supporting data are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(Official's Name)	 	
(Title)		

- (c) The certification in paragraph (b) of this clause requires full disclosure of all relevant facts, including--
- (1) Certified cost or pricing data if required in accordance with subsection 15.403-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR); and

- (2) Data other than certified cost or pricing data, in accordance with subsection 15.403-3 of the FAR, including actual cost data and data to support any estimated costs, even if certified cost or pricing data are not required.
- (d) The certification requirement in paragraph (b) of this clause does not apply to----
- (1) Requests for routine contract payments; for example, requests for payment for accepted supplies and services, routine vouchers under a cost-reimbursement type contract, or progress payment invoices; or
- (2) Final adjustment under an incentive provision of the contract.

5152.225-5902 FITNESS FOR DUTY AND MEDICAL/DENTAL CARE LIMITATIONS (JUN 2015)

- (a) The contractor shall ensure the individuals they deploy are in compliance with the current USCENTCOM Individual Protection and Individual/Unit Deployment Policy, including TAB A, Amplification of the Minimal Standards of Fitness for Deployment to the CENTCOM AOR, unless a waiver is obtained in accordance with TAB C, CENTCOM Waiver Request. The current guidance is located at http://www2.centcom.mil/sites/contracts/Pages/GCP.aspx.
- (b) The contractor shall perform the requirements of this contract notwithstanding the fitness for duty of deployed employees, the provisions for care offered under this section, and redeployment of individuals determined to be unfit.
- (c) Contractor personnel who deploy for multiple tours, which exceed 12 months in total, must be re-evaluated for fitness to deploy every 12 months IAW the current USCENTCOM Individual Protection and Individual/Unit Deployment Policy standards. An examination will remain valid for 15 months from the date of the physical. This allows an examination to be valid up to 90 days prior to deployment. Once a deployment begins, the examination will only be good for a maximum of 12 months. Any medical waivers received will be valid for a maximum of 12 months. Failure to obtain an updated medical waiver before the expiration of the current waiver renders the employee unfit and subject to redeployment.
- (d) The contractor bears the responsibility for ensuring all employees are aware of the conditions and medical treatment available at the performance location. The contractor shall include this information in all subcontracts with performance in the theater of operations.
- (e) In accordance with military directives (DoDI 3020.41, DoDI 6000.11, CFC FRAGO 09-1038, DoD Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) PGI 225.74), resuscitative care, stabilization, hospitalization at a Role 3 military treatment facility (MTF) for emergency life-limb-eyesight care will be provided along with assistance for urgent patient movement. Subject to availability, an MTF may provide reimbursable treatment for emergency medical or dental services (e.g., broken bones, lacerations, broken teeth or lost fillings).
- (f) Routine and primary medical care are not authorized. Pharmaceutical services are not authorized for known or routine prescription drug needs of the individual. Routine dental care, examinations and cleanings are not authorized
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, the contractor shall be liable for any and all medically-related services or patient movement rendered. To view reimbursement rates that will be charged for services at all DoD deployed medical facilities please go to the following website: http://comptroller.defense.gov/FinancialManagement/Reports/rates2014.aspx.

(End of Clause)

5152.225-5904 MONTHLY CONTRACTOR CENSUS REPORTING (AUG 2014)

Contractor shall provide monthly employee census information to the Contracting Officer, by province, for this contract. Information shall be submitted either electronically or by hard-copy. Information shall be current as of the 25th day of each month and received by the Contracting Officer no later than the first day of the following month. The following information shall be provided for each province in which work was performed:

The total number (prime and subcontractors at all tiers) employees.

The total number (prime and subcontractors at all tiers) of U.S. citizens.

The total number (prime and subcontractors at all tiers) of local nationals (LN).

The total number (prime and subcontractors at all tiers) of third-country nationals (TCN).

Name of province in which the work was performed.

The names of all company employees who enter and update employee data in the Synchronized Pre-deployment & Operational Tracker (SPOT) IAW DFARS 252.225-7995 or DFARS DoD class deviation 2014-O0018.

