

**COMBINED SYNOPSIS/SOLICITATION
ISSUED JUNE 25, 2019**

Part: U.S. Government Procurements

Subpart: Supplies, Equipment, and Materials

Class Code: 91 – Fuels, Lubricants, Oils and Waxes

Address of Contracting Office: Defense Logistics Agency, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 4950,
Ft. Belvoir, Virginia 22060-6222, United States of America

Subject: Delivery of Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8) and Diesel Fuel #2 (DF2)

Solicitation Number: SPE605-19-R-0220

Reponses Due: **July 5, 2019 at 11:00 A.M local time (Ft. Belvoir, VA)**

Points of Contact: Shelly Brayboy, e-mail: shelly.brayboy@dla.mil ; Phone: 703-767-9524

Contracting Officer Point of Contact: Pamela Barber, e-mail: Pamela.Barber@dla.mil;

Phone: 703-767-8481

Web Address: <http://www.energy.dla.mil>

Description of Requirement: This is a combined synopsis/solicitation for commercial items prepared in accordance with the format in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 12.6 and 13.5, as supplemented by additional information included in this notice. This acquisition is unrestricted. This announcement constitutes the only solicitation and additional information will not be provided. Proposals are requested under Request for Proposals (RFP) SPE605-19-R-0220 for items listed under

The ordering period of the contract is from award date of the contract to September 30, 2019. The delivery period begins 24 hours after contract award and ends October 30, 2019. Delivery is FOB Destination. Offerors are advised that the Government reserves the right to award multiple contracts under this request for proposals.

DLA Energy may conduct pre-award surveys to determine responsibility regarding the offeror's transportation, technical, production, financial and quality assurance capabilities.

Solicitation SPE605-19-R-0220 incorporates the terms and conditions of Solicitation SP0600-15-R-0210 Basic Ordering Agreement (BOA) issued on April 15, 2015.

Competition for this requirement is limited to contractors with current Basic Ordering Agreements (BOAs) issued under Solicitation SP0600-15-R-0210 issued on April 15, 2015. Non-BOA holders may compete for future orders; however, before being eligible for future orders, non-BOA holders must first respond to the requirements to enter into a BOA, as set forth in Solicitation SPE605-19-R-0220, which is available on the FedBizOpps website (www.fbo.gov). Please note that, as stated in Solicitation SP0600-15-R-0210, DLA Energy evaluates new BOA requests on the 15th day of each month.

Award for this requirement will be made to the lowest price and technically acceptable BOA holder. DLA Energy reserves the right to conduct discussions prior to award, and reserves the right to make multiple awards as a result of this solicitation. DLA reserves the right to not award to the lowest price offeror if they are not deemed technically acceptable. Any deviation from the terms and conditions of established BOAs or the terms, conditions, or requirements of this solicitation may result in offers being determined ineligible for award. Potential offerors are encouraged to submit any questions regarding this solicitation to the DLA Energy Point of Contact provided herein prior to the offer due date and time. Responses to all questions will be provided to all interested parties via FedBizOpps (www.fbo.gov).

All non-U.S. based vendors and subcontractors must be registered in the Joint Contingency Contracting System (JCCS) to be eligible for contract awards in the U.S. Central Command (CENTCOM) Area of Operation (AOR). Instructions for account registration and training can be found at www.jccs.gov. Offerors are required to submit their JCCS number with their offers.

This RFP incorporates provisions and clauses in effect through Federal Acquisition Circular 2005-83.

FAR provision 52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items applies to this acquisition. **Offerors shall complete this provision in the System for Award Management (SAM). SAM is an official U.S. Government system and all offerors are required to be registered in this system. There is NO fee to register for this site. Please provide your CAGE Code from SAM with your offer.**

Offerors shall submit a copy of a certificate of analysis for Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8), Diesel Fuel #2 (DF2) and Gasoline, Mid Unl (MUM) from their supplier/refinery with their offer. The certificate of analysis should have test results of a recent batch of the required products.

Offerors shall provide name, title and contact information of person(s) authorized to sign offer and negotiate with the Government in connection with this solicitation under FAR 52.212-1 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS (PC&S) (TAILORED) (DLA ENERGY) (JAN 2018).

Additional requirements may be added by future amendments to this solicitation.

The Government contemplates award(s) of a Requirements Type, Fixed Price with Economic Price Adjustment resulting from this combined synopsis/solicitation for delivery to various locations within Jordan. After award, the contract price for all CLINs will escalate/de-escalate monthly in accordance with solicitation provision B-0002- B19.02 ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT (OVERSEAS) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012).

Proposals must be received no later than 11:00 AM local time (Ft. Belvoir, VA) on July 5, 2019. Offers may be submitted via email to shelly.brayboy@dla.mil, pamela.barber@dla.mil,

shanon.sheffield@dla.mil and marcus.nolan@dla.mil. When submitting offers, please note **YOUR COMPANY NAME AND THE RFP NUMBER SPE605-19-R-0220 in the subject line of the email.**

Please note that the offeror assumes all risk for any delay in the transmission of their proposals. Any offers received after the above deadline will not be considered. All offerors are encouraged to review FAR 52.212-1 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS and solicitation provision L-0001 L2.11-4 EMAIL PROPOSALS. All offerors are further encouraged to submit their proposals early. Offerors will receive an e-mail from DLA Energy confirming receipt of proposal. If an offeror does not receive an email confirming receipt of proposal by DLA Energy, call the contract specialist.

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SECTION B – SUPPLIES/SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS

B-0001 B1.05 SUPPLIES TO BE FURNISHED (OVERSEAS PC&S) (ALASKA/HAWAII) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

- (1) The supplies to be furnished during the period specified in the REQUIREMENTS clause, the delivery points, methods of delivery, and estimated quantities are shown below. The quantities shown are best estimates of required quantities only. Unless otherwise specified, the total quantity ordered and required to be delivered may be greater than or less than such quantities. The Government agrees to order from the Contractor and the Contractor shall, if ordered, deliver during the contract period all items awarded under this contract. The prices paid shall be the unit prices specified in subsequent price change modifications issued in accordance with the ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT contract provision.
- (2) In an emergency, oral orders may be issued and must be confirmed in writing by a Standard Form 1449 or DD Form 1155 within 24 hours.
- (3) Offers shall not be submitted for quantities less than the estimated quantities specified below for each line item. Offers submitted for less than the estimated quantities will not be considered for award, except for items specifically designated as N/A-year requirements.

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>SUPPLIES DELIVERY POINTS AND METHOD OF DELIVERY</u>	<u>ESTIMATED QUANTITY (USG)</u>	<u>OFFER PRICE (\$/USG)</u>
0001	Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8) NSN: 9130-01-031-5816 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck-w/Pump & Meter (TTWP) Delivery Location: Camp Badger, Jordan Duration of Requirement: 25 Aug 2019 – 5 Sep 2019 Initial Delivery: 10,360 USG Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: M94000 Ordering/Delivery POC: Major Timothy Curling Comm phone: 318-439-8414 Delivery invoice with quantity issue and certificate of quality form (QF-PL 110) needs to be Given to the customer upon delivery Camp Badger needs a onetime fuel delivery (10,360 gal) with a pressure locking nozzle via Truck to bladder 25 Aug 2019, 0800-2300 Fuel delivery truck need to have the ability to issue via pressure locking nozzle and meter.	10,360	\$ _____/USG
0002	Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8) NSN: 9130-01-031-5816 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck-w/ Pump & Meter (TTWP) Delivery Location: Training Area # 1 (TA), Jordan Initial Delivery: 6,750 gallons Duration of Requirement: 01 Jul 2019 – 30 Sep 2019 Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: W50QG8 Ordering/Delivery POCs: Chris Worthen Comm phone: +962790952118 HEMMIT REFULER WILL BE USED FOR STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION Request that vendor defuel as required upon completion on the exercise. Delivery schedule will be dependent on consumption Delivery Days: Monday - Sunday	100,000	\$ _____/USG

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>SUPPLIES DELIVERY POINTS AND METHOD OF DELIVERY</u>	<u>ESTIMATED QUANTITY (USG)</u>	<u>OFFER PRICE (\$/USG)</u>
0003	<p>Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8) NSN: 9130-01-031-5816 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck-w/ Pump & Meter (TTWP) Delivery Location: Wadi Shadiya, Jordan Duration of Requirement: 23 Aug 2019 – 05 Sep 2019 Initial Delivery: 6,000 USG Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: M94000 Ordering/Delivery POC: Maj Timothy Curling Comm phone: 318-439-8414 Delivery invoice will quantity issue and certificate of quality form (QF-PL 110) needs to be given to the customer on delivery Wadi Shadiya will need multi-day fuel deliveries (60,400 USG) into three 3k bags. 23 Aug 2019 6,000 USG 24 Aug 2019 4,800 USG 25 Aug 2019 4,800 USG 26 Aug 2019 4,800 USG 27 Aug 2019 5,000 USG 28 Aug 2019 5,000 USG 29 Aug 2019 5,000 USG 30 Aug 2019 5,000 USG 31 Aug 2019 5,000 USG 01 Sep 2019 5,000 USG 02 Sep 2019 2,500 USG 03 Sep 2019 2,500 USG 04 Sep 2019 2,500 USG 05 Sep 2019 2,500 USG Wadi Shadiya fuel delivery truck need to have the ability to issue via pressure locking nozzle and meter</p>	60,400	\$ _____/USG
0004	<p>Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8) NSN: 9130-01-031-5816 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck- w/Pump & Meter Delivery Location: Camp Titin, Jordan Duration of Requirement: 16 Aug 2019 – 05 Sep 2019 Initial Delivery: 8,000 USG Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: M94000 Delivery POC: Maj Timothy Curling Phone number: 318-439-8414 Tank rented vi organization contract with vendor Camp Titin needs a initial delivery of 8,000 USG delivery into a 8k storage tank on 16 Aug 2018. Seconf delivery on 26 Aug 2019 Fuel delivery truck need to have the ability to issue via pressure locking nozzle and hand service nozzle with a meter.</p>	16,000	\$ _____/USG
0005	<p>Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8) NSN: 9130-01-031-5816 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck-w/ Pump & Meter Delivery Location: Simulation Center, Jordan Initial Delivery: 2,250 USG Duration of Requirement: 01 Jul 2019 – 31 Oct 2019 Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: W5QG8 Ordering/Delivery POC: Chris Worthen, chris.worthen2@gmail.com Comm phone: +962790952118 Delivery schedule will be dependent on consumption HEMMIT Refueler will be used for Storage and Distribution Request that vendor defuel as required upon the completion of the exercise.</p>	67,000	\$ _____/USG

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>SUPPLIES DELIVERY POINTS AND METHOD OF DELIVERY</u>	<u>ESTIMATED QUANTITY (USG)</u>	<u>OFFER PRICE (\$/USG)</u>
0006	<p>Turbine Fuel, Aviation (JP8) NSN: 9130-01-031-5816 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck-w/ Pump & Meter (TTWP) Delivery Location: KA2AB Task Force Javelin (PHRB), Jordan Initial Delivery: 4,500 USG Duration of Requirement: 01 Jul 2019 – 31 Oct 2019 Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: W50QG8 Ordering/Delivery POC: Chris Worthen; chris.worthen@gmail.com Comm phone: +962790952118 Delivery schedule will be dependent on consumption HEMMIT Refueler will be used for Storage and Distribution Request that vendor defuel as required upon the completion of the exercise</p>	50,000	\$ _____/USG
0007	<p>Gasoline, Mid Unl (MUM) NSN: 9130-01-272-0983 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck -w/ Pump & Meter (TTWP) Delivery Location: Royal Jordanian Naval Base (Camp Badger), Jordan Duration of Requirement: 13 Aug 2019 – 12 Sep 2019 Initial Delivery: 500 USG Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: N57007 Ordering/Delivery POC: LTJG Oluwatobi Olubanjo; oluwatobi.olubanjo@me.navy.mil Comm phone: +97317856556 Delivery: One Time Delivery</p>	500	\$ _____/USG
0008	<p>Diesel Fuel #2 (DF2) NSN: 9140-00-286-5294 Method of Delivery: Tank Truck-w/ Pump & Meter (TTWP) Delivery Location: RJNB Camp Badger, Jordan Initial Delivery: 1,200 Duration of Requirement: 13 Aug 2019 – 12 Sep 2019 Ordering/Accepting DoDAAC: SJ0629 Delivery DoDAAC: N57007 Ordering/Delivery POC: LTJG Oluwatobi Olubanjo; oluwatobi.olubanjo@me.navy.mil Comm phone: +97317856556 Delivery: One Time Delivery</p>	1,200	\$ _____/USG

By signing below, offeror agrees to all terms and conditions of this solicitation.

NAME OF SIGNATORY (TYPE OR PRINT): _____

OFFEROR SIGNATURE: _____

DATE: _____

SPECIAL NOTES:

1. Close coordination with site personnel and DLA Energy Middle East Office is required prior to each delivery.
2. Line item numbers 0001-0006 are placeholders and may change upon award.
3. Offerors submitting electronic responses to this solicitation must limit email size to 10MB for a single email. Emails over 10MB may not be delivered because of server restriction on mail size for delivery.
4. Offerors note: The U.S. Government is tax exempt. DO NOT include any taxes in offered prices for which the U.S. is tax exempt.
5. Any violation of the Iran Sanctions Act is strictly forbidden. Contractor shall not source nor blend any portion of the fuel destined for DLA Energy with refined fuel products sourced from Iran. In accordance with FAR 52.212-3 -- OFFEROR REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (JAN 2017), by submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act.
6. Exceptions: Any exceptions the offeror takes to the terms and conditions of the solicitation must be submitted with the offer. Offerors shall submit all exceptions taken in list format. Only exceptions detailed in the offer will be treated as exceptions to the terms and conditions of the solicitation. Any exceptions taken by the offeror will be considered by the Government and either accepted or rejected. Exceptions that are accepted by the Government will be incorporated into any resultant contract; exceptions that are rejected by the Government must be withdrawn by the offeror or the offer will be rejected.
7. Offerors must submit pricing in unit price/per USG format: Example: (\$0.000000/USG)
8. Contractor shall provide the tank batch certificate of quality (COQs) represented for all fuel deliveries under the resultant contract/order to the DLA Energy Middle East Office at **DESC-ME.quality.dla.mil** for approval prior to any deliveries. In addition, provide COQs to the customer at the time of delivery. A DD250 is to be used as the bill of lading to which the following be included for all products: temperature, density, corrected density and corrected quantities (if required) on all shipment documents.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL NOTES REGARDING ALL PRODUCTS IN THIS SOLICITATION:

1. Source, in this contract, as determined for government acceptance, is defined as the location of the storage tank(s) from which the product(s) will be loaded into trucks and directly delivered to the customer's destination as stated in the schedule of this contract.
 - a. Acceptance storage tanks should be within the borders of the country for which the major requirements are located. However, delivery from an identified, outside of the country, storage location to end user locations can be used and acceptable as long as this delivery route is listed on the vendor's supply chain map/plan and the proper certificates of quality or analysis are presented to the region Quality Manager or QAR for acceptance in accordance with below guidance.
 - b. Offeror will need to inform the contracting officer of the location in which the products will be stored and sampled, for acceptance purposes, along with the distance the storage location is from the delivery locations.
 - c. Offeror will also inform the contracting officer of their commercial laboratory which will be used to perform acceptance testing prior to acceptance by the government.
 - i. All commercial laboratories to be used for acceptance testing must be approved by the U.S. Government.
 - ii. The Government will be provided, for evaluation and acceptance, the name of the laboratory to be used, the expected capabilities of that lab (full specification, etc.) for each product, a good point of contact name, phone number, laboratory location address, and email address.
 - iii. Samples of their certificates of analysis (redacted) will be provided to the government for evaluation. Certificate of analysis should reflect the same information as that listed in section 14 below and the examples provided.
 - iv. Offeror can expect a quality visit to their proposed laboratory if the laboratory has not already been vetted and accepted by the Government in the past.
 - v. If the offeror possesses their own laboratory, can perform full specification testing in accordance with the specification requirements and want to use that lab for this contract and acceptance purposes, the lab will have to be vetted and approved by use, by the U.S. Government, prior to the beginning of the performance period.
 - vi. The use of a third party inspection contractor may be used to assist DLA Energy Quality in witnessing and verification of laboratory testing and equipment calibrations/standardizations for contractor owned laboratories.
 1. Contract awardee(s) that plan on using their own laboratories will allow entry to any DLA Energy, third party inspection contractors, just like they would any DLA Energy QAR or representative stated in contract provision(s) FAR 52.246.2 and E21.01.

2. Failure to do so will result in the awardee(s) to have to use an outside, commercial lab for all of their “acceptance” testing.
2. The Fuel Source Data Sheet attached will be used to show all of the refineries or terminal sources where the offeror is sourcing the fuel to be provided to the U.S. Government.
 - a. This requires not only the refineries or terminal sources but the contractor’s “acceptance” storage tanks as well.
 - b. Under “Country of Origin” on the Fuel Source Data Sheet, type or write “acceptance” beside the country name. Then under “Destination Country” please include any outside locations included in the schedule in which that source may deliver to.
3. Offeror will need to provide letters of commitments from all sources of supplies, transportation sub-contractors, laboratories, and any other sub-contractors (storage, operations, drivers, etc.) from which they will require assistance in order to fulfill this contract and its requirements.
 - a. Letters of commitment will be on sub-contractor, lessor, and/or supplier’s letterhead and in the format listed in attachment # 1. The commitment letter must also state how soon before the start of the performance period the sub-contractor will be fully available for access and use by the offeror.
4. In order for the offeror to demonstrate that they possess the technical capability to provide the fuel (all products in the schedule) which meets the required specification(s), the offeror, with their supply commitment letters, must present either a current, full specification Refinery Certificate of Quality (COQ) or a recertification certificate of analysis (COA) if sourcing from a location which blends several batches from more than one refinery source (terminal). All COQ/COAs should be presented in a format which resembles that of the one listed in ASTM D1655, figure X3.2 or the commercial laboratory sample provided. These certificates will be on refinery or commercial laboratory letterhead and signed and dated like the certificates of analysis listed below.
 - a. Certificates of Analysis will contain the source information (location, tank number, lot or batch number, etc.), specification tested to, along with the test methods used for testing.
 - b. To be acceptable for evaluation, the certificate will also be signed and stamped by the laboratory manager and be within 30 days of submission from a batch out of the terminal storage tank(s) or refinery batch tank(s) to be used for actual supply.
 - c. If the supplier is purchasing products from a terminal that receives and blends several different refined products from multiple refineries/sources, a list of those refineries/sources as part of that batch blending will be submitted for traceability purposes and should be included on the Fuel Source Data Sheet, if room or on a separate attachment stating that these are refineries used in the blending of that product.
 - d. Partial quality certificates (with less than the required or listed characteristics tested, as listed in the specification) and manufacturer/product specification sheets will not be accepted.
 - e. All test certificates submitted shall be translated into English and will be in the same format as required by the original. The original, non-English version will need to accompany the translated version and the offer must ensure that they are one in the same.
 - f. Translated version must be signed and stamped by the person that translated and the method of translation included.
5. At this time, for contracts outside of Iraq and Afghanistan, product(s) production and/or recertification specifications are normally to country specific specifications. Normally, these specifications are created to replicate the minimum number of characteristics to be tested in accordance with their export audience (EN 590, EN 228, Def Stan 91-091, and Def Stan 91-090, to name a few). DLA Energy DQ and the customers’ service control points have already vetted the quality of these products and what their specifications represent and have received approval to accept these products from these countries.
 - a. These specific country COA/COQs will be accepted during the technical evaluation process of the offer, but must be presented on the official country ministry letterhead with a country assigned specification number assigned to it.
 - i. These COA/COQs will be allowed for submission for day-to-day operations, acceptance testing and other quality assurance operations.
 - ii. If unable to provide the above, offeror will need to provide a full specification (the contract specification), third party COA/COQ, not only during the evaluation/offer period, but also throughout the day-to-day operations, acceptance testing and other quality assurance operations.
 - b. If the offeror uses and provides the country specific COA/COQ for the above, the offeror must also present, during the offer/evaluation process, a full specification (the contract specification), third party COA/COQ.
 - i. Due to the country specific specifications and testing not containing all of the results of the contract specification(s), and in order to support and protect the customers and their equipment, the full specification test results will need to be received and maintained in order for the customer to have traceability of certain concerning characteristics.

- ii. The offeror, if awarded a contract, must provide not only the above requirement during the offer/evaluation but must also conduct the full specification, third party COA/COQ two more times each year of the performance period.
 - iii. The region Quality Assurance Manager will submit the request for these during the performance period.
 - c. Offerors will not need to submit an exception or deviation requests if using the country specific specifications and following the remainder of section 15 instructions above, but will have to submit an exception or deviation request if resorting to section 15, a, ii. above.
 - i. Offerors will have to provide a detailed reason behind the need for the exception or deviation request, along with their way forward with meeting the requirements of this contract, and the duration of the exception or deviation request.
6. All products, once received at the offeror's "acceptance" storage tank(s) as stated above and prior to loading into trucks and delivering to the end user, will have to meet the product specification(s) listed in this contract and be submitted to the regional Quality Manager or QAR prior to being released for shipment.
 - a. DLA Energy Quality Assurance, specifically for aviation fuels, will be covered under Alternate Release Procedures (ARP) and requires all product(s) be inspected and approved (accepted) by a QAR prior to being released for shipment.
 - i. The DLA Energy Regional Quality Manager may dictate that all products under this contract be handled under ARP and require acceptance prior to their shipment.
 - b. Contract awardee(s) will be provided with an ARP letter stating the requirements for product quality acceptance and other instructions to be followed during the performance period of this contract.
 - c. Once individual storage tank inventory, during the entirety of the performance period, is depleted and fresh product is received into that storage tank(s), a new batch sample and acceptance testing will need to be completed prior acceptance and release for delivery to the government.
7. The offeror must provide a map or chart showing the entire supply chain of the product(s), from source to final delivery. The offeror must also show this plan as part of their ability to supply on specification product(s) in their quality control plan (QCP) and/or standard operating procedures/statement of work (SOP/SOW) required below.
8. Offeror will provide transportation plans which shall include details as to how the offeror will move fuel through the entire supply chain. The emphasis will be on the details provided for transportation of the product from the in-country intermediate storage sites to the customer's delivery location(s). Descriptions of leased or owned transportation modes for movement of product(s) from source to the intermediate storage locations should, at minimum, included the type of transportation, the numbers made available, the sub-contractor to be used and what areas of the supply chain they will cover.
9. Offeror will need to provide a list of the tank trucks which will be utilized for this contract.
 - a. Tank Truck list will include the make and model of the truck, capacities, the plate and registration/vehicle identification number (VIN) numbers, the model year, whether the tank is epoxy coated or not and if the trucks are dedicated to a specific grade of fuel and that grade of fuel it will carry.
 - b. Offerors will need to provide lists of drivers and the vehicles they will be assigned to after award. List will need to have drivers' full names, identification numbers, and trucks they will be assigned to. Offeror may also have to provide further information to the Government and/or customer locations to allow entrance and do background checks.
 - c. For offeror owned assets, the list of assets with the information required under section 19 a. above, is the only thing required, no letter of commitment.
 - d. Except for the letters of commitment and the asset lists, the transportation plan can be submitted separately or be submitted as part of the QCP and/or the SOP/SOW. If part of the QCP and/or SOP/SOW, the offeror will state that in their offer.
10. Offeror will need to provide detailed descriptions/plans of all primary and alternate storage and distribution systems, both leased and owned, to be used for the entirety of the performance period.
 - a. To demonstrate the offeror's ability for sufficient storage, the offeror will need to provide details of the storage facilities to be used, whether primary or alternate
 - i. Storage tank lists will include the tank numbers, max capacities each can hold, if they are rigid (steel, aluminum, etc.) or bladders, whether they are segregated or on common lines, and the grade of fuel each will hold. Offeror will also have to express the max quantity(s) of each grade made available to the government for the entirety of the period of performance.
 - b. The offeror will also show the storage facilities ability as to how many trucks it can up-load and/or down-load in a 24 hour period, if it can support filling customer tank trucks, and all laboratory capabilities, either owned or contracted out, and their testing capabilities for ensuring product quality is met prior to final delivery to the customer.

- c. The offeror will provide their proposed storage capacity and proximity to each solicited location, and the offeror's ability to provide operational storage and supply arrangements that are proposed to insure the intermediate reserve products are available throughout the term of the contract.
 - i. Proximities to be provided will include the distance and time to destination of all the customers listed in the solicitation schedule.
 - d. Except for the letters of commitment and the facilities asset lists, the supply/distribution plan can be submitted separately or be submitted as part of the QCP and/or the SOP/SOW. If part of the QCP and/or SOP/SOW, the offeror will state that in their offer.
11. A quality control plan (QCP) and/or standard operating procedure/statement of work (SOP/SOW) will be provided in the offer in order to show the offeror's ability and capability to assure the quality of the product remains within contract specifications from origin to destination.
- a. The quality control plan must meet the requirements of the solicitation/contract provision E1, section (b)(3). A QCP is required, for all products, if the attached schedule includes any aviation fuel (JA1, Avgas, etc.). If no aviation fuel, the offeror will only have to submit their standard operating procedures/statement of work.
 - i. These SOP/SOWs, at minimum, will describe how the offeror or its sub-contractors will ensure quality of the product throughout the supply chain.
 - ii. The QCP will be evaluated for its ability to show the steps to be taken for quality assurance and surveillance throughout the supply chain and how well it incorporates the elements required by the E1 provision.
 - iii. The contractor must also show that any sub-contractors will be utilizing and adopting those procedures and that the primary contractor understands that the QCP will be updated and revised to meet the unique requirements of this solicitation and approved and signed by the region's quality manager prior to first order off this contract.
 - iv. The offeror must also provide standard operating procedures for the proposed operation of their transportation and storage distribution segments of this contract if those procedures are not incorporated into their QCP.
12. Offeror will submit a detailed description of their alternate supply chain, to include distribution and storage, from vendor source to final destination.
- a. The offeror's will need to show, through similar lists and plans to be submitted for their primary support listed in the above paragraphs, their ability to provide alternative sources of supply in the event of geo-political shifts, political uprisings, poor weather and road conditions, refinery constraints or any other contingency that would prevent delivery from the primary source of supply.
 - b. The alternate supply chain must be shown to be distinct and separate from their primary chain(s) and all items require in paragraphs 11 thru 19 above.
 - c. The offeror's ability to provide alternative sources and the ability to continue contract requirements shall be shown on the same map or chart required above and must also be included in their QCP and/or SOP/SOW.
13. Offeror is responsible read and understand all of the requirements set in this solicitation and these special notes. Offeror is also responsible for submitting all attachments and offers that show that they understand these requirements and any specifications or instructions are going to be met. If the offeror discovers deficiencies or non-compliance to these solicitation requirements and/or specifications, the offeror must present an exception or deviation request similar to that stated in section 15 above and in accordance with solicitation provision E35. If offeror has some sort of "shortcoming" with meeting a portion or portions of the requirements and plan on having it resolved and meet the requirements as stated, the offeror should provide a "letter of intent" to the contracting officer with the offer.
- a. Letter of intent will provide the portion of the requirement(s) unable to meet at the time, how and what the offero plans on putting in place to meet the requirement(s), and the date (before the start of the performance period) they plan on having in place and meeting the requirement, if awarded.
 - b. Letter of intent must be provided only to the contracting officer assigned to this contract. If pre-award survey is scheduled, offeror must provide the information with regard to their letter of intent but must not hand over any letters to the QAR conducting the survey.
14. In contract provision C-0002 C16.18-2 FUEL OIL, DIESEL (OVERSEAS) (DLA ENERGY FEB 2016), the following language is added under Middle East in the table under (a) FUEL OIL, DIESEL (DF2): "CFPP Limit: -15 C Max year round. Winter grade diesel will be sourced year round."

B-0002 B19.02 ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT (OVERSEAS) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) **WARRANTIES.** The Contractor warrants that--

(1) The unit prices set forth in the Schedule do not include allowances for any portion of the contingency covered by this contract provision; and

(2) The prices to be invoiced hereunder shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of this contract.

(b) **DEFINITIONS.** As used throughout this contract provision, the term--

(1) **Award price** means the unit price offered by the Contractor and set forth opposite the item in the Schedule.

(2) **Reference price** means the market price, this is either published in an independent publication or supplied by the Contractor, with which the award price is to fluctuate. The reference price should be a market price for the same or similar product(s) as the item being purchased.

(3) **Date of delivery** means--

(i) **FOR TANKER OR BARGE DELIVERIES.**

(A) **F.O.B. ORIGIN.** The date and time vessel commences loading;

(B) **F.O.B. DESTINATION.** The date and time vessel commences discharging;

(ii) **FOR PIPELINE DELIVERIES.** The date and time product commences to move past the specified f.o.b. point; and

(iii) **FOR ALL OTHER TYPES OF DELIVERIES.** The date product is received.

(c) **ADJUSTMENTS.** The prices payable under this contract shall be the award price increased or decreased by the amount, determined according to the following formula, that the reference price shall have increased or decreased, to and including the date of delivery.

(1) The amount of increase or decrease in the award price shall be based on the same number of cents, or fraction thereof, that the reference price increases or decreases per like unit of measure.

(2) The reference price with which the award price for the listed item is to fluctuate (and which is more fully defined in the Table below) is--

[] (i) The low price published in _____
(name of publication)

[X] (ii) The average of the prices published in PLATTS OILGRAM
(name of publication)

[] (iii) The established price posted by _____ and
(name of company)

published in _____
(name of publication)

(3) **COMMERCIAL.** For price adjustments utilizing **commercial** publications such as Platts Oilgram, etc., the reference price in effect on the date of delivery shall be that item's reference price that is in effect for the dates in the Table below. If an effective date is not cited in a publication, then the date of publication shall apply. An increase or decrease in any reference price published in a trade price service or in a commercial journal shall apply only to deliveries made on or after the effective date of such trade price service or commercial journal. In the event of a holiday for which an effective date is not used, the latest effective price(s) prior to the effective date shall be used. **NOTE: Platts issues corrections to its published prices on a regular basis. Platts posts corrections to its website (www.platts.com) for its subscribers. If a correction to a reference price is found on the Platts website, all of the items that use that reference price will be corrected. DLA Energy will correct any other reference prices, as notice of the correction is received. DLA Energy will work with the pricing services to determine the appropriate price, whenever an offeror or contractor can show that the price referenced should be reviewed.**

(4) **NONCOMMERCIAL (NOTIFICATION).** For price adjustments utilizing a reference price indicator **other than commercial** publications such as Platts Oilgram, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of any changes in the reference price in writing within 15 calendar days from the date thereof.

(i) **INCREASES.** Any increase in unit price as a result of an increase in reference price shall apply only to deliveries made on or after the date of receipt by the Contracting Officer of a written notification from the Contractor of such increase. However, the prices payable under this contract shall in no event exceed the Contractor's posted or established selling price in effect on the date of delivery for the product supplied in the form of delivery made at the point of delivery. Also, no

notification incorporating an increase in a contract unit price shall be executed pursuant to this contract provision until the increase has been verified by the Contracting Officer.

(ii) **DECREASES.** If the Contractor fails to notify the Contracting Officer of any decrease in the reference price, within the allotted 15 day period, such decrease shall apply to all deliveries made on or after the effective date of such decrease. However, if any overpayment is made to the Contractor as a result of the Contractor's failure to give timely notice to the Contracting Officer of any decrease in the established price, the Contractor shall be charged interest on such overpayment from the date of the overpayment to the date of reimbursement by the Contractor for the overpayment in accordance with the Disputes paragraph of the CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS clause of this contract.

(5) Where the reference price is the Contractor's established price (see (c)(2)(iii) above), the Contractor warrants that the product selected is one for which, except for modification required by the specifications of this contract, the Contractor has an established price. Such price is the net price after applying any applicable standard trade discounts offered by the Contractor for its catalog, list, or schedule price. The Contractor further warrants that, as of the current date, any differences between the unit prices of the line items identified in the Schedule and the Contractor's established price for like quantities of the nearest commercial equivalents of such contract items are due to compliance with contract specifications and to compliance with any requirements that this contract may contain for preservation, packaging, and packing beyond standard commercial practice.

(d) **MODIFICATIONS.** Any resultant price changes shall be provided via notification through contract modifications and/or postings to the DLA Energy web page at <http://www.desc.dla.mil> under the heading **Vendor Resources** and then **Product Price Adjustments**.