(End of Clause)

5152.225-5907 MEDICAL SCREENING AND VACCINATION REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES OPERATING IN THE CENTCOM AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY (AOR) (JUN 2015)

- (a) All contractor employees are required to be medically, dentally, and psychologically fit for deployment and performance of their contracted duties as outlined in the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) clause 252.225-7995, Contractor Personnel Performing in the United States Central Command Area of Responsibility. This clause requires all contractor personnel to meet the theater specific medical qualifications established by the Geographic Combatant Commander before deploying to, being granted installation access, or performing work under the resultant contract. In the USCENTCOM Area of Operation (AOR), the required medical screening, immunizations, and vaccinations are specified in the current USCENTCOM individual Protection and Individual Unit Deployment Policy and DoD Instruction (DODI) 3020.41, Operational Contract Support (OCS). Current medical screening, immunization, and vaccination requirements are available at http://www2.centcom.mil/sites/contracts/Pages/GCP.aspx. The current DODI is available at http://www.vaccines.mil. The current list of immunization and vaccination requirements are available at http://www.vaccines.mil.
- (b) The USCENTCOM policy requires contractors to ensure adequate health management is available for Tuberculosis (TB) screening, diagnosis, treatment, and isolation during the life of the contract. This includes management and compliance with all prescribed public health actions regarding TB and the responsibility to ensure adequate health management is available at the Contractor's medical provider or local economy provider's location for all contractor and subcontractor employees throughout the life of the contract. The contractor shall maintain medical screening documentation, in English, and make it available to the Contracting Officer, military public health personnel, or Base Operations Center installation access badging personnel upon request.
- (1) U.S. Citizens are considered Small-Risk Nationals (SRNs) as the U.S. has less than 25 TB cases per 100,000 persons. A TB testing method of either a TB skin test (TST) or Interferon Gamma Release Assay (IGRA) may be used for pre-deployment and annual re-screening of all U.S. Citizens employed under the contract. For a contact investigation, all personnel with a positive TST or IGRA will be evaluated for potential active TB with a symptom screen, exposure history and CXR. A physical copy of all TST, IGRA, and/or CXRs and radiographic interpretation must be provided at the deployment center designated in the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, prior to deployment and prior to installation access badge renewal.

- (2) Other Country Nationals (OCNs) and Local Nationals (LNs) shall have pre-deployment/employment testing for TB using a Chest x-ray (CXR) and a symptom survey completed within 3 months prior to the start of deployment/employment, with annual re-screening prior to installation access badge renewal. This is the only way to verify interval changes should an active case of TB occur. When conducting annual re-screening, the Contractor's medical provider or local economy provider will look for interval changes from prior CXR's and review any changes in the symptom survey. A physical copy of the CXR film with radiographic interpretation showing negative TB results must be provided to the Base Operations Center prior to the start of deployment/employment, with annual re-screening prior to installation access badge renewal.
- (3) After arrival in the USCENTCOM AOR, all cases of suspected or confirmed active TB must be reported to the theater Preventive Medicine (PM) Physician and/or TB Consultant within 24 hours. Contact tracing, and medical coding, have specific requirements. After consultation with the Theater PM or TB Consultant, the contractor or subcontractor with suspected or confirmed TB are required to be evacuated to the closest civilian hospital for treatment. The Contractor is responsible for management and compliance with all prescribed public health actions. The employee, contractor/sub-contractor shall be transported out of theater following three (3) consecutive negative sputum smears.
- (c) All employees, contractors and sub-contractors, involved in food service, water and/or ice production facilities must be pre-screened prior to deployment and re-screened annually for signs and symptoms of infectious diseases. This includes a stool sample test for ova and parasites. Additionally, all employees, contractors and sub-contractors, will have completed: (1) the full series of immunization for Typhoid and Hepatitis "A" (full series) immunizations per the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines (e.g. typhoid vaccination booster is required every 2 years); (2) the required TB tests; and (3) screening for Hepatitis B and C.
- (d) Proof of pre-deployment and deployment medical screening, immunizations, and vaccinations (in English) for employees, contractors and sub-contractors shall be made available to the designated Government representative throughout the life of the contract, and provided to the Contracting Officer, for a minimum of six (6) years and (3) months from the date of final payment under the contract.

(End of Clause)

5152.225-5908 GOVERNMENT FURNISHED CONTRACTOR SUPPORT (JUN 2015)

The following is a summary of the type of support the Government will provide the contractor. Services will be provided to contractors at the same level as they are provided to military and DoD civilian personnel. In the event of any discrepancy between this summary and the description of services in the Statement of Work, this clause will take precedence. These services are only provided at the following locations: Bagram Airfield, Afghanistan. When contractor employees are in transit, all checked blocks are considered authorized.