(e) **FAILURE TO DELIVER.** Notwithstanding any other conditions of this contract provision, no upward adjustment shall apply to product scheduled under the contract to be delivered before the effective date of the adjustment, unless the Contractor's failure to deliver according to the delivery schedule results from causes beyond the Contractor's control and without its fault or negligence, within the meaning of the Excusable Delays and Termination for Cause paragraphs of the CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS clause of the this contract in which case the contract shall be amended to make an equitable extension of the delivery schedule.

(f) **UPWARD CEILING ON ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT.** The Contractor agrees that the total increase in any contract unit price pursuant to these economic price adjustment provisions shall not exceed 375 percent of the award price, except as provided hereafter:

(1) If at any time the Contractor has reason to believe that within the near future a price adjustment under the conditions of this contract provision will be required that will exceed the current contract ceiling price for any item, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the expected increase. The notification shall include a revised ceiling the Contractor believes is sufficient to permit completion of remaining contract performance, along with appropriate explanation and documentation as required by the Contracting Officer.

(2) If an actual increase in the reference price would raise a contract unit price for an item above the current ceiling, the Contractor shall have no obligation under this contract to fill pending or future orders for such item, as of the effective date of the increase, unless the Contracting Officer issues a contract modification to raise the ceiling. If the contract ceiling will not be raised, the Contracting Officer shall so promptly notify the Contractor in writing.

(g) **REVISION OF REFERENCE PRICE INDICATOR.** In the event—

(1) Any applicable reference price is discontinued or its method of derivation is altered substantially;

(2) The reference price is an average of published or posted prices, and any one price ceases to be published or posted;

(3) The reference price is published in a trade price service or commercial journal and such publication ceases to publish said reference price or changes its method of quoting prices; or

(4) The Contracting Officer determines that the reference price consistently and substantially failed to reflect market conditions—

the parties shall mutually agree upon an appropriate and comparable substitute for determining the price adjustment described hereunder. The contract shall be modified to reflect such substitute effective on the date the indicator was discontinued, altered, or began to consistently and substantially fail to reflect market conditions. If the parties fail to agree on an appropriate substitute, the matter shall be resolved in accordance with the Disputes paragraph of the CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS clause of this contract.

(h) **CONVERSION FACTORS.** If this contract provision requires quantity conversion for economic price adjustment purposes, the conversion factors for applicable products, as specified in the CONVERSION FACTORS contract provision, apply unless otherwise specified in the Schedule.

(i) **EXAMINATION OF RECORDS.** The Contractor agrees that the Contracting Officer or designated representatives shall have the right to examine the Contractor's books, records, documents, or other data the Contracting Officer deems necessary to verify Contractor adherence to the provisions of this contract provision.

(j) **FINAL INVOICE.** The Contractor shall include a statement on the final invoice that the amounts invoiced hereunder have applied all decreases required by this contract provision.

(k) **TABLE.**

I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII
Item No. (listed items)	Name of company/ publication (identify by number from (c)(2) above)	If company - If publication - heading under which reference price is published <u>and name of product</u>	Location where reference price <u>is applicable</u>	Method of delivery applicable to the reference <u>price</u>	Reference price as of 1 JUN 2019 (exclude <u>all</u> <u>taxes</u>)	Maximum payable under this contract (includes any tax included in the award <u>price</u> .
0001	PLATTS	JP8	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (JET KERO)	CARGO	\$1.892302	See Paragraph (f) above
0002	PLATTS	JP8	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (JET KERO)	CARGO	\$1.892302	See Paragraph (f) above
0003	PLATTS	JP8	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (JET KERO)	CARGO	\$1.892302	See Paragraph (f) above
0004	PLATTS	JP8	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (JET KERO)	CARGO	\$1.892302	See Paragraph (f) above
0005	PLATTS	JP8	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (JET KERO)	CARGO	\$1.892302	See Paragraph (f) above
0006	PLATTS	JP8	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (JET KERO)	CARGO	\$1.892302	See Paragraph (f) above
0007	PLATTS	DF2	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (GASOIL)	CARGO	\$1.917744	See Paragraph (f) above
0008	PLATTS	MUM	FOB ARAB GULF MONTHLY (GASOIL)	CARGO	\$1.755601	See Paragraph (f) above

NOTE: PLATTS' product prices will escalate monthly based on the average of high and low assessments contained in the Platt's publication of each month in which deliveries are made. Therefore, the effective price for the period of the 1st through the 30th /31st will be the average of the high and low assessments for the previous month's assessments posted on the 1st of each month. Saturdays and Sundays shall be considered as Platt's non-publication days. If assessments are not posted by Platts during the period that delivery was made due to a holiday or another occurrence, only the posted assessments for that period will be used in the calculation.

SECTION C – DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/PERFORMANCE WORK STATEMENT

C0001 - C16.64-1 TURBINE FUEL, AVIATION (JP8) (INLAND EAST GULF/OFFSHORE) (ROCKY MOUNTAIN /WEST) (WESTPAC) (ATL/EUR/MED) (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY OCT 2018)

NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	PRODUCT NOMENCLATURE	DLA ENERGY PRODUCT CODE
9130-01-031-5816	Turbine Fuel, Aviation	JP8

Supplies delivered under this contract shall conform to all Federal, State, and local environmental requirements applicable to the geographic location of the receiving activity on the date of delivery. This includes delivery of fuel and documentation in a manner consistent with any existing or after-imposed Title V (Clean Air Act) Permits. The list of such requirements contained in this contract is not intended to be a complete list, and the Contractor shall be responsible for determining the existence of all such requirements. Selected regional environmental requirements are highlighted in the SPECIFICATIONS (CONT'D) clause. In the event that a Federal, State, or local environmental requirement is more stringent than a fuel specification contained in this contract, the Contractor shall deliver product that complies with the more stringent fuel specification. Product that fails to meet the more stringent fuel specification will be considered to be a nonconforming supply. Product(s) to be supplied shall fully meet the requirements of the applicable specification(s) as cited above. In the event that compliance with the more stringent fuel specification causes the contractor to incur additional costs, the contractor may request an equitable adjustment.

- a) Aviation Turbine Fuel (JP8) shall conform to MIL-DTL-83133K, dated July 18, 2018. See nomenclature above.
- b) INCIDENTAL CONTAMINANTS. Particulate Matter and Fatty Acid Methyl Ester (FAME) content shall not exceed the limits outlined in Table IV of MIL-DTL-83133K dated July 18, 2018.
- c) SPECIFICATION MODIFICATIONS. Aviation Turbine Fuel (JP8) shall conform to MIL-DTL-83133K modified as follows:
 - (1) TESTING
 - (i) FILTRATION TIME TESTING. For filtration time testing round upwards when reporting the filtration time, in minutes. For example, a filtration time of 10 minutes, 18 seconds, would be reported as 11 minutes.
 - (ii) MICROSEPAROMETER (MSEP) RATING LIMITS. See MIL-DTL-83133K, Table 1, Note 15 for MSEP test method selection criteria.
 - A. Prior to initial production under this contract, the Contractor shall elect, on a one-time basis, which MSEP limit will be met for the balance of the contract. If the Contractor introduces fuel system icing inhibitor (FSII), corrosion inhibitor/lubricity improver (CI/LI), and/or static dissipater additive (SDA) after verification of product conformance with the MSEP requirement, the product is not required to meet a fixed limit on subsequent MSEP tests.
 - B. If the Contractor elects to verify conformance with the MSEP requirement on a sample of product that does not contain FSII and CI/LI, an additional MSEP test shall be performed on a hand blend containing aviation turbine fuel, FSII, CI/LI, and antioxidant (AO) (AO only if required). The FSII shall be included in this hand blend at a concentration of 0.07 to 0.10 volume percent and the amount of the CI/LI included shall be within the concentration range specified in QPL-25017. The additional MSEP result of this hand blend is a REPORT ONLY requirement, and shall be recorded corresponding to item 750X on the Standardized Report Form (see Attachment _____). This result shall be recorded with an asterisk next to it, and with a footnote below, stating, “*MSEP result is a ‘Report Only’ requirement. Original result of _____ (fill in actual result) on product containing the following additives: _____ (fill in combination of additives).”
 - (iii) WORKMANSHIP. The workmanship criteria in MIL-DTL-83133K, paragraph 3.5, is revised to read, “At the custody transfer point, the finished fuel shall be clear and bright and visually free from undissolved water and particulate matter in accordance with approved test methods. ASTM D4176 or ASTM D6986 may be used. In case of dispute as determined by sample results taken from the custody transfer point, the fuel shall be clear and bright at 21 degrees Celsius (°C) (70 degrees Fahrenheit [°F]) and shall contain no more than 1.0 mg/L of particulate matter. The sample in dispute shall be taken into an area where the sample is permitted to slowly equilibrate to 21°C (70°F); this shall apply to either D4176 or D6986.”
 - A. ASTM D6986 shall be the referee test method, see requirements, as drafted, in MIL-DTL-83133K, section 3.5.
 - B. For ASTM D 4176, Procedure 2, with a result of Rating 1, maximum. If the sample fails ASTM D4176 only because it contains visible particulate matter, but meets the particulate matter

requirements of 1.0 mg/L maximum as stated in MIL-DTL-83133K, Table IV, the workmanship criteria is met.

(2) SPECIAL LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

- (i) Rocky Mountain/West. Aviation fuel movement via the Chevron Pipeline (Utah, Idaho, or Washington state entry points) shall be limited to total sulfur content of 0.15 mass percent, maximum.
- (ii) Alaska. For fuels refined in Alaska and delivered to Alaska locations, the total acid number shall be relaxed to 0.020 mg KOH/g maximum.

(d) ADDITIVES. Additives are required for deliveries of JP8 per MIL-DTL-83133K, unless addition is excluded by specific solicitation line item, applicable contract clause, or other contractual requirement.

(1) The CI/LI additive(s) used shall be of the type and concentration cited in QPL-25017. To locate this information: (1) Go to the Acquisition Streamlining and Standardization Information System (ASSIST) Quick Search website (URL <http://quicksearch.dla.mil/>), (2) type "QPL-25017" in the Document ID field, press the Search button, (3) click the QPL- 25017 search result under Document ID, (4) click the "Qualification" link under Overview [or the "View QPD data" link under Revision History], and (5) click the "MIL-PRF- 25017 CATEGORY 1" link under Govt Designation. The concentration range for each additive is listed under the "Source Notes" link under the far right column of the table.

(2) Metal deactivator additive (MDA) shall not be used in JP8 unless the Contractor has obtained written consent from the Contracting Officer.

(3) The requirement for SDA (see MIL-DTL-83133K, paragraph 3.3.3 and fuel electrical conductivity requirement in Table I) shall not apply unless stated otherwise in the Schedule. Line injection of additives (FSII, CI/LI, and SDA) from shipping tank to delivery conveyance is permitted under the following conditions:

- (i) A laboratory hand blend containing the required additives and aviation turbine fuel shall be tested to verify compliance with the specification.
- (ii) Additives shall be proportionately injected throughout the entire loading process to ensure the additive is homogeneously blended into the product. The Contractor shall maintain records evidencing the homogeneous blending of all line-injected additives. Such records shall include meter or tank gauge readings or test results taken at intervals to provide confidence in the injection process.
- (iii) When FSII is line injected, additive concentration shall be verified based on a representative sample from each shipping conveyance.
- (iv) When SDA is line-injected, and insufficient time is available for the fuel to reach equilibrium before departure of the shipping conveyance, the Contractor shall verify conductivity level on a representative sample from each shipping conveyance. The receiving activity will measure the conductivity and advise DLA Energy if it does not meet the specification requirements.

(4) SPECIAL LOCATION REQUIREMENTS (ATL/EUR/MED ONLY)

- (i) For deliveries to La Spezia, Italy, the CI/LI shall be 3.5 g/m³ above the minimum effective concentration as identified in QPL-25017. See paragraph (c)(1) above.
- (ii) When AO is added to the hydrotreated portion of the finished product, the percentage of the blend that has been hydrotreated shall be reported.
- (iii) The requirement for SDA (see MIL-DTL-83133K, paragraph 3.3.3 and fuel electrical conductivity requirement in Table I) shall not apply unless stated otherwise in the Schedule.

C0002 C16.67-2 DIESEL FUEL SPECIFICATION (SFD) (PC&S) (EUROPE) (MIDDLE EAST) (DLA ENERGY NOV 2018)

NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	PRODUCT NOMENCLATURE	DLA ENERGY PRODUCT CODE
9140-01-556-9156	Diesel Fuel	SFD

Supplies delivered under this contract shall conform to all National environmental requirements applicable to the geographic location of the receiving activity on the date of delivery. The list of such requirements contained in this contract is not intended to be a complete list and the Contractor shall be responsible for determining the existence of all such requirements. In the event that a National environmental requirement is more stringent than a specification contained in this contract, the Contractor shall deliver product that complies with the more stringent requirement. Product that fails to meet the more stringent requirement will be considered a nonconforming supply. Product(s) supplied shall fully meet the requirements of the applicable specification(s) as cited below.

Product shall conform to the latest revision of commercial specification EN 590. Product shall be visually free of undissolved water, sediment, and suspended matter. Product classification is shown above. Maximum sulfur content, as stated in EN 590, is 10 mg/kg (0.0010 wt%).

- a) **FOR LOCATIONS IN KOSOVO:**
- (1) **TESTING REQUIREMENTS:** The following additional tests shall be performed and results reported:
 - (iii) Color: ISO 2049/ASTMD1500
 - (iv) Acid Number: ISO 6618/ASTM D974
 - (2) In addition to the EN 590 specification requirement for water content of 200 mg/kg or ppm (0.0200 wt%) maximum, and particulate content of 24 mg/kg or ppm (0.0024 wt%) maximum, the diesel fuel shall have a maximum haze rating of 2 when tested in accordance with ASTM D4176, Procedure 2. In case of dispute, the haze rating shall be determined at 25 °C (77 °F) with a maximum haze rating of 2 and shall contain no more than 24 mg/kg (0.0024 wt%) sediment and no more than 200 mg/kg (0.0200 wt%) water.
 - (3) Diesel during the summer months, May 1st to September 30th, shall comply with Grade A of Table 2 in EN 590.
 - (4) Diesel during winter months, October 1 to April 30th, shall comply with the Class 1 limits set in Table 3 of EN 590.
- b) **FOR LOCATIONS IN AFGHANISTAN:** Diesel fuel delivered to all locations in Afghanistan shall meet the Grade E, - 15°C maximum cold filter plugging point, as detailed in EN 590 Section 5.6.1, Table 2 – Climate Related Requirements and Test Methods – Temperate Climates.
- c) **FOR ALL LOCATIONS:** Written exception(s) or deviation(s) must be submitted to DLA Energy contracting officer if the Contractor is unable to meet any of the characteristic requirements of the above listed specification(s). Exception(s) and/or deviation(s) must state the reason why the contractor is unable to meet requirements, if this will be for the entirety of the performance period, if it is source specific, the Contractor’s course of action on how they plan on resolving this issue, and any proposed changes to specification requirement limit(s) for that product.

C0003 C16.69-2 GASOLINE AUTOMOTIVE, UNLEADED, MIDGRADE (MUM) (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JUN 2017)

NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	PRODUCT NOMENCLATURE	DLA ENERGY PRODUCT CODE
9130-01-272-0983	Gasoline, Midgrade Unleaded	MUM

Supplies delivered under this contract shall conform to all Federal, State, and local environmental requirements applicable to the geographic location of the receiving activity on the date of delivery. This includes delivery of fuel and documentation in a manner consistent with existing or future Title V (Clean Air Act) Permits. In the event that a Federal, State, or local environmental requirement is more stringent than a similar requirement in a fuel specification contained in this contract, the Contractor shall deliver product that complies with the more stringent requirement. Product that fails to meet the more stringent environmental requirement will be considered to be a nonconforming supply. All supplies furnished under this contract shall fully meet the requirements of the applicable specification(s) as cited below. In the event that compliance with the more stringent requirement causes the contractor to incur additional costs, the contractor may request an equitable adjustment.

NOTE: Gasoline Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) specification requirements are seasonal and vary geographically. Therefore, Contractors are expected to know the In-country, State, or Federal RVP requirements of areas being supplied and comply with those requirements.

GASOLINE AUTOMOTIVE, UNLEADED, MIDGRADE. Gasoline shall conform to each countries specification as listed below:

COUNTRY	SPECIFICATION	NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER
AUSTRALIA	FUEL STANDARD (PETROL) 2001	9130-01-272-0983
CANADA	CAN/CGSB-3.5-2001	
COSTA RICA	RTCA 75.01.20:04	
EL SALVADOR	RTCA 75.01.20:04	
GUATEMALA	RTCA 75.01.20:04	
HONDURAS	RTCA 75.01.20:04	
NICARAGUA	RTCA 75.01.20:04	
PHILLIPINES	PNS/DOE QS 008:2012	
MIDDLE EAST	EN 228	
ALL OTHER REGIONS	ASTM D4814	

LOCAL SPECIFICATIONS: In-country specifications not meeting the specification requirements in the chart above, but meet local requirements may also be submitted for review and approval.

a) **OCTANE REQUIREMENTS**

- (1) Unleaded midgrade automotive gasoline shall meet the Motor Octane Number (MON), Research Octane Number (RON) and/or Anti-Knock Index (AKI) limits described in the specification listed for each country or the in-country requirements when applicable.
- (2) Reductions for altitude and seasonal variations are allowed for all AKI values in accordance with specification listed for each country requirements when applicable.

b) **OXYGENATE REQUIREMENTS.**

- (1) In order to achieve minimum/maximum oxygen content limits specified per Federal, State, and local environmental requirements, supplies shall only include oxygenates that are permitted by environmental regulations applicable to the time and place of delivery.
- (2) Blending of oxygenates into gasoline to meet oxygenated fuel requirements shall be accomplished by mechanical mixing or agitation in a tank, or by in-line blending, prior to loading the product into transport equipment, and the resultant product must meet contract requirements.

SECTION E – INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

FAR52.246-2 -- INSPECTION OF SUPPLIES -- FIXED-PRICE (AUG 1996)

- (1) Definition. "Supplies," as used in this clause, includes but is not limited to raw materials, components, intermediate assemblies, end products, and lots of supplies.
- (2) The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering supplies under this contract and shall tender to the Government for acceptance only supplies that have been inspected in accordance with the inspection system and have been found by the Contractor to be in conformity with contract requirements. As part of the system, the Contractor shall prepare records evidencing all inspections made under the system and the outcome. These records shall be kept complete and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires. The Government may perform reviews and evaluations as reasonably necessary to ascertain compliance with this paragraph. These reviews and evaluations shall be conducted in a manner that will not unduly delay the contract work. The right of review, whether exercised or not, does not relieve the Contractor of the obligations under the contract.
- (3) The Government has the right to inspect and test all supplies called for by the contract, to the extent practicable, at all places and times, including the period of manufacture, and in any event before acceptance. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work. The Government assumes no contractual obligation to perform any inspection and test for the benefit of the Contractor unless specifically set forth elsewhere in this contract.
- (4) If the Government performs inspection or test on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, the Contractor shall furnish, and shall require subcontractors to furnish, at no increase in contract price, all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Government shall bear the expense of Government inspections or tests made at other than the Contractor's or subcontractor's premises; provided, that in case of rejection, the Government shall not be liable for any reduction in the value of inspection or test samples.
- (e)
 - (1) When supplies are not ready at the time specified by the Contractor for inspection or test, the Contracting Officer may charge to the Contractor the additional cost of inspection or test.
 - (2) The Contracting Officer may also charge the Contractor for any additional cost of inspection or test when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary.
- (f) The Government has the right either to reject or to require correction of nonconforming supplies. Supplies are nonconforming when they are defective in material or workmanship or are otherwise not in conformity with contract requirements. The Government may reject nonconforming supplies with or without disposition instructions.
- (g) The Contractor shall remove supplies rejected or required to be corrected. However, the Contracting Officer may require or permit correction in place, promptly after notice, by and at the expense of the Contractor. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance corrected or rejected supplies without disclosing the former rejection or requirement for correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken.
- (h) If the Contractor fails to promptly remove, replace, or correct rejected supplies that are required to be removed or to be replaced or corrected, the Government may either
 - (1) by contract or otherwise, remove, replace, or correct the supplies and charge the cost to the Contractor or
 - (2) terminate the contract for default.

Unless the Contractor corrects or replaces the supplies within the delivery schedule, the Contracting Officer may require their delivery and make an equitable price reduction. Failure to agree to a price reduction shall be a dispute.

(i)

(1) If this contract provides for the performance of Government quality assurance at source, and if requested by the Government, the Contractor shall furnish advance notification of the time --

(i) When Contractor inspection or tests will be performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract; and

(ii) When the supplies will be ready for Government inspection.

(2) The Government's request shall specify the period and method of the advance notification and the Government representative to whom it shall be furnished. Requests shall not require more than 2 workdays of advance notification if the Government representative is in residence in the Contractor's plant, nor more than 7 workdays in other instances.

(j) The Government shall accept or reject supplies as promptly as practicable after delivery, unless otherwise provided in the contract. Government failure to inspect and accept or reject the supplies shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility, nor impose liability on the Government, for nonconforming supplies.

(k) Inspections and tests by the Government do not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for defects or other failures to meet contract requirements discovered before acceptance. Acceptance shall be conclusive, except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or as otherwise provided in the contract.

(l) If acceptance is not conclusive for any of the reasons in paragraph (k) hereof, the Government, in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, or under other provisions of this contract, shall have the right to require the Contractor

(1) at no increase in contract price, to correct or replace the defective or nonconforming supplies at the original point of delivery or at the Contractor's plant at the Contracting Officer's election, and in accordance with a reasonable delivery schedule as may be agreed upon between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer; provided, that the Contracting Officer may require a reduction in contract price if the Contractor fails to meet such delivery schedule, or

(2) within a reasonable time after receipt by the Contractor of notice of defects or nonconformance, to repay such portion of the contract as is equitable under the circumstances if the Contracting Officer elects not to require correction or replacement. When supplies are returned to the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear the transportation cost from the original point of delivery to the Contractor's plant and return to the original point when that point is not the Contractor's plant. If the Contractor fails to perform or act as required in (1) or (2) above and does not cure such failure within a period of 10 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Contracting Officer specifying such failure, the Government shall have the right by contract or otherwise to replace or correct such supplies and charge to the Contractor the cost occasioned the Government thereby.

E-0001 E1 CONTRACTOR INSPECTION RESPONSIBILITIES (DLA ENERGY SEP 2013)

(a) This contract provision applies to:

(1) All aviation fuel, lubricating oil, and additive shipments.

(2) All Bulk and Posts, Camps, and Stations non-aviation fuel shipments via pipeline or waterborne transport.

(b) **QUALITY CONTROL PLAN.**

(1) The Contractor is required to provide and maintain an inspection system, and a written description (Quality Control Plan (QCP)) of that system, acceptable to the Government. The Contractor has the option to provide and maintain an inspection system that, as a minimum, incorporates the requirements of ISO9001, Quality Management Systems. If the Contractor chooses to comply with the ISO9001 quality system requirements and format, all the specific Quality Assurance Provisions of this contract must be included in the resulting ISO9001 document that will serve as the QCP. A copy of the QCP, in English, shall be presented to the Government Quality Assurance Representative (QAR) for their review and acceptance prior to commencement of production or services. An acceptable QCP is required prior to Government inspection and acceptance of supplies or services. The QCP shall be reviewed and updated when deemed necessary by the Contractor or the Government, to include changes necessary to prevent the recurrence of quality problems. The Contractor must sign and date the original QCP,

as well as each subsequent revision. Revisions shall also be presented to the QAR for review and acceptance prior to implementation. When acceptable to the Government, the original QCP, and any revisions, shall be signed and dated by the QAR.

(2) The Contractor shall require subcontractors to provide and maintain inspection systems adhere to all the requirements in this contract provision.

(3) The QCP shall include the identification of key operational positions, a schematic diagram of plant facilities pertinent to the inspection system, indicating all inspection points, and a description of the following operations related to the supplies or services to be furnished under the contract:

(i) **RECEIVING, BLENDING AND COMPOUNDING.** Procedures used to ensure the quality of additives blended into product supplied under this contract. Procedures to identify and ensure the quality of component base stocks used to produce finished product. Procedures to be used for adding, prior to batching, all required additives at all locations. When procedures for in-line blending of non-aviation products in accordance with the IN-LINE BLENDING OF NON-AVIATION PETROLEUM PRODUCTS contract provision are used, the QCP will provide for establishing blend ratios, and identify the responsible personnel within the Contractor's organization authorized to establish the blend ratios. When line injection of additives is required by the contract, the QCP will provide procedures for proportionately injecting additives throughout the entire loading process to ensure the additive is homogeneously blended into the product, as well as procedures for maintaining records evidencing the homogeneous blending of all line injected additives. In addition to the testing in (iii) below, a laboratory hand blend of jet fuel with all additives required by the contract shall be tested, prior to shipment, to verify compliance with the specification;

(ii) **SAMPLING.** Procedures for sampling additives, blend tanks, shipping tanks, lines, and conveyances/containers in accordance with API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS), Chapter 8, Section 1, (ASTM D 4057) Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products, and/or Section 2, (ASTM D 4177) Automatic Sampling of Liquid Petroleum and Petroleum Products. Procedures include sample location, frequency, quantity, and retention. For all tanker, barge, and pipeline shipments, a flow-proportional sample taken in accordance with MPMS Chapter 8, Section 2, is preferred at the custody transfer point. However, manual samples taken in accordance with MPMS Chapter 8, Section 1 are acceptable provided that they are taken hourly throughout the shipment and that the quantity of the composite sample meets the requirements in Table II of this contract provision. See Table I, Minimum Sampling and Testing Requirements, and Table II, Sample Retention;

(iii) **TESTING.** Types of test series and individual test methods/procedures to be performed on samples taken from each location identified in (ii) above. See Table I, Minimum Sampling and Testing Requirements, and Table III, Definitions of Test Series;

(iv) **CALIBRATION.** Program for testing and measuring equipment in accordance with ISO 10012, Measurement Management Systems – Requirements for Measurement Processes and Measuring Equipment, or equivalent local regulation, as appropriate; and, a program for meters used to determine quantity complying with the API MPMS, Chapters 4, 5, and 6, or equivalent foreign standard. For items not covered by API, ASTM, or IP publications, the applicable manufacturer's recommended calibration method(s), outlined in the applicable industry publication, shall be used if acceptable to the Government;

(v) **STORAGE AND HANDLING.** Procedures for quality/quantity determination. Includes a description of storage and handling equipment, such as tanks, lines, valves, and manifolds; identification of dedicated/common product systems, including description of line segregation and controls to assure capability for proper gauging, sampling, draining of water, filtration, circulation, and drying; and identification of any other process/system used in maintaining product integrity during storage and handling;

(vi) **LOADING AND SHIPPING – GENERAL.** Procedures for product movement and related quality/quantity checks from shipping tank(s) to custody transfer point (CTP). Description of transfer system from shipping tank to CTP. A dedicated system, including lines, pumps, loading arms, and hoses, is preferred, but an isolated common system incorporating blind flanges, spectacle plates, or double valves between systems is acceptable. An isolated common system using single valves designed to ensure positive isolation, such as twin seal single valves, are also acceptable. Systems with single valve (other than twin seal) isolation require specific procedures be included in the QCP to ensure product integrity prior to the CTP. When single valves (other than twin seal) are present in the system, the Contractor shall provide their quality control procedures, from the first single valve to the CTP, at time of bid to the Contracting Officer for a determination of acceptability. Procedures for conditioning and testing of isolated systems that last carried a product other than that intended for movement under this contract. For in-line blending of non-aviation products, where approved in this contract, requirements must comply with the IN-LINE BLENDING OF NONAVIATION PETROLEUM PRODUCTS contract provision;

(vii) **LOADING AND SHIPPING – TANK CARS, TANK TRUCKS, AND INTERMODAL CONTAINERS.** For direct deliveries using Contractor-supplied tank cars and tank trucks in dedicated same grade aviation fuel service, refer to the section of API 1595 entitled “Loading of Road/Rail Cars” for loading and shipping procedures. All other

tank car, tank truck, and intermodal container loadings shall be in accordance with the following procedures: Confirm all compartments have been prepared in accordance with Table IV, Conversion Chart for Tank Cars, Tank Trucks, and Intermodal Containers, below. Whenever possible, ensure the same preparation procedures used for compartments are applied to hoses, manifolds, etc. Ensure that conveyances carrying lubricating oil are dry and free from loose rust, scale, and dirt. Provide for investigation of discrepancies in either recorded quality or quantity. When required by the contract, seal conveyance and record seal numbers on the shipping document. Strainers and filters shall be located as near the loading or filling point as practicable and shall be used as outlined below for all deliveries except deliveries into tanker, barge, or pipeline.

(A) All aviation fuel shall be passed through strainers of 60 mesh or finer screen;

(B) All lubricating oil products, including preservatives, having a kinematic viscosity of 20.0 centistokes or less at 100 degrees Fahrenheit shall be passed through a 100 mesh or finer screen;

(C) All lubricating oil products, including preservatives, having a kinematic viscosity greater than 20.0 centistokes at 100 degrees Fahrenheit, but less than 22.0 centistokes at 210 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be passed through a 60 mesh or finer screen; and

(D) The Contractor shall furnish and periodically inspect strainers and filters pursuant to this paragraph to determine condition and perform maintenance as necessary, keeping a written record thereof.

(viii) **LOADING AND SHIPPING – TANKERS AND BARGES.**

(A) **For f.o.b. destination Contractor-supplied tankers/barges.** Procedures for the preparation of vessel cargo systems, in accordance with Energy Institute (EI) HM 50, Guidelines for the Cleaning of Tanks and Lines for Marine Tank Vessels Carrying Petroleum and Refined Products, that ensure the vessel is suitable to load the intended product(s). Particular attention should be given to vessels that previously carried a Fatty Acid Methyl Ester (FAME) cargo. As a minimum, f.o.b. destination Contractors must ensure that all cargo systems on the vessel intended for loading product under this contract, to include tanks, lines, manifolds, and pumps, are washed, gas freed, and inspected. In the event a solvent de-greaser is utilized in the tank preparation process, a minimum of two rinses must be performed by the vessel prior to loading Aviation Turbine Fuel. Vessels that will be carrying JP8 will be allowed to load without cleaning based upon the following criteria: the last cargo prior to loading JP-8 is Jet A/A1, and the second and third to last cargoes were clean middle distillate or lighter petroleum products (no black oils, lubricating oils, vegetable oils, palm oils, biodiesel with FAME content greater than or equal to 15 % or other similar products). The vessel will drop all lines and strip dry all cargo tanks of the previously carried Jet A/Jet A1 prior to loading JP-8. These procedures, and others deemed necessary by the Contractor, shall be included to ensure that the product meets the specification requirements at the CTP.

(B) **For f.o.b. origin Government-supplied tankers/barges.** Procedures for maintaining a time log of all significant events/delays including vessel notice of readiness, vessel arrival, mooring, vessel deballasting, inerting and conditioning of cargo tanks, inspections, hose connections and disconnections, starts, stops, vessel release, or any other event that affects laytime of the vessel. Procedures for assuring condition of loading line (full of tested product, all air bled, and pressure packed) and gauging shore tanks, both before and after loading. In the event an automated metering system is to be used as the means of shore quantity determination, manual gauges of all storage tanks designated for shipment shall be taken prior to commencement of loading. Procedures for preload discussion between Contractor, vessel, and QAR to include, but not be limited to, prior two cargoes, cleaning procedures, loading plan, loading rates, sampling requirements, and after loading sampling and gauging. [Prior to loading - gauge, sample, and test intransit cargoes designated for load on top. Gauge and sample (1 gallon) any other product on board, except for JPTS, and retain those samples.] All cargo quantities shall be calculated and volume corrected both before and after loading. Procedures for commencement of loading into one tank (up to 3 feet), then switching to at most two other vessel tanks while first-in sampling and testing is being accomplished (Table I). Procedures for the transportation of samples from the vessel to the testing facility. Monitoring the loading (including line blending and additive injection) from source to vessel, investigating irregularities immediately and stopping loading, if necessary. Procedures for investigating discrepancies in quality (mandated if off-specification or out of testing tolerance) and quantity (mandated if shore to ship variance is in excess of the following: 0.2% (0.002) for cargos not requiring cleaning, gas freeing, or drop/strip; 0.3% (0.003) for cargos requiring drop/strip; or 0.5% (0.005) for cargos requiring cleaning and gas freeing, or figures are suspect) on loaded conveyance.