U.S. Citizens

△ APO/MPO/DPO/Postal Service	⊠ DFACs****	Mil Issue Equip
☐ Authorized Weapon*****		
⊠ Billeting***		⊠ MWR
⊠ CAAF*		
Controlled Access Card (CAC)	☐ Military Banking	
☐ Installation Access Badge	∠ Laundry	☐ Military Clothing
Military Exchange	None	

☐ Embassy Services Kabul**		
<u>T</u>	hird-Country National (TCN) Employee	<u>s</u>
 N/A Authorized Weapon***** Billeting*** CAAF* Controlled Access Card (CAC) Installation Access Badge Military Exchange 	 □ DFACs**** □ Excess Baggage □ Fuel Authorized □ Govt Furnished Meals**** □ Military Banking □ Laundry □ None 	☐ Mil Issue Equip ☐ MILAIR (inter/intra theater) ☐ MWR ☐ Military Clothing ☐ Transportation ☐ All
	Local National (LN) Employees	
 N/A Authorized Weapon***** Billeting*** CAAF* Controlled Access Card (CAC) Installation Access Badge Military Exchange 	☐ DFACs**** ☐ Excess Baggage ☐ Fuel Authorized ☐ Govt Furnished Meals**** ☐ Military Banking ☐ Laundry ☑ None	☐ Mil Issue Equip ☐ MILAIR (intra theater) ☐ MWR ☐ Military Clothing ☐ Transportation ☐ All
*** Afghanistan Life Support. Due to	norized to Accompany Forces. rt in Afghanistan only. See special note the drawdown of base life support facili environment. Expeditionary standards v	ties throughout the country, standards

down grading from permanent housing (b-huts, hardened buildings) to temporary tents or other facilities.

****Check the "DFAC" AND "Government Furnished Meals" boxes if the contractor will have access to the DFAC at no cost. "Government Furnished Meals" (GFM) is defined as meals at no cost to the contractor (e.g., MREs, or meals at the DFAC. If GFM is checked, "DFAC" must also be checked.

Due to drawdown efforts, DFACS may not be operational. Hot meals may drop from three per day to one or none per day. MREs may be substituted for DFAC-provided meals; however, contractors will receive the same meal standards as provided to military and DoD civilian personnel.

*****Military Banking indicates "approved use of military finance offices to either obtain an Eagle Cash Card or cash checks.

*****Authorized Weapon indicates this is a private security contract requirement and contractor employees, upon approval, will be authorized to carry a weapon. If the service is NOT a private security contract, the checking of this box does NOT authorize weapons for self-defense without the approval of the USFOR-A Commander in accordance with USFOR-A policy. After award, the contractor may request arming for self-defense off a U.S. installation to the Contracting Officer's Representative and in CAAMS.

SPECIAL NOTE - US Embassy Afghanistan Life Support: The type and amount of support that the U.S. Embassy Mission in Kabul, Afghanistan, provides to contractors, if any, must be coordinated in advance between the U.S. Mission and the contracting agency in accordance with Department of State Foreign Affairs Handbook, 2-FAH-2. Contractors are not authorized to deploy personnel requiring US Mission support prior to receiving clearance from the Contracting Officer.

SPECIAL NOTE ON MILAIR - MILAIR is allowed for the transportation of DoD contractor personnel (US, TCN, LN) as required by their contract and as approved in writing by the Contracting Officer or Contracting Officer Representative. Transportation is also allowed for contractor equipment required to perform the contract when that equipment travels with the contractor employee (e.g., special radio test equipment, when the contractor is responsible for radio testing or repair)

(End of Clause)

5152.225-5914 Commodity Shipping Instructions (AUG 2011)

- (a) USFOR-A FRAGO 10-200. United States Forces Afghanistan (USFOR-A) has directed that all shipments into and out of the Combined Joint Operations Area Afghanistan (CJOA-A) be coordinated through the Defense Transportation System (DTS) in order to expedite the customs clearance process and facilitate the use of in-transit visibility for all cargo in the CJOA-A
- (b) Information regarding the Defense Transportation System (DTS). For instructions on shipping commodity items via commercial means using DTS, see the following websites:
- 1. Defense Transportation Regulation Part II Cargo Movement Shipper, Trans-shipper, and Receiver Requirements and Procedures:

http://www.transcom.mil/dtr/part-ii/dtr part ii 203.pdf

- 2. Defense Transportation Regulation Part II 4 Cargo Movement Cargo Routing and Movement: http://www.transcom.mil/dtr/part-ii/dtr part ii 202.pdf
- 3. Defense Transportation Regulation Part V Department of Defense Customs and Border Clearance Policies and Procedures: http://www.transcom.mil/dtr/part-v/dtr part v 512.pdf
- (c) Responsibilities of the vendor carrier representative, shipping expediter, and/or customs broker:
- 1. Afghanistan Import Customs Clearance Request Procedures: The carrier, shipping expediter, and/or customs broker is responsible for being knowledgeable about the Afghan Customs Clearance Procedures.
- 2. Status of Customs Clearance Requests: All inquiries regarding the status of a customs clearance request prior to its submission to Department of Defense (DoD) Customs and after its return to the carrier representative or shipping expediter should be directed to the carrier or shipping agent.
- 3. Customs Required Documents: The carrier representative or shipping expediter is required to provide the DoD Contracting Officer Representative (COR) with all documentation that will satisfy the requirements of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan (GIRoA).
- (d) Required Customs Documents: Documents must be originals (or copies with a company stamp). Electronic copies or photocopied documents will not be accepted by GIRoA. The carrier is responsible for checking the current requirements for documentation with the Afghanistan Customs Department (ACD) as specified by the U.S. Embassy Afghanistan's SOP for Customs Clearance Requests Operations (http://trade.gov/static/AFGCustomsSOP.pdf) and paragraph 4 below.
- 1. The U.S Ambassador Afghanistan diplomatic note guarantees that the U.S. Government (USG) shipments are exempt from Afghanistan Customs duties and taxes. USG shipments do not provide commercial carriers with the authority to unnecessarily delay shipments or holdover shipments in commercial storage lots and warehouses while en route to its final destination. The U.S. Embassy expects that shipments will be expedited as soon as customs clearance paperwork is received from the respective GIRoA officials.
- 2. Imports: Documentation must list the year, make, model, and color of the commodity, the commodity Identification Number (if applicable) and for vehicles, the Engine Block Number. The following documentation is required for all import shipments:

An original Customs Clearance Request (CCR) prepared by the COR in accordance with Afghanistan customs guidance referenced in paragraph 4 below.

Bills of Lading (for shipments by sea), Airway Bills (for shipments by air) or Commodity Movement Request (CMRs) (for overland shipments). In the consignee block, type in "US Military". This will help the Afghan

Customs officials to recognize that the shipment belongs to the US Military and, therefore, the shipment is subject to tax exemption provisions as specified under the current Diplomatic Note or Military Technical Agreement (MTA). Shipping Invoices.

Packing Lists. Required only if the shipping invoice does not list the cargo.

An Afghan Government Tax Exemption Form (Muaffi Nama) purchased from the Department of Customs and Revenue and prepared in the local language by the carrier representative, shipping agent, or customs broker. A Diplomatic Note, prepared by DoD Customs, to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs requesting the initiation of customs formalities with the Ministry of Finance, Department of Customs and Exemptions. Please note that DoD Customs is not responsible for registering vehicles.

Commercially-owned equipment such as vehicles, construction machinery or generators that are leased and imported to Afghanistan for the performance of a USG contract may be subject to taxes and duties as determined by GIRoA. If commercially-owned equipment is imported into Afghanistan in a duty-free status, that duty-free status only applies as long as the equipment is under the exclusive use of the USG contract. If the equipment is released at the end of the contract, applicable GIRoA duties and taxes will apply to the owner if the equipment is not exported from Afghanistan or transferred to another USG contract.

USG-owned vehicles must be exported at the conclusion of the project period or transferred to another USG entity. Under certain conditions, the USG may transfer equipment or vehicles to GIRoA.

3. Exports: The following documentation is required for all export shipments:

An original CCR prepared by the COR. If COR is not available, the Contracting Officer (KO) will prepare the CCR.

Invoices.

Packing Lists. Required only if the shipping invoice does not list the cargo.

A Diplomatic Note, prepared by the DoD Customs Cell, to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs requesting the initiation of customs formalities with the Ministry of Finance, Department of Customs and Exemptions.

- 4. Customs requirements from the GIRoA may change with little notice. For current detailed instructions on customs guidelines in Afghanistan, refer to "The Instruction for Customs Clearance Request (Import/Export) Operations." In all cases, the carrier is required to obtain a copy of this document, found at the following link: http://trade.gov/static/AFGCustomsSOP.pdf
- (e) Point of contact (POC) for customs issues is the USFOR-A Joint Security Office (JSO) J3 at DSN: 318-449-0306 or 449-0302. Commercial to DSN conversion from the United States is (732) 327-5130, choose option #1, and then dial 88-318 followed by your seven-digit DSN number.

5152.225-5915 CONTRACTOR ACCOUNTABILITY AND PERSONNEL RECOVERY (JUN 2014)

- (a) Contract performance may require work in dangerous or austere conditions. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the contractor accepts the risks associated with required contract performance in such operations.
- (1) <u>Unaccounted Personnel:</u> It is the expectation of the USG that any contractor brought into Afghanistan for the sole purposes of performance of work on a USG contract must be accounted for at all times by their respective employers. Additionally, contractors who maintain living quarters on a USG base shall verify the location of each of its employees' living quarters a minimum of once a month. If a DoD contracted employee becomes missing and evidence does not indicate foul play, a Personnel Recovery (PR) event is NOT automatically triggered. Such an event will be treated as an accountability battle drill by the employer's chain of command or civilian equivalent.
- (2) <u>Contractor Responsibilities:</u> The contractor is responsible to take all necessary steps to locate and investigate the unaccounted for employee(s) whereabouts to the maximum extent practicable. To assist in this process, contractors may use the Operational Contracting Support Drawdown Cell as a resource to track or research employee's last known location and/or to view LOA's. All missing personnel will be immediately reported to the

installation division Personnel Recovery Officer (PRO), Mayor's cell, Military Police Station and/or the Criminal Investigative Division, and the Base Defense Operations Center (BDOC).

- (3) <u>Contractor Provided Information</u>: If it is determined that a potential criminal act has occurred, the USD PRO (or USFOR-A Personnel Recovery Division (PRD) with prior coordination) will attempt to validate the missing person's identity through the employer. The contractor shall provide the information to PRD within 12 hours of request. The required information the contractor should keep on file includes but is not limited to: copy of the individuals Letter of Authorization generated by the Synchronized Pre-deployment and Operational Tracker System (SPOT), copy of passport and visas, housing information of where the individual resides such as room number and location, DD Form 93, Record of Emergency Data, copy of badging, and contact information for known friends or associates.
- (b) If USFOR-A PRD determines through investigation that the unaccounted personnel have voluntarily left the installation either seeking employment with another contractor or other non-mission related reasons, PRD will notify the contractor. The contractor shall ensure that all government-related documents such as LOA's, visas, etc. are terminated/reconciled appropriately within 24 hours of notification by PRD in accordance with subparagraph (a)(8) of DFARS clause 252.225-7997 entitled "Contractor Demobilization". Contractors who fail to account for their personnel or whose employees create PR events will be held in breach of their contract and face all remedies available to the Contracting Officer.
- (c) Contractors shall notify the Contracting Officer, as soon as practicable, whenever employee kidnappings, serious injuries or deaths occur. Report the following information:

Contract Number Contract Description & Location Company Name

Reporting party: Name

Phone number

e-mail address

Victim: Name

Gender (Male/Female)

Age

Nationality

Country of permanent residence

Incident:
Description
Location

Date and time

Other Pertinent Information

5152.225-5916 MANDATORY ELIGIBILITY FOR INSTALLATION ACCESS (OCT 2015)

(a) U.S. and Coalition Commanders possess inherent authority to maintain law and order, provide security, and impose discipline necessary to protect the inhabitants of U.S. and/or Coalition installations, U.S. and Coalition personnel operating outside of installations, and U.S. or Coalition-funded developmental projects in Afghanistan. This authority allows commanders to administratively and physically control access to installations and/or project sites, and to bar

contractors – including prime contractors, subcontractors at any tier, and any employees, from an installation or site. A commander's inherent force protection (FP) authority is independent of an agency's contracting authority, and it may not be superseded by any contractual term or provision.