(C) **For both f.o.b. origin and destination tankers/barges.** Procedures for immediately notifying the QAR when irregularities occur or are suspected, and on all occasions when loading is interrupted. **Authority to release a Government-furnished vessel rests with the Government QAR after compliance and completion by the Contractor of all required operations, including the preparation of the DD Form 250-1.**

(ix) **RECORDS AND REPORTS.** Procedures for completing and distributing required documentation both prior to and after the release of the vessel. Documentation shall include, as a minimum, test reports for all products and additives, additive blending and/or injection records, vessel notice of readiness, customs documents, bills of lading, vessel ullage reports, and the DD Form 250/DD Form 250-1 and continuation sheet(s) (or the Paperless Ordering and Receipt Transaction System [PORTS] or equivalent). Other documentation may be required on an as needed basis, such as vessel port logs,

calibration records, and results of quality or quantity discrepancy investigations. These records and reports will include by whom, where, and how they were prepared, as well as retention information. The DD Form 250-1 and DD Form 250-1 continuation sheet(s) will be signed by the Contractor and the vessel representative in the appropriate blocks before presenting them to the QAR for signature. The DD Form 250 and DD Form 250-1 shall identify the type, brand name, and amount of all additive(s).

(x) **CORRECTIVE ACTION.** Actions to be followed to effect correction of any deficiency affecting product quality or quantity, such as handling of off-specification product (waivers, conveyance rejections, etc.). The corrective action procedures shall include notification of the QAR.

(4) The QCP shall identify one individual to serve as a point of contact for quality/quantity matters relating to the inspection system description in the plan.

(5) The Contractor is responsible for all inspection systems, QCPs, and product quality and quantity.

(c) The Contractor shall perform all inspections and acceptance tests required by the specifications of the supplies to be furnished under this contract or, shall have such tests performed, in a laboratory acceptable to the Government. For f.o.b. destination Contractor-supplied tankers/barges, the Contractor shall provide the QAR, prior to the first shipment, with the name and location of the laboratory to be used for testing at each discharge point. The Contractor shall also notify the QAR of any subsequent laboratory changes prior to the affected shipments. If any laboratory is determined to be unacceptable to the Government, the Contractor must designate another laboratory that is acceptable, before acceptance testing can take place. Acceptance tests will normally be performed at the acceptance point. However, when such tests are performed at origin on supplies to be accepted at destination, documentation that will enable verification of the original test results shall be provided to the Government prior to acceptance at destination. Regardless of the method of delivery, products furnished under this contract must meet all specification requirements at the CTP.

(d) Prior to loading, the Contractor shall inspect all shipping conveyances for suitability to load the supplies furnished under this contract, except for Government-furnished tankers and barges. Authorization for the Contractor to participate in the inspection of Government-supplied tankers and barges rests with QAR. The QAR has the right to inspect any Government-supplied conveyance prior to loading and, in the event the Contractor and the QAR disagree on the suitability to load such a conveyance, the determination of the QAR shall govern. If the SHIPMENT AND ROUTING contract provision is included in the contract, Government-furnished transportation equipment that is unsatisfactory for loading shall be reported by the Contractor in accordance with the provisions contained in that contract provision. Procedures to determine suitability to load tank trucks and tank cars shall include, but not be limited to, visual inspection of interior compartments to assure cleanliness and dryness. Manifolds and hoses must be drained and be clean and dry for the intended product. If the Contractor intends to witness operations at any point up to, and including, government acceptance, the Contractor is responsible for contacting the facilities to be visited and obtaining the required access.

(e) When requested by the U.S. Government, the Contractor shall furnish no more than five (ten in the case of jet fuel) 1-gallon samples of liquid product from any individual batch or lot of the supplies to be furnished under this contract. Such samples shall be furnished without charge to the Government and shall be packed, marked, and shipped by the Contractor, at their expense.

(f) The Contractor shall keep all quality and quantity records related to the performance of this contract complete and available to the Government during the performance of this contract and for three years after final payment under this contract. These records shall include, but not be limited to, DD Form 250-series documents, documentation of internal inspections of all conveyances, laboratory certificates for all required testing (including those for the shipping tanks for f.o.b. destination tankers/barges), and documentation of quantity determinations.

(g) When a common system is to be used for shipment in accordance with paragraph (a)(3)(vi) above, the Contractor shall provide a list of all products carried by that system during the past year to the Contracting Officer, at the time of offer, for a determination of acceptability.

(h) The inspection system and related operations provided or performed pursuant to this provision shall be subject to surveillance by the QAR.

(i) The contractor may provide transportation to/from/between contractor facilities and operations to the QAR or DLA Energy representative performing official duties relating to the administration of the contract and the contract price shall include the cost of any such transportation.

TABLE I

MINIMUM SAMPLING AND TESTING REQUIREMENTS (1) (9)

LOCATION	WHEN SAMPLED	TYPE OF SAMPLE	TYPE OF TEST (SERIES OR INDIVIDUAL)
1. Refinery/Terminal (Each Shipping Tank)	Each Batch Prior to Start of Shipment	All Level or Multi-Level Composite	A (2)
2. All Modes (Shipping Line) a. Dedicated Line b. Common Line	Prior to Loading/Shipping	Spot	C B
3. All Modes (except Tank Car/Tank Truck)/Intermodal Container) (Custody Transfer Point)	Immediately After Start of Loading/Shipping	Spot	C
4. a. Tanker/Barge or Pipeline (F.O.B. Origin) (Custody Transfer Point) b. Tanker/Barge (F.O.B Destination) (Custody Transfer Point)	During Loading or Pipeline Shipping During Discharge	Representative Line Sample [See Paragraph (b)(3) (ii)] Representative Line Sample [See Paragraph (b)(3) (ii)]	Retain Only Retain Only – Discard After Shore Tests are On-Specification
5. Tanker/Barge/Pipeline (Custody Transfer Point)	Hourly During Loading/Shipping	Spot	Visual (3) plus additive analysis for FSII & SDA, if line injected
6. Tanker/Barge (First-In)	After loading 3 feet or the line displacement quantity, whichever is greater	Spot	C (4) - plus additive analysis for FSII & SDA, if line injected
7. Tanker/Barge (F.O.B. Origin only) a. Each Compartment b. Composite	After Loading	All-Level or Multi-Level Composite Multi-Tank Volumetric Composite (6) of Each Product Loaded	Sample to be retained in case composite fails. If composite fails perform Workmanship & Density on each compartment sample. For JP5, flash point must also be performed. B (except gum for Aviation Turbine Fuel) (except carbon residue for Diesel/Kerosene) (plus FAME (7))
8. Tanker/Barge (F.O.B. Destination only) a. Origin (vessel) Composite b. Destination (vessel) Composite	After loading Prior to Discharge	Multi-Tank Volumetric Composite (6) of Each Product Loaded Multi-Tank Volumetric Composite (6) of Each Product to be Discharged	A (plus FAME (7)) A

c. Destination (vessel) Each Compartment (SEE NOTE 5 FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS)	Prior to discharge	All-level or Multi-level composite	For retain in case composite fails. If composite fails perform Workmanship & Density on each compartment sample. For JP5 perform flash point also.
9. Tank Car/Tank Truck/Intermodal Container (Loading Rack)	After change of source tank.	Spot	C plus additive analysis for FSII & SDA, if line injected
10. Tank Cars/Tank Truck/ Intermodal Container	After Loading/Filling	All-Level or Low Point Drain/Bottom Line (10)	Workmanship (C - when loading lubes and FSII)
11. Drum	After Filling	Multi-drum Composite (8)	C

NOTES FOR TABLE I:

- (1) AT THE GOVERNMENT'S OPTION, FULL SPECIFICATION TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED AT THE CUSTODY TRANSFER POINT. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO FURNISH THE GOVERNMENT WITH SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE OF SPECIFICATION COMPLIANCE.
- (2) PRIOR TO PERFORMING A-LEVEL TESTING, THE HOMOGENEITY OF EACH BATCH SHALL BE DETERMINED.
AT A MINIMUM, UPPER, MIDDLE, AND LOWER SAMPLES SHALL BE TESTED FOR DENSITY/API GRAVITY AND COMPARED TO THE SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENT FOR HOMOGENEITY. IF NO SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENT EXISTS, HOMOGENEITY SHALL BE DEFINED AS WHEN THE TEST RESULTS FOR THE UPPER, MIDDLE, AND LOWER SAMPLES ALL FALL WITHIN THE REPEATABILITY LIMIT(S) OF THE TEST METHOD USED TO DETERMINE DENSITY/API GRAVITY. IN ANY CASE, WHEN DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE GOVERNMENT, TESTS IN ADDITION TO DENSITY/API GRAVITY MAY BE REQUIRED TO CONFIRM BATCH HOMOGENEITY.
- (3) CONTINUOUS IN-LINE ANALYZERS (I.E., DENSITY AND/OR FLASH POINT) ARE ACCEPTABLE, IN LIEU OF HOURLY EVALUATIONS, IF QUALITY IS ASSURED. WHEN CONTINUOUS IN-LINE ANALYZERS ARE PRESENT
IN THE SYSTEM, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ITS QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES AT TIME OF OFFER TO THE CONTRACTING OFFICER FOR DETERMINATION OF ACCEPTABILITY.
- (4) TESTING FOR PARTICULATE CONTAMINATION SHALL BE REQUIRED BY THE GOVERNMENT IF VISUAL EXAMINATION OF THE SAMPLE FAILS WORKMANSHIP FOR SEDIMENT/SUSPENDED MATTER.
- (5) FOR FOB DESTINATION SHIPMENTS DESTINED FOR MULTIPLE LOCATIONS IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO ONE ANOTHER (WITHIN 24 HOURS SAILING TIME BETWEEN LOCATIONS) THE A-TYPE TESTING REQUIRED PRIOR TO DISCHARGE SHALL ONLY BE REQUIRED AT THE INITIAL DISCHARGE POINT, WITH ONLY C-TYPE TESTING REQUIRED PRIOR TO DISCHARGE AT SUBSEQUENT DISCHARGE POINTS. HOWEVER, IF CARGO INTEGRITY CHANGES BETWEEN DISCHARGE POINTS, SUCH AS THROUGH CARGO TRANSFERS, CONTAMINATION, ETC., THEN A-TYPE TESTING SHALL BE REQUIRED AT THE NEXT DISCHARGE POINT. A COPY OF THE FULL SPECIFICATION TEST REPORT FOR THE VESSEL, AFTER LOADING, SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE RECEIVING ACTIVITY AT EACH DISCHARGE POINT, PRIOR TO DISCHARGE.
- (6) COMPRISED OF ALL-LEVEL OR MULTI-LEVEL COMPOSITES FROM EACH COMPARTMENT.
- (7) CONTRACTORS DELIVERING INTO THE GPSS,CEPS, NIPS, AND DFSP ATHENS (MOH) SHALL PERFORM FAME CONTENT TESTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST METHOD IP 585 OR IP 590, AND REPORT THE RESULTS TO THE DESTINATION CONSIGNEE PRIOR TO VESSEL ARRIVAL.

(8) A ONE LITER COMPOSITE SAMPLE OF EACH LOT OF PRODUCT SHALL BE TAKEN FROM A PREDETERMINED NUMBER OF RANDOMLY SELECTED DRUMS. THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DRUMS SAMPLED PER LOT SHALL, AT A MINIMUM, BE THAT CITED IN TABLE III OF API MPMS CHAPTER 8.1 (ASTM D 4057), BUT MAY BE INCREASED AT THE GOVERNMENT'S OPTION.

(9) THE SIZE OF ALL THE SAMPLES REQUIRED IN THIS TABLE, EXCEPT FOR THOSE DESIGNATED "RETAIN ONLY", SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT QUANTITY TO PERFORM ALL THE TESTS REQUIRED BY THIS TABLE. THE SIZE REQUIREMENTS FOR RETAIN SAMPLES CAN BE FOUND IN TABLE II, SAMPLE RETENTION.

(10) THE LOW POINT DRAIN/ BOTTOM LINE OPTION ONLY APPLIES TO TANK CAR AND TANK TRUCK SHIPMENTS OF FUEL – SHIPMENTS OF LUBRICATING OILS AND ADDITIVES MUST UTILIZE ALL-LEVEL SAMPLING PROCEDURES. IF INITIAL FUEL SAMPLES USING THE LOW POINT DRAIN/BOTTOM LINE OPTION ARE NOT CLEAR AND BRIGHT, ADDITIONAL SAMPLES SHALL BE TAKEN UNTIL A CLEAR AND BRIGHT SAMPLE IS OBTAINED.

E-0002 ENERGY QAP E12 (JULY 2015) POINT OF ACCEPTANCE

- (a) For f.o.b. origin contract items, acceptance of the supplies furnished hereunder shall take place at origin.
- (b) For f.o.b. destination contract items, acceptance of the supplies furnished hereunder shall take place at destination
- (c) Acceptance shall take place as stated above, unless specifically stated otherwise in the contract.

E-0003 ENERGY QAP E21.01 (JUN 2015) POINT OF INSPECTION

- (a) This Energy QAP applies to the Bulk Fuel, Bulk FSII, Bulk Lube Oil and Posts, Camps, and Stations Programs.
- (b) When government inspection is deemed necessary, it shall be performed, prior to acceptance, by the office specified in the LIST OF INSPECTION OFFICES FOR DLA ENERGY CONTRACTS or the QUALITY REPRESENTATIVE Energy QAP of this contract, whichever is applicable.
 - (1) For f.o.b. origin contract items, inspection will normally be performed at origin, however, the Government reserves the right to perform an inspection at any point prior to acceptance.
 - (2) For f.o.b. destination contract items, inspection will normally be performed at destination, however, the Government reserves the right to perform an inspection at any point prior to acceptance.
 - (3) For f.o.b. destination contract items for aviation fuels delivered via waterborne transport, pipeline, rail car, tank truck, tank wagon and Bulk Fuel Container (BFC) and non-aviation fuels delivered by waterborne transport, a preliminary inspection for product quality will normally be performed at origin, with final inspection normally being at destination. However, the Government reserves the right to perform an inspection at any point prior to acceptance.
 - (4) On contract items for delivery of drummed or packaged products, f.o.b. origin or f.o.b. destination, a preliminary inspection for product quality will normally be performed at the point of manufacturing or blending, with final inspection normally being at the f.o.b. point. However, the Government reserves the right to perform an inspection at any point prior to acceptance.
- (c) When the Contractor is informed by the responsible Inspection Office that government inspection is deemed necessary, the Contractor shall ensure that the Inspection Office is provided with sufficient information and advance notification to facilitate such inspection. When government inspection is necessary at a contractor or subcontractor (commercial or government) facility, the Contractor shall notify the Inspection Office of the necessary requirements to access those facilities and shall help facilitate such access. After initial notification, the Contractor shall keep the Inspection Office informed of any changes that may affect that inspection.

E-0004 E22 LIST OF INSPECTION OFFICES FOR DLA ENERGY CONTRACTS (DLA ENERGY APR 2016)

The following lists shall be used to identify the Government inspection office assigned inspection responsibility for DLA Energy contracts in a particular geographic area. These contracts include, but are not limited to, those for bulk petroleum products and additives, into-plane refueling, petroleum storage and laboratory services, coal, aerospace energy (including compressed gases), and posts, camps, and stations. The area of inspection responsibility and corresponding office code are assigned in paragraphs (a) and (b). The address and phone number of each inspection office by office code is provided in paragraph (c). Unless a particular inspection

office is identified in another part of the contract, the assignments in this contract provision shall apply.

(a) **AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY AND OFFICE CODES WITHIN THE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES (CONUS):**

Alabama	110	Maine	110	Oklahoma	110
Arizona	120	Maryland	110	Oregon	120
Arkansas	110	Massachusetts	110	Pennsylvania	110
California	120	Michigan	110	Rhode Island	110
Colorado	120	Minnesota	110	South Carolina	110
Connecticut	110	Mississippi	110	South Dakota	110
Delaware	110	Missouri	110	Tennessee	110
District of Columbia	110	Montana	120	Texas	110 ¹
Florida	110	Nebraska	110	Utah	120
Georgia	110	Nevada	120	Vermont	110
Idaho	120	New Hampshire	110	Virginia	110
Illinois	110	New Jersey	110	Washington	120
Indiana	110	New Mexico	120	West Virginia	110
Iowa	110	New York	110	Wisconsin	110
Kansas	110	North Carolina	110	Wyoming	120 ²
Kentucky	110	North Dakota	110		
Louisiana	110	Ohio	110		

EXCEPTIONS:

¹ The El Paso, Texas, area is assigned to Code 120 (DLA Energy Americas – West).

² The Newcastle, Wyoming, area is assigned to Code 110 (DLA Energy Americas – East).

(b) **AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY AND OFFICE CODES OUTSIDE THE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES (OCONUS) (INCLUDING ALASKA AND HAWAII):**

Afghanistan	400	Cyprus	200	Malaysia	300	Singapore	300
Africa	200 ¹	Egypt	400 ¹	Maldives	300	South America	110
Alaska	300	Europe	200	Malta	200	South Korea	300
Antarctica	300	Georgia	200	Mauritius	200	Sri Lanka	300
Armenia	200	Greenland	200	Mexico	110	Syria	400
Ascension Island	110	Hawaiian Islands	300	Midway Island	300	Taiwan	300
Australia	300	Hong Kong	300	Mongolia	300	Tajikistan	400
Azerbaijan	200	Iceland	200	Myanmar	300	Thailand	300
Azores	200	India	300	Nepal	300	Turkey	200
Bahrain	400	Indonesia	300	New Zealand	300	Turkmenistan	400
Bangladesh	300	Ireland	200	North Korea	300	United Arab Emirates	400
Bermuda	110	Iran	400	Oman	400	United Kingdom	200
Bhutan	300	Iraq	400	Pacific Islands (Central & South)	300	Uzbekistan	400
Brunei	300	Israel	200	Pakistan	400	Vietnam	300
Cambodia	300	Japan	300	Papua New Guinea	300	Wake Island	300
Canada	110/120	Jordan	400	Philippines	300	Yemen	400
Canary Island	200	Kazakhstan	400	Qatar	400		
Caribbean Islands	110	Kuwait	400	Russia	200		
Central America	110	Kyrgyzstan	400	Ryukus Islands, Japan	300		
Chagos	300	Laos	300	Saudi Arabia	400		
China	300	Lebanon	400	Seychelles Is.	420		
Comoros	200	Madagascar	200				

³ Except for Egypt, which is assigned to DLA Energy Middle East (Code 400), all other countries in Africa fall under DLA Energy Europe (Code 200).

⁴ The provinces of Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, Newfoundland and Labrador, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island are assigned to DLA Energy Americas East (Code 110). The rest of Canada falls under DLA Energy Americas West (Code 120).

(c) **INSPECTION OFFICES AND CODES.**

110. DLA Energy Americas East

ATTN: Quality Manager ⁵
Federal Building, Suite 1005
2320 LaBranch Street
Houston, TX 77004-1091
Phone: (713) 750-9514/9561
FAX: (713) 750-0041

120. DLA Energy Americas

West ATTN: Quality
Manager ⁵ 3171 N Gaffey
Street
San Pedro, CA 90731-
1099 Phone: (310) 241-
2806/2807
FAX: (310) 241-2836

200. DLA Energy Europe and Africa

Military Mailing Address:
DLA Energy Petroleum Lab
ATTN: Quality Manager ⁵
CMR 422
APO AE 09067-0422
Phone: 49-631-3406-
2285/2286 ⁶
FAX: 49-631-3406-2289 ⁶

Commercial Shipping
Address: DLA Energy
Petroleum Lab ATTN:
Quality Manager
Bldg. 320, Rhine Ordinance
Barracks Am Opelkreisel
67663 Kaiserslautern,
Germany

300. DLA Energy Pacific

ATTN: Quality Manager ⁵
1025 Quincy Avenue, Building 479, Suite
2000 Pearl Harbor, HI 96860-4512
Phone: (808) 473-
4307/4287
FAX: (808) 473-4232

400. DLA Energy Middle
East ATTN: Quality
Manager⁵ PSC 851,
Box 180
FPO AP 09834-2800
Phone: 973-1785-6493
6
FAX: 973-1785-4650
6

[Location: Bahrain]

⁵ Designated location of the DLA Energy Regional Quality Manager/Pre-Award Survey Monitor.

⁶ Dial 011 before these numbers when calling from the U.S. When calling these numbers from outside the U.S., use the appropriate international long distance prefix for the country where the call originates.

E-0005 E22.01 QUALITY REPRESENTATIVE (DLA ENERGY JUL 1992)

The Quality Office assigned inspection responsibility under this contract is DLA ENERGY-Q QUALITY/TECH SUPPORT.

E-0006 E33.07 MANUFACTURING AND FILLING POINTS (DLA ENERGY MAR 2006)

The name, complete addresses and telephone number of the manufacturing and filling points for each product to be furnished hereunder are as follows:

<u>PRODUCT</u>	<u>NAME, COMPLETE ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF MANUFACTURING POINT/FILLING POINT</u>
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E-0007 E35 NONCONFORMING SUPPLIES AND SERVICES (DLA ENERGY DEC 2011)

(a) DEFINITION: As used in this contract provision:

Deviation is defined as a written authorization granted after contract award and prior to manufacture of an item, to depart from a particular performance or design requirement of a contract, specification, or referenced document, for a specific number of units or specific period of time, normally the duration of the contract.

Extraordinary situation means the matter cannot await resolution until the next DLA Energy business day (0800 to 1630 hours EST, Monday through Friday, Federal Holidays excluded).

Waiver is defined as a written authorization granted after contract award to accept a configuration item or other designated item which, during production or after having been submitted for inspection, is found to depart from specified requirements, but nevertheless is considered suitable for use "as is" or after repair by an approved method. Approval is on a case-by-case basis and is normally for a set period of time.

(b) The Government may, at its discretion, accept nonconforming supplies or services. In such cases, the Contractor must obtain a deviation or waiver from the Contracting Officer prior to acceptance.

(c) The following procedures shall be used to request a deviation or waiver.

(1) Requests for deviations and waivers shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Contracting Officer with a copy to the appropriate Inspection Office referenced in the LIST OF INSPECTION OFFICES FOR DLA ENERGY CONTRACTS or QUALITY REPRESENTATIVE contract provision of this contract. Each request shall provide the following information: Contractor name; name and contact information of the contractor's authorized negotiator; contract number; contract line item number and product nomenclature, clause or contract provision number, paragraph and subparagraph, as appropriate; the nature of the request; the reason for the request; the corrective action being taken by the Contractor to correct and prevent recurrence of the condition(s) causing the nonconformance; and an agreement to pay an equitable price reduction, estimated and proposed by DLA Energy, over and above the administrative fee, contingent on the impact of the specific circumstances on DLA Energy relative to approval of the deviation or waiver.

(2) In extraordinary situations, the Contractor may initially submit a verbal request for a waiver, but not a deviation, to the Contracting Officer. Written requests shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer by the next DLA Energy business day (0800 to 1630 hours EST, Monday through Friday, Federal Holidays excluded). If the Contracting Officer cannot be reached, the Duty Officer shall be contacted to provide the necessary information to the proper individuals as soon as possible. The Duty Officer's telephone number is **(800) 286-7633** or **(703) 767-8420**.

(3) If a deviation or waiver is granted, the contract will be modified to accept the nonconforming supplies or services and to require the Contractor to provide an equitable price reduction or other adequate consideration commensurate with the deviation or waiver being granted. If the situation warrants, a deviation or waiver may be granted without prior agreement on price reduction or other consideration, subject to agreement by the Contractor, or its representative, to subsequent negotiation. Such an agreement, in addition to a brief description of the terms of the deviation or waiver, shall be documented on the shipping document or other appropriate correspondence. After negotiations, failure to agree on adequate consideration shall be a dispute concerning a question of fact within the meaning of the Disputes paragraph of the CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS contract provision of this contract.

(4) If a deviation or waiver is granted and the nonconforming supplies are accepted, then in no event will consideration be less than \$500, which covers administrative costs, plus any additional cost of Government reinspection or retest, if necessary.

(5) If a deviation or waiver is granted modifying this contract, but the supplies accepted are subsequently determined to be in conformity with contract specifications, the Contractor shall still be obligated to pay the consideration originally agreed upon in support of the deviation or waiver. If, however, this consideration exceeds \$1000, a second contract modification shall be issued reducing the Contractor's obligation to \$1000 (the administrative cost of issuing the two required modifications), plus, if appropriate, any cost of Government reinspection or retest performed as a result of the deviation or waiver being granted.

(d) When notification of nonconforming supplies is received after the supplies have been accepted, and the Government determines not to exercise its right to reject or to require correction under the INSPECTION OF SUPPLIES – FIXED-PRICE, INSPECTION OF SERVICES – FIXED PRICE, or CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS – COMMERCIAL ITEMS contract provision, then in no event will consideration be less than \$500 to cover administrative costs. This \$500 fee is in addition to—

- (1) Consideration commensurate with the extent of nonconforming supplies; and
- (2) Cost of Government reinspection or retest, if necessary.

The administrative fee will apply to each claim letter issued for off-specification product delivered to an activity.

(e) Contractors shall be held responsible for payment of any fines or penalties imposed on a receiving activity by an environmental enforcement agency, resulting from the delivery of nonconforming supplies under a DLA Energy contract.

(f) Repeated tender of nonconforming supplies or services, including those with only minor defects, will be discouraged by appropriate actions, including, but not limited to, rejecting the supplies or services whenever feasible and documenting the Contractor's performance records.

E-0008 E37 SOURCE RESTRICTION AND SOURCE INSPECTION (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY DEC 2011)

(a) SOURCE RESTRICTION.

(1) If the Contractor delivers any product that is determined to be off-specification, the Contracting Officer (CO) shall thereafter have the right, upon giving written notice, to require the Contractor to designate a single source of supply for each destination set forth in the contract. Upon receiving such notice, the Contractor shall have 10 days to respond, in writing, after which time the source restriction will become effective.

(2) In addition to the name of a single source of supply, the Contractor must provide the address of the terminal or loading point to be used in drawing the requirements for each item in the contract.

(3) The Contractor may change suppliers only after requesting and receiving the express written approval of the CO.

(b) SOURCE INSPECTION.

(1) If serious quality problems arise or if a quality problem recurs, for which the Contractor was supposed to have taken corrective action, the CO shall, in addition to source restriction, have the right to change the inspection point from destination to origin (source) by advising the Contractor in writing. Source inspection will become effective 10 days after written notice has been received by the Contractor.

(2) At the time the change becomes effective—

(i) All appropriate contract provisions relating to origin inspection shall be incorporated into the contract for the item(s) involved;

(ii) Source restriction, if not already in force, will be invoked for all items involved, in accordance with (a) above; and

(iii) The cognizant DLA Energy field office, upon receiving written notification by the CO, will become the office responsible for inspection at the origin loading or filling point for providing necessary field assistance.

(c) Failure to provide the information requested or to take prompt corrective action may result in the item(s) and/or contract being terminated for default.

E-0009 E40.01 MATERIAL INSPECTION AND RECEIVING REPORT (MIRR)/WIDE AREA WORKFLOW (WAWF) ENERGY RECEIVING REPORT (ERR) (BULK FUEL/DIRECT DELIVERY AVIATION FUEL) (DLA ENERGY JUL 2014)

(a) The requirements listed in paragraphs (b) and (c) are in addition to the other Wide Area Workflow (WAWF) requirements included in this contract. Whenever access to the WAWF system is limited or not available (i.e., during an extended loss of internet connectivity), the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer and request permission to submit documents manually until the WAWF system is again available for use. Manual documentation shall be completed in accordance with DFARS Appendix F.

(b) Test reports shall be entered into the WAWF system by means of the Statement of Quality tab. Instructions for entering test information into the Statement of Quality Tab can be found in the WAWF Vendor Energy Receiving Report (ERR)/Combo Desktop Reference which can be downloaded at <https://wawftraining.eb.mil/xhtml/unauth/web/wbt/wawfra/vendor/VendorIndex.xhtml>.

(c) Use the guidelines below for the submission of fuel quality testing data and supporting documentation for each ERR/Combo.

(1) MARINE SHIPMENTS. Submit a completed ERR/Combo and test reports via the Statement of Quality tab for all products shipped. If more than one shipping tank was used for the lift, a complete laboratory analysis for each shipping tank must be entered in the Statement of Quality tab. Also, clearly indicate the quantity of product shipped from each tank in the block titled “Quantity shipped from this tank”. Upload scanned copies, via the Attachments tab, of quantity determination documents and other shipping documents requested by the Quality Assurance Representative (QAR).

(2) PIPELINE SHIPMENTS. Submit a completed ERR/Combo and input the test results via the Statement of Quality tab for the total quantity of product shipped from each shipping tank used to fill the order. If more than one shipping tank was used for the shipment, a complete laboratory analysis for each shipping tank must be entered in the Statement of Quality tab. Also, clearly indicate the quantity of product shipped from each tank in the block titled “Quantity shipped from this tank”. Upload scanned copies, via the Attachments tab, of quantity determination documents and other shipping documents requested by the QAR.

(3) TRUCK, RAIL CAR AND INTERMODAL CONTAINER SHIPMENTS. When loading from source tank has finished for each shipment, submit a completed ERR/Combo and input test results via the Statement of Quality tab, for product received from that source tank. If only one shipment is made from a shipping tank, enter that quantity in the “Quantity shipped from this tank” block located on the Statement of Quality tab. If more than one shipment is made from the same shipping tank, the “Quantity shipped from this tank” block can either be left blank or be annotated with the quantity shipped during each individual shipment. Upload scanned copies, via the Attachments tab, of quantity determination documents and other shipping documents requested by the QAR.

E-0010 E18.01 SAMPLE SUBMISSION (DLA ENERGY AUG 2009)

The Contractor shall furnish hereunder, from time to time, samples of each product or grade of product to be furnished under this contract at the request of, and in the manner and to the place designated by, the Quality Representative; PROVIDED, however, that in no event shall the Contractor be required to furnish during the period of this contract more than five 1-gallon samples under each contract line item. Such samples shall be furnished without charge to the Government and

shall be packed, marked, and shipped by the Contractor, shipping expense prepaid, in containers and shipping boxes furnished by the Contractor.

SECTION F – DELIVERIES AND PERFORMANCE

FAR 52.211-16 – VARIATION IN QUANTITY (APR 1984)

(a) A variation in the quantity of any item called for by this contract will not be accepted unless the variation has been caused by conditions of loading, shipping, or packing, or allowances in manufacturing processes, and then only to the extent, if any, specified in paragraph (b) of this clause.

(b) The permissible variation shall be limited to:

10 Percent increase [Contracting Officer insert percentage]

10 Percent decrease [Contracting Officer insert percentage]

This increase or decrease shall apply to each delivery order.*

FAR 52.247-34 -- F.O.B. – DESTINATION (NOV 1991)

(a) The term “f.o.b. destination,” as used in this clause, means --

(1) Free of expense to the Government, on board the carrier’s conveyance, at a specified delivery point where the consignee’s facility (plant, warehouse, store, lot, or other location to which shipment can be made) is located; and

(2) Supplies shall be delivered to the destination consignee’s wharf (if destination is a port city and supplies are for export), warehouse unloading platform, or receiving dock, at the expense of the Contractor. The Government shall not be liable for any delivery, storage, demurrage, accessorial, or other charges involved before the actual delivery (or “constructive placement” as defined in carrier tariffs) of the supplies to the destination, unless such charges are caused by an act or order of the Government acting in its contractual capacity. If rail carrier is used, supplies shall be delivered to the specified unloading platform of the consignee. If motor carrier (including “piggyback”) is used, supplies shall be delivered to truck tailgate at the unloading platform of the consignee, except when the supplies delivered meet the requirements of Item 568 of the National Motor Freight Classification for “heavy or bulky freight.” When supplies meeting the requirements of the referenced Item 568 are delivered, unloading (including movement to the tailgate) shall be performed by the consignee, with assistance from the truck driver, if requested. If the contractor uses rail carrier or freight forwarded for less than carload shipments, the contractor shall ensure that the carrier will furnish tailgate delivery, when required, if transfer to truck is required to complete delivery to consignee.