- (b) The prime Contractor/Vendor acknowledges that: submission of a bid, offer, or a proposal; acceptance of contract award of any type; or continuing effort under any contract that includes this clause; requires that the prime Contractor/Vendor, and all subcontractors under any affected contracts be initially eligible -- and remain eligible during the entire period of contract performance to include any warranty period -- for installation access to a U.S. and/or Coalition installation, regardless of whether the performance will take place on or off a U.S. or Coalition installation.
- (c) To be eligible for installation access, Contractors and subcontractors at all tiers are required to register for installation access in the Joint Contingency Contracting System (JCCS) and are responsible for keeping the information in this system updated at all times. Prime Contractors and subcontractors at any tier may verify their registration at https://www.jccs.gov/jccscoe/ by selecting the "Vendors Login" module and logging in with their user name and password. The offeror must be registered, approved, and eligible for installation access prior to award, and remain eligible for installation access for the life of the contract.
- (1) The offeror is required to submit a listing of all proposed subcontractors, at all tiers, to the contracting officer with the submission of the proposal, and provide updates during the life of the contract when subcontractors are added or removed. If no subcontractors are expected to perform during the life of the contract, the offeror must submit a negative response to the Contracting Officer with its proposal. After award, the prime contractor must submit a negative response to the contracting officer at the beginning of each performance period.
- (2) Failure to be approved in JCCS -- and thereby be eligible for installation access at the prime and subcontractor levels -- or failure to inform the contracting officer of the names of all prospective subcontractors (or provide a negative reply), may render the offeror/contractor ineligible for award or continued performance. Additionally, any firm that is declared ineligible for installation access will be deemed non-responsible until such time as that firm is again deemed eligible by the appropriate access approval authority.
- (d) Installation access determinations arise from the Combatant Commander's inherent authority and are separate and distinct from any law, regulation, or policy regarding suspension and debarment authority. Contractor queries or requests for reconsideration related to U.S. or Coalition installation base access eligibility must be directed to the authority responsible for base access decisions.

(End of Clause)

5152.233-5900 AGENCY PROTEST PROGRAM (AUG 2011)

- (a) This solicitation may be protested to the issuing Contracting Office for decision by the Contracting Officer or by the Chief of the Regional Contracting Center if authority has been withheld. If requested, an independent review of an Agency Protest decision is available through appeal to the Principal Assistant Responsible for Contracting (PARC)/Senior Contracting Official (SCO) in accordance with FAR 33.103. A protest to CJTSCC is a "PROTEST TO THE AGENCY," within the meaning of FAR 33.103. The CJTSCC Agency Protest Program is intended to encourage interested parties to seek resolution of their concerns within CJTSCC, rather than filing a protest with the Government Accountability Office (GAO) or other external forum. After an interested party files an Agency Protest with the Contracting Officer and while that protest is pending, the protestor agrees not to file a protest with the GAO or other external forum. If a protest is filed with an external forum on the same solicitation as the Agency Protest, the Agency Protest will be dismissed.
- (b) An interested party may file a written protest to the Contracting Officer under the CJTSCC Agency Protest program for contract solicitations issued by CJTSCC. Such Agency Protests are limited to objections to any of the following:

- (1) A solicitation or other request by an agency for offers for a contract for the procurement of property or services.
- (2) The cancellation of the solicitation or other request.
- (3) An award or proposed award of the contract.
- (4) A termination or cancellation of an award of the contract, if the written objection contains an allegation that the termination or cancellation is based in whole or in part on improprieties concerning the award of the contract.
- (c) An Executive-Level Agency protest may be filed with the Contracting Officer designated in paragraph (f) of this provision for resolution of protests.
- (d) For the purpose of filing a CJTSCC Agency Protest, an interested party means an actual or prospective bidder or offeror whose direct economic interest would be affected by the award of a contract or by the failure to award a contract.
- (e) An Agency Protest must include the protester's name, address and telephone number, including fax number or email address; the solicitation or contract number, identity of the contracting activity and the Contracting Officer's name; a detailed statement of all legal and factual grounds for protest (mere disagreement with the decisions of Contracting Officers does not constitute grounds for protest), including copies of all relevant documents; a request for a ruling; and, a request for relief. All protests must be signed by an authorized representative of the protester and must state it is an Agency Protest for decision by the Contracting Officer.
- (f) CJTSCC Agency Protests, as defined in FAR 33.101, may be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from Hubert M. Cacho at hubert.m.cacho.civ@mail.mil

5152.247-5900 INBOUND/OUTBOUND CARGO AND CONTRACTOR EQUIPMENT CENSUS (APR 2012)

a. Movement and coordination of inbound and outbound cargo in Afghanistan is critical to ensuring an effective drawdown. The contractor shall provide visibility of their inbound cargo and equipment via the Synchronized Predeployment Operational Tracker (SPOT) census for their contract. This requirement includes the prime's, and subcontractor's at all tiers, cargo and equipment. The contractor shall report any individual piece of equipment valued at \$50,000 or more. Incoming cargo and equipment census data shall be input 30 days prior to start of performance or delivery of supplies and quarterly thereafter for inbound and outbound equipment.

b. This reporting is required on Rolling Stock (RS), Non Rolling Stock (RNRS), and Twenty foot Equivalent Units (TEU). The following definitions apply to these equipment/cargo categories:

Rolling Stock (RS): All equipment with wheels or tracks that is self-propelled, or is un-powered and can be towed by a vehicle on a roadway. Also includes standard trailer mounted equipment such as generators, water purification equipment, and other support equipment with permanent wheels. Specific examples of RS include Wheeled Armored Vehicles (WAVS), Mine-Resistant Ambush-Protected (MRAP) family of vehicles (FOVS), and Highly Mobile Multipurpose Wheeled Vehicles (HMMWVS).

Non Rolling Stock (RNRS): All equipment that is not classified as Rolling Stock. Includes equipment that is not trailer-mounted or originally designed to be driven or towed over a roadway.

Twenty foot Equivalent Units (TEU): Standard unit for describing a ship's cargo capacity, or a shipping terminal's cargo handling capacity. One TEU represents the cargo capacity of a standard intermodal shipping container, 20 feet long, 8 feet wide, and 8.5 feet high. One TEU is equivalent to 4 QUADCONS and 3 TRICONS. One TEU has an internal volume of 1,166 cubic feet.

c. This data will be used by United States Forces-Afghanistan (USFOR-A) to assist in tracking the drawdown of Afghanistan. The contractor is responsible for movement of their own cargo and equipment. The data provided by contractors is for informational purposes only in order to plan and coordinate the drawdown effort. The

Government assumes no responsibility for contractor demobilization except as stated in individual contract terms and conditions.

DBA INSTRUCTIONS DBA INSTRUCTIONS:

The contractor shall purchase DBA insurance only from carriers that are authorized to provide such coverage by the United States Department of Labor (DOL). This requirement also applies to all subcontractors. The DOL maintains a website that contains a complete list of authorized insurance carriers:

http://www.dol.gov/owcp/dlhwc/lscarrier.htm. Carriers authorized to provide DBA insurance are identified with the letters "DB" in the column titled "Acts Covered." The following providers are for information only and do not represent an endorsement by the US Government. The list is NOT all inclusive. These companies are known to provide insurance in Afghanistan:

(1) Insurance Providers. The companies listed below have identified themselves as providing DBA insurance for contracts in Afghanistan. Contractors are encouraged to review the DOL website or to contact insurance brokers, in paragraph (2), to identify other companies that are authorized to provide DBA insurance coverage in Afghanistan. This list is not all-inclusive.

ACE Group: http://www.acegroup.com/us-en/businesses/international-advantage-defense-base-act-program-

dba.aspx

AIG: http://www.aig.com/Defense-Base-Act_3171_417691.html

CNA: http://www.cna.com Chubb: http://www.chubb.com/ Zurich: http://www.zurich.com/

Allied World Insurance: http://www.alliedworldinsurance.com/

Starr Companies: http://www.starrcompanies.com/

(2) Insurance Brokers. Insurance brokers are representatives of insurance providers and sell insurance to contractors. The companies listed below have identified themselves as brokers for insurance providers offering DBA insurance for contracts in Afghanistan. The brokers listed below are for information purposes only and do not represent an endorsement by the US Government. This list is not all inclusive and may NOT be current. Contractors should request the names of insurance brokers from the insurance provider to obtain DBA insurance coverage in Afghanistan.

Rutherfoord: http://www.rutherfoord.com

AON Corporation: http://aon.com
Marsh: http://www.lockton.com
Lockton: http://www.lockton.com

Moody Insurance Worldwide: http://www.moodyinsurance.com/gov_defense_base.shtml Latitude Global Contractor Insurance: www.latitudeglobalcontractorinsurance.com

Insurance Office of America: www.ioausa.com "

Exhibit/Attachment Table of Contents

DOCUMENT TYPE DESCRIPTION PAGES DATE
Attachment 1 Performance Work 17 11-JAN-2018
Statement

Attachment 2 Flow Meter Parts List 1 10-JAN-2018

Attachment 3 COMBAF Standards 15 08-OCT-2017