(b) The Contractor shall --

(1)

(i) Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

(ii) In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements;

(2) Prepare and distribute commercial bills of lading;

(3) Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the point of delivery specified in the contract;

(4) Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before receipt of the shipment by the consignee at the delivery point specified in the contract;

(5) Furnish a delivery schedule and designate the mode of delivering carrier; and

(6) Pay and bear all charges to the specified point of delivery.

F-0001 F1.01-1 DELIVERY CONDITIONS FOR TRANSPORT TRUCKS, TRUCKS AND TRAILERS, AND TANK WAGONS (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

IMPORTANT NOTE on **EPA TESTING OF UNDERGROUND TANKS**. If the "volumetric" method is used for annual EPA testing of underground tanks, the "topping off" of tanks for this test is outside the scope of DLA Energy requirements contracts.

(a) **F.O.B. ORIGIN**. On items calling for delivery at Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant f.o.b. transport truck, truck and trailer, or tank wagon—

(1) Supplies ordered hereunder shall be delivered, at Contractor's expense, into equipment specified in the Schedule.

(2) Unless otherwise specified in the Schedule, all deliveries shall be made on the day specified in the delivery order unless otherwise authorized by the receiving activity during normal working hours of such activity, provided that the Contractor shall have received the order at least 48 hours prior to the day so specified.

(b) **F.O.B. DESTINATION**. On items calling for delivery f.o.b. destination by means of transport truck, truck and trailer, or tank wagon--

(1) The Contractor shall not be required to deliver by transport truck or truck and trailer a quantity less than a full load nor into more than one storage tank, with the following exceptions:

(i) An order placed under an item of this contract calling for delivery by transport truck of motor gasoline, fuel oil, diesel fuel, or kerosene, or, if this procurement is for Central America only, jet fuel, may require delivery of a quantity as low as 5,200 gallons whenever the activity is restricted either by a tank capacity or by a directive from receiving a larger quantity; and

(ii) Where the Schedule provides for multiple drop deliveries, the Contractor may be required to deliver into more than one storage tank. Where truck and trailer is the method of delivery specified, the Contractor may, at its option, make delivery by transport truck. In the case of deliveries in Alaska, where truck and trailer or transport truck is the method of delivery specified, the Contractor may, at its option, make delivery by tank wagon.

(2) Unless otherwise specified in the Schedule, all deliveries shall be made on the day specified in the delivery order unless otherwise authorized by the receiving activity during normal working hours of such activity, provided that the Contractor shall have received the order at least 48 hours prior to the day so specified.

(3) The Contractor shall not be required to deliver by tank wagon a quantity of less than 575 liters (or 150 gallons) but, at the Government's option, may be required to deliver into more than one storage tank.

(4) When delivery is made by tank wagon, such wagon shall be equipped with pump, meter, and a minimum of 100 feet (30 meters) of hose. Where delivery is made by transport truck or truck and trailer, such delivery equipment shall be equipped with a minimum of 15 feet of hose.

(5) When delivery is made by tank wagon, transport truck, or truck and trailer to a Government facility, the Contractor shall present delivery equipment and product in such condition at destination so as to permit complete off-loading within the prescribed free time.

(6) Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, free time for unloading trucks, transport trucks, or trucks and trailers shall be unlimited.

(7) When delivery is made by tank wagon, transport truck, or truck and trailer to a Government facility—

(i) The Contractor shall provide properly maintained delivery equipment and properly trained delivery personnel to reasonably assure that delivery can be made without damage to vegetation and asphalt pavement adjacent to storage facilities being filled. The Contractor's delivery personnel who have not exercised reasonable care and delivery equipment that is poorly maintained may be refused entrance to the installation by the installation Commander.

(ii) The Contractor shall present delivery equipment and product in such condition at destination so as to permit complete off-loading within the prescribed free time.

F-0002 F1.05 GENERAL SHIPPING CONDITIONS (DLA ENERGY OCT 1997)

(a) The Contractor will prepare the inspection and shipment documents covering deliveries made from the terminal in accordance with instructions contained in the Documentation and Product Property Control Plan. Normally, the document will consist of DD Form 250 for tank car, tank truck, pipeline, and packaged shipments, and DD Form 250-1 and

ullage/innage reports in the case of barge and tanker shipments. The Contractor will distribute the DD Forms 250 and the Quality Representative (QR) will distribute the DD Forms 250-1. When the QR is not present for release or shipment of product inspected at these facilities, and the Contractor's quality control program has been approved by the responsible Government Quality Office in accordance with paragraph 246.471 of the DOD FAR Supplement, the Contractor will insert the following certification on the inspector's copy of the shipping documents:

"I certify that the above supplies were (a) in the quantity indicated, (b) taken from Government-owned and approved stocks, and (c) loaded into inspected and approved containers. This shipment was released in accordance with paragraph 246.471-2 of the DoD FAR Supplement under authorization of (NAME and TITLE OF THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION OFFICE) in a letter dated (DATE OF AUTHORIZING LETTER). (SIGNATURE AND TITLE OF CONTRACTOR'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE)."

(b) Shipment of products hereunder will be made only pursuant to a "release" furnished by the Product Property Administrator or his designated representative. The "release" will indicate the consignees who are authorized to issue "calls" or "orders" for shipment of product. Such "release" will be periodically furnished to the Contractor by the cognizant Product Property Administrator.

(c) Conveyances required for shipments shall be furnished or designated by the Government. The Contractor shall inspect all shipping conveyances prior to loading to insure that product loaded will not be lost or contaminated by the condition of the equipment. Tank truck inspection must be performed by qualified Contractor personnel. Delegation of this responsibility shall not be passed to the tank truck operator/driver. The tank truck operator/driver may be permitted to physically load the tank truck; however, the loading operation must be under the surveillance and direction of Contractor personnel. Equipment found to be unsatisfactory shall be reported as follows: (1) TANKERS AND BARGES. Report immediately by telephone to the QR; if not present, the master of the tanker or barge or to the carrier's agent or general office; (2) TANK CARS. Report to the QR and by wire (Government Rate, Collect) to Commander, Eastern Area, Military Traffic Management Command, ATTN: MTE-INR-O, Brooklyn, NY 11250. Any shortage or overage of tank cars shall be similarly reported; (3) TRANSPORT TRUCKS. Contractor shall expeditiously report to the Traffic Manager of the appropriate Defense Fuel Region, Government QR, and to the carrier's terminal where equipment is domiciled.

(d) Except when loading barges or tankers, or making pipeline deliveries, strainers of 100 mesh or finer shall be utilized in loading aviation fuels and jet lubricating oil and 60 mesh or finer in the case of reciprocating engine oil. Strainers shall be located as near the loading point as practicable. Contractor shall furnish and periodically inspect and clean such strainers and repair same, if necessary, keeping a written record thereof.

(e) Contractor shall affix serially numbered seals to the dome covers of tank cars and all openings in the case of tank trucks in such a manner that entry could only be gained by breaking a seal. Such seals will be furnished by the Contractor. Seal numbers will be indicated on shipping documents.

(f) Placards, as required by 49 CFR 172.506 and 49 CFR 172.508, shall be furnished and affixed to all tank cars and tank trucks by Contractors unless placards are already affixed.

(g) **FOR TANK CARS ONLY.**

(1) If Government-owned or leased tank cars are furnished, the Contractor will maintain records showing each day a car is received or forwarded by car number and will furnish the information to the Defense Fuel Regional Office upon request.

(2) Bottom outlet gaskets and manway cover gaskets, when required due to deterioration or loss, shall be furnished and applied to tank cars by the Contractor.

(3) The Contractor shall (i) inspect empty Government-owned tank cars located on the Contractor's premises and (ii) ship tank cars located on the Contractor's premises to repair facilities as directed by the Government.

(h) Unless otherwise directed, the Contractor shall prepare and distribute Government bills of lading utilized in shipments. Such bills of lading, routing instructions, and transportation assistance will be furnished by the Defense Fuel Region placing orders.

(i) The Contractor shall comply with routing instructions furnished by the Government. Such instruction will include names, routes, route order numbers, and other pertinent information. The Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling of commercial transport trucks, trucks and trailer, and tank wagons to its plant in accordance with such routing instructions and consonant with the applicable order. The Contractor shall provide sufficient advance notice to carriers and schedule the carrier's equipment for loading. The Contractor shall reimburse the Government for any demurrage incurred as a result of improper scheduling.

(j) Custody of product shipped by pipeline, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the product passes the flange connecting the Contractor's pipeline and the carrier's pipeline.

(k) Custody of product shipped by transport truck, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the loaded transport truck is released for shipment by the Contractor.

(l) Custody of product shipped by tank car, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the loaded tank car is picked up by the carrier.

(m) Custody of product delivered to tanker or barge, and risk of loss thereof, shall pass from the Contractor to the carrier when the fuel passes the vessel's permanent hose connection.

(n) The Contractor shall be held accountable for demurrage charges arising from delay(s) in shipment by tank cars and transport trucks except when those delays are caused by reasons beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor and its subcontractors.

(o) The following subparagraphs only apply to barges and tankers.

(1) SCHEDULED ARRIVAL DATE AND BASIC ALLOWED LAYTIME.

(i) Notice shall be furnished to the Contractor in advance of the date on which loading is to be made, which date is hereinafter referred to as the "Scheduled Arrival Date." Each notice will specify the quantity to be loaded, the cargo number, and name of the vessel and the scheduled loading date. For tankers, notice will also include the size of the vessel and the expected time of arrival. Notice of delivery will be furnished at least 72 hours in advance of the scheduled arrival date for tankers, and at least 48 hours in advance of the scheduled arrival date for barges. When anticipated vessel transit time to the loading point is less than 72/48 hours, the Government will provide the maximum notice practicable. Any change in the scheduled arrival date of less than 48 hours notice for barges and 72 hours notice for tankers will require verbal approval of the Contractor, confirmed in writing.

(ii) The Contractor shall provide as soon as possible, but within 3 hours after issue of notice of readiness to load from a barge and within 6 hours after the Contractor receives notice of readiness to load from a tanker, a reachable berth, free of cost to the Government, where the vessel can be safely moored and afloat with necessary access thereto PROVIDED, however --

(A) If the vessel is tendered for loading on a date earlier than the last agreed scheduled arrival date, the Government's vessel shall be loaded as soon as possible in its proper turn with other vessels, and laytime shall not commence until the vessel moors alongside or, for barges, 3:00 A.M. local time; for tankers, 6:00 A.M. local time, on the last agreed scheduled arrival date, whichever occurs first.

(B) If the vessel is tendered for loading later than 12:00 noon of the day following the last scheduled arrival date, the vessel shall be loaded in its proper turn with other vessels. Laytime shall commence when the vessel moors alongside, provided a good faith effort is made by the Contractor to moor the vessel in its turn with other vessels as loading berths become available. If the vessel is not moored in its proper turn with other vessels, laytime will commence at 6:00 A.M. on the date the Government vessel's turn occurred.

(iii) Laytime shall commence either (A) at the expiration of the notice period prescribed in subparagraph (ii) above, berth or no berth, or (B) immediately when the vessel moors alongside, with or without notice of readiness, whichever occurs first.

(iv) Laytime, once started, shall continue 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, without interruption, from its commencement until loading of the barge or tanker is completed and hoses have been removed.

(v) Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, the Contractor shall be allowed and will complete unloading within laytime determined as follows:

(A) **FOR BARGES:** One hour for each 2,000 barrels of product to be loaded.

(B) **FOR TANKERS:** Thirty-six hours for load of full vessel cargo. When partial vessel cargoes are to be loaded, the 36 hours will be prorated based on quantities loaded by each supplier. The 36 hours includes allowances for routine events that occur in the loading process, such as cushioning and topping off of vessel tanks.

(vi) Hoses and loading arms for loading shall be furnished, connected, and disconnected by the Contractor.

(2) INCREASES TO BASIC ALLOWED LAYTIME.

(i) If, after laytime commences, the conditions or facilities of the barge or tanker to be loaded do not permit loading, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.

(ii) If the vessel is delayed in reaching its berth and the delay is caused by the fault of the vessel, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.

(iii) After laytime commences, when vessels are required to dock at anchorage due to vessel delays such as vessel inspection and inerting, laytime credit will be allowed for transit time from anchors away at anchorage until first line ashore berthing, not to exceed 2 hours.

(iv) If regulations of the owner or operator of the vessel prohibit loading at any time after laytime has commenced, time so lost shall be added to basic allowed laytime.

(v) If, for any reason, the Contractor is delayed in loading the barge or tanker because of actions of a Government representative, acting under the contract, that arise through no fault or negligence on the part of the Contractor or its subcontractors, basic allowed laytime shall be increased by the duration of the delay.

(vi) There will be no increase to basic allowed laytime (nor other reductions to any resulting demurrage time) for saved laytime arising out of other loadings/discharges.

(vii) Delays, after commencement of laytime, attributed to causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor or the U.S. Government will result in increasing the basic allowed laytime by one half of the delay time.

(3) **PAYMENT OF DEMURRAGE.** For all hours of laytime which elapse in excess of the basic allowed laytime for loading provided for by paragraph (1) above, or as otherwise provided in the Schedule, the Contractor shall pay demurrage to the Government as follows:

(i) **USS, USNS, OR TIME CHARTERED VESSELS.** At the demurrage rate for the vessel loaded computed to the nearest whole hour as published by the Military Sealift Command and in effect on the date the loading of the vessel is completed.

(ii) **VOYAGE CHARTERED VESSELS.** At the demurrage rate cited in the charter, except that the demurrage payable by the Contractor shall in no event exceed the demurrage expense incurred by the Government under the Charter.

F-0003 F1.09-8 DETERMINATION OF INVOICE QUANTITY (PC&S) (MIDDLE EAST) (DLA ENERGY SEP 2005)

(a) **INVOICE QUANTITY.** The invoice quantity of supplies furnished under this contract shall be determined as follows:

(1) **F.O.B. DESTINATION – DELIVERIES BY TANK TRUCK, TRUCK AND TRAILER, OR TANK WAGON.**

(i) If the narrative requires a tank truck with meter, a truck and trailer with meter, or tank wagon (which is always equipped with a meter), that meter shall be used to determine invoice quantity at time of delivery. The quantity shall be read directly from the meter; otherwise--

(ii) The Government may elect to determine invoice quantity at the receiving activity at the time of delivery on the basis of --

(A) Weight, using calibrated scales; or

(B) A calibrated meter on the receiving tank system.

(iii) If the Government does not require the method in (a)(1)(i) above and does not elect to use the methods in (a)(1)(ii) above, the Contractor may then elect to provide equipment that enables the Government and the Contractor to determine invoice quantity at destination at the time of delivery by one of the following methods:

(A) A calibrated meter on the delivery conveyance. The quantity shall be read directly from the meter; or

(B) Gauging the delivery conveyance. Certified capacity tables and a dipstick for the conveyance must be made available at the time of delivery. This method may not be used in areas where environmental restrictions prohibit the opening of dome hatches; or

(C) Provide the receiving activity with the net quantity determined at the loading point by a calibrated loading rack meter or calibrated scales. This quantity must be mechanically imprinted on the loading ticket that is generated by the loading rack meter or scales and the entire quantity must be off-loaded at the receiving activity. Immediately after loading, each truck shall be effectively sealed with serially numbered seals to preclude opening any fuel compartment opening (hatch, manifold, sump, etc.). The truck driver is prohibited from applying any seals. All seal numbers used on each truck shall be recorded on the loading document for that truck. If at destination, all seal numbers do not match those on the loading document or all the seals are not intact, the receiving activity is not obligated to accept the quantity from the loading point and may choose to reject the delivery or determine quantity by an alternate method..

(iv) **VOLUME CORRECTION.** To convert gross measured quantities to net quantities of gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius), use Volume Correction Factors and the API gravity (or density at 15 degrees Fahrenheit) (see (b)(1) below). Volume correction to a standard temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius) is required for--

(A) All product volumes determined by meters on the (receiving) tank system;

(B) All product volumes determined by weight using a calibrated scale;

(C) All product volumes determined by loading rack meter;

(D) All product volumes of residual fuels measured in tank trucks or truck and trailers. For this purpose, residual fuels are any products with a viscosity equal to or greater than a regular (not light) No. 4 Fuel Oil (ASTM D 396); and

(E) All other product volumes measured in tank trucks or truck and trailers that are in excess of 5,000 gallons.

(v) The Contractor has the right to have a representative present to witness the delivery and measurement of quantity.

(vi) **WATER BOTTOMS.**

(a) Every delivery must be free of all water bottoms prior to discharge; and

(b) The Contractor is responsible for their removal and disposal.

(2) **F.O.B. ORIGIN. – DELIVERIES INTO TANK TRUCK/TRUCK AND TRAILER/TANK WAGON.**

(i) On items requiring delivery at the Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant on an f.o.b. origin basis, the invoice quantity shall be determined (at the Contractor's option) on the basis of--

(A) Certified capacity tables of the conveyance loaded;

(B) Calibrated meter; or

(C) Weight, using calibrated scales.

(ii) **VOLUME CORRECTION.** Invoice quantities for all residual fuels and for other products that are in excess of 5,000 gallons (or 18,900 liters) shall be converted to net gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius). Invoice quantities of nonresidual fuels which are less than 5,000 gallons (or 18,900 liters) do not require correction to net gallons (or liters). For this purpose, residual fuels are any products with a viscosity equal to or greater than a regular (not light) No. 4 Fuel Oil (ASTM D 396).

(iii) The Government has the right to have a representative present to witness the measurement of quantity.

(b) **MEASUREMENT STANDARDS.** All measurements and calibrations made to determine invoice quantity shall be in accordance with the most recent edition of the API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS). Outside the United States, other technically equivalent national or international standards may be used. **Certified capacity tables** shall mean capacity tables prepared by an independent inspector or surveyor. In addition, the following specific standards will be used as applicable:

(1) **API MPMS Chapter 11.1, Temperature and Pressure Volume Correction Factors for Generalized Crude Oils, Refined Products, and Lubricating Oils (this chapter is an adjunct to ASTM D 1250, IP 200 and ISO 91-1).** Either the 2004 or 1980 version of the standard may be used. Either the printed tables (an adjunct to the 1980 version) or the computer subroutine version of the standard may be used. In case of disputes, the computer subroutine and the 2004 version of the standard will be the referee method.

(i) For all fuels and fuel oils, Tables 5B and 6B (or Tables 53B and 54B) shall be used to determine the volume correction factor for conversion to gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit (or liters at 15 degrees Celsius).

(ii) Liters shall be converted to gallons by dividing liters by 3.78541 liters per gallon or multiplying liters by 0.264172 gallons per liter. Should foreign law restrict conversion by this method, the method required by law shall be stated in the offer.

(iii) If the original measurement is by weight and invoice quantity is required by U.S. gallons, then--

(A) Volume XII of the adjunct to ASTM D 1250, Table 58, shall be used to convert metric tons to U.S. gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Convert kilograms to metric tons by dividing by 1,000.

(B) Volume XI of the adjunct to ASTM D 1250, Table 8, shall be used to convert pounds to U.S. gallons at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

(2) **API MPMS Chapter 4, Proving Systems.** All meters used in determining product volume shall be calibrated using this standard with the frequency required by local regulation (foreign or domestic). If no local regulation exists, then the frequency of calibration shall be that recommended by the meter manufacturer or every 6 months, whichever is more frequent.

F-0004 F1.11 DLA INTERNET BID BOARD SYSTEM (DIBBS) (DLA ENERGY) (APR 2014)

(a) Contractor Registration. Contractors must register in DIBBS to obtain a login account at <https://www.dibbs.bsm.dla.mil>. The login account will allow a contractor to register a primary and alternate email address for notifications. Contractors are strongly encouraged to establish a group email address for the primary email address for the contractor's authorized point of contacts. The registered email addresses will be the only email used by the government to make notifications.

(b) All contractors must have an active System for Award Management (SAM) account, <http://www.sam.gov> in order to register for DIBBS.

(c) The Contractor shall use DIBBS to receive orders. DLA Energy will not be using DIBBS receipt of quotes capability. All quotations, proposals, bids shall be submitted in accordance with the terms and conditions of the solicitation.

(d) Preparation and Transmission of Orders

(1) The Government may issue an order for a specific delivery or a series of deliveries (e.g., several deliveries during a week). The Government may also elect to issue an order covering a longer period (including monthly orders) and make periodic calls against these orders designating specific delivery dates, times, and quantities.

(2) Only a DLA Energy warranted Contracting Officer can issue an order, either orally or in writing, against a contract. An oral order issued by the warranted Contracting Officer shall provide the required advance notice to the Contractor and the following information: Interim order number; contract number; item number; ceiling price; quantity; delivery location; and the required delivery and/ or service date.

(i) For all product orders, the Contractor will receive an electronically signed written order via DIBBS, within 24 hours or one business day after the warranted Contracting Officer issues an oral order.

(ii) For all service orders, the Contractor will receive an electronically signed written order via DIBBS, within five business days after issuing the oral order.

(iii) Interim order number is subject to change once the electronically signed written order is received by the contractor. The order number on the written order will take precedence over the interim order number, if different.

(iv) Regardless of the unit price cited on the written order, the office designated to make payments on the written order will pay the applicable unit price in effect under the terms and conditions of the contract.

(v) Once the order has been issued, an email will be sent to the Contractor to provide notice that the order is available on the contract-specific web page. The order will also be submitted to the payment office.

(3) Calls against previously issued orders must be confirmed in writing within 24 hours or one business day via email message. The email confirmation will reference the previously issued order number and item number and designate specific delivery location, dates, and quantity to be delivered against that order.

(4) The Contractor's nonreceipt of a written or electronic confirmation of an oral order or oral call against a written or electronic order does not relieve the Contractor from its obligation to perform in accordance with the oral order or oral call against a written or electronic order. The Contractor should contact the DLA Energy Contracting Officer if problems are experienced with receipt of the electronic or written confirmation.

F-0005 F3 TRANSPORT TRUCK AND/OR TRUCK AND TRAILER FREE TIME AND DETENTION RATES (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY AUG 2005)

(a) Upon arrival of Contractor's transport truck or truck and trailer, the receiving activity shall promptly designate the tanks into which the load is to be discharged. Free time will commence when the discharge hose is connected to the receiving line at the delivery point and will end when discharge is completed. The Contractor shall be paid for detention beyond free time for delays caused by the Government. A minimum of one hour free time is required.

(1) Free time for unloading a transport truck or truck and trailer (includes one hour minimum plus any additional time): _____.

(2) Rate for detention beyond free time: _____.

The above will not be considered in the evaluation of offers for award except that a free time of less than one hour may render an offer unacceptable. Notwithstanding the above, the Government is entitled to at least as much free time as is allowed by the common carrier or that the Contractor normally allows its regular commercial customers, whichever is greater. Free time only applies to single-drop deliveries (it is not applicable to multiple-drop tank truck/truck and trailer deliveries or any tank wagon deliveries).

(b) Notwithstanding the above, the Government will not pay more in detention rates than the actual rate charged by the common carrier or the rate the Contractor normally charges its regular commercial customers, whichever is lower. Detention costs will be the sole responsibility of the activity incurring them and are only allowable on single drop deliveries (they are not allowable on multiple drop tank truck/truck and trailer deliveries or any tank wagon deliveries. Invoices for detention costs will be submitted by the Contractor directly to the activity receiving the product. These provisions are applicable to DLA-owned/capitalized as well as non-DLA-owned/noncapitalized products.

(c) UNLESS THE OFFEROR OTHERWISE INDICATES IN PARAGRAPHS (a)(1) AND (a)(2) ABOVE, FREE TIME WILL BE CONSIDERED UNLIMITED AND DETENTION COSTS WILL NOT BE CHARGEABLE.

F-0006 F3.03 NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE IN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY APR 2005)

(a) In the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees not to utilize transportation companies that have been debarred or suspended, are ineligible for receipt of contracts with Government agencies, are in receipt of a notice of proposed debarment or ineligibility from any Government agency, or are otherwise ineligible under Federal programs. Substitution of a new transportation company is subject to review by the Contracting Officer for use under this contract.

(b) If the Contractor changes transporters after award, the Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer with the following information on alternative or new transportation company(ies) being utilized in the transportation of supplies under this contract.

Name, Address, and Phone Number of Transportation Company _____	State(s) in which transporter is authorized to operate _____
--	---

F-0007 F4 DELIVERY AND ORDERING PERIODS (DLA ENERGY JUN 2002)

(a) The period of this contract during which the Ordering Officer may order and the Contractor shall deliver, if ordered, will be as follows unless the Schedule specifies otherwise:

(1) Ordering period begins: DATE OF AWARD and ends: 30 SEPTEMBER 2019.

(2) Delivery period begins: DATE OF AWARD and ends: 30 days after end of ordering period.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, deliveries prior to the delivery period, made at the option of the Contractor and pursuant to an order by the Government, shall be deemed to have been made under this contract at the applicable contract price(s).

F-0008 F30.01 ORDERING AND PAYING OFFICERS (OVERSEAS PC&S) (DLA ENERGY APR 1998)

(a) Ordering and Paying Officers under the contract are as indicated below:

<u>ITEM NO.</u>	<u>ORDERING OFFICER</u>	<u>PAYING OFFICER</u>
ALL ITEMS	DLA ENERGY MIDDLE EAST PSC 451, BOX 180 FPO, AP 09834-3800 LOCATION: JUFFAIR, BAHRAIN COMMERCIAL PHONE: 973-1785-4650	RESPONSIBLE OFFICER (RO)/FUELS MGR DLA ENERGY DCST LNO

(b) The Commanding Officer or his designated representative of the cognizant requiring activity is authorized to make any necessary changes to this listing, or make additional assignments for requirements not covered by the foregoing. Such changes or assignments shall be made by written notification to the Contractor, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.

(c) If Ordering and Paying Officers cannot be ascertained under (a) or (b) above, the following activities, as applicable, should be contacted:

ATTENTION: CONTRACTING OFFICER DLA ENERGY-FEPDA
DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY ENERGY
8725 JOHN J. KINGMAN ROAD, SUITE 4950
FORT BELVOIR, VA 22060-6222

F-0009 F51 SHIPMENT AND ROUTING (OVERSEAS) (DLA ENERGY NOV 2005)

(a) The Contractor shall make shipments of the supplies ordered hereunder by the method specified in the Schedule, to the delivery point, in the quantity, and according to the delivery date specified in the order or in the Schedule.

(b) On items calling for delivery at Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant on an f.o.b. origin basis, transportation equipment will be furnished by the Government; PROVIDED, however, that the Contractor shall, without additional cost to the Government, arrange to obtain any railway boxcars required for shipments to be made hereunder. Whenever any item of the Schedule specifies delivery by more than one method, selection of the method to be used shall be at Government's option. Government-furnished transportation equipment that the Contractor finds unsatisfactory for loading shall be reported as follows:

(1) **TANKERS AND BARGES.** Report to the Quality Representative (QR).

(2) **TANK CARS.** Report to the QR.

(3) **TRANSPORT TRUCKS, TRUCKS AND TRAILERS, AND TANK WAGONS.** Report to the QR and to carrier's general office, or to home base or station of such equipment.

(c) If the supplies are to be delivered f.o.b. tank car, boxcar, truck, transport truck, truck and trailer, or tank wagon at Contractor's refinery, terminal, or bulk plant--

(1) The Contractor shall ship the supplies under Government bills of lading, which will be furnished, or arranged for, by the Ordering Officer. If requested by the Government, the Contractor shall prepare Government bills of lading.

(2) The Contractor shall comply with routing instructions furnished by the Government. Such instructions will include carrier names, routes, route order numbers, and other pertinent information. The Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling of commercial transport trucks, trucks and trailers, and tank wagons to its plant in accordance with such routing instructions and consonant with the applicable order. The Contractor shall reimburse the Government for any demurrage incurred as a result of improper scheduling.

(d) On all tank car and boxcar (carload only) shipments, whether delivery is made on an f.o.b. origin or f.o.b. destination basis, the Contractor shall send to the consignee at the time of shipment a facsimile or electronic mail notice which shall indicate grade of product, date of shipment, car and seal numbers, bill of lading number, and net quantities.

(e) The Contractor shall furnish serially numbered seals and effectively seal all tank cars, boxcars, transport trucks, trucks and trailers, tankers, and barges, whether delivery is made on an f.o.b. origin or f.o.b. destination basis. The marking on the seal shall be indicated on all shipping documents.

SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

G-0001 G3 INVOICE NUMBERING REQUIREMENTS (DLA ENERGY AUG 1998)

Each invoice submitted for payment under this contract shall be identified by an individual invoice number. The number shall not be duplicated on subsequent invoices. Duplicate invoice numbers or invoices that do not include numbers may be rejected.

DFARS 252.232-7006 WIDE AREA WORKFLOW PAYMENT INSTRUCTIONS (DEVIATION) (DEC 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“Department of Defense Activity Address Code (DoDAAC)” is a six position code that uniquely identifies a unit, activity, or organization.

“Document type” means the type of payment request or receiving report available for creation in Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF).

“Local processing office (LPO)” is the office responsible for payment certification when payment certification is done external to the entitlement system.

“Payment request” and “receiving report” are defined in the clause at 252.232-7003, Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving Reports.

(b) Electronic invoicing. The WAWF system provides the method to electronically process vendor payment requests and receiving reports, as authorized by Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) 252.232-7003, Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving Reports.

(c) WAWF access. To access WAWF, the Contractor shall—

(1) Have a designated electronic business point of contact in the System for

Award Management at <https://www.sam.gov>; and

(2) Be registered to use WAWF at <https://wawf.eb.mil/> following the step-by-step procedures for self-registration available at this web site.

(d) WAWF training. The Contractor should follow the training instructions of the WAWF Web-Based Training Course and use the Practice Training Site before submitting payment requests through WAWF. Both can be accessed by selecting the “Web Based Training” link on the WAWF home page at <https://wawf.eb.mil/>

(e) WAWF methods of document submission. Document submissions may be via web entry, Electronic Data Interchange, or File Transfer Protocol.

(f) WAWF payment instructions. The Contractor shall use the following information when submitting payment requests and receiving reports in WAWF for this contract or task or delivery order:

(1) Document type. The Contractor shall submit payment requests using the following document type(s):

(i) For cost-type line items, including labor-hour or time-and-materials, submit a cost voucher.

(ii) For fixed price line items—

(A) That require shipment of a deliverable, submit the invoice and receiving report specified by the Contracting Officer.

See CLIN Reference Table in section A below

(Contracting Officer: Insert applicable invoice and receiving report document type(s) for fixed price line items that require shipment of a deliverable.)

(B) For services that do not require shipment of a deliverable, submit either the Invoice 2in1, which meets the requirements for the invoice and receiving report, or the applicable invoice and receiving report, as specified by the Contracting Officer.

Invoice 2in1

(Contracting Officer: Insert either “Invoice 2in1” or the applicable invoice and receiving report document type(s) for fixed price line items for services.)

(iii) For customary progress payments based on costs incurred, submit a progress payment request.

(iv) For performance based payments, submit a performance based payment request.

(v) For commercial item financing, submit a commercial item financing request.

(2) Fast Pay requests are only permitted when Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.213-1 is included in the contract.

[Note: The Contractor may use a WAWF “combo” document type to create some combinations of invoice and receiving report in one step.]

(3) Document routing. The Contractor shall use the information in the Routing Data Table below only to fill in applicable fields in WAWF when creating payment requests and receiving reports in the system.

Routing Data Table*

Field Name in WAWF	Data to be entered in WAWF
Pay Official DoDAAC	SL4701
Issue By DoDAAC	SPE605
Admin DoDAAC**	SPE605
Inspect By DoDAAC	See Order
Ship To Code	See Order
Ship From Code	See CLIN Reference, Section A
Mark For Code	See CLIN Reference, Section A
Service Approver (DoDAAC)	See CLIN Reference, Section A
Service Acceptor (DoDAAC)	See Order
Accept at Other DoDAAC	See CLIN Reference, Section A
LPO DoDAAC	See CLIN Reference, Section A
DCAA Auditor DoDAAC	See CLIN Reference, Section A
Other DoDAAC(s)	See CLIN Reference, Section A

(*Contracting Officer: Insert applicable DoDAAC information. If multiple ship to/acceptance locations apply, insert “See Schedule” or “Not applicable.”)

**Contracting Officer: If the contract provides for progress payments or performance-based payments, insert the DoDAAC for the contract administration office assigned the functions under FAR 42.302(a)(13).)

(4) Payment request. The Contractor shall ensure a payment request includes documentation appropriate to the type of payment request in accordance with the payment clause, contract financing clause, or Federal Acquisition Regulation 52.216-7, Allowable Cost and Payment, as applicable.

(5) Receiving report. The Contractor shall ensure a receiving report meets the requirements of DFARS Appendix F.

(g) WAWF point of contact.

(1) The Contractor may obtain clarification regarding invoicing in WAWF from the following contracting activity’s WAWF point of contact.

DLA Energy Help Desk, E-mail: bsma.helpdesk@dla.mil, Telephone: (800) 446-4950

(Contracting Officer: Insert applicable information or “Not applicable.”)

(2) Contact the WAWF helpdesk at 866-618-5988, if assistance is needed.

A. The CLIN Reference shall be used when submitting payment requests in WAWF.

CLIN	Location ID	Admin and Issue By DoDAAC	DLA funded (invoice DLA via WAWF) with Payment Office	NSN	WAWF Unit of Measure Code	Inspection and Acceptance Point	Inspection and Acceptance DoDAACs
0001	N63005NSAB – NSA Bahrain	SPE605	SL4701	9140-01-556-9156	UG6	D	SJ0629
0002	N63005NSAB – NSA Bahrain	SPE605	SL4701	9130-01-272-0983	UG6	D	SJ0629

B. When a price/quantity adjustment is identified by the vendor as being necessary they will:

- Submit/fax (Fuels EDM Fax line: 614-701-2638 or DSN 791-2638/Toll Free 855-234-5592) a manual invoice to the payment office, SL4701, which identifies the invoice as an adjustment with an invoice# that is a derivation of the original invoice# that was submitted and paid. IE, if original invoice# was 12345, then adjustment invoice# shall be 12345ADJ.
- Adjustment invoice should have original price/quantity cited as well as the change or difference in price/quantity and the net adjustment.
- All other proper invoice criteria remain required for adjustment invoices.

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G-0002 G9.07-5 ELECTRONIC TRANSFER OF FUNDS PAYMENTS – FEDERAL RESERVE WIRE TRANSFER SYSTEM (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) The Contractor shall supply the following information to the Contracting Officer no later than 5 days after contract award and before submission of the first request for payment. The bank designated as the receiving bank must be capable of receiving Federal wire transactions via either a SWIFT Code or an IBAN.

(b) Any change by the Contractor in the designation of the bank account to receive electronic transfer of funds in accordance with this provision must be received by the Contracting Officer no later than 30 days prior to the date the change is to become effective.

(c) The electronic transfer of funds does not constitute an assignment of such funds in any form or fashion.

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION (TYPE WRITTEN OR CLEAR PRINTING)

RECIPIENT'S NAME: _____
(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)

ORIGINATOR ABA: 044036205 (DLA ENERGY fill-in)

CONTRACT NUMBER: _____ (DLA ENERGY fill-in)

RECIPIENT'S CAGE CODE: _____

CHECKING TYPE 22

SAVINGS TYPE 32

RECIPIENT'S DUNS NUMBER: _____

BENEFICIARY'S BANK NAME: _____
(DO NOT EXCEED 29 CHARACTERS)

BENEFICIARY'S BANK ADDRESS: _____
(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)

(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)

BENEFICIARY'S BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER: _____

BENEFICIARY'S BANK SWIFT NUMBER: _____
(EITHER 8 OR 11 CHARACTERS ONLY)

IBAN NUMBER: _____

BENEFICIARY'S BANK SORT CODE: _____ (FOR BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM ONLY)
(6 CHARACTERS ONLY)

(d) CONTRACTOR'S DESIGNATED OFFICIAL SUBMITTING ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER INFORMATION.

NAME _____
(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)

TITLE _____
(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)

TELEPHONE NUMBER _____
(DO NOT EXCEED 25 CHARACTERS)

SIGNATURE _____

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, the requirements of this provision shall control.

SECTION I – CONTRACT CLAUSES

FAR 52.204-7 -- SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (OCT 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator” means a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management (SAM) records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see [subpart 32.11](#)) for the same entity.

“Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM)” means that—

- a. (1) The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator (if applicable), the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see [subpart 4.14](#)), into the SAM;
- b. (2) The Contractor has completed the Core, Assertions, Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in the SAM;
- c. (3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The Contractor will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and
- d. (4) The Government has marked the record “Active”.

“System for Award Management (SAM)” means the primary Government repository for prospective Federal awardee and Federal awardee information and the centralized Government system for certain contracting, grants, and other assistance-related processes. It includes—

- e. (1) Data collected from prospective Federal awardees required for the conduct of business with the Government;
- f. (2) Prospective contractor-submitted annual representations and certifications in accordance with FAR [subpart 4.12](#); and
- g. (3) Identification of those parties excluded from receiving Federal contracts, certain subcontracts, and certain types of Federal financial and non-financial assistance and benefits.

“Unique entity identifier” means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See www.sam.gov for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

(b) If the solicitation for this contract contained the provision [52.204-7](#) with its Alternate I, and the Contractor was unable to register prior to award, the Contractor shall be registered in SAM within 30 days after award or before three days prior to submission of the first invoice, whichever occurs first.

(c) The Contractor shall maintain registration in SAM during contract performance and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement. The Contractor is responsible for the currency, accuracy and completeness of the data within SAM, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in SAM after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis, from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates, its information in SAM to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(d)

- h. (1)
 - i. (i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name or “doing business as” name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in [subpart 42.12](#), the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to—

1. (A) Change the name in the SAM;
 2. (B) Comply with the requirements of subpart [42.12](#) of the FAR; and
 3. (C) Agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.
- ii. (i) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (d)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of Payment” paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.
 - i. (2) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR [subpart 32.8](#), Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the SAM. Information provided to the Contractor’s SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of Payment” paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.
 - j. (3) The Contractor shall ensure that the unique entity identifier is maintained with the entity designated at www.sam.gov for establishment of the unique entity identifier throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall communicate any change to the unique entity identifier to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so an appropriate modification can be issued to update the data on the contract. A change in the unique entity identifier does not necessarily require a novation be accomplished.

(e) Contractors may obtain additional information on registration and annual confirmation requirements at <https://www.sam.gov>.

FAR 52.204-13 -- SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE (OCT 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator” means a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management (SAM) records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see [subpart 32.11](#)) for the same entity.

“Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM)” means that—

- a. (1) The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator (if applicable), the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see [subpart 4.14](#)), into the SAM;
- b. (2) The Contractor has completed the Core, Assertions, Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in the SAM;
- c. (3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The Contractor will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and
- d. (4) The Government has marked the record “Active”.

“System for Award Management (SAM)” means the primary Government repository for prospective Federal awardee and Federal awardee information and the centralized Government system for certain contracting, grants, and other assistance-related processes. It includes—

- e. (1) Data collected from prospective Federal awardees required for the conduct of business with the Government;
- f. (2) Prospective contractor-submitted annual representations and certifications in accordance with FAR [subpart 4.12](#); and
- g. (3) Identification of those parties excluded from receiving Federal contracts, certain subcontracts, and certain types of Federal financial and non-financial assistance and benefits.

“Unique entity identifier” means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See www.sam.gov for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

(b) If the solicitation for this contract contained the provision [52.204-7](#) with its Alternate I, and the Contractor was unable to register prior to award, the Contractor shall be registered in SAM within 30 days after award or before three days prior to submission of the first invoice, whichever occurs first.

(c) The Contractor shall maintain registration in SAM during contract performance and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement. The Contractor is responsible for the currency, accuracy and completeness of the data within SAM, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in SAM after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis, from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates, its information in SAM to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(d)

h. (1)

i. (i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name or “doing business as” name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in subpart [42.12](#), the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to—

1. (A) Change the name in the SAM;
2. (B) Comply with the requirements of subpart [42.12](#) of the FAR; and
3. (C) Agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

ii. (i) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (d)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of Payment” paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

i. (2) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR [subpart 32.8](#), Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the SAM. Information provided to the Contractor's SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the “Suspension of Payment” paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

j. (3) The Contractor shall ensure that the unique entity identifier is maintained with the entity designated at www.sam.gov for establishment of the unique entity identifier throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall communicate any change to the unique entity identifier to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so an appropriate modification can be issued to update the data on the contract. A change in the unique entity identifier does not necessarily require a novation be accomplished.

(e) Contractors may obtain additional information on registration and annual confirmation requirements at <https://www.sam.gov>.

FAR 52.204-16 --COMMERCIAL AND GOVERNMENT ENTITY CODE REPORTING (JUL 2016)

(a) *Definition.* As used in this provision –

“Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code” means–

- (1) An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity; or

(2) An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as a NATO CAGE (NCAGE) code.

(c) The Offeror shall enter its CAGE code in its offer with its name and address or otherwise include it prominently in its proposal. The CAGE code entered must be for that name and address. Enter “CAGE” before the number. The CAGE code is required prior to award.

(d) CAGE codes may be obtained via—

(1) Registration in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <http://www.frs.gov>. If the Offeror is located in the United States or its outlying areas and does not already have a CAGE code assigned, the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch will assign a CAGE code as a part of the SAM registration process. SAM registrants located outside the United States and its outlying areas shall obtain a NCAGE code prior to registration in SAM (see paragraph (c)(3) of this provision).

(2) *The DLA Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch*. If registration in SAM is not required for the subject procurement, and the offeror does not otherwise register in SAM, an offeror located in the United States or its outlying areas may request that a CAGE code be assigned by submitting a request at <http://www.frs.gov>.

(3) The appropriate country codification bureau. Entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas may obtain an NCAGE code by contacting the Codification Bureau in the foreign entity's country if that country is a member of NATO or a sponsored nation. NCAGE codes may be obtained from the NSPA at <http://www.frs.gov> if the foreign entity's country is not a member of NATO or a sponsored nation. Points of contact for codification bureaus, as well as additional information on obtaining NCAGE codes, are available at <http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm>.

(e) Additional guidance for establishing and maintaining CAGE codes is available at <https://cage.dla.mil>.

(f) When a CAGE Code is required for the immediate owner and/or the highest-level owner by [52.204-17](#) or [52.212-3\(p\)](#), the Offeror shall obtain the respective CAGE Code from that entity to supply the CAGE Code to the Government.

(g) Do not delay submission of the offer pending receipt of a CAGE code.

FAR 52.204-17 OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL OF OFFEROR (JUL 2016)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

“Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code” means--

- (1) An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity, or
- (2) An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as a NATO CAGE (NCAGE) code.

“Highest-level owner” means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

“Immediate owner” means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to one or more of the following: Ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

(b) The Offeror represents that it has or does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (c) and if applicable, paragraph (d) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.

(c) If the Offeror indicates “has” in paragraph (b) of this provision, enter the following information:

Immediate owner CAGE code: _____

Immediate owner legal name: _____ (Do not use a “doing business as” name)

Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity?:

Yes or No.

(d) If the Offeror indicates “yes” in paragraph (c) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:

Highest level owner CAGE code: _____

Highest level owner legal name: _____ (Do not use a “doing business as” name)

FAR 52.204-18 COMMERCIAL AND GOVERNMENT ENTITY CODE MAINTENANCE (JUL 2016)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause—

“Commercial and government Entity (CAGE) code” means—

- (1) An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or Government entity, or
- (2) An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as the NATO CAGE (NCAGE) code.

(b) Contractors shall ensure that the CAGE code is maintained throughout the life of the contract. For contractors registered in the System for Award Management (SAM), the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch shall only modify data received from SAM in the CAGE master file if the contractor initiates those changes via update of its SAM registration. Contractors undergoing a novation or change-of-name agreement shall notify the contracting officer in accordance with subpart 42.12. The contractor shall communicate any change to the CAGE code to the contracting officer within 30 days after the change, so that a modification can be issued to update the CAGE code on the contract.

(c) Contractors located in the United States or its outlying areas that are not registered in SAM shall submit written change requests to the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch. Requests for changes shall be provided at <https://cage.dla.mil> . Change requests to the CAGE master file are accepted from the entity identified by the code.

(d) Contractors located outside the United States and its outlying areas that are not registered in SAM shall contact the appropriate National Codification Bureau (points of contact available at <http://www.nato.int/structur/AC/135/main/links/contacts.htm>) or NSPA at <https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx>.

(e) Additional guidance for maintaining CAGE codes is available at <https://cage.dla.mil>.

FAR 52.204-21 – BASIC SAFEGUARDING OF COVERED CONTRACTOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS (JUN 2016)

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause--

“Covered contractor information system” means an information system that is owned or operated by a contractor that processes, stores, or transmits Federal contract information.

“Federal contract information” means information, not intended for public release, that is provided by or generated for the Government under a contract to develop or deliver a product or service to the Government, but not including information provided by the Government to the public (such as on public Web sites) or simple transactional information, such as necessary to process payments.

“Information” means any communication or representation of knowledge such as facts, data, or opinions, in any medium or form, including textual, numerical, graphic, cartographic, narrative, or audiovisual (Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 4009).

“Information system” means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information (44 U.S.C. 3502).

“Safeguarding” means measures or controls that are prescribed to protect information systems.

(b) Safeguarding requirements and procedures.

(1) The Contractor shall apply the following basic safeguarding requirements and procedures to protect covered contractor information systems. Requirements and procedures for basic safeguarding of covered contractor information systems shall include, at a minimum, the following security controls:

- (i) Limit information system access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices (including other information systems).
- (ii) Limit information system access to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to execute.
- (iii) Verify and control/limit connections to and use of external information systems.
- (iv) Control information posted or processed on publicly accessible information systems.
- (v) Identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices.
- (vi) Authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to allowing access to organizational information systems.
- (vii) Sanitize or destroy information system media containing Federal Contract Information before disposal or release for reuse.
- (viii) Limit physical access to organizational information systems, equipment, and the respective operating environments to authorized individuals.
- (ix) Escort visitors and monitor visitor activity; maintain audit logs of physical access; and control and manage physical access devices.

(x) Monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (i.e., information transmitted or received by organizational information systems) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems.

(xi) Implement subnetworks for publicly accessible system components that are physically or logically separated from internal networks.

(xii) Identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner.

(xiii) Provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems.

(xiv) Update malicious code protection mechanisms when new releases are available.

(xv) Perform periodic scans of the information system and real-time scans of files from external sources as files are downloaded, opened, or executed.

(2) *Other requirements.* This clause does not relieve the Contractor of any other specific safeguarding requirements specified by Federal agencies and departments relating to covered contractor information systems generally or other Federal safeguarding requirements for controlled unclassified information (CUI) as established by Executive Order 13556.

(c) *Subcontracts.* The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract (including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items), in which the subcontractor may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.

FAR 52.212-4 CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS - COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2018)

(a) *Inspection/Acceptance.* The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post-acceptance rights-

- (1) Within a reasonable time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and
- (2) Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in the item.

(b) *Assignment.* The Contractor or its assignee may assign its rights to receive payment due as a result of performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency in accordance with the Assignment of Claims Act ([31 U.S.C.3727](#)). However, when a third party makes payment (e.g., use of the Governmentwide commercial purchase card), the Contractor may not assign its rights to receive payment under this contract.

(c) *Changes.* Changes in the terms and conditions of this contract may be made only by written agreement of the parties.

(d) *Disputes.* This contract is subject to [41 U.S.C. chapter 71](#), Contract Disputes. Failure of the parties to this contract to reach agreement on any request for equitable adjustment, claim, appeal or action arising under or relating to this contract shall be a dispute to be resolved in accordance with the clause at FAR [52.233-1](#), Disputes, which is incorporated herein by reference. The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any dispute arising under the contract.

(e) *Definitions.* The clause at FAR [52.202-1](#), Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference.

(f) *Excusable delays.* The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the

reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence such as, acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, and shall promptly give written notice to the Contracting Officer of the cessation of such occurrence.

(g) Invoice.

(1) The Contractor shall submit an original invoice and three copies (or electronic invoice, if authorized) to the address designated in the contract to receive invoices. An invoice must include-

- (i) Name and address of the Contractor;
- (ii) Invoice date and number;
- (iii) Contract number, line item number and, if applicable, the order number;
- (iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price and extended price of the items delivered;
- (v) Shipping number and date of shipment, including the bill of lading number and weight of shipment if shipped on Government bill of lading;
- (vi) Terms of any discount for prompt payment offered;
- (vii) Name and address of official to whom payment is to be sent;
- (viii) Name, title, and phone number of person to notify in event of defective invoice; and
- (ix) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
- (x) Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.

(A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

(B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision, contract clause (e.g., [52.232-33](#), Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award Management, or [52.232-34](#), Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.

(C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.

(2) Invoices will be handled in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act ([31 U.S.C.3903](#)) and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prompt payment regulations at 5CFR Part1315.

(h) *Patent indemnity.* The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, employees and agents against liability, including costs, for actual or alleged direct or contributory infringement of, or inducement to infringe, any United States or foreign patent, trademark or copyright, arising out of the performance of this contract, provided the Contractor is reasonably notified of such claims and proceedings.

(i) Payment.-

(1) *Items accepted.* Payment shall be made for items accepted by the Government that have been delivered to the delivery destinations set forth in this contract.

(2) *Prompt payment.* The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act ([31 U.S.C.3903](#)) and prompt payment regulations at 5CFR Part1315.

(3) *Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT).* If the Government makes payment by EFT, see [52.212-5\(b\)](#) for the appropriate EFT clause.

(4) *Discount.* In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date which appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment

is made.

(5) *Overpayments.* If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall-

(i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the-

- (A) Circumstances of the overpayment (*e.g.*, duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);
- (B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;
- (C) Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and
- (D) Contractor point of contact.

(ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

(6) *Interest.*

(i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in [41 U.S.C. 7109](#), which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in (i)(6)(v) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.

(ii) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.

(iii) *Final decisions.* The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by [33.211](#) if-

- (A) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt within 30 days;
- (B) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or
- (C) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see [32.607-2](#)).

(iv) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.

(v) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:

- (A) The date fixed under this contract.
- (B) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.

(vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on-

- (A) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;
- (B) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or
- (C) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.

(vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in [32.608-2](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.

(j) *Risk of loss.* Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss or damage to the supplies provided under this

contract shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon:

- (1) Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or
- (2) Delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.

(k) *Taxes.* The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.

(l) *Termination for the Government's convenience.* The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred which reasonably could have been avoided.

(m) *Termination for cause.* The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

(n) *Title.* Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, title to items furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the Government takes physical possession.

(o) *Warranty.* The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.

(p) *Limitation of liability.* Except as otherwise provided by an express warranty, the Contractor will not be liable to the Government for consequential damages resulting from any defect or deficiencies in accepted items.

(q) *Other compliances.* The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations applicable to its performance under this contract.

(r) *Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts.* The Contractor agrees to comply with [31 U.S.C. 1352](#) relating to limitations on the use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracts; [18 U.S.C. 431](#) relating to officials not to benefit; [40 U.S.C. chapter 37](#), Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards; [41 U.S.C. chapter 87](#), Kickbacks; [41 U.S.C. 4712](#) and [10 U.S.C. 2409](#) relating to whistleblower protections; [49 U.S.C. 40118](#), Fly American; and [41 U.S.C. chapter 21](#) relating to procurement integrity.

(s) *Order of precedence.* Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

- (1) The schedule of supplies/services.
- (2) The Assignments, Disputes, Payments, Invoice, Other Compliances, Compliance with Laws Unique to Government Contracts, and Unauthorized Obligations paragraphs of this clause;
- (3) The clause at [52.212-5](#).
- (4) Addenda to this solicitation or contract, including any license agreements for computer software.
- (5) Solicitation provisions if this is a solicitation.
- (6) Other paragraphs of this clause.
- (7) The [StandardForm1449](#).
- (8) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.
- (9) The specification.

(t) [Reserved]

(u) Unauthorized Obligations.

(1) Except as stated in paragraph (u)(2) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any End User License Agreement (EULA), Terms of Service (TOS), or similar legal instrument or agreement, that includes any clause requiring the Government to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation (31 U.S.C. 1341), the following shall govern:

- (i) Any such clause is unenforceable against the Government.
- (ii) Neither the Government nor any Government authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to such clause by virtue of it appearing in the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement. If the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement is invoked through an "I agree" click box or other comparable mechanism (e.g., "click-wrap" or "browse-wrap" agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.
- (iii) Any such clause is deemed to be stricken from the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement.

(2) Paragraph (u)(1) of this clause does not apply to indemnification by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.

(v) Incorporation by reference. The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM), are incorporated by reference into the contract.

FAR 52.212-5 -- CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (MAY 2019)

(a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

(1) 52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).

(2) 52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware,

Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and

Other Covered Entities (Jul 2018) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).

(3) 52.209-10, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015)

(4) 52.233-3, Protest After Award (AUG 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).

(5) 52.233-4, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Public Laws 108-77, 108-78 (19 U.S.C. 3805 note)).

(b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the contracting officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

X (1) 52.203-6, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Sept 2006), with Alternate I (Oct 1995) (41 U.S.C. 4704 and 10 U.S.C. 2402).

(2) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).

(3) 52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub L. 111-5) (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009).

(4) 52.204-10, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Oct 2018) (Pub. L. 109-282) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

(5) [Reserved]

(6) 52.204-14, Service Contract Reporting Requirements (Oct 2016) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).

(7) 52.204-15, Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (Oct 2016) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).

(8) 52.209-6, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (Oct 2015) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

(9) 52.209-9, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (Oct 2018) (41 U.S.C. 2313).

(10) [Reserved]

(11) (i) 52.219-3, Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657a).

(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011) of 52.219-3.

(12) (i) 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer)(15 U.S.C. 657a).

(ii) Alternate I (Jan 2011) of 52.219-4.

(13) [Reserved]

(14) (i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Aside (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644).

(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011).

(iii) Alternate II (Nov 2011).

(15) (i) 52.219-7, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (June 2003) (15 U.S.C. 644).

(ii) Alternate I (Oct 1995) of 52.219-7.

(iii) Alternate II (Mar 2004) of 52.219-7.

(16) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2018) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)).

(17) (i) 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Aug 2018) (15 U.S.C. 637 (d)(4)).

(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2016) of 52.219-9.

- ___ (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2016) of 52.219-9.
- ___ (iv) Alternate III (Nov 2016) of 52.219-9.
- ___ (v) Alternate IV (Aug 2018) of 52.219-9.
- ___ (18) 52.219-13, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644(r)).
- ___ (19) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (Jan 2017) (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(14)).
- ___ (20) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (Jan 1999) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).
- ___ (21) 52.219-27, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657f).
- ___ (22) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).
- ___ (23) 52.219-29, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (Dec 2015) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
- ___ (24) 52.219-30, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program (Dec 2015) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
- ___ (25) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (June 2003) (E.O. 11755).
- ___ (26) 52.222-19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jan 2018) (E.O. 13126).
- ___ (27) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).
- ___ (28) (i) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O. 11246).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (Feb 1999) of 52.222-26.
- ___ (29) (i) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (July 2014) of 52.222-35.
- ___ (30) (i) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (July 2014) of 52.222-36.
- ___ (31) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Feb 2016) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- ___ (32) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496).
- X (33) (i) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (JAN 2019)
(22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
- ___ (ii) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50, (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).

- (34) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015). (E. O. 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.)
- (35) (i) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
- (ii) Alternate I (May 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
- (36) 52.223-11, Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (Jun 2016) (E.O.13693).
- (37) 52.223-12, Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
- (38) (i) 52.223-13, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Imaging Equipment (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514)
- (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2015) of 52.223-13.
- (39) (i) 52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Television (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
- (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-14.
- (40) 52.223-15, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (Dec 2007) (42 U.S.C. 8259b).
- (41) (i) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT® -Registered Personal Computer Products (Oct 2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
- (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-16.
- (42) 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging while Driving (Aug 2011) (E.O. 13513).
- (43) 52.223-20, Aerosols (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
- (44) 52.223-21, Foams (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13696).
- (45) (i) 52.224-3, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552a).
- (ii) Alternate I (Jan 2017) of 52.224-3.
- (46) 52.225-1, Buy American--Supplies (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83).
- (47) (i) 52.225-3, Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, 19 U.S.C. 4001 note, Pub. L. 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43).
- (ii) Alternate I (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- (iii) Alternate II (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- (iv) Alternate III (May 2014) of 52.225-3.
- (48) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (Aug 2018) (19 U.S.C. 2501, *et seq.*, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note).

(49) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (June 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).

(50) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).

(51) 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).

(52) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).

(53) 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Items (Feb 2002) (41 U.S.C. 4505), 10 U.S.C. 2307(f).

(54) 52.232-30, Installment Payments for Commercial Items (Jan 2017) (41 U.S.C. 4505, 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).

(55) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer--System for Award Management (Oct 2018) (31 U.S.C. 3332).

(56) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other Than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).

(57) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (May 2014) (31 U.S.C. 3332).

(58) 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996) (5 U.S.C. 552a).

(59) 52.242-5, Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Jan 2017) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(13)).

(60) (i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631).

(ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.

(iii) Alternate II (Feb 2006) of 52.247-64.

(c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

(1) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495)

(2) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(3) 52.222-42, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (May 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(4) 52.222-43, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards -- Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (Aug 2018) (29 U.S.C.206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(5) 52.222-44, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards -- Price Adjustment (May 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

___ (6) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

___ (7) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

___ (8) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015) (E.O. 13658).

___ (9) 52.222-62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2017) (E.O. 13706).

___ (10) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792).

(d) *Comptroller General Examination of Record* The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records -- Negotiation.

(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

(3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(e)

(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—

(i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Jan 2019) (41 U.S.C. 3509).

(ii) 52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).

(iii) 52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware,

Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and

Other Covered Entities (Jul 2018) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).

(iv) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2018) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

- (v) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (1) of FAR clause 52.222-17.
- (vi) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).
- (vii) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O. 11246).
- (viii) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2019) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (ix) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (x) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Feb 2016) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (xi) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.
- (xii) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018), (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (xiii) (A) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Jan 2019) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
(B) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 E.O. 13627).
- (xiv) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67.)
- (xv) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services--Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67)
- (xvi) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015) (E. O. 12989).
- (xvii) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015).
- (xviii) 52.222-62, Paid sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2017) (E.O. 13706).
- (xix) (A) 52.224-3, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552a).
(B) Alternate I (Jan 2017) of 52.224-3.
- (xx) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).
- (xxi) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.
- (xxii) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately-Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

(2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations. (End of Clause)

(a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the Schedule. Such orders may be issued from **DATE OF AWARD** through **30 SEP 2019**.

(b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.

(c) If mailed, a delivery order or task order is considered “issued” when the Government deposits the order in the mail. Orders may be issued orally, by facsimile, or by electronic commerce methods only if authorized in the Schedule.

FAR 52.216-21 – REQUIREMENTS (OCT 1995)

(a) This is a requirements contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective for the period stated, in the Schedule. The quantities of supplies or services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract. Except as this contract may otherwise provide, if the Government’s requirements do not result in orders in the quantities described as “estimated” or “maximum” in the Schedule, that fact shall not constitute the basis for an equitable price adjustment.

(b) Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. Subject to any limitations in the Order Limitations clause or elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor shall furnish to the Government all supplies or services specified in the Schedule and called for by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.

(c) Except as this contract otherwise provides, the Government shall order from the Contractor all the supplies or services specified in the Schedule that are required to be purchased by the Government activity or activities specified in the Schedule.

(d) The Government is not required to purchase from the Contractor requirements in excess of any limit on total orders under this contract.

(e) If the Government urgently requires delivery of any quantity of an item before the earliest date that delivery may be specified under this contract, and if the Contractor will not accept an order providing for the accelerated delivery, the Government may acquire the urgently required goods or services from another source.

(f) Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall be completed by the Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor’s and Government’s rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract’s effective period; provided, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after **the duration of requirement expires as shown in contract provision F-0007 F4 DELIVERY AND ORDERING PERIODS (DLA ENERGY JUN 2002)**.

FAR 52.222-56 – CERTIFICATION REGARDING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS COMPLIANCE PLAN (MAR 2015)

(a) The term “commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item,” is defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Combating Trafficking in Persons” (FAR clause 52.222-50).

(b) The apparent successful Offeror shall submit, prior to award, a certification, as specified in paragraph (c) of this provision, for the portion (if any) of the contract that—

(1) Is for supplies, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items, to be acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and

(2) Has an estimated value that exceeds \$500,000.

(c) The certification shall state that—

- (1) It has implemented a compliance plan to prevent any prohibited activities identified in paragraph (b) of the clause at 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons, and to monitor, detect, and terminate the contract with a subcontractor engaging in prohibited activities identified at paragraph (b) of the clause at 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons; and
- (2) After having conducted due diligence, either—
 - (i) To the best of the Offeror's knowledge and belief, neither it nor any of its proposed agents, subcontractors, or their agents is engaged in any such activities; or
 - (ii) If abuses relating to any of the prohibited activities identified in 52.222-50(b) have been found, the Offeror or proposed subcontractor has taken the appropriate remedial and referral actions.

FAR 52.229-6 -- TAXES -- FOREIGN FIXED-PRICE CONTRACTS (FEB 2013)

(a) To the extent that this contract provides for furnishing supplies or performing services outside the United States and its outlying areas, this clause applies in lieu of any Federal, State, and local taxes clause of the contract.

(b) Definitions. As used in this clause--

“Contract date” means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the effective date of this contract or modification.

“Country concerned” means any country, other than the United States and its outlying areas, in which expenditures under this contract are made.

“Tax” and “taxes” include fees and charges for doing business that are levied by the government of the country concerned or by its political subdivisions.

“All applicable taxes and duties” means all taxes and duties, in effect on the contract date, that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract, pursuant to written ruling or regulation in effect on the contract date.

“After-imposed tax” means any new or increased tax or duty, or tax that was exempted or excluded on the contract date but whose exemption was later revoked or reduced during the contract period, other than excepted tax, on the transactions or property covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

“After-relieved tax” means any amount of tax or duty, other than an excepted tax, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

“Excepted tax” means social security or other employment taxes, net income and franchise taxes, excess profits taxes, capital stock taxes, transportation taxes, unemployment compensation taxes, and property taxes. “Excepted tax” does not include gross income taxes levied on or measured by sales or receipts from sales, property taxes assessed on completed supplies covered by this contract, or any tax assessed on the Contractor’s possession of, interest in, or use of property, title to which is in the U.S. Government.

(c)

(1) Unless otherwise provided in this contract, the contract price includes all applicable taxes and duties, except taxes and duties that the Government of the United States, and the government of the country concerned have agreed shall

not be applicable to expenditures in such country by or on behalf of the United States except as provided in subparagraph (c)(2) of this clause.

(2) Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000C may not be—

(i) Included in the contract price; nor

(ii) Reimbursed.

(d)

(1) Except as provided in subparagraph (d)(2) of this clause, the contract price shall be increased by the amount of any after-imposed tax or of any tax or duty specifically excluded from the contract price by a provision of this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, including any interest or penalty, if the Contractor states in writing that the contract price does not include any contingency for such tax and if liability for such tax, interest, or penalty was not incurred through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer or to comply with the provisions of paragraph (i) below.

(2) The contract price may not be increased to offset taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000C.

(e) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved tax, including any interest or penalty. The Government of the United States shall be entitled to interest received by the Contractor incident to a refund of taxes to the extent that such interest was earned after the Contractor was paid by the Government of the United States for such taxes. The Government of the United States shall be entitled to repayment of any penalty refunded to the Contractor to the extent that the penalty was paid by the Government.

(f) The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any tax or duty, other than an excepted tax, that was included in the contract and that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer or to comply with the provisions of paragraph (i) below.

(g) No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the adjustment exceeds \$250.

(h) If the Contractor obtains a reduction in tax liability under the United States Internal Revenue Code (Title 26, U.S. Code) because of the payment of any tax or duty that either was included in the contract price or was the basis of an increase in the contract price, the amount of the reduction shall be paid or credited to the Government of the United States as the Contracting Officer directs.

(i) The Contractor shall take all reasonable action to obtain exemption from or refund of any taxes or duties, including interest or penalty, from which the United States Government, the Contractor, any subcontractor, or the transactions or property covered by this contract are exempt under the laws of the country concerned or its political subdivisions or which the governments of the United States and of the country concerned have agreed shall not be applicable to expenditures in such country by or on behalf of the United States.

(j) The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to taxes or duties that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs. The contract price shall be equitably adjusted to cover the costs of action taken by the Contractor at the direction of the Contracting Officer, including any interest, penalty, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

FAR 52.232-17 – INTEREST (MAY 2014)

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this contract under a Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data clause or a Cost Accounting Standards clause, all amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in 41 U.S.C. 7109, which is applicable to

the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in paragraph (e) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.

(b) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.

(c) Final Decisions. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by 33.211 if—

- (1) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt in a timely manner;
- (2) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or
- (3) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see 32.607-2).

(d) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.

(e) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:

- (1) The date fixed under this contract.
- (2) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.

(f) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on—

- (1) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;
- (2) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or
- (3) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.

(g) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in 32.608-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.

FAR 52.233-3 -- PROTEST AFTER AWARD (AUG 1996)

(a) Upon receipt of a notice of protest (as defined in FAR 33.101) or a determination that a protest is likely (see FAR 33.102(d)), the Contracting Officer may, by written order to the Contractor, direct the Contractor to stop performance of the work called for by this contract. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Upon receipt of the final decision in the protest, the Contracting Officer shall either --

- (1) Cancel the stop-work order; or
- (2) Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the Default, or the Termination for Convenience of the Government, clause of this contract.

- (b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled either before or after a final decision in the protest, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both, and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if --
- (1) The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allocable to, the performance of any part of this contract; and
 - (2) The Contractor asserts its right to an adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; provided, that if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal at any time before final payment under this contract.
- (c) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.
- (d) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the Contracting Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order.
- (e) The Government's rights to terminate this contract at any time are not affected by action taken under this clause.
- (f) If, as the result of the Contractor's intentional or negligent misstatement, misrepresentation, or miscertification, a protest related to this contract is sustained, and the Government pays costs, as provided in FAR 33.102(b)(2) or 33.104(h)(1), the Government may require the Contractor to reimburse the Government the amount of such costs. In addition to any other remedy available, and pursuant to the requirements of Subpart 32.6, the Government may collect this debt by offsetting the amount against any payment due the Contractor under any contract between the Contractor and the Government.

DFARS 252.204-7012 - SAFEGUARDING COVERED DEFENSE INFORMATION AND CYBER INCIDENT REPORTING (OCT 2016)

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause—

“Adequate security” means protective measures that are commensurate with the consequences and probability of loss, misuse, or unauthorized access to, or modification of information.

“Compromise” means disclosure of information to unauthorized persons, or a violation of the security policy of a system, in which unauthorized intentional or unintentional disclosure, modification, destruction, or loss of an object, or the copying of information to unauthorized media may have occurred.

“Contractor attributional/proprietary information” means information that identifies the contractor(s), whether directly or indirectly, by the grouping of information that can be traced back to the contractor(s) (e.g., program description, facility locations), personally identifiable information, as well as trade secrets, commercial or financial information, or other commercially sensitive information that is not customarily shared outside of the company.

“Controlled technical information” means technical information with military or space application that is subject to controls on the access, use, reproduction, modification, performance, display, release, disclosure, or dissemination. Controlled technical information would meet the criteria, if disseminated, for distribution statements B through F using the criteria set forth in DoD Instruction 5230.24, Distribution Statements on Technical Documents. The term does not include information that is lawfully publicly available without restrictions.

“Covered contractor information system” means an unclassified information system that is owned, or operated by or for, a contractor and that processes, stores, or transmits covered defense information.

“Covered defense information” means unclassified controlled technical information or other information, as described in the Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) Registry at <http://www.archives.gov/cui/registry/category-list.html>, that requires

safeguarding or dissemination controls pursuant to and consistent with law, regulations, and Governmentwide policies, and is—

- (1) Marked or otherwise identified in the contract, task order, or delivery order and provided to the contractor by or on behalf of DoD in support of the performance of the contract; or
- (2) Collected, developed, received, transmitted, used, or stored by or on behalf of the contractor in support of the performance of the contract.

“Cyber incident” means actions taken through the use of computer networks that result in a compromise or an actual or potentially adverse effect on an information system and/or the information residing therein.

“Forensic analysis” means the practice of gathering, retaining, and analyzing computer-related data for investigative purposes in a manner that maintains the integrity of the data.

“Information system” means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information.

“Malicious software” means computer software or firmware intended to perform an unauthorized process that will have adverse impact on the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of an information system. This definition includes a virus, worm, Trojan horse, or other code-based entity that infects a host, as well as spyware and some forms of adware.

“Media” means physical devices or writing surfaces including, but is not limited to, magnetic tapes, optical disks, magnetic disks, large-scale integration memory chips, and printouts onto which covered defense information is recorded, stored, or printed within a covered contractor information system.

“Operationally critical support” means supplies or services designated by the Government as critical for airlift, sealift, intermodal transportation services, or logistical support that is essential to the mobilization, deployment, or sustainment of the Armed Forces in a contingency operation.

“Rapidly report” means within 72 hours of discovery of any cyber incident.

“Technical information” means technical data or computer software, as those terms are defined in the clause at DFARS [252.227-7013](#), Rights in Technical Data—Noncommercial Items, regardless of whether or not the clause is incorporated in this solicitation or contract. Examples of technical information include research and engineering data, engineering drawings, and associated lists, specifications, standards, process sheets, manuals, technical reports, technical orders, catalog-item identifications, data sets, studies and analyses and related information, and computer software executable code and source code.

(b) *Adequate security.* The Contractor shall provide adequate security on all covered contractor information systems. To provide adequate security, the Contractor shall implement, at a minimum, the following information security protections:

- (1) For covered contractor information systems that are part of an Information Technology (IT) service or system operated on behalf of the Government, the following security requirements apply:
 - (i) Cloud computing services shall be subject to the security requirements specified in the clause [252.239-7010](#), Cloud Computing Services, of this contract.
 - (ii) Any other such IT service or system (i.e., other than cloud computing) shall be subject to the security requirements specified elsewhere in this contract.
- (2) For covered contractor information systems that are not part of an IT service or system operated on behalf of the Government and therefore are not subject to the security requirement specified at paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the following security requirements apply:

- (i) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this clause, the covered contractor information system shall be subject to the security requirements in National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-171, “Protecting Controlled Unclassified Information in Nonfederal Information Systems and Organizations” (available via the internet at <http://dx.doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.800-171>) in effect at the time the solicitation is issued or as authorized by the Contracting Officer.
 - (ii)(A) The Contractor shall implement NIST SP 800-171, as soon as practical, but not later than December 31, 2017. For all contracts awarded prior to October 1, 2017, the Contractor shall notify the DoD Chief Information Officer (CIO), via email at osd.dibcsia@mail.mil, within 30 days of contract award, of any security requirements specified by NIST SP 800-171 not implemented at the time of contract award.
 - (B) The Contractor shall submit requests to vary from NIST SP 800-171 in writing to the Contracting Officer, for consideration by the DoD CIO. The Contractor need not implement any security requirement adjudicated by an authorized representative of the DoD CIO to be nonapplicable or to have an alternative, but equally effective, security measure that may be implemented in its place.
 - (C) If the DoD CIO has previously adjudicated the contractor’s requests indicating that a requirement is not applicable or that an alternative security measure is equally effective, a copy of that approval shall be provided to the Contracting Officer when requesting its recognition under this contract.
 - (D) If the Contractor intends to use an external cloud service provider to store, process, or transmit any covered defense information in performance of this contract, the Contractor shall require and ensure that the cloud service provider meets security requirements equivalent to those established by the Government for the Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program (FedRAMP) Moderate baseline (<https://www.fedramp.gov/resources/documents/>) and that the cloud service provider complies with requirements in paragraphs (c) through (g) of this clause for cyber incident reporting, malicious software, media preservation and protection, access to additional information and equipment necessary for forensic analysis, and cyber incident damage assessment.
- (3) Apply other information systems security measures when the Contractor reasonably determines that information systems security measures, in addition to those identified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this clause, may be required to provide adequate security in a dynamic environment or to accommodate special circumstances (e.g., medical devices) and any individual, isolated, or temporary deficiencies based on an assessed risk or vulnerability. These measures may be addressed in a system security plan.

(c) *Cyber incident reporting requirement.*

- (1) When the Contractor discovers a cyber incident that affects a covered contractor information system or the covered defense information residing therein, or that affects the contractor’s ability to perform the requirements of the contract that are designated as operationally critical support and identified in the contract, the Contractor shall—
 - (i) Conduct a review for evidence of compromise of covered defense information, including, but not limited to, identifying compromised computers, servers, specific data, and user accounts. This review shall also include analyzing covered contractor information system(s) that were part of the cyber incident, as well as other information systems on the Contractor’s network(s), that may have been accessed as a result of the incident in order to identify compromised covered defense information, or that affect the Contractor’s ability to provide operationally critical support; and
 - (ii) Rapidly report cyber incidents to DoD at <http://dibnet.dod.mil>.
- (2) *Cyber incident report.* The cyber incident report shall be treated as information created by or for DoD and shall include, at a minimum, the required elements at <http://dibnet.dod.mil>.
- (3) *Medium assurance certificate requirement.* In order to report cyber incidents in accordance with this clause, the Contractor or subcontractor shall have or acquire a DoD-approved medium assurance certificate to report cyber

incidents. For information on obtaining a DoD-approved medium assurance certificate, see <http://iase.disa.mil/pki/eca/Pages/index.aspx>.

- (d) *Malicious software.* When the Contractor or subcontractors discover and isolate malicious software in connection with a reported cyber incident, submit the malicious software to DoD Cyber Crime Center (DC3) in accordance with instructions provided by DC3 or the Contracting Officer. Do not send the malicious software to the Contracting Officer.
- (e) *Media preservation and protection.* When a Contractor discovers a cyber incident has occurred, the Contractor shall preserve and protect images of all known affected information systems identified in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this clause and all relevant monitoring/packet capture data for at least 90 days from the submission of the cyber incident report to allow DoD to request the media or decline interest.
- (f) *Access to additional information or equipment necessary for forensic analysis.* Upon request by DoD, the Contractor shall provide DoD with access to additional information or equipment that is necessary to conduct a forensic analysis.
- (g) *Cyber incident damage assessment activities.* If DoD elects to conduct a damage assessment, the Contracting Officer will request that the Contractor provide all of the damage assessment information gathered in accordance with paragraph (e) of this clause.
- (h) *DoD safeguarding and use of contractor attributional/proprietary information.* The Government shall protect against the unauthorized use or release of information obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that includes contractor attributional/proprietary information, including such information submitted in accordance with paragraph (c). To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall identify and mark attributional/proprietary information. In making an authorized release of such information, the Government will implement appropriate procedures to minimize the contractor attributional/proprietary information that is included in such authorized release, seeking to include only that information that is necessary for the authorized purpose(s) for which the information is being released.
- (i) *Use and release of contractor attributional/proprietary information not created by or for DoD.* Information that is obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that is not created by or for DoD is authorized to be released outside of DoD—
 - (1) To entities with missions that may be affected by such information;
 - (2) To entities that may be called upon to assist in the diagnosis, detection, or mitigation of cyber incidents;
 - (3) To Government entities that conduct counterintelligence or law enforcement investigations;
 - (4) For national security purposes, including cyber situational awareness and defense purposes (including with Defense Industrial Base (DIB) participants in the program at 32 CFR part 236); or
 - (5) To a support services contractor (“recipient”) that is directly supporting Government activities under a contract that includes the clause at [252.204-7009](#), Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Third-Party Contractor Reported Cyber Incident Information.
- (j) *Use and release of contractor attributional/proprietary information created by or for DoD.* Information that is obtained from the contractor (or derived from information obtained from the contractor) under this clause that is created by or for DoD (including the information submitted pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause) is authorized to be used and released outside of DoD for purposes and activities authorized by paragraph (i) of this clause, and for any other lawful Government purpose or activity, subject to all applicable statutory, regulatory, and policy based restrictions on the Government’s use and release of such information.

- (k) The Contractor shall conduct activities under this clause in accordance with applicable laws and regulations on the interception, monitoring, access, use, and disclosure of electronic communications and data.
- (l) *Other safeguarding or reporting requirements.* The safeguarding and cyber incident reporting required by this clause in no way abrogates the Contractor's responsibility for other safeguarding or cyber incident reporting pertaining to its unclassified information systems as required by other applicable clauses of this contract, or as a result of other applicable U.S. Government statutory or regulatory requirements.
- (m) *Subcontracts.* The Contractor shall—
- (1) Include this clause, including this paragraph (m), in subcontracts, or similar contractual instruments, for operationally critical support, or for which subcontract performance will involve covered defense information, including subcontracts for commercial items, without alteration, except to identify the parties. The Contractor shall determine if the information required for subcontractor performance retains its identity as covered defense information and will require protection under this clause, and, if necessary, consult with the Contracting Officer; and
 - (2) Require subcontractors to—
 - (i) Notify the prime Contractor (or next higher-tier subcontractor) when submitting a request to vary from a NIST SP 800-171 security requirement to the Contracting Officer, in accordance with paragraph (b)(2)(ii)(B) of this clause; and
 - (ii) Provide the incident report number, automatically assigned by DoD, to the prime Contractor (or next higher-tier subcontractor) as soon as practicable, when reporting a cyber incident to DoD as required in paragraph (c) of this clause.

DFARS 252.204-7015 - NOTICE OF AUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION FOR LITIGATION SUPPORT (MAY 2016)

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause—

“Computer software” means computer programs, source code, source code listings, object code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulae, and related material that would enable the software to be reproduced, recreated, or recompiled. Computer software does not include computer data bases or computer software documentation.

“Litigation support” means administrative, technical, or professional services provided in support of the Government during or in anticipation of litigation.

"Litigation support contractor" means a contractor (including its experts, technical consultants, subcontractors, and suppliers) providing litigation support under a contract that contains the clause at [252.204-7014](#), Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Information by Litigation Support Contractors.

“Sensitive information” means controlled unclassified information of a commercial, financial, proprietary, or privileged nature. The term includes technical data and computer software, but does not include information that is lawfully, publicly available without restriction.

“Technical data” means recorded information, regardless of the form or method of the recording, of a scientific or technical nature (including computer software documentation). The term does not include computer software or data incidental to contract administration, such as financial and/or management information.

(b) *Notice of authorized disclosures.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this solicitation or contract, the Government may disclose to a litigation support contractor, for the sole purpose of litigation support activities, any information, including sensitive information, received--

- (1) Within or in connection with a quotation or offer; or
- (2) In the performance of or in connection with a contract.

(c) *Flowdown.* Include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts, including subcontracts for commercial items.

DFARS 252.209-7004 SUBCONTRACTING WITH FIRMS THAT ARE OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF A COUNTRY THAT IS A STATE SPONSOR OF TERRORISM (MAY 2019)

(a) Unless the Government determines that there is a compelling reason to do so,

the Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract in excess of the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation 9.405-2(b) on the date of subcontract award with a firm, or a subsidiary of a firm, that is identified in the Exclusions section of the

System for Award Management (SAM Exclusions) as being ineligible for the award of Defense contracts or subcontracts because it is owned or controlled by the government of a country that is a state sponsor of terrorism.

(b) A corporate officer or a designee of the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, before entering into a subcontract with a party that

is identified, in SAM Exclusions, as being ineligible for the award of Defense contracts or subcontracts because it is owned or controlled by the government of a country that is a state sponsor of terrorism. The notice must include the name of the proposed subcontractor and the compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its inclusion in SAM Exclusions.

DFARS 252.216-7006 - ORDERING (MAY 2011)

(a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the contract schedule. Such orders may be issued from **DATE OF AWARD** through **30 September 2019**.

(b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.

(c)(1) If issued electronically, the order is considered "issued" when a copy has been posted to the Electronic Document Access system, and notice has been sent to the Contractor.

(2) If mailed or transmitted by facsimile, a delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when the Government deposits the order in the mail or transmits by facsimile. Mailing includes transmittal by U.S. mail or private delivery services.

(3) Orders may be issued orally only if authorized in the schedule.

DFARS 252.225-7043 ANTITERRORISM/FORCE PROTECTION POLICY FOR DEFENSE CONTRACTORS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (JUN 2015)

(a) *Definition.* "United States," as used in this clause, means, the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, the Contractor and its subcontractors, if performing or traveling outside the United States under this contract, shall

- (1) Affiliate with the Overseas Security Advisory Council, if the Contractor or subcontractor is a U.S. entity;
- (2) Ensure that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are U.S. nationals and are in-country on a non-transitory basis, register with the U.S. Embassy, and that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are third country nationals comply with any security related requirements of the Embassy of their nationality;
- (3) Provide, to Contractor and subcontractor personnel, antiterrorism/force protection awareness information commensurate with that which the Department of Defense (DoD) provides to its military and civilian personnel and their families, to the extent such information can be made available prior to travel outside the United States; and
- (4) Obtain and comply with the most current antiterrorism/force protection guidance for Contractor and subcontractor personnel.

(c) The requirements of this clause do not apply to any subcontractor that is

- (1) A foreign government;
- (2) A representative of a foreign government; or
- (3) A foreign corporation wholly owned by a foreign government.

(d) Information and guidance pertaining to DoD antiterrorism/force protection can be obtained from *DLA ENERGY Logistics Readiness Division at (703) 767-8420.*

DFARS 252.225-7993 PROHIBITION ON PROVIDING FUNDS TO THE ENEMY (DEVIATION 2015-O0016) (SEP 2015)

(a) The Contractor shall—

- (1) Exercise due diligence to ensure that none of the funds, including supplies and services, received under this contract are provided directly or indirectly (including through subcontracts) to a person or entity who is actively opposing United States or Coalition forces involved in a contingency operation in which members of the Armed Forces are actively engaged in hostilities;
- (2) Check the list of prohibited/restricted sources in the System for Award Management at www.sam.gov —
 - (i) Prior to subcontract award; and
 - (ii) At least on a monthly basis; and
- (3) Terminate or void in whole or in part any subcontract with a person or entity listed in SAM as a prohibited or restricted source pursuant to subtitle E of Title VIII of the NDAA for FY 2015, unless the Contracting Officer provides to the Contractor written approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity to continue the subcontract.

(b) The Head of the Contracting Activity has the authority to—

- (1) Terminate this contract for default, in whole or in part, if the Head of the Contracting Activity determines in writing that the contractor failed to exercise due diligence as required by paragraph (a) of this clause; or
- (2)(i) Void this contract, in whole or in part, if the Head of the Contracting Activity determines in writing that any funds received under this contract have been provided directly or indirectly to a person or entity who is actively opposing

United States or Coalition forces involved in a contingency operation in which members of the Armed Forces are actively engaged in hostilities.

- (ii) When voided in whole or in part, a contract is unenforceable as contrary to public policy, either in its entirety or with regard to a segregable task or effort under the contract, respectively.
- (c) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts, including subcontracts for commercial items, under this contract that have an estimated value over \$50,000 and will be performed outside the United States and its outlying areas.

DFARS 252.225-7994 ADDITIONAL ACCESS TO CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR RECORDS IN THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND THEATER OF OPERATIONS (DEVIATION 2015-00013)(MAR 2015)

- (a) In addition to any other existing examination-of-records authority, the Department of Defense is authorized to examine any records of the Contractor to the extent necessary to ensure that funds available under this contract are not—
 - (1) Subject to extortion or corruption; or
 - (2) Provided, directly or indirectly, to persons or entities that are actively supporting an insurgency or otherwise actively opposing United States or coalition forces in a contingency operation.
- (b) The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), is required to be included in subcontracts under this contract that have an estimated value over \$100,000.

DFARS 252.225-7995 CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL PERFORMING IN THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY. (DEVIATION 2017-O0004) (SEP 2017)

- (a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause—

“Combatant Commander” means the Commander of the United States Central Command Area of Responsibility.

“Contractors authorized to accompany the Force,” or “CAAF,” means contractor personnel, including all tiers of subcontractor personnel, who are authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces in applicable operations and have been afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. CAAF generally include all U.S. citizen and third-country national employees not normally residing within the operational area whose area of performance is in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces and who routinely are collocated with the U.S. Armed Forces (especially in non-permissive environments). Personnel collocated with U.S. Armed Forces shall be afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. In some cases, Combatant Commander subordinate commanders may designate mission-essential host nation or local national contractor employees (e.g., interpreters) as CAAF. CAAF includes contractors previously identified as contractors deploying with the U.S. Armed Forces. CAAF status does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

“Designated reception site” means the designated place for the reception, staging, integration, and onward movement of contractors deploying during a contingency. The designated reception site includes assigned joint reception centers and other Service or private reception sites.

“Law of war” means that part of international law that regulates the conduct of armed hostilities. The law of war encompasses all international law for the conduct of hostilities binding on the United States or its individual citizens, including treaties and international agreements to which the United States is a party, and applicable customary international law.

“Non-CAAF” means personnel who are not designated as CAAF, such as local national (LN) employees and non-LN employees who are permanent residents in the operational area or third-country nationals not routinely residing with U.S. Armed Forces (and third-country national expatriates who are permanent residents in the operational area) who perform support functions away from the close proximity of, and do not reside with, U.S. Armed Forces. Government-furnished support to non-CAAF is typically limited to force protection, emergency medical care, and basic human needs (e.g., bottled water, latrine facilities, security, and food when necessary) when performing their jobs in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces. Non-CAAF status

does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

“Subordinate joint force commander” means a sub-unified commander or joint task force commander.

(b) *General.*

(1) This clause applies to both CAAF and non-CAAF when performing in the United States Central Command (USCENTCOM) Area of Responsibility (AOR).

(2) Contract performance in USCENTCOM AOR may require work in dangerous or austere conditions. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor accepts the risks associated with required contract performance in such operations.

(3) When authorized in accordance with paragraph (j) of this clause to carry arms for personal protection, contractor personnel are only authorized to use force for individual self-defense.

(4) Unless immune from host nation jurisdiction by virtue of an international agreement or international law, inappropriate use of force by contractor personnel authorized to accompany the U.S. Armed Forces can subject such personnel to United States or host nation prosecution and civil liability (see paragraphs (d) and (j)(3) of this clause).

(5) Service performed by contractor personnel subject to this clause is not active duty or service under 38 U.S.C. 106 note.

(c) *Support.*

(1)(i) The Combatant Commander will develop a security plan for protection of contractor personnel in locations where there is not sufficient or legitimate civil authority, when the Combatant Commander decides it is in the interests of the Government to provide security because—

- (A) The Contractor cannot obtain effective security services;
- (B) Effective security services are unavailable at a reasonable cost; or
- (C) Threat conditions necessitate security through military means.

(ii) In appropriate cases, the Combatant Commander may provide security through military means, commensurate with the level of security provided DoD civilians.

(2)(i) Generally, CAAF will be afforded emergency medical and dental care if injured while supporting applicable operations. Additionally, non-CAAF employees who are injured while in the vicinity of U. S. Armed Forces will normally receive emergency medical and dental care. Emergency medical and dental care includes medical care situations in which life, limb, or eyesight is jeopardized. Examples of emergency medical and dental care include examination and initial treatment of victims of sexual assault; refills of prescriptions for life-dependent drugs; repair of broken bones, lacerations, infections; and traumatic injuries to the dentition. Hospitalization will be limited to stabilization and short-term medical treatment with an emphasis on return to duty or placement in the patient movement system.

(ii) When the Government provides emergency medical treatment or transportation of Contractor personnel to a selected civilian facility, the Contractor shall ensure that the Government is reimbursed for any costs associated with such treatment or transportation.

(iii) Medical or dental care beyond this standard is not authorized.

(3) Contractor personnel must have a Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT)-generated letter of authorization signed by the Contracting Officer in order to process through a deployment center or to travel to, from, or within the USCENTCOM AOR. The letter of authorization also will identify any additional authorizations, privileges, or

Government support that Contractor personnel are entitled to under this contract. Contractor personnel who are issued a letter of authorization shall carry it with them at all times while deployed.

(4) Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor is responsible for all other support required for its personnel engaged in the USCENTCOM AOR under this contract.

(d) *Compliance with laws and regulations.*

(1) The Contractor shall comply with, and shall ensure that its personnel performing in the USCENTCOM AOR are familiar with and comply with, all applicable—

(i) United States, host country, and third country national laws;

(ii) Provisions of the law of war, as well as any other applicable treaties and international agreements;

(iii) United States regulations, directives, instructions, policies, and procedures; and

(iv) Orders, directives, and instructions issued by the Combatant Commander, including those relating to force protection, security, health, safety, or relations and interaction with local nationals.

(2) The Contractor shall institute and implement an effective program to prevent violations of the law of war by its employees and subcontractors, including law of war training in accordance with paragraph (e)(1)(vii) of this clause.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that CAAF and non-CAAF are aware—

(i) Of the DoD definition of “sexual assault” in DoDD 6495.01, Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program;

(ii) That the offenses addressed by the definition are covered under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (see paragraph (e)(2)(iv) of this clause). Other sexual misconduct may constitute offenses under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, or another Federal law, such as the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act, or host nation laws; and

(iii) That the offenses not covered by the Uniform Code of Military Justice may nevertheless have consequences to the contractor employees (see paragraph (h)(1) of this clause).

(4) The Contractor shall report to the appropriate investigative authorities, identified in paragraph (d)(6) of this clause, any alleged offenses under—

(i) The Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code) (applicable to contractors serving with or accompanying an armed force in the field during a declared war or contingency operations); or

(ii) The Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act (chapter 212 of title 18, United States Code).

(5) The Contractor shall provide to all contractor personnel who will perform work on a contract in the deployed area, before beginning such work, information on the following:

(i) How and where to report an alleged crime described in paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.

(ii) Where to seek victim and witness protection and assistance available to contractor personnel in connection with an alleged offense described in paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.

(iii) This section does not create any rights or privileges that are not authorized by law or DoD policy.

(6) The appropriate investigative authorities to which suspected crimes shall be reported include the following—

- (i) US Army Criminal Investigation Command at <http://www.cid.army.mil/index.html>;
- (ii) Air Force Office of Special Investigations at <http://www.osi.af.mil>;
- (iii) Navy Criminal Investigative Service at <http://www.ncis.navy.mil/Pages/publicdefault.aspx>;
- (iv) Defense Criminal Investigative Service at <http://www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html>;
- (v) Any command of any supported military element or the command of any base.

(7) Personnel seeking whistleblower protection from reprisals for reporting criminal acts shall seek guidance through the DoD Inspector General hotline at 800-424-9098 or www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html. Personnel seeking other forms of victim or witness protections should contact the nearest military law enforcement office.

(8) The Contractor shall ensure that Contractor employees supporting the U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States are aware of their rights to—

- (i) Hold their own identity or immigration documents, such as passport or driver's license;
- (ii) Receive agreed upon wages on time;
- (iii) Take lunch and work-breaks;
- (iv) Elect to terminate employment at any time;
- (v) Identify grievances without fear of reprisal;
- (vi) Have a copy of their employment contract in a language they understand;
- (vii) Receive wages that are not below the legal in-country minimum wage;
- (viii) Be notified of their rights, wages, and prohibited activities prior to signing their employment contract; and
- (ix) If housing is provided, live in housing that meets host-country housing and safety standards.

(e) *Preliminary personnel requirements.*

(1) The Contractor shall ensure that the following requirements are met prior to deploying CAAF (specific requirements for each category will be specified in the statement of work or elsewhere in the contract):

- (i) All required security and background checks are complete and acceptable.
- (ii) All CAAF deploying in support of an applicable operation—
 - (A) Are medically, dentally, and psychologically fit for deployment and performance of their contracted duties;
 - (B) Meet the minimum medical screening requirements, including theater-specific medical qualifications as established by the geographic Combatant Commander (as posted to the Geographic Combatant Commander's website or other venue); and
 - (C) Have received all required immunizations as specified in the contract.
- (I) During predeployment processing, the Government will provide, at no cost to the Contractor, any

military-specific immunizations and/or medications not available to the general public.

(2) All other immunizations shall be obtained prior to arrival at the deployment center.

(3) All CAAF and, as specified in the statement of work, select non-CAAF shall bring to the USCENTCOM AOR a copy of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Form 731, International Certificate of Vaccination or Prophylaxis as approved by the World Health Organization, (also known as "shot record" or "Yellow Card") that shows vaccinations are current.

(iii) Deploying personnel have all necessary passports, visas, and other documents required to enter and exit the USCENTCOM AOR and have a Geneva Conventions identification card, or other appropriate DoD identity credential, from the deployment center.

(iv) Special area, country, and theater clearance is obtained for all personnel deploying. Clearance requirements are in DoD Directive 4500.54E, DoD Foreign Clearance Program. For this purpose, CAAF are considered non-DoD contractor personnel traveling under DoD sponsorship.

(v) All deploying personnel have received personal security training. At a minimum, the training shall—

(A) Cover safety and security issues facing employees overseas;

(B) Identify safety and security contingency planning activities; and

(C) Identify ways to utilize safety and security personnel and other resources appropriately.

(vi) All personnel have received isolated personnel training, if specified in the contract, in accordance with DoD Instruction 1300.23, Isolated Personnel Training for DoD Civilian and Contractors.

(vii) Personnel have received law of war training as follows:

(A) Basic training is required for all CAAF. The basic training will be provided through—

(1) A military-run training center; or

(2) A web-based source, if specified in the contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

(B) Advanced training, commensurate with their duties and responsibilities, may be required for some Contractor personnel as specified in the contract.

(2) The Contractor shall notify all personnel who are not a host country national, or who are not ordinarily resident in the host country, that such employees, and dependents residing with such employees, who engage in conduct outside the United States that would constitute an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than one year if the conduct had been engaged in within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, may potentially be subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the United States in accordance with the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act of 2000 (18 U.S.C. 3261, et seq.);

(3) The Contractor shall notify all personnel that—

(i) Pursuant to the War Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. 2441), Federal criminal jurisdiction also extends to conduct that is determined to constitute a war crime;

(ii) Other laws may provide for prosecution of U.S. nationals who commit offenses on the premises of U.S. diplomatic, consular, military or other U.S. Government missions outside the United States (18 U.S.C. 7(9)) or non-U.S. nationals who commit crimes against U.S. nationals in those places; and

(iii) In time of declared war or a contingency operation, CAAF are subject to the jurisdiction of the Uniform Code of Military Justice under 10 U.S.C. 802(a)(10).

(iv) Such employees are required to report offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities.

(v) Such employees will be provided victim and witness protection and assistance.

(f) *Processing and departure points.* CAAF shall—

(1) Process through the deployment center designated in the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, prior to deploying. The deployment center will conduct deployment processing to ensure visibility and accountability of contractor personnel and to ensure that all deployment requirements are met, including the requirements specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;

(2) Use the point of departure and transportation mode directed by the Contracting Officer; and

(3) Process through a designated reception site (DRS) upon arrival at the deployed location. The DRS will validate personnel accountability, ensure that specific USCENTCOM AOR entrance requirements are met, and brief contractor personnel on theater-specific policies and procedures.

(g) *Contractor Accountability and Personnel Data.*

The Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT) is the joint web-based database to assist the Combatant Commanders in maintaining awareness of the nature, extent, and potential risks and capabilities associated with contracted support for contingency operations, humanitarian assistance and peacekeeping operations, or military exercises designated by USCENTCOM.

(1) Contractors shall account for all CAAF and non-CAAF personnel in SPOT by name.

(2) *Registration.* The Contractor shall comply with SPOT registration requirements.

(i) Contractor appointed company administrators for unclassified contracts shall register for a SPOT account at <https://spot.dmdc.mil>. For classified contracts, users shall access SPOT at <https://spot.dmdc.osd.smil.mil>.

(ii) Register in SPOT using one of the following log-in methods—

(A) A Common Access Card (CAC) or a SPOT-approved digital certificate; or

(B) A Government-sponsored SPOT user ID and password. This type of log-in method is only allowed for those individuals who are not authorized to obtain a CAC or an external digital certificate, and requires SPOT Program Management Office approval.

(iii) The SPOT Customer Support Team must validate user need. This process may take 2 business days. Contractor representatives will be contacted to validate contractor administrator account requests and determine the appropriate level of user access.

(iv) Refer to the OSD Program Support website at <http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/PS/spot.html> for the SPOT Business Rules, additional training resources, documentation regarding registration, and use of SPOT.

(3) *Compliance with SPOT.*

(i) The Contractor shall comply with the SPOT Business Rules located at <http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/PS/spot.html>.

(A) The Contractor shall enter into the SPOT web-based system the required information on Contractor personnel prior to deployment to the designated operational area and shall continue to use the SPOT web-based system to maintain accurate, up-to-date information throughout the deployment for applicable Contractor personnel.

(B) The Contractor shall ensure the in-theater arrival date (ITAD), deployment closeout dates and changes to the status of individual Contractor personnel relating to their ITAD and their duty location, to include closing out the deployment with their proper status (e.g., mission complete, killed, wounded) are updated in the system in accordance with the processes and timelines established in the SPOT business rules.

(ii) SPOT non-compliance and deficiencies will be relevant to past performance evaluations for future contract opportunities in accordance with FAR subpart 42.15, Contractor Performance Information.

(h) *Contractor personnel.*

(1) The Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor, at its own expense, to remove and replace any contractor personnel who jeopardize or interfere with mission accomplishment or who fail to comply with or violate applicable requirements of this contract. Such action may be taken at the Government's discretion without prejudice to its rights under any other provision of this contract, including the Termination for Default clause.

(2) The Contractor shall identify all personnel who occupy a position designated as mission essential and ensure the continuity of essential Contractor services during designated operations, unless, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, Contracting Officer's representative, or local commander, the Contracting Officer directs withdrawal due to security conditions.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that contractor personnel follow the guidance at paragraph (e)(2)(v) of this clause and any specific Combatant Commander guidance on reporting offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities.

(4) Contractor personnel shall return all U.S. Government-issued identification, to include the Common Access Card, to appropriate U.S. Government authorities at the end of their deployment (or, for non-CAAF, at the end of their employment under this contract).

(i) *Military clothing and protective equipment.*

(1) Contractor personnel are prohibited from wearing military clothing unless specifically authorized in writing by the Combatant Commander. If authorized to wear military clothing, contractor personnel must—

(i) Wear distinctive patches, arm bands, nametags, or headgear, in order to be distinguishable from military personnel, consistent with force protection measures; and

(ii) Carry the written authorization with them at all times.

(2) Contractor personnel may wear military-unique organizational clothing and individual equipment (OCIE) required for safety and security, such as ballistic, nuclear, biological, or chemical protective equipment.

(3) The deployment center, or the Combatant Commander, shall issue OCIE and shall provide training, if necessary, to ensure the safety and security of contractor personnel.

(4) The Contractor shall ensure that all issued OCIE is returned to the point of issue, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer.

(j) *Weapons.*

(1) If the Contractor requests that its personnel performing in the USCENTCOM AOR be authorized to carry weapons for individual self-defense, the request shall be made through the Contracting Officer to the Combatant Commander, in accordance with DoD Instruction 3020.41. The Combatant Commander will determine whether to authorize in-theater contractor personnel to carry weapons and what weapons and ammunition will be allowed.

(2) If contractor personnel are authorized to carry weapons in accordance with paragraph (j)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor what weapons and ammunition are authorized.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that its personnel who are authorized to carry weapons—

(i) Are adequately trained to carry and use them—

(A) Safely;

(B) With full understanding of, and adherence to, the rules of the use of force issued by the Combatant Commander; and

(C) In compliance with applicable agency policies, agreements, rules, regulations, and other applicable law;

(ii) Are not barred from possession of a firearm by 18 U.S.C. 922;

(iii) Adhere to all guidance and orders issued by the Combatant Commander regarding possession, use, safety, and accountability of weapons and ammunition;

(iv) Comply with applicable Combatant Commander and local commander force-protection policies; and

(v) Understand that the inappropriate use of force could subject them to U.S. or host-nation prosecution and civil liability.

(4) Whether or not weapons are Government-furnished, all liability for the use of any weapon by contractor personnel rests solely with the Contractor and the Contractor employee using such weapon.

(5) Upon redeployment or revocation by the Combatant Commander of the Contractor's authorization to issue firearms, the Contractor shall ensure that all Government-issued weapons and unexpended ammunition are returned as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(k) *Vehicle or equipment licenses.* Contractor personnel shall possess the required licenses to operate all vehicles or equipment necessary to perform the contract in the USCENTCOM AOR.

(l) *Purchase of scarce goods and services.* If the Combatant Commander has established an organization for the USCENTCOM AOR whose function is to determine that certain items are scarce goods or services, the Contractor shall coordinate with that organization local purchases of goods and services designated as scarce, in accordance with instructions provided by the Contracting Officer.

(m) *Evacuation.*

(1) If the Combatant Commander orders a mandatory evacuation of some or all personnel, the Government will provide assistance, to the extent available, to United States and third country national contractor personnel.

(2) In the event of a non-mandatory evacuation order, unless authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall maintain personnel on location sufficient to meet obligations under this contract.

(n) *Next of kin notification and personnel recovery.*

(1) The Contractor shall be responsible for notification of the employee-designated next of kin in the event an employee dies, requires evacuation due to an injury, or is isolated, missing, detained, captured, or abducted.

(2) The Government will assist in personnel recovery actions in accordance with DoD Directive 3002.01E, Personnel Recovery in the Department of Defense.

(o) *Mortuary affairs.* Contractor personnel who die while in support of the U.S. Armed Forces shall be covered by the DoD mortuary affairs program as described in DoD Directive 1300.22, Mortuary Affairs Policy, and DoD Instruction 3020.41, Operational Contractor Support.

(p) *Changes.* In addition to the changes otherwise authorized by the Changes clause of this contract, the Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order identified as a change order, make changes in the place of performance or Government-furnished facilities, equipment, material, services, or site. Any change order issued in accordance with this paragraph (p) shall be subject to the provisions of the Changes clause of this contract.

(q) *Subcontracts.* The Contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (q), in all subcontracts when subcontractor personnel are performing in the USCENTCOM AOR.

C-JTSCC - 5152.225-5907 MEDICAL SCREENING AND VACCINATION REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES OPERATING IN THE CENTCOM AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY (AOR) (JUN 2015)

- (a) All contractor employees are required to be medically, dentally, and psychologically fit for deployment and performance of their contracted duties as outlined in the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) clause 252.225-7995, Contractor Personnel Performing in the United States Central Command Area of Responsibility. This clause requires all contractor personnel to meet the theater specific medical qualifications established by the Geographic Combatant Commander before deploying to, being granted installation access, or performing work under the resultant contract. In the USCENTCOM Area of Operation (AOR), the required medical screening, immunizations, and vaccinations are specified in the current USCENTCOM individual Protection and Individual Unit Deployment Policy and DoD Instruction (DODI) 3020.41, Operational Contract Support (OCS). Current medical screening, immunization, and vaccination requirements are available at <http://www2.centcom.mil/sites/contracts/Pages/GCP.aspx>. The current DODI is available at <http://www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/corres/ins1.html>. The current list of immunization and vaccination requirements are available at <http://www.vaccines.mil>.

The USCENTCOM policy requires contractors to ensure adequate health management is available for Tuberculosis (TB) screening, diagnosis, treatment, and isolation during the life of the contract. This includes management and compliance with all prescribed public health actions regarding TB and the responsibility to ensure adequate health management is available at the Contractor's medical provider or local economy provider's location for all contractor and subcontractor employees throughout the life of the contract. The contractor shall maintain medical screening documentation, in English, and make it available to the Contracting Officer, military public health personnel, or Base Operations Center installation access badging personnel upon request.

U.S. Citizens are considered Small-Risk Nationals (SRNs) as the U.S. has less than 25 TB cases per 100,000 persons. A TB testing method of either a TB skin test (TST) or Interferon Gamma Release Assay (IGRA) may be used for pre-deployment and annual re-screening of all U.S. Citizens employed under the contract. For a contact investigation, all personnel with a positive TST or IGRA will be evaluated for potential active TB with a symptom screen, exposure history and CXR. A physical copy of all TST, IGRA, and/or CXRs and radiographic interpretation must be provided at the deployment center designated in the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, prior to deployment and prior to installation access badge renewal.

Other Country Nationals (OCNs) and Local Nationals (LNs) shall have pre-deployment/employment testing for TB using a Chest x-ray (CXR) and a symptom survey completed within 3 months prior to the start of deployment/employment, with annual re-screening prior to installation access badge renewal. This is the only way to verify interval changes should an active case of TB occur. When conducting annual re-screening, the Contractor's medical provider or local economy provider will look for interval changes from prior CXR's and review any changes in the symptom survey. A physical copy of the CXR film with radiographic interpretation showing negative TB results must be provided to the Base Operations Center prior to the start of deployment/employment, with annual re-screening prior to installation access badge renewal.

- (b) After arrival in the USCENTCOM AOR, all cases of suspected or confirmed active TB must be reported to the theater Preventive Medicine (PM) Physician and/or TB Consultant within 24 hours. Contact tracing, and medical coding, have specific requirements. After consultation with the Theater PM or TB Consultant, the contractor or sub-contractor with suspected or confirmed TB are required to be evacuated to the closest civilian hospital for treatment. The Contractor is responsible for management and compliance with all prescribed public health actions. The employee, contractor/sub-contractor shall be transported out of theater following three (3) consecutive negative sputum smears.

- (c) All employees, contractors and sub-contractors, involved in food service, water and/or ice production facilities must be pre-screened prior to deployment and re-screened annually for signs and symptoms of infectious diseases. This includes a stool sample test for ova and parasites. Additionally, all employees, contractors and sub-contractors, will have completed: (1) the full series of immunization for Typhoid and Hepatitis "A" (full series) immunizations per the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines (e.g. typhoid vaccination booster is required every 2 years); (2) the required TB tests; and (3) screening for Hepatitis B and C.
- (d) Proof of pre-deployment and deployment medical screening, immunizations, and vaccinations (in English) for employees, contractors and sub-contractors shall be made available to the designated Government representative throughout the life of the contract, and provided to the Contracting Officer, for a minimum of six (6) years and (3) months from the date of final payment under the contract.

DFARS 252.232-7003 - ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF PAYMENT REQUESTS AND RECEIVING REPORTS (DEC 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“Contract financing payment” means an authorized Government disbursement of monies to a contractor prior to acceptance of supplies or services by the Government.

(1) Contract financing payments include—

- (i) Advance payments;
- (ii) Performance-based payments;
- (iii) Commercial advance and interim payments;
- (iv) Progress payments based on cost under the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.232-16, Progress Payments;
- (v) Progress payments based on a percentage or stage of completion (see FAR 32.102(e)), except those made under the clause at FAR 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts, or the clause at FAR 52.232-10, Payments Under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts; and
- (vi) Interim payments under a cost reimbursement contract, except for a cost reimbursement contract for services when Alternate I of the clause at FAR 52.232-25, Prompt Payment, is used.

(2) Contract financing payments do not include—

- (i) Invoice payments;
- (ii) Payments for partial deliveries; or
- (iii) Lease and rental payments.

“Electronic form” means any automated system that transmits information electronically from the initiating system to affected systems.

“Invoice payment” means a Government disbursement of monies to a contractor under a contract or other authorization for supplies or services accepted by the Government.

(1) Invoice payments include—

- (i) Payments for partial deliveries that have been accepted by the Government;
- (ii) Final cost or fee payments where amounts owed have been settled between the Government and the contractor;
- (iii) For purposes of subpart 32.9 only, all payments made under the clause at 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts, and the clause at 52.232-10, Payments Under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts; and
- (iv) Interim payments under a cost-reimbursement contract for services when Alternate I of the clause at 52.232-25, Prompt Payment, is used.

(2) Invoice payments do not include contract financing payments.

“Payment request” means any request for contract financing payment or invoice payment submitted by the Contractor under this contract or task or delivery order.

“Receiving report” means the data prepared in the manner and to the extent required by Appendix F, Material Inspection and Receiving Report, of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor shall submit

payment requests and receiving reports in electronic form using Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF). The Contractor shall prepare and furnish to the Government a receiving report at the time of each delivery of supplies or services under this contract or task or delivery order.

(c) Submit payment requests and receiving reports to WAWF in one of the following electronic formats:

- (1) Electronic Data Interchange.
- (2) Secure File Transfer Protocol.
- (3) Direct input through the WAWF website.

(d) The Contractor may submit a payment request and receiving report using methods other than WAWF only when—

- (1) The Contractor has requested permission in writing to do so, and the Contracting Officer has provided instructions for a temporary alternative method of submission of payment requests and receiving reports in the contract administration data section of this contract or task or delivery order;
- (2) DoD makes payment for commercial transportation services provided under a Government rate tender or a contract for transportation services using a DoD-approved electronic third party payment system or other exempted vendor payment/invoicing system (e.g., PowerTrack, Transportation Financial Management System, and Cargo and Billing System);
- (3) DoD makes payment on a contract or task or delivery order for rendered health care services using the TRICARE Encounter Data System; or
- (4) The Governmentwide commercial purchase card is used as the method of payment, in which case submission of only the receiving report in WAWF is required.

(e) Information regarding WAWF is available at <https://wawf.eb.mil/>.

(f) In addition to the requirements of this clause, the Contractor shall meet the requirements of the appropriate payment clauses in this contract when submitting payment requests.

DFARS 252.232-7010 - LEVIES ON CONTRACT PAYMENTS (DEC 2006)

- (a) 26 U.S.C. 6331(h) authorizes the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to continuously levy up to 100 percent of contract payments, up to the amount of tax debt.
- (b) When a levy is imposed on a payment under this contract and the Contractor believes that the levy may result in an inability to perform the contract, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Procuring Contracting Officer in writing, with a copy to the Administrative Contracting Officer, and shall provide—
 - (1) The total dollar amount of the levy;
 - (2) A statement that the Contractor believes that the levy may result in an inability to perform the contract, including rationale and adequate supporting documentation; and
 - (3) Advice as to whether the inability to perform may adversely affect national security, including rationale and adequate supporting documentation.
- (c) DoD shall promptly review the Contractor's assessment, and the Procuring Contracting Officer shall provide a written notification to the Contractor including—
 - (1) A statement as to whether DoD agrees that the levy may result in an inability to perform the contract; and
 - (2)(i) If the levy may result in an inability to perform the contract and the lack of performance will adversely affect national security, the total amount of the monies collected that should be returned to the Contractor; or
 - (ii) If the levy may result in an inability to perform the contract but will not impact national security, a recommendation that the Contractor promptly notify the IRS to attempt to resolve the tax situation.
- (d) Any DoD determination under this clause is not subject to appeal under the Contract Disputes Act.

DFARS 252.232-7011 - PAYMENTS IN SUPPORT OF EMERGENCIES AND CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS (MAY 2013)

- (a) Definitions of pertinent terms are set forth in sections 2.101, 32.001, and 32.902 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other payment clause in this contract, the Government will make invoice payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. The Government considers payment as being made on the day a check is dated or the date of an electronic funds transfer.
- (c) *Invoice payments.*
 - (1) *Due date.*
 - (i) Payment will be made as soon as possible once a proper invoice is received and matched with the contract and the receiving/acceptance report.
 - (ii) If the contract does not require submission of an invoice for payment (e.g., periodic lease payments), the due date will be as specified in the contract.
 - (2) *Contractor's invoice.* The Contractor shall prepare and submit invoices to the designated billing office specified in the contract. A proper invoice should include the items listed in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) through (c)(2)(x) of this clause.
 - (i) Name and address of the Contractor.
 - (ii) Invoice date and invoice number. (The Contractor should date invoices as close as possible to the date of the mailing or transmission.)
 - (iii) Contract number or other authorization for supplies delivered or services performed (including order number and contract line item number).
 - (iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price, and extended price of supplies delivered or services performed.

- (v) Shipping and payment terms (e.g., shipment number and date of shipment, discount for prompt payment terms). Bill of lading number and weight of shipment will be shown for shipments on Government bills of lading.
- (vi) Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the contract or in a proper notice of assignment).
- (vii) Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to notify in the event of a defective invoice.
- (viii) Taxpayer Identification Number (when required). The taxpayer identification number is required for all payees subject to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code.
- (ix) Electronic funds transfer banking information.
 - (A) The Contractor shall include electronic funds transfer banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
 - (B) If electronic funds transfer banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct electronic funds transfer banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision (e.g., FAR 52.232-38, Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer), contract clause (e.g., FAR 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—System for Award Management, or FAR 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.
 - (C) Electronic funds transfer banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by electronic funds transfer.
- (x) Any other information or documentation required by the contract (e.g., evidence of shipment).
- (3) *Discounts for prompt payment.* The designated payment office will take cost-effective discounts if the payment is made within the discount terms of the contract.
- (4) *Contract financing payment.* If this contract provides for contract financing, the Government will make contract financing payments in accordance with the applicable contract financing clause.
- (5) *Overpayments.* If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall—
 - (i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment, including the—
 - (A) Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);
 - (B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;
 - (C) Affected contract line item or subline item, if applicable; and
 - (D) Contractor point of contact; and
 - (ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.
- (d) This clause is applicable until otherwise notified by the Contracting Officer. Upon notification by issuance of a contract modification, the appropriate FAR Prompt Payment clause in the contract becomes applicable.

DFARS 252.233-7001 CHOICE OF LAW (OVERSEAS) (JUN 1997)

This contract shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the substantive laws of the United States of America. By the execution of this contract, the Contractor expressly agrees to waive any rights to invoke the jurisdiction of local national courts where this contract is performed and agrees to accept the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals and the United States Court of Federal Claims for the hearing and determination of any and all disputes that may arise under the Disputes clause of this contract.

DLAD 52.212-9000 CHANGES – MILITARY READINESS (NOV 2011)

The commercial changes clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.212-4(c) is applicable to this contract in lieu of the changes clause at FAR 52.243-1. However, in the event of a contingency operation or a humanitarian or peace keeping operation, as defined below, the Contracting Officer may, by written order, change 1) the method of shipment or packing, and 2) the place of delivery. If any such change causes an increase in the cost of, or the time required for performance, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the contract price, the delivery schedule, or both, and shall modify the contract. The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment within 30 days from the date of receipt of the modification.

“Contingency operation” means a military operation that-is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of

the uniformed services under 10 United States Code (U.S.C.) 688, 12301(a), 12302, 12304, 12305, or 12406, chapter 15 of U.S.C., or any other provision of law during a war or during an national emergency declared by the President or Congress (10 U.S.C. 101(a)(13)).

“Humanitarian or peacekeeping operation” means a military operation in support of the provision of humanitarian or foreign disaster assistance or in support of peacekeeping operation under Chapter VI or VII of the Charter of the United Nations. The term does not include routine training, force rotation, or stationing. (10 U.S.C. 2302 (8) and 41 U.S.C. 259(d)(2)(B)).

I-0001 11.01 DEFINITIONS (DLA ENERGY JUN 2009)

As used throughout this contract, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(a) **Quality Assurance Representative (QAR)** is a Government Representative authorized to represent the Contracting Officer to assure the Contractor complies with the contractual requirements in furnishing petroleum products and services.

(b) **Ordering Officer** means whichever of the following or their designated representatives is applicable: (1) the Commander, DLA Energy; (2) the Commander, Defense General Supply Center; (3) the Commander, U.S. Army Petroleum Center; (4) the Commanding Officer, U.S. Navy Petroleum Office; (5) the Director of Air Force Aerospace Fuels; (6) the Chief of the Air Force Aerospace Fuels Office; (7) the Officer in charge of the Federal Government activity encompassing any delivery point indicated in the Schedule; (8) the Commanding Officer or the Master of the vessel to be bunkered; (9) any Government Contractor furnishing evidence of authority to order under this contract; (10) the head of any Federal Government agency; (11) the pilot, the flight commander, the aircraft commander or the crew chief of the U.S. designated aircraft authorized to place orders against into-plane contracts; (12) the Contracting Officer; (13) the individual in charge of ordering coal at the receiving Government activity; (14) the driver of a Federal vehicle or boat, or the pilot of a Federal aircraft authorized to place orders under a service station contract; (15) the Navy Fleet Commanders; (16) the Defense Attaché .

(c) The acronym **TK** means tanker, **B** means barge, **TC** means tank car, **T** means truck, **TT** means transport truck, **TTR** means truck and trailer, **TW** means tank wagon, **P** means pipeline, and **MSS** means Marine Service Station. The acronyms or terms **TT** or **transport truck** and **TTR** or **truck and trailer** mean tank truck equipment, whereas the acronym or term **T** or **truck** means truck equipment for hauling drummed or packaged supplies. The acronym **SW** means supplier's works, **CFD** means Contractor-furnished drum, and **GFD** means Government-furnished drum.

(d) **Supplies** means all property, except land and interests in land, that is clearly identifiable for eventual use by or owned by the DoD at the time of transportation by sea. An item is clearly identifiable for eventual use by the DoD if, for example, the contract documentation contains a reference to a DoD contract number or a military destination.

(e) **Acceptance** means the act of an authorized Representative of the Government by which the Government, for itself, or as an agent of another, assumes ownership of existing identified supplies tendered or approves specific services rendered, as partial or complete performance of the contract. For f.o.b. origin delivery acceptance occurs when the Government QAR signs the Material Inspection and Receiving Report (DD Form 250 series document). For f.o.b. destination delivery, acceptance occurs when the authorized Government Representative signs the DD Form 250 series document or the contractor's shipping document.

(f) **Calibration** means the comparison of a measurement system or device of unverified accuracy to a measurement system or device of known or greater accuracy to detect and correct any deviation from required performance specifications of the unverified measurement system or device.

(g) The terms **isolated system** and **segregated system** mean a system that has a positive separation from other systems in a tank farm through the means of blind flanges, locked double-block and bleed type valves, etc.

(h) **Dedicated system** means a system that is self contained and for the exclusive use of a particular product.

(i) **Common system** means a system that usually utilizes a manifold or pipeline that handles more than one product exclusively.

I-0002 11.20-1 CLAUSES AND PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) This provision incorporates contract clauses and solicitation provisions by reference with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available.

(b) The full text of any FAR, DFARS, or DLAD solicitation clause or provision may be accessed electronically at these addresses:

FAR/DFARS: <http://farsite.hill.af.mil>
DLAD: <http://www.dla.mil/j-3/j-336>

(c) All **DLA ENERGY** provisions are contained in full text in this document.

(d) **Solicitation Provisions Only.** The offeror is cautioned that the solicitation provisions listed in (e)(1) below may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. As long as the offeror identifies the solicitation provision by number, the offeror may simply complete those paragraphs requiring fill-in information to submit with its quotation or offer. In addition to the solicitation provisions listed in (e)(1) below, the contract clauses listed in (e)(2) below shall apply to any resultant contract but do not require the submission of additional offer information.

(e) The following FAR/DFARS/DLAD contract clauses and solicitation provisions are hereby incorporated by reference in addition to those listed in the CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS - COMMERCIAL ITEMS:

FAR 52.203-3 GRATUITIES (APR 1984)

DFARS 252.203-7000 REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO COMPENSATION OF FORMER DOD OFFICIALS (SEP 2011)

DFARS 252.203-7005 REPRESENTATION RELATING TO COMPENSATION OF FORMER DOD OFFICIALS (NOV 2011)

DFARS 252.205-7000 PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT HOLDERS (DEC 1991)

DFARS 252.209-7001 DISCLOSURE OF OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL BY THE GOVERNMENT OF A TERRORIST COUNTRY (JAN 2009)

DFARS 252.225-7021 TRADE AGREEMENTS (OCT 2013)

DFARS 252.243-7002 REQUESTS FOR EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT (DEC 2012)

DFARS 252.247-7023 TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA (JUN 2013) Alternate I (MAR 2000)

DFARS 252.247-7024 NOTIFICATION OF TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES BY SEA (MAR 2000)

I-0003 I11.01-2 ADMINISTRATIVE COST OF TERMINATION FOR CAUSE – COMMERCIAL ITEMS (DLA ENERGY FEB 1996)

(a) In the event this contract is terminated for cause, in whole or in part, the Government will incur administrative costs.

(b) The Contractor agrees to pay all administrative costs associated with a contract termination action. The minimum amount the Contractor shall pay for each termination action is \$500. This payment for administrative costs is in addition to any excess re-procurement costs and any other remedies or damages resulting from the termination.

(c) The term termination action, as used herein, means the termination for cause, including any associated re-procurement effort, involving--

- (1) Any single order or any group of orders terminated together;
- (2) Any item or group of items terminated together; or
- (3) The entire contract.

I-0004 I186 PROTECTION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AND SPILL PREVENTION (DLA ENERGY FEB 2009)

(a) The Contractor shall use reasonable care to avoid damaging or contaminating existing buildings, equipment, asphalt pavement, soil, or vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on the Government installation. If the Contractor fails to use reasonable care or fail to comply with the requirements of this contract and damages or contaminates any such buildings, equipment, asphalt pavement, soil or vegetation, or other Government facilities, he shall replace the damaged items

or repair the damage at no expense to the Government and to the satisfaction of the Government. Should the Contractor fail or refuse to make such repairs or replacements, the Government may have the said repairs or replacement accomplished, and the Contractor shall be liable for the cost thereof which may be deducted from the amounts which become due under this contract. Informal agreement with the Contractor upon replacement, repairs, or costs to be deducted shall first be attempted by the Installation Commander or Ordering Officer. If disagreement persists, the matter shall be referred to the Contracting Officer. Unless approved by the Contracting Officer, no costs shall be deducted from amounts due or owing without the Contractor's consent.

(b) The Contractor shall take all measures as required by law to prevent oil spills (including, but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying or dumping into or onto any land or water). In the event the Contractor spills any oil (including, but not limited to, gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, or jet fuel), the Contractor shall be responsible for the containment, cleanup, and disposal of the oil spilled. Should the Contractor fail or refuse to take the appropriate containment, cleanup, and disposal actions, the Government may do so itself. The Contractor shall reimburse the Government for all expenses incurred including fines levied by Federal, State, or local governments.

I-0005 I190.06 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (DLA ENERGY APR 2006)

(a) The Contractor agrees to submit to the Contracting Officer, upon request, a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and the latest revision of Federal Standard No. 313 for all requested contract items. MSDSs must cite the contract number, the applicable CAGE code of the manufacturer, and, where so identified, the National Stock Number (NSN).

(b) The data on the MSDSs must be current and complete, reflecting the final composition of the product supplied. Should the description/composition of the product change in any manner from a previously submitted MSDS, the Contractor shall promptly provide a new MSDS to the Contracting Officer.

I-0006 I209.09 EXTENSION PROVISIONS (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) The Government shall have the right to extend this contract on the same terms and conditions one or more times for a total of no more than six months. Notice of contract extension will be furnished to the Contractor not later than **30 days** prior to expiration of the contract ordering period or any extension thereof. Nothing in this contract provision precludes the Contractor from agreeing to an extension of the contract if the DLA Energy Contracting Officer fails to issue the notice prior to **30 days** before the end of the ordering period.

(b) Extension of this contract shall be considered to have been accomplished at the time the DLA Energy Contracting Officer provides written notification to the Contractor.

I-0007 I209.18 OPTION TO EXTEND THE TERM OF THE CONTRACT (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

(a) The Government may extend the term of this contract under the terms of the Schedule by giving written notice to the Contractor at least **30** days before the contract expires.

(b) If the Government exercises this option, the extended contract shall be considered to include this option provision.

(c) The total duration of this contract, including the exercise of any options under this provision, shall not exceed **six months**.

I-0008 I385 NOTIFICATION OF CONTRACTING OFFICER IN THE EVENT OF DISCOVERY OF EVIDENCE OF FRAUD UNDER THE CONTRACT (DLA ENERGY JUL 2008)

In the course of the performance of inspection duties and other services, should the Contractor discover any evidence of potential fraud, waste or abuse or possible wrongdoing, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing within three working days with salient facts, including who, what, where, and when the information was discovered.

(a) The notice shall identify the persons or parties involved, address, phone number, and a description of the suspected activity. The notice to the Contracting Officer shall also state the name(s), position(s) and contact information of the Contractor representative who discovered the fraud.

(b) In the event that Contractor personnel are contacted by any local, national or military investigators or auditors, the Contractor shall obtain the name of the investigator/auditor, the agency or organization to which the investigator/auditor is assigned and contact information (phone number, cell phone number, facsimile number, email address, postal address) and provide the same to the Contracting Officer.

(c) The failure of the Contractor to provide any such notices may be considered a material breach of the contract.

SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS OR RESPONDENTS

FAR 52.209-7 – INFORMATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (OCT 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

“Administrative proceeding” means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (e.g., Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative Proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings). This includes administrative proceeding at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include agency actions such as contract audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

“Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000” means—

(1) The total value of all current, active contracts and grants, including all priced options; and

(2) The total value of all current, active orders including all priced options under indefinite-delivery, indefinite-quantity, 8(a), or requirements contracts (including task and delivery and multiple-award Schedules).

“Principal” means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

(b) The offeror has does not have current active Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000.

(c) If the offeror checked “has” in paragraph (b) of this provision, the offeror represents, by submission of this offer, that the information it has entered in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) is current, accurate, and complete as of the date of submission of this offer with regard to the following information:

(1) Whether the offeror, and/or any of its principals, has or has not, within the last five years, in connection with the award to or performance by the offeror of a Federal contract or grant, been the subject of a proceeding, at the Federal or State level that resulted in any of the following dispositions:

(i) In a criminal proceeding, a conviction.

(ii) In a civil proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in the payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more.

(iii) In an administrative proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in—

(A) The payment of a monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more; or

(B) The payment of a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000.

(iv) In a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding, a disposition of the matter by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault by the Contractor if the proceeding could have led to any of the outcomes specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii), or (c)(1)(iii) of this provision.

(2) If the offeror has been involved in the last five years in any of the occurrences listed in (c)(1) of this provision, whether the offeror has provided the requested information with regard to each occurrence.

(d) The offeror shall post the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this provision in FAPIIS as required through maintaining an active registration in the System for Award Management which can be accessed via <https://www.sam.gov> (see 52.204-7).

FAR 52.209-9 – UPDATES OF PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (OCT 2018)

(a) The Contractor shall update the information in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) on a semi-annual basis, throughout the life of the contract, by posting the required information in the System for Award Management via <https://www.sam.gov>.

(b) As required by section 3010 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010 (Pub. L. 111-212), all information posted in FAPIIS on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews, will be publicly available. FAPIIS consist of two segments—

(1) The non-public segment, into which Government officials and the Contractor post information, which can only be viewed by—

(i) Government personnel and authorized users performing business on behalf of the Government; or

(ii) The Contractor, when viewing data on itself; and

(2) The publicly-available segment, to which all data in the non-public segment of FAPIIS is automatically transferred after a waiting period of 14 calendar days, except for--

(i) Past performance reviews required by subpart 42.15;

(ii) Information that was entered prior to April 15, 2011; or

(iii) Information that is withdrawn during the 14-calendar-day waiting period by the Government official who posted it in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.

(c) The Contractor will receive notification when the Government posts new information to the Contractor's record.

(1) If the Contractor asserts in writing within 7 calendar days, to the Government official who posted the information, that some of the information posted to the non-public segment of FAPIIS is covered by a disclosure exemption under the Freedom of Information Act, the Government official who posted the information must within 7 calendar days remove the posting from FAPIIS and resolve the issue in accordance with agency Freedom of Information procedures, prior to reposting the releasable information. The contractor must cite 52.209-9 and request removal within 7 calendar days of the posting to FAPIIS.

(2) The Contractor will also have an opportunity to post comments regarding information that has been posted by the Government. The comments will be retained as long as the associated information is retained, i.e., for a total period of 6 years. Contractor comments will remain a part of the record unless the Contractor revises them.

(3) As required by section 3010 of Pub. L. 111-212, all information posted in FAPIIS on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews, will be publicly available.

(d) Public requests for system information posted prior to April 15, 2011, will be handled under Freedom of Information Act procedures, including, where appropriate, procedures promulgated under E.O. 12600.

FAR 52.212-3 OFFEROR REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2018)

The Offeror shall complete only paragraph (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically in the System for Award Management (SAM) accessed through <https://www.sam.gov>. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (u) of this provision.

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

“Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern” means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

“Forced or indentured child labor” means all work or service—

(6) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or

(7) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

“Highest-level owner” means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

“Immediate owner” means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: Ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

“Inverted domestic corporation,” means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

“Manufactured end product” means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except—

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;
- (2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
- (3) PSG 88, Live Animals;
- (4) PSG 89, Subsistence;
- (5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;
- (7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
- (8) PSC 9610, Ores;
- (9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

“Place of manufacture” means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

“Predecessor” means an entity that is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors of the predecessor.

“Restricted business operations” means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
- (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
- (6) Have been voluntarily suspended.

Sensitive technology—

- (1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—
 - (i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or
 - (ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and
- (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).

“Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern”—

- (1) Means a small business concern—
 - (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
 - (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

“Small business concern” means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.

“Small disadvantaged business concern, consistent with 13 CFR 124.1002,” means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that--

- (1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by--
 - (i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and
 - (ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

“Subsidiary” means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.

“Successor” means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and carrying out the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term “successor” does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.

“Veteran-owned small business concern” means a small business concern—

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans(as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

“Women-owned business concern” means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

“Women-owned small business concern” means a small business concern --

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

“Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127),” means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States.

(b)

(1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the Offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications in SAM.

(2) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically in SAM accessed through <http://www.sam.gov>. After reviewing SAM information, the Offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications--Commercial Items, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), at the time this offer is submitted and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201), except for paragraphs __. [Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (u) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any. These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer. Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]

(c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract is to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply.

(1) Small business concern. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it is, is not a small business concern.

(2) Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it is, is not a veteran-owned small business concern.

(3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it is, is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.

(4) Small disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it is, is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.

(5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it is, is not a women-owned small business concern.

Note: Complete paragraphs (c)(8) and (c)(9) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.

(6) WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a women-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.] The offeror represents that—

(i) It is, is not a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and

(ii) It is, is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture: _____.] Each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the WOSB representation.

(7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program in (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents that—

(i) It is, is not an EDWOSB concern, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and

(ii) It is, is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of this provision is accurate for each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the EDWOSB concern and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture: _____.] Each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the EDWOSB representation.

(8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it is, a women-owned business concern.

(9) Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:

(10) HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--

(i) It is, is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and

(ii) It is, is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the representation in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this provision is accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the names of each of the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture: _____.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

(11) (Complete if the offeror has represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (c)(4) of this provision.)

[The offeror shall check the category in which its ownership falls]:

Black American.

Hispanic American.

Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).

Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, Republic of Palau, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).

Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).

Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.

(d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order 11246 --

(1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that --

(i) It has, has not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and

(ii) It has, has not, filed all required compliance reports.

(2) Affirmative Action Compliance. The offeror represents that --

(i) It has developed and has on file, has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or

(ii) It has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

(e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.

(f) Buy American Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.225-1, Buy American – Supplies, is included in this solicitation.)

(1) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, i.e., an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of “domestic end product.” The terms “commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item,” “component,” “domestic end product,” “end product,” “foreign end product,” and “United States” are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Supplies.”

(2) Foreign End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

(3) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.

(g)

(1) Buy American -- Free Trade Agreements -- Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-3, Buy American -- Free Trade Agreements -- Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)

(i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or (g)(1)(iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The terms “Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product,” “commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item,” “component,” “domestic end product,” “end product,” “foreign end product,” “Free Trade Agreement country,” “Free Trade Agreement country end product,” “Israeli end product,” and “United States” are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act.”

(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”:

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

(iii) The offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act.” The offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, i.e., an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of “domestic end product.”

Other Foreign End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

(iv) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.

(2) Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate I. If Alternate I to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”:

Canadian End Products:

Line Item No.:

[List as necessary]

(3) Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II. If Alternate II to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act”:

Canadian or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

(4) Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate III. If Alternate III to the clause at 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”:

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

(5) Trade Agreements Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-5, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)

(i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(5)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Trade Agreements.”

(ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

Other End Products

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

(iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.

(h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals--

(1) Are, are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;

(2) Have, have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property; and

(3) Are, are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and

(4) Have, have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,500 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.

(i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:

(A) The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.

(B) The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

(ii) Examples.

(A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.

(B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals Contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.

(C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.

(D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).

(i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at 22.1503(b).]

(1) Listed End Product

Listed End Product:	Listed Countries of Origin:

(2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]

(i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.

(ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.

(j) Place of manufacture. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly—

(1) In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or

(2) Outside the United States.

(k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards. (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) [The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) applies.]

(1) Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR 22.1003-4(c)(1). The offeror does does not certify that—

(i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;

(ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and

(iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.

(2) Certain services as described in FAR 22.1003-4(d)(1). The offeror does does not certify that—

(i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;

(ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii));

(iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and

(iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.

(3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies—

(i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and

(ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.

(l) Taxpayer identification number (TIN) (26 U.S.C. 6109, 31 U.S.C. 7701). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to the SAM database to be eligible for award.)

(1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (l)(3) through (l)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

(2) The TIN may be used by the government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).

TIN: _____.

TIN has been applied for.

TIN is not required because:

Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;

Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government;

(4) Type of organization.

Sole proprietorship;

Partnership;

Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);

Corporate entity (tax-exempt);

Government entity (Federal, State, or local);

Foreign government;

International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;

Other _____.

(5) Common parent.

Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent:

Name and TIN of common parent:

Name _____

TIN _____

(m) Restricted business operations in Sudan. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.

(n) Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—

(1) Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at 9.108-2(b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at 9.108-4.

(2) Representation. The offeror represents that—

(i) It is, is not an inverted domestic corporation; and

(ii) It is, is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.

(o) Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.

(1) The offeror shall email questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.

(2) Representation and Certification. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror—

(i) Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;

(ii) Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and

(iii) Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds \$3,500 with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50(U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at <https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx>).

(3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (o)(2) of this provision do not apply if—

(i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g., 52.212-3(g) or a comparable agency provision); and

(ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.

(p) Ownership or Control of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a unique entity identifier in the solicitation.

(1) The Offeror represents that it has or does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.

(2) If the Offeror indicates “has” in paragraph (p)(1) of this provision, enter the following information:

Immediate owner CAGE code: _____

Immediate owner legal name: _____

(Do not use a “doing business as” name)

Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity:

Yes or No.

(3) If the Offeror indicates “yes” in paragraph (p)(2) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:

Highest level owner CAGE code: _____

Highest level owner legal name: _____

(Do not use a “doing business as” name)

(q) Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.

(1) As required by section 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, the Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—

(i) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless and agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or

(ii) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

(2) The Offeror represents that--

(i) It is is not a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and

(ii) It is is not a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

(r) Predecessor of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations that include the provision at 52.204-16, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.)

(1) The Offeror represents that it is or is not a successor to a predecessor that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.

(2) If the Offeror has indicated “is” in paragraph (r)(1) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):

Predecessor CAGE code _____ (or mark “Unknown”).

Predecessor legal name: _____.
(Do not use a “doing business as” name).

(s) Reserved.

(t) Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals. Applies in all solicitations that require offerors to register in SAM (52.212-1(k)).

(1) This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.

(2) Representation. [Offeror to check applicable block(s) in paragraph (t)(2)(i) and (ii)].

(i) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) [] does, [] does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, i.e., makes available on a publicly accessible Web site the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.

(ii) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) [] does, [] does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, i.e., make available on a publicly accessible Web site a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.

(iii) A publicly accessible Web site includes the Offeror's own Web site or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.

(3) If the Offeror checked "does" in paragraphs (t)(2)(i) or (t)(2)(ii) of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible Web site(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported: _____.

(u)

(1) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.

(2) The prohibition in paragraph (u)(1) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

(3) Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).

DFAR 252.225-7020 TRADE AGREEMENTS CERTIFICATE (NOV 2014)

a) *Definitions.* "Designated country end product," "nondesignated country end product," "qualifying country end product," and "U.S.-made end product" as used in this provision have the meanings given in the Trade Agreements—Basic clause of this solicitation.

(b) *Evaluation.* The Government—

(1) Will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of Part 225 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; and

(2) Will consider only offers of end products that are U.S.-made, qualifying country, or designated country end products unless—

(i) There are no offers of such end products;

(ii) The offers of such end products are insufficient to fulfill the Government's requirements; or

(iii) A national interest waiver has been granted.

(c) *Certification and identification of country of origin.*

(1) For all line items subject to the Trade Agreements—Basic clause of this solicitation, the offeror certifies that each end product to be delivered under this contract, except those listed in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision, is a U.S.-made, qualifying country, or designated country end product.

(2) The following supplies are other nondesignated country end products:

(Line Item Number)

(Country of Origin)

K-0001 K15 RELEASE OF PRICES (DLA ENERGY MAR 2009)

The Defense Logistics Agency Energy (DLA Energy) will release prices of successful offerors after contract award pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2305(g)(2), FAR 15.506(d)(2) and 32 CFR 286h-3. Prices are the bottom-line price and do not include any breakout of costs, such as transportation or overhead, and do not disclose the offeror's anticipated profit or any pricing factors.

SECTION L – INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS OR RESPONDENTS

FAR 52.212-1 -- INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS. (DEVIATION 2018-O0018) (OCT 2018)

(a) *North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code and small business size standard.* The NAICS code and small business size standard for this acquisition appear in Block 10 of the solicitation cover sheet (SF 1449). However, the small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, but which proposes to furnish an item which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.

(b) *Submission of offers.* Submit signed and dated offers to the office specified in this solicitation at or before the exact time specified in this solicitation. Offers may be submitted on the SF 1449, letterhead stationery, or as otherwise specified in the solicitation. As a minimum, offers must show --

- (1) The solicitation number;
- (2) The time specified in the solicitation for receipt of offers;
- (3) The name, address, and telephone number of the offeror;
- (4) A technical description of the items being offered in sufficient detail to evaluate compliance with the requirements in the solicitation. This may include product literature, or other documents, if necessary;
- (5) Terms of any express warranty;
- (6) Price and any discount terms;
- (7) "Remit to" address, if different than mailing address;
- (8) A completed copy of the representations and certifications at FAR 52.212-3 (see FAR 52.212-3(b) for those representations and certifications that the offeror shall complete electronically);

(9) Acknowledgment of Solicitation Amendments;

(10) Past performance information, when included as an evaluation factor, to include recent and relevant contracts for the same or similar items and other references (including contract numbers, points of contact with telephone numbers and other relevant information); and

(11) If the offer is not submitted on the SF 1449, include a statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation. Offers that fail to furnish required representations or information, or reject the terms and conditions of the solicitation may be excluded from consideration.

(c) *Period for acceptance of offers.* The offeror agrees to hold the prices in its offer firm for 30 calendar days from the date specified for receipt of offers, unless another time period is specified in an addendum to the solicitation.

(d) *Product samples.* When required by the solicitation, product samples shall be submitted at or prior to the time specified for receipt of offers. Unless otherwise specified in this solicitation, these samples shall be submitted at no expense to the Government, and returned at the sender's request and expense, unless they are destroyed during preaward testing.

(e) *Multiple offers.* Offerors are encouraged to submit multiple offers presenting alternative terms and conditions, including alternative line items (provided that the alternative line items are consistent with subpart 4.10 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or alternative commercial items for satisfying the requirements of this solicitation. Each offer submitted will be evaluated separately.

(f) *Late submissions, modifications, revisions, and withdrawals of offers.*

(1) Offerors are responsible for submitting offers, and any modifications, revisions, or withdrawals, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that offers or revisions are due.

(2)

(i) Any offer, modification, revision, or withdrawal of an offer received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and—

(A) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of offers; or

(B) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or

(C) If this solicitation is a request for proposals, it was the only proposal received.

(ii) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful offer, that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.

(3) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the offer wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

(4) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that offers cannot be received at the Government office designated for receipt of offers by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent

Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation or other notice of an extension of the closing date, the time specified for receipt of offers will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

(5) Offers may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers. Oral offers in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile offers, offers may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers, subject to the conditions specified in the solicitation concerning facsimile offers. An offer may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for receipt of offers, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the offer.

(g) *Contract award (not applicable to Invitation for Bids)*. The Government intends to evaluate offers and award a contract without discussions with offerors. Therefore, the offeror's initial offer should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint. However, the Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if later determined by the Contracting Officer to be necessary. The Government may reject any or all offers if such action is in the public interest; accept other than the lowest offer; and waive informalities and minor irregularities in offers received.

(h) *Multiple awards*. The Government may accept any item or group of items of an offer, unless the offeror qualifies the offer by specific limitations. Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, offers may not be submitted for quantities less than those specified. The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the offer.

(i) Availability of requirements documents cited in the solicitation.

(1)

(i) The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29, and copies of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained for a fee by submitting a request to--

GSA Federal Supply Service Specifications Section

Suite 8100
470 L'Enfant Plaza, SW
Washington, DC 20407
Telephone (202) 619-8925)

Facsimile (202 619-8978).

(ii) If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a single copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained free of charge by submitting a request to the addressee in paragraph (i)(1)(i) of this provision. Additional copies will be issued for a fee.

(2) Most unclassified Defense specifications and standards may be downloaded from the following ASSIST websites--

(i) ASSIST (<https://assist.dla.mil/online/start/>).

(ii) Quick Search (<http://quicksearch.dla.mil/>).

(iii) ASSISTdocs.com (<http://assistdocs.com>).

(3) Documents not available from ASSIST may be ordered from the Department of Defense Single Stock Point (DoDSSP) by—

- (i) Using the ASSIST Shopping Wizard (<https://assist.dla.mil/wizard/index.cfm>);
- (ii) Phoning the DoDSSP Customer Service Desk (215) 697-2179, Mon-Fri, 0730 to 1600 EST; or
- (iii) Ordering from DoDSSP, Building 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Telephone (215) 697/2197, Facsimile (215) 697-1462.

(4) Nongovernment (voluntary) standards must be obtained from the organization responsible for their preparation, publication, or maintenance.

(j) *Unique entity identifier.* (Applies to all offers exceeding \$3,500, and offers of \$3,500 or less if the solicitation requires the Contractor to be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM).) The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation “Unique Entity Identifier” followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Offeror's name and address. The Offeror also shall enter its Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator, if applicable. The EFT indicator is a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the Offeror to establish additional SAM records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see subpart 32.11) for the same entity. If the Offeror does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at www.sam.gov for unique entity identifier establishment directly to obtain one. The Offeror should indicate that it is an offeror for a Government contract when contacting the entity designated at www.sam.gov for establishing the unique entity identifier.

Class Deviation 2018-O0018—Micro-Purchase Threshold, Simplified Acquisition Threshold, and Special Emergency Procurement Authority. Effective August 31, 2018. This deviation remains in effect until it is incorporated into the FAR or DFARS, or otherwise rescinded

*(j) Unique entity identifier. (Applies to all offers exceeding the micro-purchase threshold and offers at any dollar value if the solicitation requires the Contractor to be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) database.) * * **

(k) Reserved.

(l) *Debriefing.* If a post-award debriefing is given to requesting offerors, the Government shall disclose the following information, if applicable:

- (1) The agency’s evaluation of the significant weak or deficient factors in the debriefed offeror’s offer.
- (2) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful and debriefed offeror and past performance information on the debriefed offeror.
- (3) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection.
- (4) A summary of rationale for award;
- (5) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.
- (6) Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed offeror as to whether source-selection procedures set forth in the solicitation, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities were followed by the agency. End of Provision)

Offers submitted in response to this solicitation shall be in the English language. Offers received in other than English shall be rejected.

FAR 52.214-35 -- SUBMISSION OF OFFERS IN U.S. CURRENCY (APR 1991)

Offers submitted in response to this solicitation shall be in terms of U.S. dollars. Offers received in other than U.S. dollars shall be rejected.

FAR 52.216-1 -- TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1984)

The Government contemplates award(s) of Fixed-Price Requirements Contract(s) with Economic Price Adjustment contract resulting from this solicitation.

FAR 52.232-38 -- SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER INFORMATION WITH OFFER (JUL 2013)

The offeror shall provide, with its offer, the following information that is required to make payment by electronic funds transfer (EFT) under any contract that results from this solicitation. This submission satisfies the requirement to provide EFT information under paragraphs (b)(1) and (j) of the clause at 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer--Other than System for Award Management.

- (1) The solicitation number (or other procurement identification number).
- (2) The offeror's name and remittance address, as stated in the offer.
- (3) The signature (manual or electronic, as appropriate), title, and telephone number of the offeror's official authorized to provide this information.
- (4) The name, address, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the offeror's financial agent.
- (5) The offeror's account number and the type of account (checking, savings, or lockbox).
- (6) If applicable, the Fedwire Transfer System telegraphic abbreviation of the offeror's financial agent.
- (7) If applicable, the offeror shall also provide the name, address, telegraphic abbreviation, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the correspondent financial institution receiving the wire transfer payment if the offeror's financial agent is not directly on-line to the Fedwire and, therefore, not the receiver of the wire transfer payment.

DLAD 33.103 PROTESTS TO THE AGENCY (DEC 2016)

(c) Procuring organizations shall consider using Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) techniques in resolving agency level protests.

(d)(4) Protesters may submit a protest to the contracting officer or may request an independent review by the CCO under the authority of Executive Order (EO) Number 12979, Agency Procurement Protests, as implemented by FAR 33.103(d). The CCO's authority may not be delegated. If the CCO had previous personal involvement with the procurement, the decision-maker shall be the HCA. All protest decisions require legal review. Solicitations must include procurement note L06 or language substantially as follows:

L06 Agency Protests (DEC 2016)

Interested parties may file an agency level protest with the contracting officer or may request an independent review by the chief of the contracting office (CCO). Independent review by the CCO is an alternative to consideration by the contracting officer and is not available as an appellate review of a contracting officer decision on a protest previously filed with the contracting officer. Absent a clear indication of the intent to file an agency level protest with the CCO for independent review, protests will be presumed to be protests to the contracting officer.

**DLAD 52.233-9001 DISPUTES AGREEMENT TO USE ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR)
(DEC 2016)**

- (a) The parties agree to negotiate with each other to try to resolve any disputes that may arise. If unassisted negotiations are unsuccessful, the parties will use alternative dispute resolution (ADR) techniques to try to resolve the dispute. Litigation will only be considered as a last resort when ADR is unsuccessful or has been documented by the party rejecting ADR to be inappropriate for resolving the dispute.
- (b) Before either party determines ADR inappropriate, that party must discuss the use of ADR with the other party. The documentation rejecting ADR must be signed by an official authorized to bind the contractor (see FAR 52.233-1), or, for the Agency, by the contracting officer, and approved at a level above the contracting officer after consultation with the ADR Specialist and legal counsel. Contractor personnel are also encouraged to include the ADR Specialist in their discussions with the contracting officer before determining ADR to be inappropriate.
- (c) If you wish to opt out of this clause, check here []. Alternate wording may be negotiated with the contracting officer.

L-0001 L2.11-4 E-MAIL PROPOSALS (DLA ENERGY OCT 2010)

- (a) Offerors may submit proposals via e-mail. E-mail proposals are subject to the same rules as paper proposals.
- (b) E-mail receiving data and compatibility characteristics are as follows:
 - (1) E-mail address: **DLA-ENERGY-PCA@DLA.MIL**
 - (2) The DLA Energy accepts attachments in—
 - (i) Adobe Acrobat;
 - (ii) Microsoft Excel;
 - (iii) Microsoft Word; and
 - (iv) Microsoft PowerPoint.
- (c) Initial proposals, modifications and proposal revisions submitted via e-mail must contain offeror's signature included in the attachment to the e-mail communication.
- (d) Attachments that are not in .pdf file format must be sent password protected for “read only” to ensure the integrity of the data submitted.
- (e) Proposals submitted electronically through a single e-mail must be no more than 10 MB. DLA Energy’s mail server will reject messages larger than 10 MB.
- (f) The DLA Energy e-mail filter will scan the incoming e-mail and attachments for viruses and key words. Abbreviations for terms such as “Analysts” or using “3Xs” as placeholders in a document are found in the filter’s adult content library and may result in the e-mail delivery being delayed. Offerors are encouraged to verify receipt of e-mail offers by contacting the Contracting Officer prior to the solicitation closing time.
- (g) If any portion of an e-mail proposal received by the Contracting Officer is unreadable, the Contracting Officer will immediately notify the offeror and permit the offeror to resubmit the proposal. The method and time for resubmission shall be prescribed by the Contracting Officer after consultation with the offeror and the resubmission shall be considered as if it were received at the date and time of the original unreadable submission for the purpose of determining timeliness, provided the offeror complied with the e-mail submissions instructions provided in this paragraph and with the time and format requirements for resubmission prescribed by the Contracting Officer.
- (h) The Government reserves the right to make award solely on the e-mail proposal. However, if requested to do so by the Contracting Officer, the apparently successful offeror promptly shall submit the complete signed original proposal.

L-0002 L54 SITE VISIT (DLA ENERGY OCT 1992)

- (a) It is the responsibility of the offerors/bidders to inspect the site where supplies are to be delivered and to obtain all available information about the site necessary to satisfy themselves about general and local conditions that may affect delivery and the cost of contract performance, to the extent that the information is reasonably obtainable. Offerors/bidders are responsible for any costs incurred for any site inspection and for obtaining information.
- (b) In no event shall failure to inspect the site constitute grounds for a claim after contract award.

L-0003 L117 NOTIFICATION OF TRANSPORTATION COMPANY TO BE UTILIZED IN THE DELIVERY OF PRODUCT (PC&S) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012)

Check here if not subcontracting with a transportation company in the performance of any resultant contract.

(a) In the performance of any resultant contract, offeror agrees not to utilize transportation companies that have been debarred or suspended, are ineligible for receipt of contracts with Government agencies, are in receipt of a notice of proposed debarment or ineligibility from any Government agency, or are otherwise ineligible under Federal programs. Offerors shall submit the name, address, and telephone number of the transportation company(ies) that will be utilized in the performance of any resultant contract. In addition, it is requested that offerors provide the State(s) in which the transporter is authorized to conduct business.

(b) The information provided will not be used in the evaluation of offer prices. However, the information is subject to review by the Contracting Officer and could result in a nonresponsibility determination. Failure to provide the requested information may also render the offeror nonresponsible.

(c) Should any of the specified information change prior to award, offerors are required to provide the Contracting Officer with the updated information (also see the NOTIFICATION OF CHANGE IN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY contract provision in Addendum II).

Name, Address, and Phone Number of Transportation Company	State(s) in which transporter is authorized to operate
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SECTION M – EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

FAR 52.212-2 -- EVALUATION -- COMMERCIAL ITEMS (JAN 1999)

(a) The Government will award a contract resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror whose offer conforming to the solicitation will be most advantageous to the Government, price and other factors considered. The following factors shall be used to evaluate offers:

FACTOR 1: TECHNICAL CAPABILITY

(1) In order to be considered, an Offeror shall meet or exceed the technical acceptability standards for Supplies; Terms and Conditions as follows:

(a). **Acceptable.** Terms and Conditions shall be defined as an offer that meets the minimum requirements of the solicitation, including the Government's product specification requirements in Section B, delivery requirements in Section F, and all requirements identified in Section J.

(b). **Unacceptable.** Terms and Conditions shall be defined as an offer that does not meet the minimum requirements of the solicitation.

Note: Any Offeror receiving a rating of Unacceptable for any of the technical sub-factors (i.e. operational storage, transportation or supply) will receive an overall rating of Unacceptable. If, after discussions, the Offeror cannot raise its score for that sub-factor(s) to a minimum of Acceptable, the Offeror's rating will be Unacceptable, and it will not be considered for contract award.

The Government will evaluate the following sub factors which are all equal to one another in importance/ value:

Sub Factor 1:

Supply: The Government will evaluate the Offeror's supply plan to assess the Offeror's ability to supply all of the products listed and in the estimated quantities stated in the schedule (Solicitation Provision B1.05). In order to conduct proper evaluations for supply, the offeror will read and understand the requirements for this sub factor listed in the special notes, and all other line item notes and contract provisions contained in this solicitation and submit separate attachments and provide details/narrative in the body of their written offer. The following items are required to be submitted for consideration:

- A detailed description and a map or chart of the offeror's supply chain, from vendor source to final delivery in accordance with the special notes, paragraph(s) 15, 16, 19 and 20, at minimum.
- All Source letters of commitments in accordance with the special notes, paragraph(s) 11.
- All third party laboratory letter of commitment in accordance with the special notes, paragraph(s) 11.
- Certificates of Quality and/or Analysis (COQ/COA), for all products listed in the attached schedule of this solicitation, in accordance with the special notes paragraph(s) 12 and 13.
- Any letters of intent and/or requests for exceptions and deviations in accordance with quality text E35, M72 and special notes, paragraph(s) 21.
- All other documents and attachments not covered here and which may be requested in the special notes or in the body of the solicitation.

Sub Factor 2:

Transportation: The Government will evaluate the Offeror's transportation plan to assess the Offeror's ability to arrange and execute transportation to support orders placed under contract and its schedule. In order to conduct proper evaluations for transportation, the offeror will read and understand the requirements for this sub factor listed in the special notes, and all other line item notes and contract provisions contained in this solicitation and submit separate attachments and provide details/narrative in the body of their written offer. The following items are required to be submitted for consideration:

- A detailed description of the offeror's plan and movement of product(s) to the locations listed in the solicitation schedule in accordance with the special notes, paragraph(s) 16 and 17.
- A list and description of all leased and owned transportation modes to be used and/or available for use under this contact in accordance with the special notes, paragraph(s) 16.
- All transportation asset letters of commitment in accordance with the special notes, paragraph(s) 17.
- Any letters of intent and/or requests for exceptions and deviations in accordance with quality text E35, M72 and special notes, paragraph(s) 21.
- All other documents and attachments not covered here and which may be requested in the special notes or in the body of the solicitation.

Sub Factor 3:

Quality Assurance Operations: The government will evaluate the offeror's quality control plans (QCP) and standard operating procedures/statement of work(SOP/SOW) for their ability to show that the contractor is capable of insuring that the quality of the product remains within the specification limits from origin to destination. In order to conduct proper evaluations for overall cradle to grave quality assurance, the offeror will read and understand the requirements for this sub factor listed in the special notes, and all other line item notes and contract provisions contained in this solicitation and submit separate attachments and provide details/narrative in the body of their written offer. The following items are required to be submitted for consideration:

- A current quality control plan (QCP) or standard operating procedure (SOP) or statement of work (SOW), from the primary contractor (contractor which is placing this offer), in accordance with the E1 quality text and the special notes, paragraph(s) 19.
- Any letters of intent and/or requests for exceptions and deviations in accordance with quality text E35, M72 and special notes, paragraph(s) 21.
- All other documents and attachments not covered here and which may be requested in the special notes or in the body of the solicitation.

Note: The Government may conduct a pre-award survey of the Offeror's resources to verify technical capability and to assist with the Responsibility Determination as defined in FAR 9.104-1.

FACTOR 2: PRICE

- 1) The Government will evaluate prices at the line item level or on all or none basis as stated under B-0001 B1.05 SUPPLIES TO BE FURNISHED (OVERSEAS PC&S) (ALASKA/HAWAII) (DLA ENERGY JAN 2012). Prices will be evaluated by multiplying the unit prices by the estimated quantities.
- 2) Offerors must offer on the entire quantity listed for each line item. Offers for less than the entire quantity will not be considered for award.

The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible BOA holder(s) whose offer(s) is the lowest price technically acceptable.

A written notice of award or acceptance of an offer, mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time for acceptance specified in the offer, shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party. Before the offer's specified expiration time, the Government may accept an offer (or part of an offer), whether or not there are negotiations after its receipt, unless a written notice of withdrawal is received before award. (End of Provision)

M-0001 M3.01 EVALUATION OF OFFERS WHERE UNCOMMON ESCALATORS ARE USED (DLA ENERGY JAN 1998)

(a) **FOR EVALUATION PURPOSES ONLY**, an evaluation factor will be applied to the Final Proposal Revision (FPR) prices of those items in which uncommon escalators are proposed as a basis for economic price adjustments. The evaluation factor will establish a commonality among the different postings or publications offered in order to ensure that all offerors are evaluated on an equal basis.

(b) The offeror's margin (plus or minus) will be established as the difference between the FPR price and the Final Revised reference price. The margin will then be added to the 12-month average of the posting or publication being proposed to determine the evaluated price. The 12-month average will be calculated over the most recent complete 12-month period prior to the established reference date (i.e., if reference date is August 22, 1994, then the 12-month period would be August 1993 - July 1994).

M-0002 M55 CONVERSION FACTORS (DLA ENERGY MAR 2007)

(a) This provision applies to all products except lubricating oils.

(b) The offeror should use conversion factors that reflect its product characteristics and submit prices and transportation rates in the requested units. In the event prices or transportation rates are not submitted in the requested units, the following conversion factors based on an assumed density for the product will be used by DLA Energy in the evaluation of the offer.

(1) **TABLE I.**

One Imperial Gallon	=	1.20095 U.S. Gallons at the same temperature
One Liter	=	0.264172 U.S. Gallons at the same temperature
One Cubic Meter (1,000 liters)	=	6.2898 Barrels at the same temperature
One U.S. Barrel	=	42 U.S. Gallons at the same temperature
One Kilometer	=	0.62137 Miles
One Mile	=	1.6093 Kilometers
One Nautical Mile	=	1.15 Statute Miles

(2) **TABLE II.**

DENSITY TYPICAL

<u>PRODUCT</u>	<u>@15°C</u>	<u>@60°F</u>		
BARRELS PER	GALLONS PER	LITERS PER	BARRELS PER	GALLONS PER

<u>Kg/m³</u> <u>LONG TON</u>	<u>API</u>	<u>METRIC TON</u>	<u>METRIC TON</u>	<u>METRIC TON</u>	<u>METRIC TON</u>	<u>LONG TON</u>	
<u>AUTOMOTIVE</u>							
GASOLINE (ALL)	744.9	58.4	8.462	355.42	1342.46	8.598	361.12
<u>AVIATION</u>							
GASOLINE (ALL)	716.3	66.0	8.801	369.66	1396.06	8.943	375.59
<u>BURNER FUEL OILS</u>							
FUEL OIL NO. 1	812.8	42.5	7.753	325.61	1230.31	7.877	330.83
FUEL OIL NO. 2	846.9	35.5	7.440	312.49	1180.78	7.560	317.51
FUEL OIL NO. 4	914.2	23.2	6.891	289.44	1093.85	7.002	294.09
FUEL OIL NO. 5 LIGHT	954.2	16.7	6.602	277.27	1048.00	6.707	281.71
FUEL OIL NO. 5 HEAVY	960.7	15.7	6.557	275.39	1040.91	6.662	279.81
FUEL OIL NO. 6	976.6	13.3	6.450	270.90	1023.96	6.554	275.25
<u>DIESEL FUELS</u>							
NO. 1 DIESEL (ALL)	818.9	41.2	7.695	323.17	1122.15	7.818	328.36
NO. 2 DIESEL (ALL) & GAS OIL	839.3	37.0	7.507	315.30	1191.47	7.628	320.36
<u>INTERMEDIATE FUEL OILS</u>							
IFO 180	965.3	15.0	6.526	274.09	1035.95	6.630	278.48
IFO 380	973.9	13.7	6.468	271.65	1026.68	6.572	276.01
<u>JET FUELS</u>							
JP4/JET B	764.6	53.5	8.243	346.22	1307.87	8.376	351.78
JP5	819.9	41.0	7.686	322.80	1219.66	7.809	327.98
JP8/JET A1/F34/TS1	805.9	44.0	7.820	328.42	1240.85	7.945	333.69
JET A	814.2	42.2	7.739	325.04	1228.20	7.863	330.26
KEROSINES (ALL)	815.2	42.0	7.730	324.68	1226.69	7.854	329.88
MARINE GAS OIL	839.3	37.0	7.507	315.30	1191.47	7.628	320.36
NAPHTHA	731.1	62.0	8.623	362.16	1367.80	8.761	367.97

NAVAL DISTILLATE FUEL (F76) AND DFW (F75)	844.3	36.0	7.463	313.43	1184.41	7.582	318.46
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(3) **TABLE III.**

<u>PRODUCT</u>	<u>ASSUMED DENSITY 20 deg C/20 deg C</u>		
	<u>g/mL</u>	<u>lb/gal</u>	<u>Kg/gal</u>
FSII DIEGME	1.025	8.561	3.884

M-0003 M72 EVALUATION OF OFFERS (EXCEPTIONS/DEVIATIONS) (DLA ENERGY APR 1997)

- (a) Offerors are expected to submit offers in full compliance with all terms and conditions of this solicitation.
- (b) Any exceptions/deviations to the terms and conditions of this solicitation will result in the Government's determination that either--
 - (1) The exception/deviation is material enough to warrant rejection of the offer in part or in full; or
 - (2) The exception/deviation is acceptable.
- (c) If the exception/deviation is in reference to a specification contained in this solicitation and the offeror cannot supply product fully meeting the required specification(s), the product can be offered for consideration provided the offeror clearly indicates, by attachment to the offer, the extent to which any product offered differs from the required specification(s).
- (d) If the exception/deviation is in reference to a particular test, inspection, or testing method contained in this solicitation, the offer can be considered provided the offeror clearly indicates, by attachment to the offer, the extent to which its offer differs from those requirements.
- (e) If the exception/deviation is determined acceptable, offered prices may be adjusted, for evaluation purposes only, by the Government's best estimate of the quantitative impact of the advantage or disadvantage to the Government that might result from making an award under those circumstances.